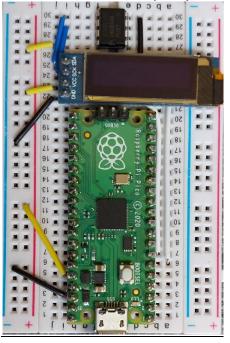
## #JustPicoBasic manual

The project repository (i.e. binaries, manual, and examples) are available at: https://github.com/bgolab/JustPicoBasic

#### Wiring

Hardware wiring: RPI PICO I2CO pins GPIO4/GPIO5, OLED 0.91" I2C(0x3C), EEPROM 24c64 I2C(0x50)



### **Getting started**

Connect the USB cable to the PICO board. Start a terminal emulator e.g. **TeraTerm**, use the **9600**, **8**, **N**, **1** setting. Copy & Paste is supported. Copy the current UF2 binary (e.g. JustBasic-1.0bxx.uf2) to the PICO disk. The PICO will boot. Enter '?' and press ENTER. You will see available SYSTEM & BASIC commands.

```
COM10 - Tera Term VT
                                                                                                ×
    Edit Setup Control
                     Window
JustPicoBasic vl.0B46
(C) 2021 bg
HW: RP2040
TICKS: 395644
LIMITS: SRC/LINE:8000/160, HEAP/STACK:1000/50, NAMES/LENGTH:100/10, IF/LOOP:50/50
SYSTEM: ?, 1[load], s[save], c[code], r[run], n[new], b[bye], @n[], t0-t2
BASIC: integer, float, string, print, input, inkey, cls, data, read, restore, if, then, else, endif,
or, to, step, break, next, while, endwhile, goto, gosub, return, rem, abs, sin, cos, exp, log, sqr, sg
n, hex$, str$, chr$, asc, left$, mid$, right$, len, val, int, fix, dim, end, ,, ;, +, -, and, or, not,
 *, /, %, (, ), <, <=, >, >=, =, <>, ==, !=, rnd,
HW: peek, poke, pause, gettick, pmode, dwrite, awrite, dread, aread, lplot, ldraw, lcircle, lprint, at
, lref, lcls, iinit, ideinit, ireadable, iwriteable, iread, iwrite, uinit, udeinit, ureadable, uwritea
ble, uread, uwrite, sinit, sdeinit, sreadable, swriteable, sread, swrite, ts, sm,
CONST: IN, OUT, PULLUP, PULLDOWN, ADC, PWM, TSENSOR, 12CO, 12Cl, UARTO, UARTI, SPIO, SPII, ESC, OLED,
TECH, HIGH, LOW, ENABLE, DISABLE,
```

Enter an example BASIC program:

pmode 25,OUT for k=1 to 5

dwrite 25,HIGH pause 500 dwrite 25,LOW pause 500

### next k end

Use 'c' or 'cc' to see the code, 'r' to run the code. The built-in LED will blink. The 'n' clears the program memory. You can use @N (e.g. @0) to delete Nth line or @N <code> (@0 print 1) to insert the line of code.

You can freely format the code – can put many commands in single line, etc. Capital and small letters accepted for keyword (i.e. 'CLS' and 'cls' are the same). Names recognizes small and capital letters (i.e. 'as' is different than 'AS')

**Program structure** 

Program Structure	Description/Comments	Example
gosub subr1	Command 'end' has to follow the last line of the main	gosub callme
end	code. Subroutines have to follow the 'end'.	end
subr1:		callme:
[subr1 code]		print "Hi!"
return		return

System commands

Command	Description/Comments	Example
ESC key	Break the program while Running or prevent from Loading.	
?	Shows info about the VM (ver, available commands)	
c, cc	c-show the code w/ line numbers, cc-show the code w/o line numbers	
r	Run – run code from SRAM memory	
r <code></code>	Run - run single line of code NOT stored in memory (ad-hoc)	r for i=1 to 5 print i, ",", i*i next i end
n	New – clear VM memory and code	
b	Bye: PICO – reboot VM in disk mode, Windows - exist	
1	I - Load program from EEPROM (auto.bas)	
S	s - Save program to EEPROM (auto.bas)	
ee	ee - EEPROM erase — now command disabled	
ed	ed - EEPROM dump – show EEPROM content	
is	I2C scan – show I2C devices on both I2C buses	
t0 t1 t2	<b>Program Flow Tracing</b> : t0 – OFF; t1 - Step Mode; t2 – Cont Mode	T1 T2 - enable tracing mode
@N	Pico Editor: @N - delete N-th line	@3 – removes 3rd line of code
@N <code></code>	Pico Editor: @N <code> - insert <code> before N-th line</code></code>	@4 CLS – inserts 'CLS' before line 4

