

Segment Database

Version 2.4 January 2, 2019

Background Information

Data Input Protocol

Allowed

- "Other"
 - The allowed inputs for the applicable attribute do not include the correct type for the horizontal curve under review
 - E.g., Intersection *Design Type* is 'Displaced Left Turn', but this intersection type is not listed as one of the approved values under *Design Type*
 - Action: Describe in the "Comments" attribute
- "Unknown"
 - The attribute cannot be confidently determined with the given sources of information (i.e., MnDOT Video Log, Google Earth)
 - E.g., No Google Street View/MnDOT Video Log at location
- "NA" Not Applicable
 - The attribute does not include a valid input due to another attribute
 - E.g., "Right_Turn_On_Red" attribute for a Thru-Stop intersection
- "NV" No Value
 - Used when data would otherwise be blank

Not Allowed

- Review your work regularly to check for and correct instances of the following:
 - Blanks
 - Dashes "-"
 - Acronyms (if not specified)
 - Abbreviations
 - Typos



Supporting Data

The attributes in the following slides will generally be pre-populated and no action is required.

- A basic understanding of these pre-populated attributes is recommended.
- Errors and other inconsistencies in this data should be identified and reported to the appropriate data manager for review.
- Any attribute may be pre-populated due to varying sources of data. This data should always be reviewed for accuracy.



Phase

- CRSP2 project phase
 - E.g., summer 2018 data collection is "2"

District

 MnDOT District/ATP number best corresponding to the county per a one-to-one correlation (note: not district boundaries) [SEE NEXT SLIDE]

County_Name

 County name with spelling as defined [SEE NEXT SLIDE]

County_Number

• County number: 1-87 (note: not FIPS) [SEE NEXT SLIDE]



Supporting Data: County Information

Counties participating in Phase 2:

County Number	County Name	District	Phase
7	Blue Earth	7	2
10	Carver	5	2
14	Clay	4	2
20	Dodge	6	2
31	Itasca	1	2
34	Kandiyohi	8	2
37	Lac qui Parle	8	2
42	Lyon	8	2
60	Polk	2	2
64	Redwood	8	2
66	Rice	6	2
68	Roseau	2	2
70	Scott	5	2
71	Sherburne	3	2
80	Wadena	3	2
82	Washington	5	2

Complete list of all 87 counties in Minnesota:

Refer to Excel Worksheet (May 2018 Version):





Roadway Feature Identifiers

- County_ID
 - Only applicable if county has requested a correlation between the CRSP2 study network and the county's internal use unique identifier
- CRSP1_Unique_ID
 - If applicable, unique identifier as existing in CRSP1 deliverable database
- CRSP2_Unique_ID
 - Primary unique identifier for this project
 - Generated with a specific syntax that identifies key [SEE NEXT SLIDE]
 - This identifier is used among all files (KMZ, Excel, geodatabase, etc.) throughout this project.



CRSP2 Unique ID Syntax

Identifies the segment count of the segment

- Always three digits

 (i.e., includes leading and lagging zeros
 where applicable)
- Numbers increase from West-to-East or Southto-North
- Assumption that the number of intersections along any one route will not exceed 999

Identifies **type** of feature:

- "S" for Segment
- "C" for Horizontal Curve
- "I" for Intersection

Identifies **county** by its defined number:

- Always two digits
- See Assumptions for statewide listing of county names and corresponding numbers

Identifies <u>route system</u> number of feature:

- "4" for CSAH (County State Aid Highway
- "7" for County Road

Identifies the **route number** of the county study roadway:

- Where multiple county roadways intersect:
 - CSAH takes precedent over CR
 - Smaller route numbers take precedent over larger ones
- Number of characters vary
- May include an alpha character, where applicable

This example would be a **Segment** in **Carlton County** along **CSAH 14**. This would be the **2**nd **segment in count** from the beginning (southernmost or westernmost point) of the route.

S.09.4.14.002

Safety Plan
Toward 2440 Deaths

- Route_System_Number & Route_System
 - Route System [Number] per MnDOT TIS codes
 - Most common will be:
 - 04 County State Aid Highway (CSAH)
 - 07 County Road (CR)
- Route_Number
 - Route/highway number
 - E.g., CSAH 17 = '17'
 - Corresponds to Route Number in CRSP2_Unique_ID attribute

RTSYS (ROUTE SYSTEM)

