

Statebins

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Part 1: Continuous Data

```
data("election")
head(election)

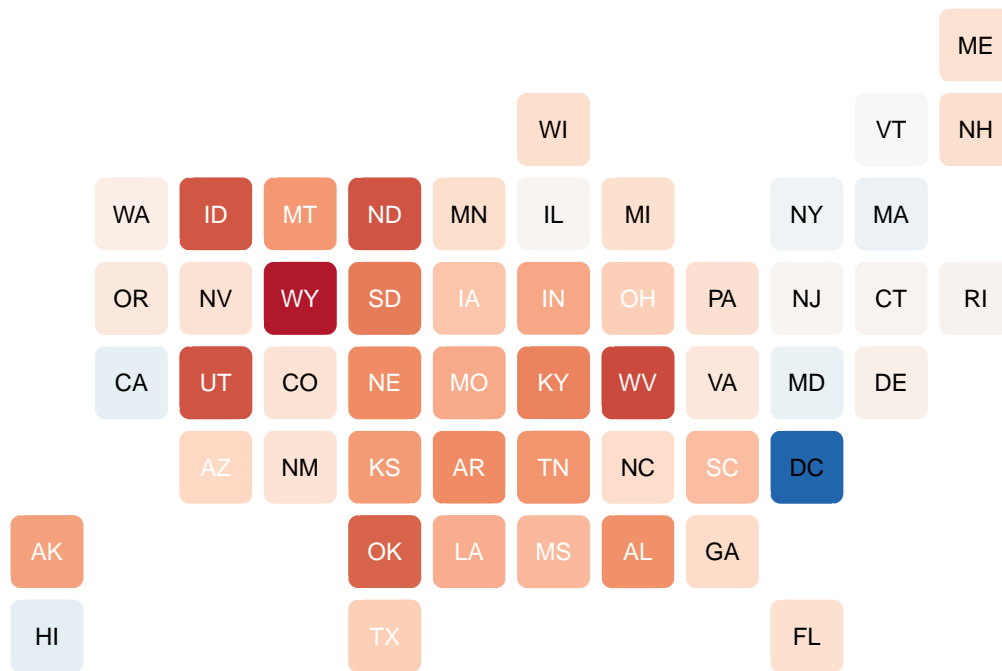
## # A tibble: 6 x 22
##   state      st      fips total_vote vote_margin winner party pct_margin r_points
##   <chr>    <chr> <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl> <chr>  <chr>      <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 Alabama  AL        1    2123372    588708 Trump  Repu~    0.277    27.7
## 2 Alaska   AK        2     318608     46933 Trump  Repu~    0.147    14.7
## 3 Arizona  AZ        4    2604657     91234 Trump  Repu~    0.035     3.5
## 4 Arkansas AR        5    1130635    304378 Trump  Repu~    0.269    26.9
## 5 California CA       6   14237893   4269978 Clint~ Demo~    0.300   -30.0
## 6 Colorado CO       8    2780247    136386 Clint~ Demo~    0.0491   -4.91
## # ... with 13 more variables: d_points <dbl>, pct_clinton <dbl>,
## #   pct_trump <dbl>, pct_johnson <dbl>, pct_other <dbl>, clinton_vote <dbl>,
## #   trump_vote <dbl>, johnson_vote <dbl>, other_vote <dbl>, ev_dem <dbl>,
## #   ev_rep <dbl>, ev_oth <dbl>, census <chr>

theme_set(theme_statebins())

statebins(election, state_col="state", value="pct_clinton", round=TRUE) %>%
  gf_refine(scale_fill_distiller(palette="RdBu", direction=1)) %>%
  gf_labs(fill="Party Vote Percentage",
          title="    DC had the Biggest Percentage of
Democractic Votes in the 2016 Election")

## Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill', which
## will replace the existing scale.
```

