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Governance and Global Affairs



# Institutional Determinants of Sustainable Investments

🌿 A Comparative Analysis of European Asset Owners

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# Introduction

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# Research Focus



Artwork by Leonardo Phoenix model

## ➤ Asset Owners

Examining insurance companies, pension funds and sovereign wealth funds in OECD countries

## ➤ Sustainable Investments

Analysing magnitude and nature in relation to institutional variables

## ➤ Comparative Approach

Identifying impediments and opportunities across different countries

# Challenges in Situating Sustainable Finance

## ➤ Conceptual Challenge

How to place sustainable finance within existing politico-economic typologies

## ➤ Empirical Challenge

Lack of official SI data and consensus on sustainable investment definition

## ➤ Greenwashing Concern

Difficulty in distinguishing genuine sustainable practices from greenwashing



Artwork by DALL-E model

# Political Economy Approaches to Sustainable Finance



Artwork by DALL-E model

## ➤ Nature of Sustainable Finance

Studies interrogating green finance and climate finance

## ➤ Institutional Adoption

Case studies on financial institutions adopting sustainability practices

## ➤ Policy Domain

Sustainable finance as a new policy area

## ➤ Global Context

Emergence and diffusion within global financial capitalism

## **Research Design**

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# Data Collection

## Source

- Asset owner directory at [www.top1000funds.com](http://www.top1000funds.com)
- Proof-of-concept with a reduced scope: top 100 asset owners from Europe. Revealing snapshot of the prevalence of sustainable investment topics

## Focus

- Annual reports published in 2023 as PDF files ( $n = 96$ )
- Annual reports published in 2022 for three companies and the 2024 report for one

## Parsing Tools

- Docling framework for accurate and comprehensive text extraction
- State-of-the-art AI models for layout recognition

# Structural Topic Model (STM) Application

## 1. Machine Translation

- Use GPT-4o to translate 34 reports into English
- Only three cases exhibited low BLEU/SacreBLEU values

## 3. Pre-processing

- Apply standard NLP pipeline for topic modelling
- Converting the text to lowercase, removing punctuation, tokenisation, stopwords list

## 2. Incorporate Metadata

- Include document-level information like original language
- STM directly integrates contextual variables into the modelling process

## 4. Topic Extraction

- Set STM to extract 15 topics based on coherence and exclusivity
- These measures help ensure that topics are internally coherent and sufficiently distinct

# Econometric Strategy

## ➤ OLS Models

Use per-document topic prevalence ( $\theta$ -values) from STM  
as dependent variable

## ➤ Focus

Only on topics relevant to sustainable investment

## ➤ Independent Variables

AUM, greenhouse gas emissions per capita and carbon  
intensity of GDP (2021 PPP dollar)

## ➤ Additional Controls

GDP growth and inflation



Artwork by DALL-E model

## Preliminary Results

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# Geographical Distribution and Assets for the Top 100 Asset Owners

We have created geographical clusters within 50 km based on each owner headquarters location.

This does not imply any relationship between the owners. It is only geographical proximity for visualisation at this stage.

Pastel red bubbles represent clusters (combined assets within 50 km).

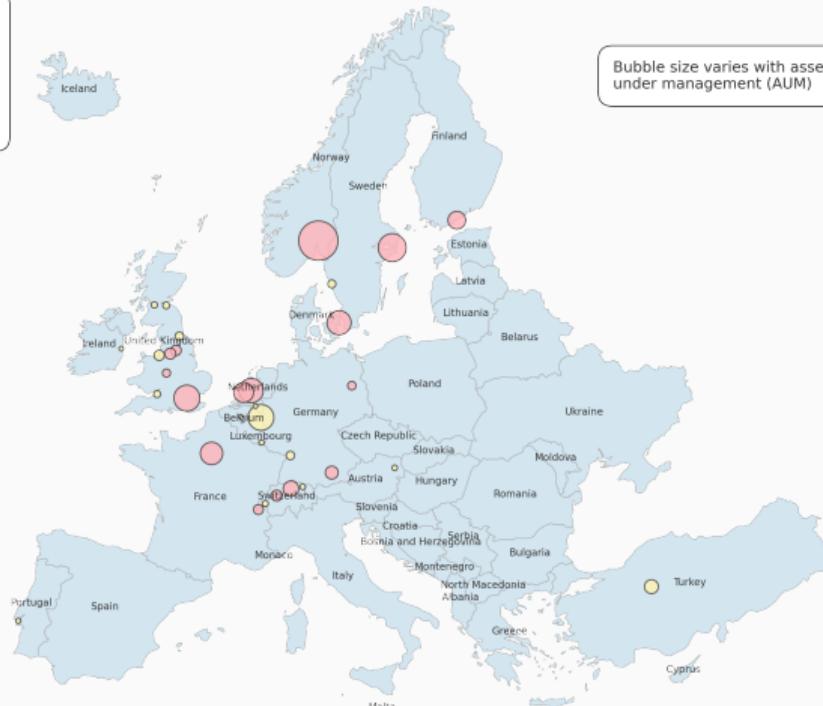
Yellow bubbles represent single owners.