1=INTERSTATE-ISTH 2=US TRNK HWY-USTH 3=MN ST TRUNK HWY 4=CNTY ST AID HWY 5=MUN STAT AID HWY 7=COUNTY RD-CNTY 8=TOWNSHIP RD-TWNS 9=UNRGNZD TNSHP RD 10=MUNIPAL STRT-MUN 11=NATL PRK RD-NATP 12=NTL FRST RD-NATF 13=INDN SRVC RD-IND 14=ST FOREST RD-SFR 15=ST PRK ROAD-SPRK 16=MILITARY RD-MIL 17=NTL MNNT RD-NATM 18=NTL WLDLF RFG RD 19=FRNTGE ROAD-FRNT 20=ST GAME RESRV RD 21=PRV RD OP TO PUB 23=AIRPORT ROADS 25=NON-TRAFFIC WAYS 30=ALLEYS & SO ON 98=NOT LOCATED



Segment_Length [meters & miles]

- Linear length of the segment, per GIS linework
 - Note: Instances of divided, layered, and other road types exist in which segment lengths may be significantly off; please flag and correct these instances
- Divided Linework *Confirm for every segment
 - Identifies whether segment includes parallel/double linework
 - Used to adjust segment length for VMT and other rate calculations
- ADT_vpd
 - 2-way official or estimated AADT/ADT
- ADT_Year
 - Year in which the ADT was collected
- City
 - Name of city/municipality that segment falls within
 - Source data: MnDOT municipality polygon GIS feature class



Surface_Type

*Confirm for every segment

- Paved
- Gravel
- Minimum Maintenance Road [see example images] →



MAINTENANCE

- Collect_Data
 - "Yes" or "No"

Gravel and Minimum Maintenance Road segments are **not** a part of the detailed study network



Data Collection

Data Collection - Google Earth Aerial Imagery

The attributes in the following slides are normally best collected using Google Earth aerial imagery.

- In addition to aerial imagery, review or confirmation using Street View may be appropriate in some instances.
- Generally, Google Earth aerials are the most up-to-date imagery that is widely available.
 - Expected age of aerials is between 0 and 3 years.
 - Google Earth's *Historical Imagery* (application-based only) tool may be used if further investigation of a roadway feature is warranted.
- If segments are not portrayed correctly in Google Earth, use PDF's of County Maps.
- To optimize functionality and speed of Google Earth:
 - Use a high-speed ethernet connection
 - Load KMZs from a copy on local hard drive instead of server, etc.
 - Disable all layers except 'Borders and Labels' and 'Roads' (Layers)
 - Adjust Cache size (Tools → Options → Cache)
 - Maximize Fly-To Speed (Tools → Options → Navigation)
 - Adjust Mouse Wheel Speed (Options → Navigation)
 - Enable 'Do not automatically tilt while zooming' (Options → Navigation)

COUNTY ROADWAY
Safety Plan
Toward 2480 Deaths

Data Collection: Aerial Attributes

Aerial_Imagery_Date

- Input the 'Imagery Date' as specified by Google Earth
 - The date may change as user zooms in/out; use the date at the most zoomed-in level
 - If date changes/multiple exist, default to the one being used to collect data



Data Collection

Street_View

- Yes
- No.
- Partial
- Construction

StreetView_Date

Format: MM/YYYY
 (Use the most up-to-date one)

Video_Log_Review*

- Yes
- No

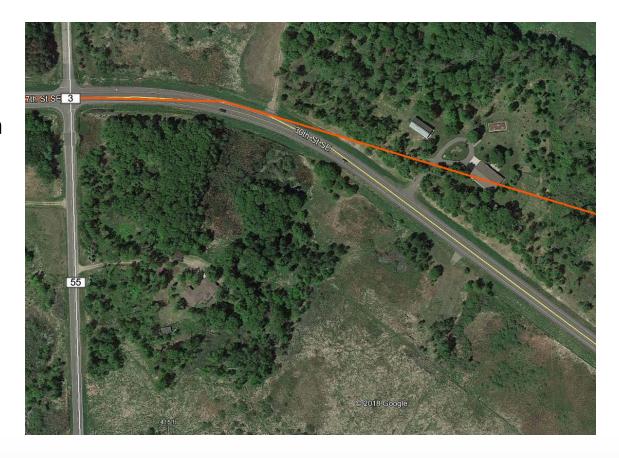


^{*}Automated based on the surface type and the year of StreetView imagery

Data Collection: Aerial Attributes

Redraw_Flag

- Indicate whether linework may require redrawing and/or realignment to match existing geometry.
 - "Yes"
 - "No"



Note: does not need to be perfect, but should roughly reflect the actual geometry, placement, etc. of the segments.

Street_Name

- If applicable, use both county level name and local street name
 - E.g., "CSAH 17/2nd Avenue East" or "CR 7/North Minnesota Street"

Start & End Description

- Free form description of start and end points
- Should be sufficient for location identification independent from other attributes
- Ex: Intersection of 1st St and 2nd St or 17' south of the intersection 1st St and 2nd St.

