Project Documentation

Brendan Casey

Contents

1	Overview		
	Resc	purces	1
2	Example Project		2
	2.1	Response variables	2
	2.2	Predictor variables	3
	2.3	Simulations	4
	2.4	Models	5

1 Overview

Here we provide templates and resources for documenting your research from within your rProject.

- 4_bookdown_readme: A template for creating a markdown readme using bookdown
- **5_bookdown_html**: A template for creating a project html document (https://bookdown.org/bgcasey/project_documentation/)
- 6_bookdown_pdf: A template for creating pdf documents
- 7_markdown_manuscript: A template for writing your manuscript via markdown.

Resources

- 1. Bookdown resources
 - Bookdown guide
 - Bookdown overview
 - Getting started
 - Setup
 - Chunk options
 - Inserting figures
 - Inserting tables
- 2. Markdown resources
 - Markdown cheat sheet

- 3. Using markdown to prepare manuscripts/ write papers
 - 1. Custom templates in bookdown
 - 2. rticles R package

2 Example Project

Project description

Get scared by doggo also cucumerro hide from vacuum cleaner so eat a rug and furry furry hairs everywhere oh no human coming lie on counter don't get off counter lick the other cats chirp at birds. Cats are fats i like to pets them they like to meow back annoy the old grumpy cat, start a fight and then retreat to wash when i lose and i'm going to lap some water out of my master's cup meow. Meowing chowing and wowing. Lay on arms while you're using the keyboard. Immediately regret falling into bathtub just going to dip my paw in your coffee and do a taste test - oh never mind i forgot i don't like coffee - you can have that back now.

2.1 Response variables

Below are the instructions and code for getting data from wildtrax that was developed by Elly Knight. The original rScripts are available here.

See the wildRtrax article here for more details on authentication: https://abbiodiversity.github.io/wildRtrax/articles/authenticating-into-wt.html

2.1.1 Get data from WildTrax

1. Load packages

```
# install.packages('remotes')
# remotes::install_github('ABbiodiversity/wildRtrax')
library(wildRtrax)
library(tidyverse)
```

2. Login to WildTrax

NOTE: Edit the 'loginexample.R' script to include your WildTrax login details and rename to 'login.R'. DO NOT PUSH YOUR LOGIN TO GITHUB

```
config <- "login.R"
source(config)
wt_auth()</pre>
```

3. Get list of projects from WildTrax

```
projects <- wt_get_download_summary(sensor_id = "ARU")</pre>
```

4. Download RUGR dataset summary report

```
dat.rugr <- wt_download_report(project_id = 1321, sensor_id = "ARU",
    weather_cols = T, report = "summary")</pre>
```

5. Download RUGR task report to check coordinate buffering

6. Download multiple projects

7. Save with metadata & timestamp

2.2 Predictor variables

2.2.1 Google Earth Engine functions

The following javascript functions can be used to extract Landsat variables within the Google Earth Engine code editor.

Landsat Apply scaling factors

Cloud and snow mask

Function to adding a calculated Leaf Area Index (LAI) band

Function to adding a calculated Bare Soil Index (BSI) band

```
exports.addBSI =function(image) {
  var BSI =image.expression(
    '((Red+SWIR) - (NIR+Blue)) / ((Red+SWIR) + (NIR+Blue))', {
        'NIR': image.select('SR_B4'),
        'Red': image.select('SR_B3'),
        'Blue': image.select('SR_B1'),
        'SWIR': image.select('SR_B5')
      }).rename('BSI')
  return image.addBands([BSI])
}
```

2.3 Simulations

2.3.1 bSims

Simulations using bSims: Bird Point Count Simulator.

1. Install packages

```
install.packages("bSims")
library(bSims)
phi <- 0.5</pre>
```

```
tau <- 1:3
dur <- 10
rbr <- c(0.5, 1, 1.5, Inf)
tbr <- c(3, 5, 10)

1 <- bsims_init(10, 0.5, 1)
p <- bsims_populate(1, 1)
a <- bsims_animate(p, vocal_rate = phi, duration = dur)
o <- bsims_detect(a, tau = tau)

x <- bsims_transcribe(o, tint = tbr, rint = rbr)
get_table(x)

head(get_events(a))
head(get_detections(o))</pre>
```

2.4 Models

2.4.1 Import data

```
data(mtcars)
head(mtcars)
```

```
##
                  mpg cyl disp hp drat wt qsec vs am gear carb
## Mazda RX4
                  21.0 6 160 110 3.90 2.620 16.46 0 1
## Mazda RX4 Wag
                  21.0 6 160 110 3.90 2.875 17.02 0 1
## Datsun 710
                  22.8 4 108 93 3.85 2.320 18.61 1 1
                                                             1
                  21.4 6 258 110 3.08 3.215 19.44 1 0
## Hornet 4 Drive
                                                             1
## Hornet Sportabout 18.7 8 360 175 3.15 3.440 17.02 0 0 3
                                                             2
## Valiant
                  18.1 6 225 105 2.76 3.460 20.22 1 0 3
```

2.4.2 Linear Regression

```
model <- lm(mpg ~ wt, data = mtcars)</pre>
```

2.4.3 Model summary

```
summary(model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = mpg ~ wt, data = mtcars)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
##
               1Q Median
                               3Q
## -4.5432 -2.3647 -0.1252 1.4096 6.8727
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 37.2851
                          1.8776 19.858 < 2e-16 ***
## wt
               -5.3445
                           0.5591 -9.559 1.29e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 3.046 on 30 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7528, Adjusted R-squared: 0.7446
## F-statistic: 91.38 on 1 and 30 DF, p-value: 1.294e-10
```

2.4.4 Model plots

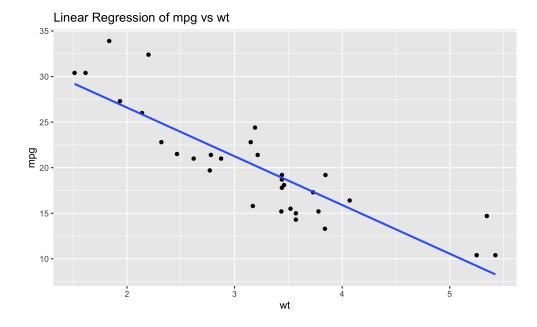


Figure 1: Regression figure.

2.4.5 Make predictions

```
## 1 2
## 21.25171 15.90724
```