DC had the Biggest Percentage of Democratic Votes in the 2016 Election



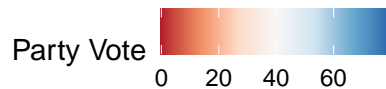
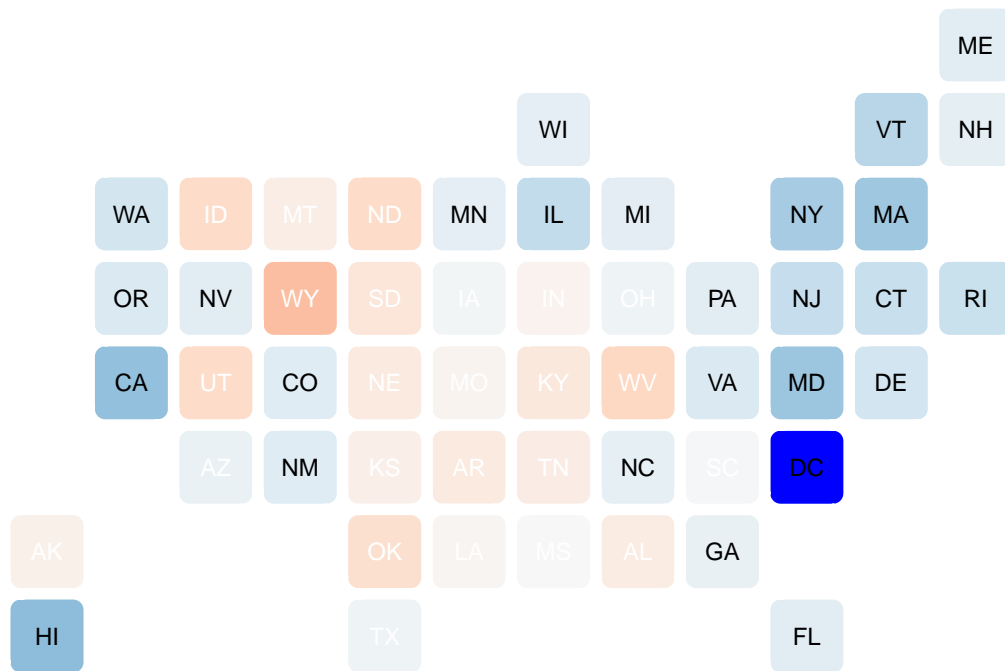
Party Vote Percentage

40 60 80

```
# Adjust missing values
statebins(election, state_col="state", value="pct_clinton", round=TRUE) %>%
  gf_refine(scale_fill_distiller(palette="RdBu", direction=1, na.value="blue",
    limits = c(0,80), breaks=c(0,20,40,60))) %>%
  gf_labs(fill="Party Vote",
    title="    DC had the Biggest Percentage of
    Democratic Votes in the 2016 Election")
```

```
## Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill', which
## will replace the existing scale.
```

DC had the Biggest Percentage of Democratic Votes in the 2016 Election

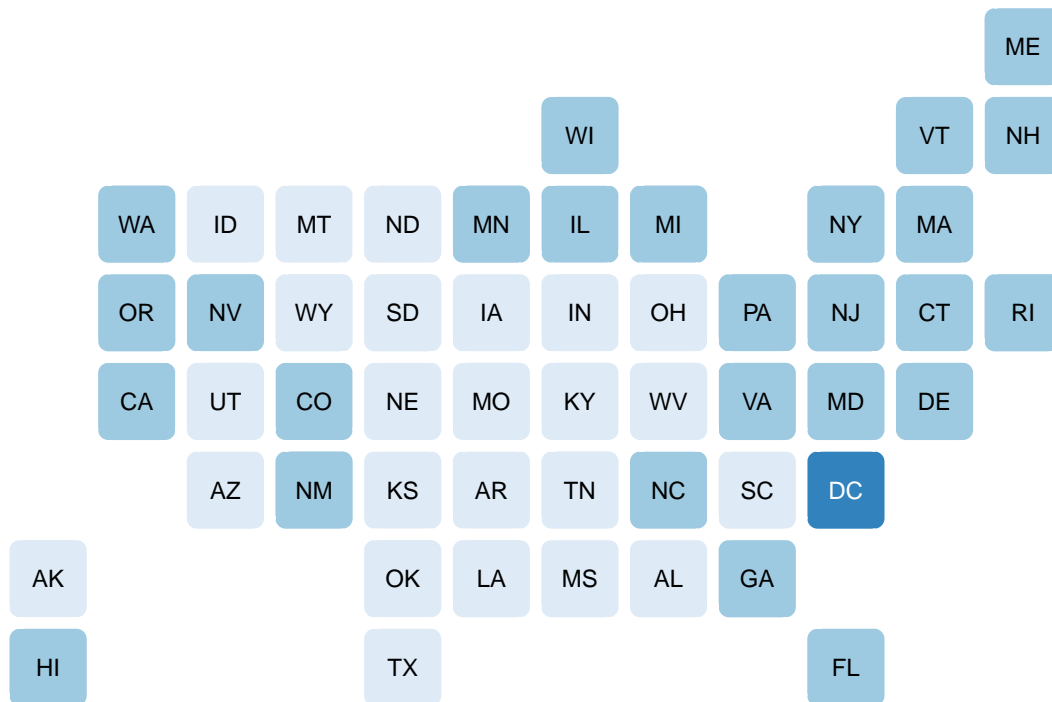


```
# As Categorical
new_election = election %>% mutate(new_pct_clinton = cut(pct_clinton,breaks=3,
  labels = c("Few", "Some", "Many")))

statebins(new_election,state_col="state",value="new_pct_clinton",round=TRUE,
  ggplot2_scale_function = scale_fill_brewer) %>%
  gf_refine(scale_fill_brewer(palette="Blues",direction=1)) %>%
  gf_labs(fill="Democratic Party Votes",
    title="    DC had the Biggest Percentage of
    Democratic Votes in the 2016 Election")

## Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill', which
## will replace the existing scale.
```