Cross Section

- 1-Lane
- 2-Lane
- 3-Lane
- 4-Lane
- 5-Lane
- 6-Lane



If varies along the segment, fill in the cell with the majority one.

Attributes (Location Type)

Area_Type

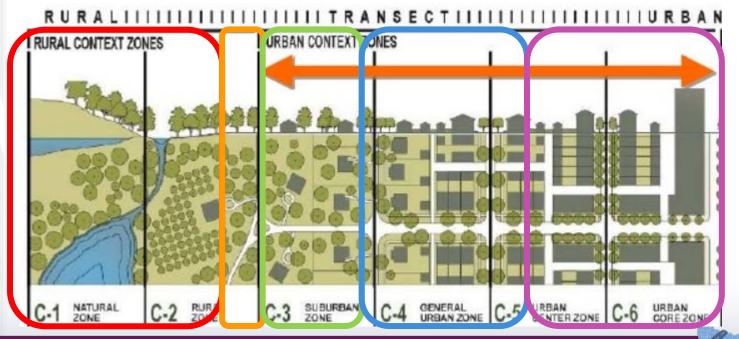
- Rural
- Small Town
- Suburban
- Urban
- Urban Core

Modified version of the ITE Context Zone definitions:

http://library.ite.org/pub/e1cfb244-2354-d714-517d-

2004292b5f99

* Be aware of which municipalities are county seats; roadways in these areas may receive additional attention.



Attributes (Surroundings)

- Context_Zone (listed by Hierarchy)
 - Commercial
 - Business which is usually for serving customers.
 - Campus
 - E.g., Hospital, University
 - Mixed Use
 - Zoned specifically to be a combination of commercial and residential
 - E.g., multi-story building with offices or restaurants on the first floor with apartments on higher floors
 - Industrial
 - Recreational
 - E.g., Regional Park, Zoo, Theme Park, Golf Course
 - Residential
 - Cabins
 - Agriculture
 - E.g., Farmland
 - Natural



Attributes (Surroundings - Campus)

Context_Zone

- Campus
 - E.g., Hospital, University



Attributes (Surroundings – Mixed Use)

Context_Zone

Mixed Use
 Zoned specifically to be a
 combination of commercial and
 residential

E.g., multi-story building with offices or restaurants on the first floor with apartments on higher floors

Mixed_Use IS NOT a combination of a Commercial area adjacent to Residential area. The hierarchy in this example would be Commercial.

Mixed Use Context Zone definitions: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mixed-use_development



Attributes (Surroundings - Industrial)

Context_Zone

- Industrial
 - Manufacturing of goods, factories or construction that deals with big items.
 - Not intended to include temporary/short-term use such as construction zones

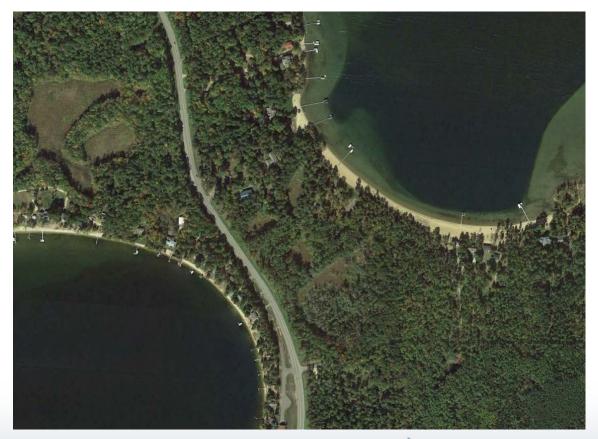


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Attributes (Surroundings - Cabins)

Context_Zone

- Cabins
 - Seasonal residences, typically near natural areas
 - May fall under either rural, small town, or suburban area types



Segment_Design

- Divided
- Undivided
- One-Way

Median_Type (Choose the major one)

- Undivided
- Depressed
- Curb
- Barrier
- Paint
 - See image; rare median type that provides a painted buffer between opposing lanes

Median_Width

 Numerical value measured in feet from edgeline to edgeline

Edgeline_Striping

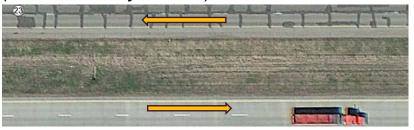
- Present
- None

Centerline_Striping

- Present
- None



(Center two-way left turn) Undivided



(Depressed Median Type) Divided



(Curb Median Type) Divided



(Painted Median Type) Divided



^{*}Fading/faded striping counts as Present

Lane_Width

 Numerical value measured in feet (Should not exceed 12ft)

