A Traveling Salesman Solution For The Capitals of All African Nations

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Abstract

A Traveling Salesman Problem is the task of finding the shortest round trip path a traveling salesperson can take to visit each vertex of a given graph. They are usually implemented using a genetic algorithm. Our salesperson happens to be traveling to the capitals of every country in Africa that is a recognized member of the United Nations.

The Problem 1

- 1. Algeria Algiers
- Angola Luanda Benin - Porto-Novo
- Botswana Gaborone
 Burkina Faso Ouagadougou
- Burundi Bujumbura
- Cameroon Yaounde Cape Verde Praia
- Central African Republic -
- Bangui 10. Chad N'Djamena
- 11. Comoros Moroni 12. Congo, Republic of the -Brazzaville
- 13. Congo, Democratic Republic of the Kinshasa
- 14. Cote d'Ivoire Yamoussoukro
 15. Djibouti Djibouti
 16. Egypt Cairo

- 17. Equatorial Guinea Malabo
- 18. Eritrea Asmara 19. Ethiopia Addis Ababa 20. Gabon Libreville 21. The Gambia Banjul

- 22. Ghana Accra
- 23. Guinea Conakry Guinea-Bissau - Bissau
- Kenya Nairobi Lesotho Maseru Liberia Monrovia
- Libya Tripoli Madagascar Antananarivo
- Malawi Lilongwe Mali Bamako
- Mauritania Nouakchott Mauritius Port Louis Morocco Rabat
- Mozambique Maputo

- 36. Namibia Windhoek
- 37. Niger Niamey 38. Nigeria Abuja 39. Rwanda Kigali
- Senegal Dakar
- Seychelles Victoria
- Sierra Leone Freetown
- Somalia Mogadishu
- South Africa Pretoria Sudan - Khartoum
- Swaziland Mbabane
- Tanzania Dar es Salaam
- 48. Togo Lome 49. Tunisia Tunis 50. Uganda Kampala
- Zambia Lusaka
- Zimbabwe Harare



Figure 1: Capitals of African Nations

2 Overview

The remainder of this article is organized as follows. Section gives account of previous work. Our new and exciting results are described in Section . Finally, Section gives the conclusions.

3 Programs

The TSP was solved using the Python 2.6 programming language.

I leveraged software written by John Montgomery [?]

The results were then visualized using Google maps mapping API.

Two methods were used a hillclimb and

4 Solution

$$\label{eq:pois} \begin{split} \text{yDis} &= (\text{lat2} - \text{lat1}) * \text{NauticalMilesPerLatitude} \\ \text{xDis} &= (\cos(\text{lat1} - \frac{\pi}{180}) + \cos(\text{lat2} - \frac{\pi}{180})) * (\text{lon2} - \text{lon1}) * \frac{\text{NauticalMilesPerLongitude}}{2} \\ \text{tDistance} &= \sqrt{\text{yDis}^2 + \text{xDis}^2} * \text{MilesperNauticalMiles} \\ &\qquad (3) \end{split}$$

(4)

Final Order:

1.	Congo, Republic of the -	18.	Comoros - Moroni	37.	Guinea - Conakry
	Brazzaville	19.	Madagascar - Antananarivo	38.	Sierra Leone - Freetown
2 .	Congo, Democratic Republic	20.	Mauritius - Port Louis	39.	Liberia - Monrovia
	of the - Kinshasa	21.	Seychelles - Victoria	40.	Cote d'Ivoire - Yamoussoukro
3.	Angola - Luanda	22.	Somalia - Mogadishu	41.	Mali - Bamako
4.	Namibia - Windhoek	23.	Ethiopia - Addis Ababa	42.	Burkina Faso - Ouagadougou
5.	Botswana - Gaborone	24.	Djibouti - Djibouti	43.	Niger - Niamey
6.	South Africa - Pretoria	25.	Eritrea - Asmara	44.	Ghana - Accra
7.	Lesotho - Maseru	26.	Sudan - Khartoum	45.	Togo - Lome
8.	Swaziland - Mbabane	27.	Egypt - Cairo	46.	Benin - Porto-Novo
9.	Mozambique - Maputo	28.	Libya - Tripoli	47.	Nigeria - Abuja
10.	Zimbabwe - Harare	$^{29}.$	Tunisia - Tunis	48.	Chad - N'Djamena
11.	Zambia - Lusaka	30.	Algeria - Algiers	49.	Central African Republic -
12.	Malawi - Lilongwe	31.	Morocco - Rabat		Bangui
13.	Burundi - Bujumbura	32.	Mauritania - Nouakchott	50.	Cameroon - Yaounde
14.	Rwanda - Kigali	33.	Cape Verde - Praia	51.	Equatorial Guinea - Malabo
15.	Uganda - Kampala	34.	Senegal - Dakar	52.	Gabon - Libreville
16.	Kenya - Nairobi	35.	The Gambia - Banjul		
17.	Tanzania - Dar es Salaam	36.	Guinea-Bissau - Bissau		

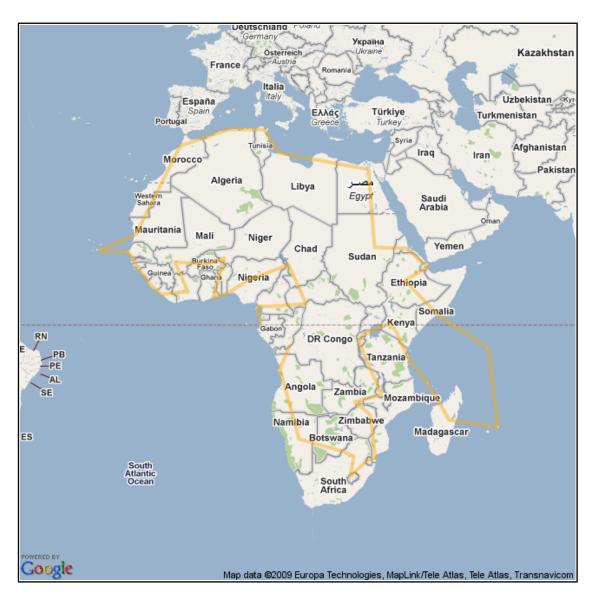


Figure 2: Final Path Through Africa

In this section we describe the results.

5 Runtime

We worked hard, and achieved very little.

6 Analysis

References

- [1] Montgomery, John Tackling The Travelling Salesman Problem http://www.psychicorigami.com/category/tsp/ , 2007
- [2] Mead, C. A.; Truhlar, D. G. J. Chem. Phys. 1983, 78, 6344.