DC had the Biggest Percentage of Democratic Votes in the 2016 Election

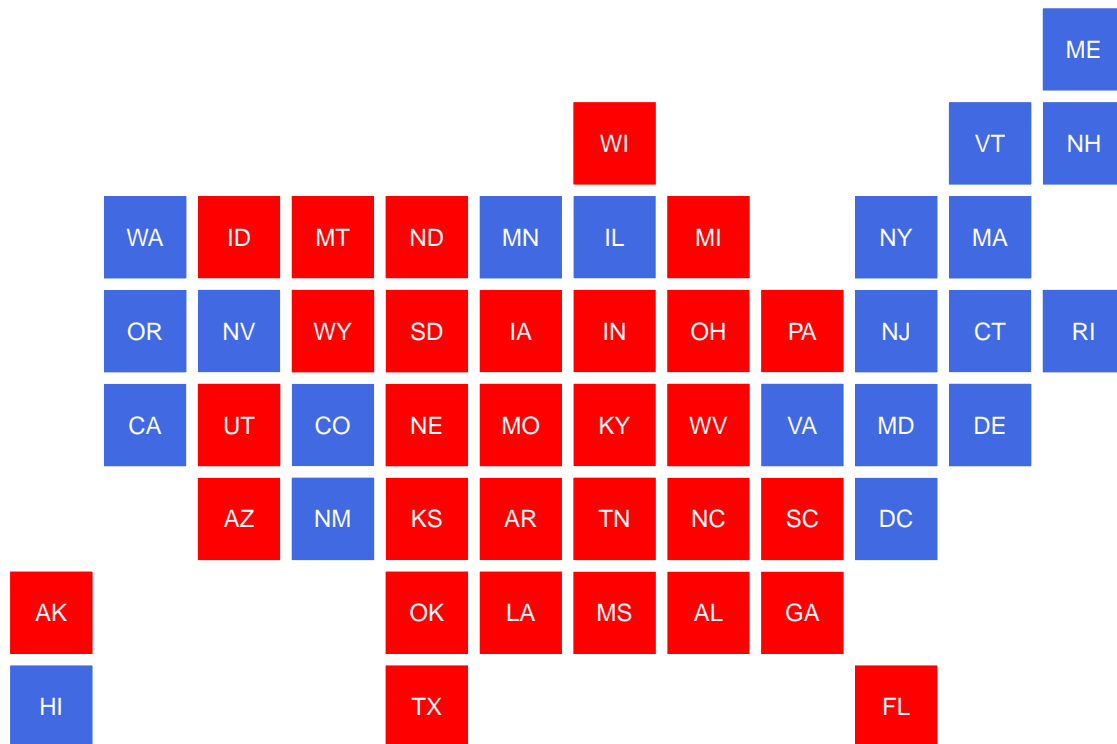


Democratic Party Votes Few Some Many

Part 2: Discrete Data

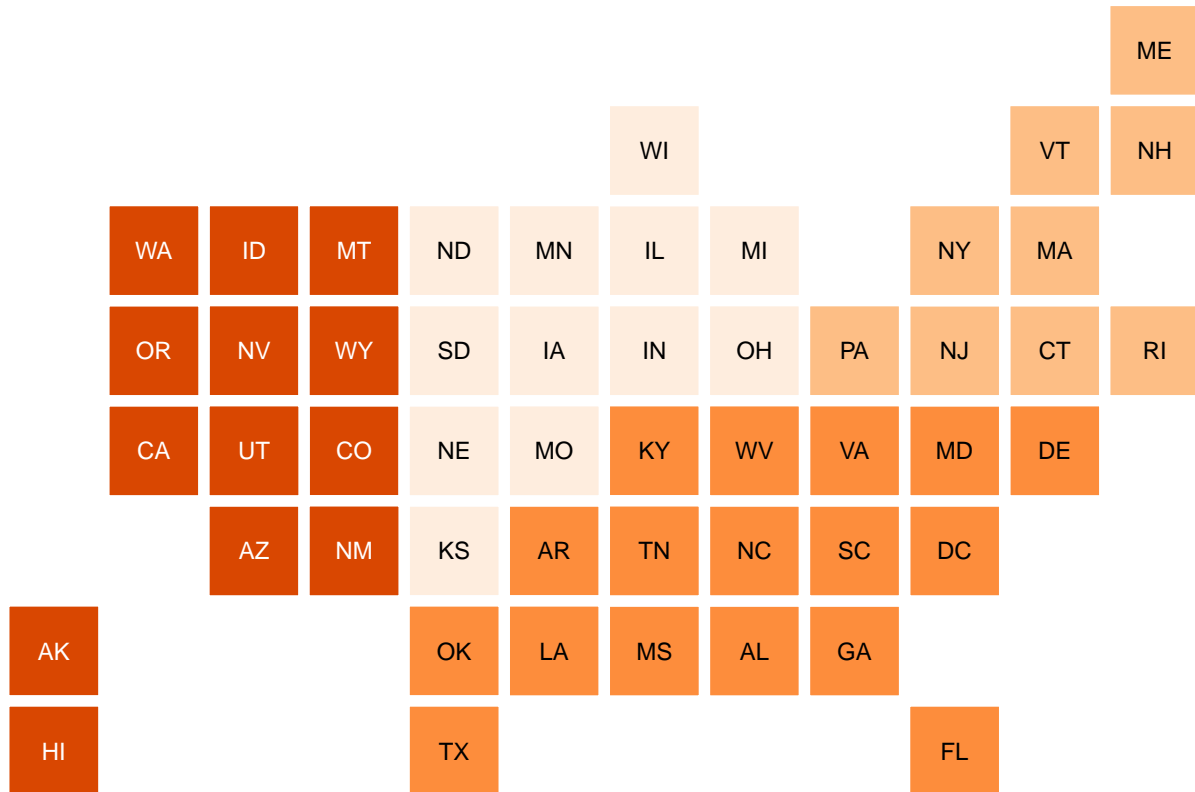
```
statebins(election, state_col="state",value="winner",
  ggplot2_scale_function = scale_fill_manual, values=c("royalblue","red")) %>%
  gf_labs(title="2016 Presidential Election Winners by State",fill="Winner")
```

2016 Presidential Election Winners by State



Winner ■ Clinton ■ Trump

```
statebins(election, state_col="state", value="census",  
          ggplot2_scale_function = scale_fill_brewer, palette = "Oranges")
```