Shoulder_Type

- Curb & Gutter
- Paved
- Gravel
- Composite (Paved and Gravel)
- (Shoulders with a paved section combined with an unpaved graded section outside)
- (Minimum of 1 ft paved shoulder outside of Edgeline to qualify)



Shoulder_Width

- Record smallest width
- Numerical value measured in feet
- Record one side of shoulder



(Curb & Gutter Shoulder)



(Gravel Shoulder)



(None)



(Composite Shoulder)



Parking_Allowed

- None
- One Side Parallel
- Both Sides Parallel
- Diagonal
- Other

Although a traditional rural 55mph county highways will not be signed for "No Parking", assume no parking is allowed for these roadways.

Parking Width

When lane width exceeds 12 ft and there is no clear shoulder.

Sidewalks

- None
- One Side
- Both Sides



Bike_Lanes

- None
- One Side
- Both Sides
- Shared
- Separated



Shared bike path



Separated bike path



One side bike path



- Access Counts numerical counts of each type of access along the segment/corridor of interest
 - Road_Access_Count (★)
 - Commercial_Access_Count (★)
 - Residential_Access_Count (★)
 - Includes farmhouses, long driveways to one or a couple residences, etc.

- Farm_Access_Count (★)
 - Farm field entrances; physical construction
- Alley_Other_Access_Count (★)
 - Includes apartments, churches, cemeteries, etc.





COUNTY ROADWAY
Safety Plan
Toward 2140 Deaths

Data Collection - Google Earth Street View

The attributes in the following slides are usually best collected using Google Earth Street View.

- In some areas, Google Earth Street View may be unavailable or too outdated for data collection.
 - Use judgment to identify whether Street View may inconsistent with more recent aerial or too old for data collection.
 - If Street View is unavailable or too old, manually flag for 'Video Log Review'
 - Google Maps (web-based only) *Historical Imagery* → tool may be used if further investigation of a roadway feature via Street View is warranted.
- 13685 County Rd 41 Cologne, Minnesota

 Google, Inc.

 May 2009

 2009

 2009

 2015
- To optimize functionality and speed of Google Earth:
 - Use a high-speed ethernet connection
 - Load KMZs from a copy on local hard drive instead of server, etc.
 - Disable all layers except 'Borders and Labels' and 'Roads' (Layers)
 - Adjust Cache size (Tools → Options → Cache)
 - Maximize Fly-To Speed (Tools → Options → Navigation)
 - Adjust Mouse Wheel Speed (Options → Navigation)
 - Enable 'Do not automatically tilt while zooming' (Options → Navigation)



Rumble_Strips

- None
- Centerline
- Edge line (edge line painted <u>in</u>rumbles)
- Shoulder (edge line NOT painted rumbles)
- Both
- Unknown (if no street view of video log)

Mumble_Strips

- None
- Centerline
- Edge line (edge line painted <u>in</u> rumbles)
- Shoulder (edge line NOT painted rumbles)
- Both
- Unknown (if no street view of video log)



Rumble Strip



Mumble Strip (Centerline)



Attributes (Edge Risk)

- Edge_Risk
 - 1 Usable Shoulder, Reasonable Clear Zone



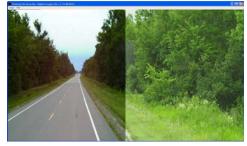


2S – No Usable Shoulder, Reasonable Clear Zone

Clear zone should consider the slideslope ratio and presence, density, and distance of fixed objects within approximately 30 ft of the road or shoulder edge

• 2C – Usable Shoulder, Roadside with Fixed Objects

What shoulder is considered useable should be based on engineering judgment; may differ based on the shoulder type, etc.





3 – No Usable Shoulder, Roadside with Fixed Object



Complex Design

 Use engineering judgment: is there a complexity, conflict, or other issue with the design of the curve, not otherwise documented in this data, that makes it difficult to document or may put it at increased risk for crashes?

Speed_Limit_mph

Numerical Value Only (if no speed advisory sign, then use the statutory assumption)

Statutory Assumption - https://www.house.leg.state.mn.us/hrd/pubs/ss/ssspdlt.pdf

- 10 alleys, mobile home parks and campgrounds
- 30 Urban Streets
- 55 Rural 2-Lane undivided
- 65 Divided Highways with controlled access

SpeedLimit_Source

- Because the speed limit may not be easily determined, the source of speed limit should be documented:
 - Statutory
 - Imagery (YEAR)
 - County (if County provided)



Comments

- Free form field allowing for any miscellaneous information
- Note: This is the one attribute that is allowed to remain blank