Bubble size varies with assets under management (AUM)

Owners and assets under management (AUM)

- Clustered owners
- Single owners

- 137 AUM
- 411 AUM
- 686 AUM
- 961 AUM
- 1,373 AUM



- 15 Topics Identified.** Ranging from mainstream financial practices to sustainability-focused themes
- National Prevalence.** Some topics show a strong association with specific countries
- Sustainability Focus.** Three topics stand out in terms of sustainable investments
  - **Climate Emission Reporting.** Focus on CO<sub>2</sub> emissions measurement and reduction targets.  
Mainly Dutch pension funds and asset managers
  - **Sustainability as Market Practice.** Combining sustainability with existing market practices.  
Promotion of new sustainable investment products
  - **Climate Leadership.** Emphasis on climate commitments and net zero goals. Mainly Swedish pension funds and insurance companies

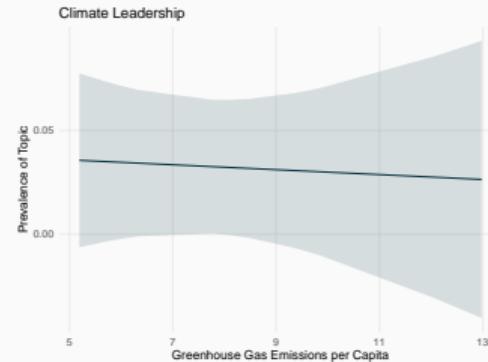
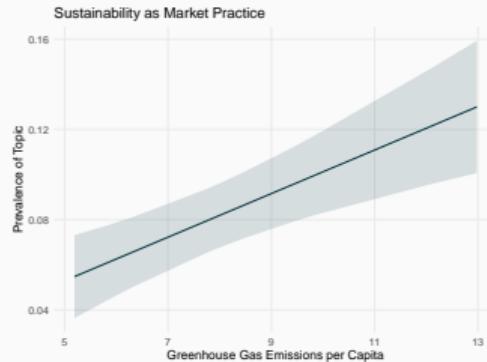
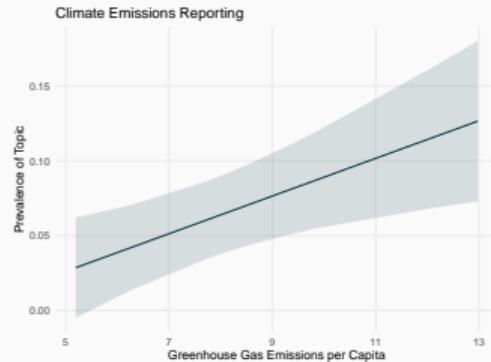
# Topics, Labels and Prevalence

Climate Emission Reporting	Occupational Pension Schemes and Member Benefits	Pension Liabilities	Corporate Governance and Diversity	Contribution Monitoring and Regulatory Compliance
Reporting Standards and Strategy Assessments	Portfolio Management and Performance	Sustainability as Market Practice	Document Formatting and Linguistic Artefacts	Financial Operations
Group Assets and Credit Risk	Climate Leadership	Corporate and Government Bond Holdings	Pension Investment and Fund Returns	Pension Assets

# Determinants of Topics Related to Sustainable Investments

	Climate Emissions Reporting	Sustainability as Market Practice	Climate Leadership		
AUM (1st quartile)	0.002 (0.020)	0.015 (0.019)	0.005 (0.011)	-0.004 (0.011)	0.059** (0.027)
AUM (2nd quartile)	-0.015 (0.020)	-0.003 (0.019)	-0.007 (0.010)	-0.013 (0.010)	0.083*** (0.027)
AUM (3rd quartile)	-0.007 (0.020)	0.001 (0.019)	-0.004 (0.011)	-0.005 (0.010)	0.002 (0.027)
Greenhouse gas emissions (per capita)	0.009* (0.005)	0.013*** (0.004)	0.010*** (0.002)	0.010*** (0.002)	-0.003 (0.006)
Carbon intensity of GDP	0.956*** (0.358)	0.118 (0.419)	-0.485** (0.191)	-0.348 (0.229)	-0.707 (0.490)
Constant	-0.083** (0.032)	-0.111*** (0.032)	0.038** (0.017)	0.053*** (0.018)	0.100** (0.044)
GDP growth	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Inflation	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Estimation method	OLS	OLS	OLS	OLS	OLS
VIF	1.312	1.508	1.243	1.365	1.216
N	100	100	100	100	100
R <sup>2</sup>	0.238	0.337	0.196	0.268	0.178
Adj. R <sup>2</sup>	0.197	0.286	0.153	0.212	0.134
					0.409
					0.364

# Effect of Greenhouse Gas Emissions on the Prevalence of SI Topics



## Takeaways

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## Takeaways

- Regional Context.** Sustainability topics shaped by regional and institutional factors.
- Emission Impact.** Higher emissions linked to more emphasis on market-based approaches and CO<sub>2</sub> tracking.
- Leadership.** Larger firms in less carbon-intensive countries are more likely to adopt leadership positions.
  - **Limitations.** (1) Text-based measures are susceptible to biases like greenwashing or cheap talk in annual reports. (2) Differences in reporting frameworks across firms and countries.
  - **Next Steps.** (1) Move beyond the top 100 owners. (2) Additional variables such as regulation indices or network memberships. (3) Multilevel modelling. (4) Test open-source LLMs to improve translation and reduce noise.

# Thank you very much!

Do you have any questions?

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