census Midwest Northeast South West

Part 3: Explore PoliSci dataset

```
# Import Dataset
poliSciDataset = read_csv("~/CSVs/PoliSciState.csv")

## New names:
## * `` -> ...1

## Rows: 50 Columns: 136

## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (26): abort_rank3, cig_tax12_3, gun_rank3, obama_win12, pot_policy, rel...
## dbl (110): ...1, abortion_rank12, adv_or_more, ba_or_more, cig_tax12, conser...

##
## i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
# Replace "RhodeIsland" with "Rhode Island" to fix error.
poliSciDataset[poliSciDataset == "RhodeIsland"] <- "Rhode Island"
head(poliSciDataset)

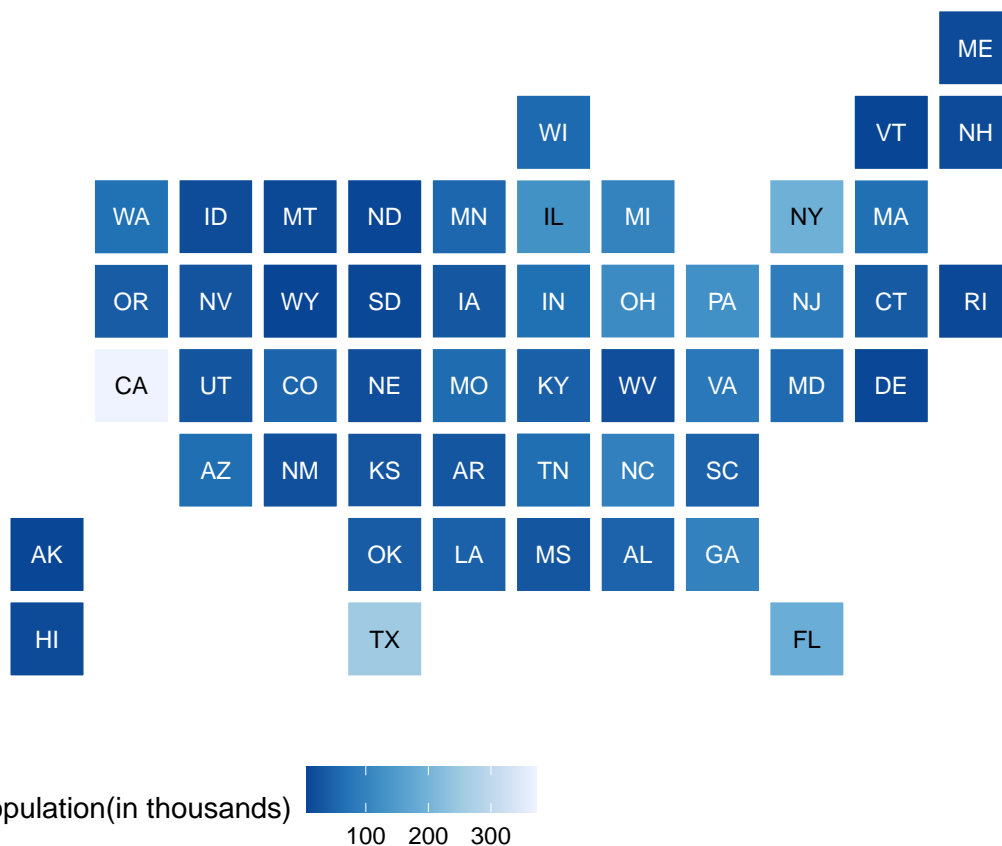
## # A tibble: 6 x 136
##   ...1 abort_rank3 abortion_rank12 adv_or_more ba_or_more cig_tax12 cig_tax12_3
```

```
## <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
## 1 1 Less restr 35 9 26.6 2 HiTax
## 2 2 Mid 20 7.7 22 0.425 LoTax
## 3 3 More restr 4 6.1 18.9 1.15 MidTax
## 4 4 More restr 5 9.3 25.6 2 HiTax
## 5 5 Less restr 49 10.7 29.9 0.87 MidTax
## 6 6 Mid 25 12.7 35.9 0.84 MidTax
## # ... with 129 more variables: conserv_advantage <dbl>, conserv_public <dbl>,
## # dem_advantage <dbl>, govt_worker <dbl>, gun_rank3 <chr>, gun_rank11 <dbl>,
## # gun_scale11 <dbl>, hr_cons_rank11 <dbl>, hr_conserv11 <dbl>,
## # hr_lib_rank11 <dbl>, hr_liberal11 <dbl>, hs_or_more <dbl>, obama2012 <dbl>,
## # obama_win12 <chr>, pop2000 <dbl>, pop2010 <dbl>, pop2010_hun_thou <dbl>,
## # popchng0010 <dbl>, popchngpct <dbl>, pot_policy <chr>, prochoice <dbl>,
## # prolife <dbl>, relig_cath <dbl>, relig_prot <dbl>, relig_high <dbl>, ...
```

Graph 1

```
statebins(poliSciDataset, state_col="state", value="pop2010_hun_thou") %>%
  gf_labs(title="2010 Population Shows California is the
             Most Populated State",
          fill="Population(in thousands)")
```