The BASIC language

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Command	Description/Comments	Example
SM <entity> enable   disable</entity>	System Mode Configuration. Entity:	SM ESC disable
	ESC (default=enabled) - ESC key check (disable to boost performance)	SM OLED 1
	OLED (default=enabled) (NOTE: OLED auto-detection is supported now)	
REM	Comment	REM MyFunc
CLS	Clear Screen	CLS

#### **VARIABLES & EXPRESSIONS**

#### Suffix-based (suffix #, \$, OR no suffic to declare variable type) varname and array syntax

- -variable name: up to 8chars letter&digits starting w/ a letter (digits, '#", '\$', '\_', ':' accepted)
- -expr(arithmetic expression): combination of INT/FLOAT and ops/brackets(+, -, \*, /, %,(, )) and INT/FLOAT vars;
- -sexpr(string expression): combination of string, string functions (with suffix \$) and string vars (with suffix \$) and '+' op
- -variable type differentiation through the suffix (no suffix integer, '#' suffix float, '\$' suffix string
- -array index counts from 0 (for: DIM a(3) available array elements are referred by a(0), a(1), a(2)
- -string arrays must have 2-dimentions e.g. DIM a\$(2,5) 2 strings, maximum length of a string is 5 characters; string arrays are always referred through single index a\$(0), a\$(1) for DIM a\$(2,5) array

Command	Description/Comments	Example
var=expr	INT var, name=expr, 1 <sup>st</sup> -reference creates var(value=0);	sy=2*abs(-15) + a*20

var#=expr	FLOAT var (# suffix), name#=expr, 1 <sup>st</sup> -reference creates var w/ value=0	w#=2*a#+abs(-1.0)
var\$=sexpr	STR var (\$ suffix), name\$=sexpr	v\$=a\$+left\$(str\$(13),1)
DIM var(s1[,s2]),	INT/FLOAT/STRING array, 1/2-dimensions; multi-array declaration	DIM a(3), b#(4,4),
var#(s1[,s2]), var\$(s1,s2)	(array names separated by comma)	c\$(4,5)
var(expr[,expr])=expr	INT: name(item)=expr	a(0)=3
var#(expr[,exp])=expr	FLOAT: name#(item)=expr	b#(0)=2.5
var\$(expr)=sexpr	STRING: name\$(item)=sexpr	c\$(2)="abc"

### **CONSTANTS** (build-in)

Command	Description/Comments	Example
ENABLE (1), DISABLE (0), HIGH (1), LOW (0)	Generic constants	sm esc disable
IN, OUT, PULLUP, PULLDOWN, ADC, PWM, TSENSOR,	GPIO constants useful for the hw modes	pmode 25,out
I2CO, I2C1, UARTO, UART1, SPIO, SPI1, ESC, OLED		dwrite 25,low

### Suffixless varname and array syntax

- -variable needs to be declared (if not declared integer type is assumed), multi-declaration in single command supported
- -initialization during the declaration phase is not supported yet
- -array index counts from 0 (for: DIM a(3) available array elements are referred by a(0), a(1), a(2)
- -string arrays must have 2-dimentions e.g. string a(2,5) 2 strings, maximum length of a string is 5 characters; string arrays are always referred through single index a(0), a(1) for string a(2,5) array

Command	Description/Comments	Example
integer vname, vname2(s1[,s2])),	Declare integer var or 1/2-dimensional array; value=0 set	integer a, b(8,2) b(0,0)=1
float vname, vname2(s1[,s2]),	Declare float var or 1/2-dimensional array; value=0 set	float c, b(0,0)=1.0
string vname, vname2(s1,s2),	Declare string var or 1/2-dimensional array; value=null set	string b(2,4) a(1)="no"

#### PROGRAM FLOW CONTROL

- -cond: logical expression e.g. a>5 and b<10
- -lexpr(logical expression): combination of conditional('>','<','>=','<=','=','=','=','=') and logical operators(AND,OR,NOT) NOTE: '<>' is equivalent to '!=', '=' is equivalent to '=='

