

The background features a blue-to-purple gradient. There are four decorative elements: a small hexagon in the top-left, a large hexagon in the top-right, a large circle in the bottom-left, and a small circle in the bottom-right. All these elements have a blue-to-purple gradient.

CSS Custom Properties

CSS Frankfurt Meetup – 13.09.2018

Overview

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4. Use cases
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Current solutions

- CSS preprocessors like Sass, Less and Stylus
- Taskrunner like Grunt & Gulp
- „Postprocessor“ PostCSS
- Enhance functionality of CSS with assets like variables, operators, functions and mixins

Goal: Make the developer's life easier!

But about these variables...

- You cannot change them dynamically
- They are not aware of the DOM's structure
- They cannot be read or changed from JS

Introduction

Basics: Usage

```
1 :root {  
2   --primary: #0677cc;  
3   --highlight: #25b4d8;  
4 }  
5  
6 a {  
7   color: var(--primary);  
8   text-decoration-color: var(--highlight, #0677cc);  
9   border-bottom: 1px solid var(--highlight, var(--primary));  
10 }
```

Basics: Usage

```
1 :root {  
2   --logo: rebeccapurple;  
3   --main-color: #4d4e53;  
4   --main_bg: rgb(255, 255, 255);  
5   --mainLink: 201, 189, 161;  
6   --header-height: 68px;  
7   --content-padding: 10px 20px;  
8   --base-line-height: 1.48923849;  
9   --duration: .35s;  
10  --filler: "click me";  
11  --spacer: calc(2vh + 20px);  
12 }
```


Basics: Scope and Inheritance

```
1 <div class="one">
2   <div class="two">
3     <div class="three"></div>
4     <div class="four"></div>
5   </div>
6 </div>
```

var(--font-size)

var(--primary)

```
1 .one {
2   --primary: #f4bf4c;
3 }
4
5 .two {
6   --font-size: 20px;
7 }
8
9 .three {
10   --font-size: 16px;
11 }
```

Tips & Tricks

Your own CSS rules

```
1 .box {  
2   --box-shadow-color: orange;  
3   box-shadow: 0 10px 30px var(--box-shadow-color);  
4 }  
5  
6 .box:hover {  
7   --box-shadow-color: red;  
8 }
```

calc()

```
1 :root {  
2   --spacer: 1rem;  
3   --spacer-s: calc(0.5 * var(--spacer));  
4   --spacer-b: calc(var(--spacer) + 16px);  
5 }  
6  
7 .box {  
8   --size: 30;  
9   width: calc(1vw * var(--size));  
10  height: calc(1vh * var(--size));  
11 }
```

Fallbacks

```
1 .info {  
2   background: red;  
3   background: var(--primary, red);  
4 }
```

```
1 .box {  
2   --col: var(--color, red);  
3   background: var(--col);  
4   color: var(--primary, var(--col));  
5 }
```

```
1 @supports (--custom: var) {  
2   /* code to run when custom  
3   properties are supported */  
4 }
```

Media Queries

```
1 :root {  
2   --gutter: 5px;  
3 }  
4  
5 section {  
6   margin: var(--gutter);  
7 }  
8  
9 @media (max-width: 600px) {  
10  :root {  
11    --gutter: 20px;  
12  }  
13 }
```

Things you can't do

```
1 .image {  
2   --img: "nooo";  
3   --img2: url("img/nooo.jpg");  
4   background: url("img/"var(--img)".jpg");  
5   background: var(--img2);  
6 }
```

```
1 .invalid {  
2   --foo;;  
3   --value: 20;  
4   margin: var(--value)px;  
5   --prop: font-size;  
6   var(--prop): 24px;  
7 }
```

```
1 :root {  
2   --breakpoint-s: 640px;  
3 }  
4  
5 @media (max-width: var(--breakpoint-s)) {  
6   /* Rules */  
7 }
```

```
1 :root {  
2   --name: "box";  
3 }  
4  
5 .var(--name) {  
6   /* Won't work */  
7 }
```

Things you shouldn't do

```
1 :root {  
2   --font-small: 0.7rem;  
3   --font-big: 1.5rem;  
4 }  
5  
6 .card {  
7   font-size: var(--font-small);  
8 }  
9  
10 @media (min-width: 768px) {  
11   .card {  
12     font-size: var(--font-big);  
13   }  
14 }
```



```
1 .card {  
2   font-size: var(--font-card);  
3 }  
4  
5 .card {  
6   --font-card: 0.7rem;  
7 }  
8  
9 @media (min-width: 768px) {  
10   .card {  
11     --font-card: 1.5rem;  
12   }  
13 }
```


Use cases


- Create mixins / Create your own rules
- Color themes
- Animations / Interactivity
- CSS-Grid
- Manipulate colors

Browser support

CSS Variables (Custom Properties) - CR

Permits the declaration and usage of cascading variables in stylesheets.

Usage

% of all users 

Germany

83.45% + 0.11% = 83.56%

Global

86.73% + 0.06% = 86.8%

Current aligned

Usage relative

Date relative

Show all

?

IE	Edge *	Firefox	Chrome	Safari	iOS Safari *	Opera Mini *	Chrome for Android	UC Browser for Android	Samsung Internet
					9.3				
					10.2				
		52	67		10.3				
		61	68		11.2				4
11	17	62	69	11.1	11.4	all	67	11.8	7.2
	18	63	70	12	12				
		64	71	TP					
			72						

Notes

Known issues (3)

Resources (8)

Feedback

- In Edge 15 is not possible to use css variables in pseudo elements [see bug](#)
- In Edge 15 animations with css variables may cause the webpage to crash [see bug](#)
- In Edge 15, nested calculations with css variables are not computed and are ignored [see bug](#)

Conclusion

What we learnt about CSS Custom Properties:

- You can use them today without any tooling
- Dynamic, Inherit & Cascade, Can be changed with JS
- Easy syntax and clear rules
- Good browser support
- Separate style from behaviour
- Change the value, not which custom property is used

Are preprocessors dead?

No!

- Differentiate between static and dynamic values
→ Use preprocessors for global (static) variables
- Heavy calculations with Custom Properties cost performance
- Preprocessors can do the „Things you can't do“

Thank you!

We'll continue with the live examples
css-variables.netlify.com

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You can find the slides & examples on Spectrum:
spectrum.chat/cssfrankfurt