2010 Population Shows California is the Most Populated State

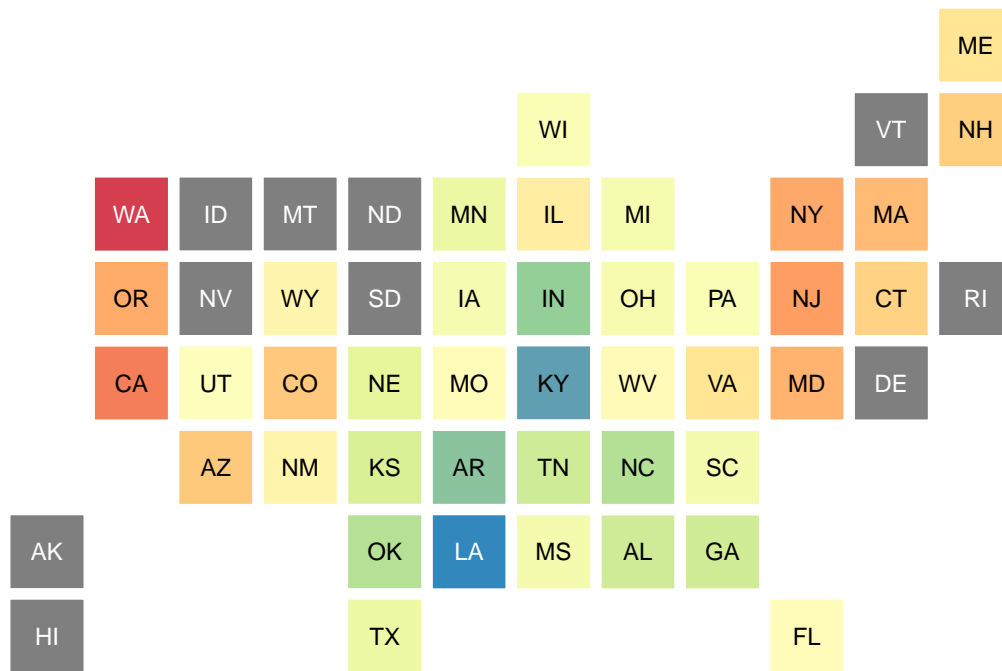


Graph 2

```
statebins(poliSciDataset, state_col="state", value="permit",
```

```
ggplot2_scale_function = scale_fill_distiller, palette = "Spectral") %>%
  gf_labs(title="Washington has the Biggest Percentage of
  People that Would Always Permit Abortion",
  fill="Always Permit Abortion")
```

Washington has the Biggest Percentage of People that Would Always Permit Abortion

