

VAR Intro: Oil Demand and Supply Shocks (Kilian 2009)

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Common view: macroeconomic variables respond to oil prices, not vice versa

Problems with this:

- Macroeconomics might also drive oil markets
- Oil has its own global supply and demand shocks that affect the U.S economy AND the oil market (e.g., global aggregate demand).

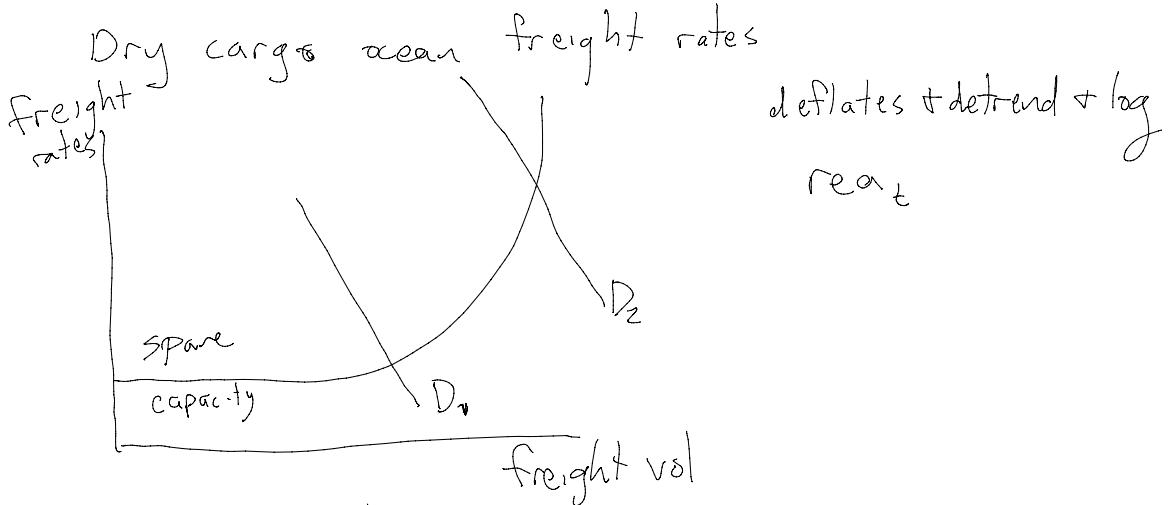
Need to identify global crude oil demand and supply shocks separately

This paper:

- Use new measure of monthly global real economic activity: dry cargo ocean freight rates
- Decompose real oil price into
 1. Crude oil supply shocks
 2. Global industrial commodity demand shocks (aggregate demand)
 3. Global crude oil-specific demand shocks - precautionary demand
 - a. Related to convenience yield because of uncertainty over **real** demand or supply
 - b. Driven by expectations (unobservable)

Findings:

- Supply shocks don't explain nearly all the variation in oil prices



System equations

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta \text{prod}_t &= \phi_{10} + \text{lags } \Delta \text{prod}_{t-s} + \text{lags } \text{rea}_{t-s} + \text{lags } rpo_{t-s} + \varepsilon_t^s \\ \text{rea}_t &= \phi_{20} + \phi_{21} \Delta \text{prod}_t + \text{lags } \Delta \text{prod}_{t-s} + \text{lags } \text{rea}_{t-s} + \text{lags } rpo_{t-s} + \varepsilon_t^{\text{AD}} \\ rpo_t &= \phi_{30} + \phi_{31} \Delta \text{prod}_t + \phi_{32} \text{rea}_t + \text{lags of } \Delta \text{prod}, \text{rea}, rpo + \varepsilon_t^{\text{PD}}\end{aligned}$$

