#JustBasic manual

Code formatting

You can freely format code: many commands in single line, tabs, etc. PICO tested w/ Putty. Copy & Paste supported.

Example

```
print “Hi” for k=1 to 10 print k next k
end
```

Program structure

Command ‘end’ is required following the last line of code. subroutines shall follow the ‘end’ command.

```
code
end
subroutines
```

Example

```
print “Hi!”
gosub doitagain
end
doitagain:
        print “Hi!”
return
```

System modes

Two modes using different prompts: user (’>’ prompt) and enhanced (‘#’ prompt)

-U-MODE *(aka single-line mode) can be entered by issuing: ‘U’ command; useful to run single line programs, for example:*
m=3 data 2, 3, 4 sum=0 for i=1 to m read a sum=sum+a next i print “s=", sum, ", av= ", sum/m end
E – enter E-mode

-E-MODE *(aka enhanced mode); can be entered by issuing: ‘E’ command; this mode supports many system commands:*
? - shows quick info about the VM (version, list of available commands)
H – help – shows some program examples
U – enter U-mode
C – code – list current program code
R – run program
N – new – clear VM memory and code
B – bye – reboots the PICO in USB disk mode, in Windows version exists the VM
L - load program for persistent memory (auto.bas) - TBD
S – save program to persistent memory (auto.bas) - TBD
*T- tech data (after ‘**R**’ - VM state incl. the runtime results, after ‘**N**’, ’**L**’ - the state after initial tokenization) – currently disabled*

Built-in editor

Every command is appended to the existing code. ‘C’ shows code and internal line numbers used for @N commands.
@N (e.g. @3) – removes Nth line of code (use C to see the line numbers)
@N cmd (e.g. @4 PRINT 5 – inserts ‘PRINT 5’ before line 4) inserts the new code line following the @N before the Nth line

Built-in debugger (some improvements needed)

T0 – disables tracing
T1 – enables stepping mode
T2 – normal run with tracing

The programming language

-ESC - break program when loading or running;

MISC

-DEBUG (enables/disables internal debug messages) - TBD
-REM - comment
-CLS – clear screen
-SYSMODE options: MATH(INT+INT/FLOAT); GRAPHIC(NONE, EXPLORER, OLED); CONSOLE(1st/2nd-core) - TBD

VARIABLES, EXPRESSIONS

-var types (suffix matters): INT (no suffix, name=expr), FLOAT (suffix '#', name#=expr), STRING (suffix '$', name$=expr)
-variable name: up to 8chars letter&digits starting w/ a letter(digits, '#", '$', '_', ':' accepted),
-var initialization: 1st-reference creates var(value=0); any variable can be assigned an expressions: var=expr;
*-expressions: INT/FLOAT, +, -, *, /, %,(,), vars;*
-array:1-dimension; INT/FLOAT supported; STRING NOT supported; DIM name(size); name(item)=expr
-strings supports only '+' in expressions + string functions and variables
Example
hi5=2
w#=2.5
name$="John"

Example
DIM a(3)
a(0)=3
DIM(b#(3)
b#(0)=2.5

Example
*sy=2*abs(-15) + a*20*
v#=fexpr; b#=a#-2(2+3)+abs(-1.0)+aa#(2);*

Example
v$="a"+a$+left$(str$(13),1);
PRINT sexpr; VAL("-1")->-1

LOOPS & PROGRAM FLOW

-label name: up to 8chars letter & digits starting w/ a letter('_' accepted),
-loop/if nesting supported
-FOR var=expr TO expr [STEP expr] [] NEXT var; if STEP[default=1] is negative var decreases; FLOAT supported
Example
FOR i = 5 TO 1 STEP -1 NEXT I END
-WHILE expr1 op expr2 [code] ENDWHILE; FLOAT supported;
Example:
a=0 while a<5 print a a=a+1 endwhile end
-GOTO – label (aka name with colon); can be located everywhere (before and after the GOTO): Label: [code] GOTO label
Example
k=1
again:
print k k=k+1
if k<5 then goto again: endif
end
-GOSUB – label can be located everywhere (before and after the GOTO): Label: [code] RETURN GOSUB label
Example
gosub task0
end

task0: print “done” return
-IF conditions THEN [code] [ELSE] [code] ENDIF; FLOAT supported; AND/OR/NOT) supported
Example
if a>1 and b#>3.4 then print “good” else print “bad” endif
-END last instruction (GOSUB labels can be located behind the END)

INPUT, OUTPUT, DATA
-PRINT expr, sexpr,…(separate items by ‘,’); ‘;’ at the end to skip NEW LINE;
Example
PRINT "How:", 6/3 ;
PRINT 1 (prints 1 w/ NEW LINE); PRINT 1; (prints 1 w/o NEW LINE)
-INPUT – assignes int/float/string values to var or array element: INPUT var, array_element, a$, …;
Example
INPUT a(2), d#, name$
print a(2), d#, name$
-DATA expr, fexpr, str; READ a, b#, d$; RESTORE clears data pointer; INT/FLOAT/STR supported
Example
*DATA 1.5, 2*a; READ v, v#, v(), v#();*

BUILT-IN FUNCTIONS
-LEFT$/RIGHT$/MID$, LEN/VAL(sexpr)

-HEX$/STR$/CHR$(expr);

-SIN/COS/SQR/EXP/LOG;
Example
PRINT "FLOAT FUNC"
PRINT "SQR: ", SQR(5)
PRINT "EXP: ", EXP(1)
PRINT "LOG: ", LOG(2.718)
*PRINT "SIN: ", SIN(30*3.14/180)*
*PRINT "COS: ", COS(60*3.14/180)*

-RND/SGN/ABS
Example
PRINT "RND: ", RND(1000)

-GETTICK() – returns tick number
-PAUSE msec
Example
*PAUSE 2*500*
a=gettick()

-INKEY() – return current key (if pressed), otherwise 0; non-blocking (no-wating)

-AND, OR, NOT
Example
PRINT "BIT OPS"
PRINT AND(0x03,0x0F)
PRINT OR(0x01,0x02)
PRINT HEX$(NOT(0x0F))

PICO HARDWARE SUPPORT

-PEEK(addr) – hex supported
-POKE addr, value – hex supported
Example

```
REM SYSTICK
SYSTCSR=0xe000e010
SYSTRVR=0xe000e014
SYSTCVR=0xe000e018
poke SYSTCSR, 0
poke SYSTRVR, 0x1e847
poke SYSTCSR, 5
for k=1 to 50
   print and(peek(SYSTCVR), 0x00FFFFFF)
   pause 1000
next k
end
```

-AREAD - TBD
-AWRITE - TBD

- PMODE gpio_pin, mode
mode: 0-IN, 1-OUT, 2-PULLUP, 3-PULLDOWN
- DREAD(gpio_pin)
Example

```
REM explorer buttons: a, b, x, y
a=12
b=13
x=14
pmode a, 0
pmode b, 0
pmode y, 0
y=15
pmode y, 0
pmode y, 2
REM modes: 0-IN, 1-OUT, 2-PULLUP, 3-PULLDOWN
for k=1 to 10 step 0
        pause 50
        print dread(y)
next k
```

-DWRITE gpio_pin, value
Example

```
REM explorer led - pin 25
pmode 25, 1
for k=1 to 10 step 0
        pause 500
        dwrite 25,1
        pause 500
        dwrite 25,0
next k
end
```