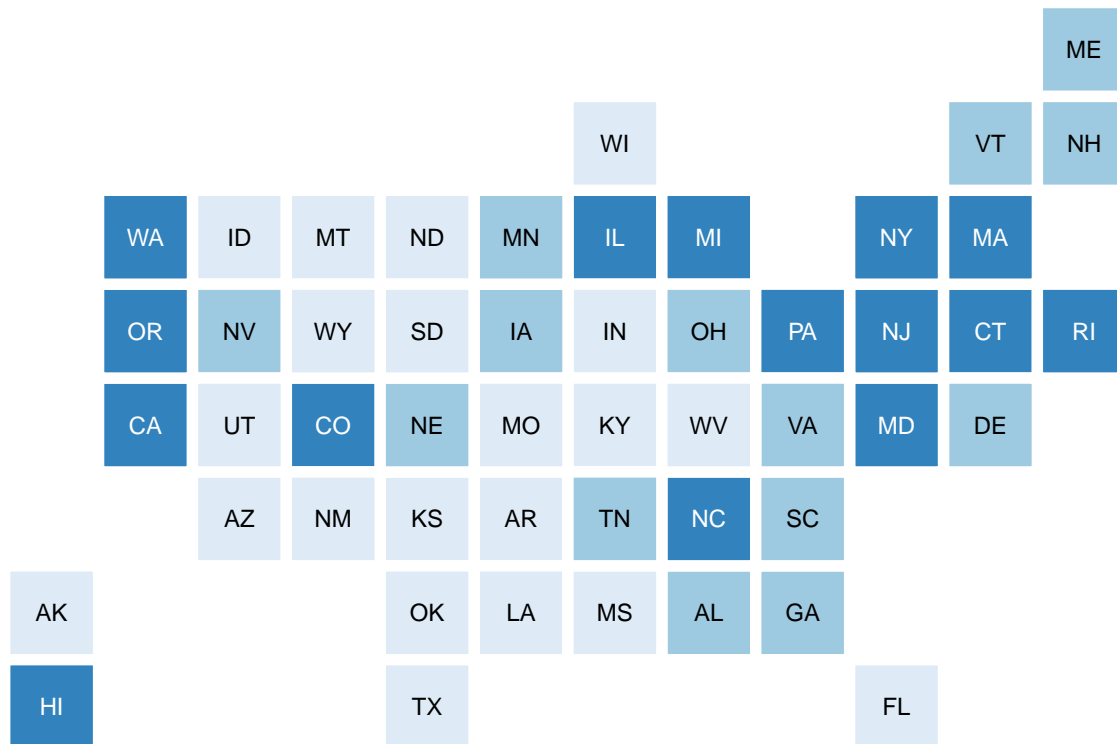


Always Permit Abortion

20 30 40 50

```
# Graph 3
statebins(poliSciDataset, state_col="state", value="gun_rank3",
  ggplot2_scale_function = scale_fill_brewer) %>%
  gf_labs(title="US Northeast has the Most Restrictive Gun Laws",
  fill="Gun Ranks")
```


US Northeast has the Most Restrictive Gun Laws



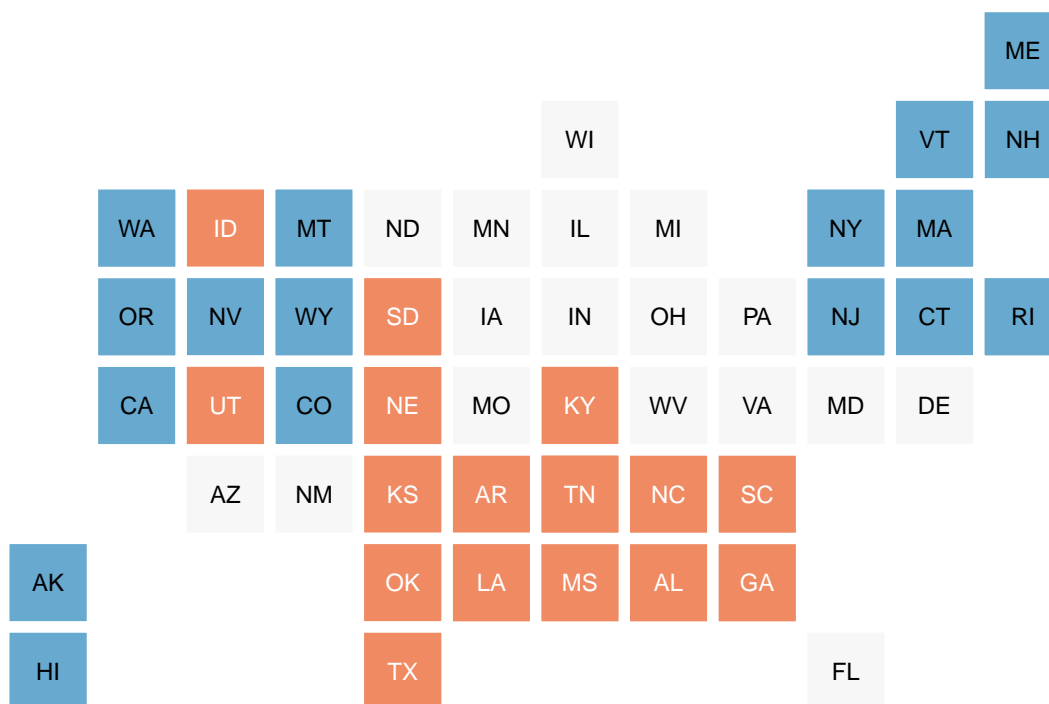
Gun Ranks ■ Less restr ■ Mid ■ More restr

```
# Graph 4
legend_order <- c("Low", "Mid", "High")
poliSciDataset$religiosity3 <- factor(poliSciDataset$religiosity3,
                                     levels = legend_order)

statebins(poliSciDataset, state_col="state", value="religiosity3",
          ggplot2_scale_function = scale_fill_brewer) %>%
  gf_refine(scale_fill_brewer(palette="RdBu",direction=-1))%>%
  gf_labs(title="People in the US Southwest tend to be more
            Religious", fill="Religiosity")

## Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill', which
## will replace the existing scale.
```

People in the US Southwest tend to be more Religious



Religiosity ■ Low ■ Mid ■ High