Rewrite w/ current stuff on left

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta \text{prod}_t &= \text{lags of all } \beta + \varepsilon_t^s \\ -\phi_{21} \Delta \text{prod}_t + \text{rea}_t &= \text{lags of all } \beta + \varepsilon_t^{\text{AD}} \\ -\phi_{31} \Delta \text{prod}_t + -\phi_{32} \text{rea}_t + rpo_t &= \text{lags of all } \beta + \varepsilon_t^{\text{PD}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\phi_{21} & 1 & 0 \\ -\phi_{31} & -\phi_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Delta \text{prod}_t \\ \text{rea}_t \\ rpo_t \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \phi_{10} \\ \phi_{20} \\ \phi_{30} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{11} & \alpha_{12} & \alpha_{13} \\ \alpha_{21} & \alpha_{22} & \alpha_{23} \\ \alpha_{31} & \alpha_{32} & \alpha_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Delta \text{prod}_{t-1} \\ \text{rea}_{t-1} \\ rpo_{t-1} \end{bmatrix} + \dots + A \cdot Z_{tp} + \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_t^s \\ \varepsilon_t^{\text{AD}} \\ \varepsilon_t^{\text{PD}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{31} & -\alpha_{32} & -1 \\ -\alpha_{31} & \alpha_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r_{POt} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -20 \\ \alpha_{30} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{31} & \alpha_{32} & \alpha_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r_{POt-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$\approx 3 \times 3 \quad 3 \times 1$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_t^{AD} \\ \varepsilon_t^{RD} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} A_0 & \Xi_t \\ \begin{array}{c} \sim \\ 3 \times 3 \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \sim \\ 3 \times 1 \end{array} \end{array} \quad \approx \quad \begin{array}{cc} A_1 & \Xi_{t-1} \\ \begin{array}{c} \sim \\ 3 \times 3 \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \sim \\ 3 \times 1 \end{array} \end{array}$$

structural matrix $\rightarrow A_0 \Xi_t = \alpha + \sum_{s=1}^p A_{ns} \Xi_{ts} + \varepsilon_t$ structural vector autoregression (VAR)

$$\Xi_t = \underbrace{A_0^{-1} \alpha}_{3 \times 3 \quad 3 \times 1} + \sum_{s=1}^p \underbrace{\left(\begin{array}{c|c} A_0^{-1} & \Xi_{ts} \\ \hline \Xi_{ts} & 3 \times 3 \end{array} \right)}_{3 \times 1} + \varepsilon_t \quad \varepsilon_t = \underbrace{A_0^{-1} \varepsilon_t}_{3 \times 1}$$

reduced form VAR

structural shocks

$$\Xi_t = \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_t^s \\ \varepsilon_t^{AD} \\ \varepsilon_t^{RD} \end{bmatrix}$$

uncorrelated w/ each other

$$e_t = \begin{bmatrix} e_t^{prod} \\ e_t^{rea} \\ e_t^{RD} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_{11} & 0 & 0 \\ \alpha_{21} & \alpha_{22} & 0 \\ \alpha_{31} & \alpha_{32} & \alpha_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \varepsilon_t^s \\ \varepsilon_t^{AD} \\ \varepsilon_t^{RD} \end{bmatrix}$$

reduced form shocks

$$A_0^{-1} \cdot \Xi_t$$

correlated across equations

$$\begin{aligned} e_t^{prod} &= \alpha_{11} \varepsilon_t^s \\ e_t^{rea} &= \alpha_{21} \varepsilon_t^s + \alpha_{22} \varepsilon_t^{AD} \\ e_t^{RD} &= \alpha_{31} \varepsilon_t^s + \alpha_{32} \varepsilon_t^{AD} + \alpha_{33} \varepsilon_t^{RD} \end{aligned}$$

ultimately we want

$$\frac{\partial r_{POt+s}}{\partial \varepsilon_t^{AD}} \quad \text{for different values of } s$$

$$\frac{\partial r_{POt+s}}{\partial \varepsilon_t^s}$$

Impulse Response Function (IRF)

$$\frac{\partial r_{POt+s}}{\partial \varepsilon_t^{AD}}$$

True negative runout (---)

$$\frac{\partial \text{TP}_{t+s}}{\partial \ell_t^{\text{rec}}} \Big|_P$$