Command	Description/Comments	Example
FOR v=expr TO expr [STEP expr]	if STEP[default=1] is negative var	FOR i = 5 TO 1 STEP -1 NEXT I END
[code] NEXT var	decreases;	
	INT/FLOAT supported; nesting supported	
WHILE lexpr [code] ENDWHILE	INT/FLOAT supported; nesting supported;	REM Simple while-loop
	cond: AND/OR/NOT supported;	a=0
		while a<5 print a a=a+1 endwhile
		end
		REM Wait for 500msec (non-blocking)
		waitTime=500 t_start=gettick()
		while gettick() <t_start+waittime endwhile<="" td=""></t_start+waittime>
		end
BREAK	FOR and WHILE loops supported	while 1>0
		k=inkey()
		if(k!=0) then print k endif
		if(k==113) then break endif
		endwhile
IF lexpr THEN [code] [ELSE]	INT/FLOAT supported; nesting supported	if a>1 and b#>3.4 then print "ok" else print
[code] ENDIF	AND/OR/NOT) supported;	"bad" endif
label:	Label name starts with a letter, terminated	k=1 again: print k k=k+1
GOTO label	by colon; up to 8 letter & digits( plus '_');	if k<5 then goto again: endif
GOSUB label	Label must be located after END	gosub task0 end

label: RETURN	label: [code] RETURN	task0: print "done" return
END	Last instruction. GOSUB labels follows END	

# INPUT, OUTPUT, DATA

Command	Description/Comments	Example
<pre>PRINT expr[, sexpr], [;]</pre>	Prints expr, sexpr separated by ','	PRINT "6/3=", 6/3 (with NEW LINE)
	';' to skip NEW LINE	PRINT 1; (w/o NEW LINE because of ';')
INPUT var,	Assign int/float/str values to (array) var	INPUT a(2), d#, n\$ print a(2), d#, n\$
DATA expr, sexpr;	INT/FLOAT/STR supported	DATA 1.5, 2*a
READ a, b#, d\$	Assign DATA specified input to vars	READ v, v#, v(), v#();
RESTORE	Reset data pointer	

## **BUILT-IN FUNCTIONS**

Command	Description/Comments	Example
LEFT\$(sexpr, expr)	Left part of the string	k\$=LEFT\$("abc", 2) + "123" i=12
RIGHT\$(sexpr, expr)	Right part of the string	
MID\$(sexpr,expr,ex	pr) Middle of the string	i\$=MID\$(STR\$(i),2,3) PRINT i\$
HEX\$(expr)	Hex\$(expr to hex string)	PRINT HEX\$(NOT(0x0F))
STR\$(expr)	Str\$(expr to string)	
CHR\$(expr)	Chr\$(expr%256 to ascii e.g. 65 to 'A')	a=65 d\$=chr\$(a)
LEN(sexpr)	LEN(string length)	PRINT LEN("1234")->4
VAL(sexpr)	Val(string to value)	PRINT VAL("-1234")+1->-1233
ASC(sexpr)	ASC(ascii code of the 1 <sup>st</sup> char of the string)	PRINT ASC("AB")->65
SIN(expr)	Sine	PRINT "SIN:",SIN(3.14/6)
COS(expr)	Cosine	PRINT "COS:",COS(3.14/6)
SQR(expr)	Square root	PRINT "SQRT:", SQR(5)
EXP(expr)	Expotential	PRINT "EXP:", EXP(1)
LOG(expr)	Logarithm	PRINT "LOG:", LOG(2.71)
SGN(expr)	Sign	PRINT "SGN:", SGN(-5)
ABS(expr)	Absolute	PRINT "ABS:", ABS(-5)
RND(max)	Hw-based rnd generator + von Neuman whitenizer	PRINT "RND: ", RND(1000)
GETTICK()	Tick number	a=gettick()
PAUSE msec	Delay (blocking) in msec	PAUSE 2*500
INKEY()	Pressed key, OR 0; non-blocking (no-wating)	
INT(expr)	QBASIC like	a=INT(1.1) b=INT(-1.1) PRINT a, ", ", b (1,-2)
FIX(expr)		c=FIX(1.9) d=FIX(-1.9) PRINT c, ", ", d (1,-1)
AND(expr,expr)		PRINT AND(0x3,0xF)
OR(expr,expr)		PRINT OR(0x3,0xF)
NOT(expr)		PRINT HEX\$(NOT(0x0F))

### PICO HARDWARE SUPPORT

Command	Description/Comments	Example
POKE addr, value	Memory write; hex supported	REM SYSTICK (ST)
		STCSR=0xe000e010
		STRVR=0xe000e014
		STCVR=0xe000e018
		poke STCSR,O poke STRVR,0x1e847 poke STCSR,5
		for k=1 to 50
		print and(peek(STCVR), 0x00FFFFFF) pause 1000
		next k
PEEK(addr)	Memory read; hex supported	
PMODE pin, mode	m:0-IN,1-OUT,2-PULLUP,3-PULLDOWN	I, NOTE: As of 1.0b39 you can use HW CONSTANTS

	10-ADC, 15-PWM, 20-TSENSOR	pmode 100, tsensor temp= aread(100)	
AREAD(pin)	Read analog pin; pins=26-29 – analog; pmode 26, adc voltage=aread(26)		
	pin=100 – temperature virtual pin	pmode 100,tsensor temp= aread(100)	
AWRITE pin, cycles	PWM duty=cycles/65535 cycle: 0-65535)	pmode 22, pwm awrite 22, 16000	
DREAD(pin)	Read digital pin y=15 pmode y, in pmode y, pullup		
		for k=1 to 2 step 0 pause 50 print dread(y) next k	
DWRITE pin, value	Write digital pin	pmode 25,out dwrite 25,high pause 3000 dwrite 25,low	

**GRAPHIC LCD/OLED SUPPORT** (currently: OLED0.91 support)

Command	Description/Comments	Example
SM OLED 1	Enable OLED support	NOTE: As of 1.0b31 OLED auto-detection is supported
LPLOT X, Y	Draw point at X, Y	for x=0 to 127 lplot x,fix(15+15*sin(6.28*x/128)) next x lref
LDRAW X0, Y0, X1, Y1	Draw line from X0, Y0 to X1, Y1	ldraw 10, 10, 20,20 lref
LCIRCLE x, y, r	Draw circle at x, y, r	lcircle 15, 15, 10
LPRINT expr, sexpr [AT x,y]	Print expr, sexpr separated by ','   Iprint "2+2=", 2+2 AT 10,10	
	[AT x, y] (default 0,0)	Iref
LCLS	Clear Screen (actually the buffer)	Icls Iref
LREF	Refresh LCD (copy mem to LCD)	Iref

# I2C/UART/SPI SUPPORT (experimental still under testing and refactoring)

- the API is based on the PICO SDK API; all xread/xwrite commands are blocking(will wait for the data forever);
- -non-blocking approach possible by checking if the fifo is empty using xreadable/xwriteable functions
- -limited internal comBuf buffer size to 256

-framework: xinit, xwrite, xread, xdeinit (where: x=i for i2c, u for uart, s for spi)

Command	Description/Comments	Example
IINIT in, pg1, gp2[,baud]	initialize hw; gp1-gp4: GPIO	REM UART loop-test
UINIT in, gp1, gp2[,baud[,data,stop,pari	ity]] in: i2c0, i2c1, uart0, uart1, spi0, spi1	<i>l=8</i>
SINIT in, gp1, gp22, gp3, gp4[,baud <mark>[,for</mark> i	mat]]   defaults: i2c:400k; uart:115.2k,8,N,1; spi:10M	integer bi(l), bo(l)
IREAD in, ad, <mark>arrr</mark> , len, nstop	read / write operations	for k=0 to I-1 bi(k)=k next k
UREAD in, arr, len	ad: i2c device address;	uinit uart0, 0, 1, 9600
SREAD in, <mark>arr</mark> , len	arr: array name for read;	uwrite uart0, bi, l
IWRITE in, ad, arr/str, len, nstop	arr/str: array OR string name for write;	pause 100
UWRITE in, arr/str, len	len: number of bytes to read/write;	uread uart0, bo, l
SWRITE in, arr/str, len	nstop: 1-no Stop issued, 0-Stop issued	udeinit uart0
IDEINIT in; UDEINIT in; SDEINIT in	de-initialize hw	end
IREADABLE(in); IWRITABLE(in)	for non-blocking write / write	
UREADABLE(in); UWRITABLE(in)	returns: 0,1;	
SREADABLE(in): SWRITABLE(in)		