



Intersection Database

Version 2.4
January 2, 2018

County Roadway Safety Plan Updates

Background Information



Data Input Protocol

- **Allowed**

- **“Other”**

- The allowed inputs for the applicable attribute do not include the correct type for the horizontal curve under review
 - E.g., Intersection *Design Type* is ‘Displaced Left Turn’, but this intersection type is not listed as one of the approved values under *Design Type*
 - Action: Describe in the “Comments” attribute

- **“Unknown”**

- The attribute cannot be confidently determined with the given sources of information (i.e., MnDOT Video Log, Google Earth)
 - E.g., No Google Street View/MnDOT Video Log at location

- **“NA” – Not Applicable**

- The attribute does not include a valid input due to another attribute
 - E.g., “Right_Turn_On_Red” attribute for a Thru-Stop intersection

- **“NV” – No Value**

- Used when data would otherwise be blank

- **Not Allowed**

- Review your work regularly to check for and correct instances of the following:
 - Blanks
 - Dashes “-”
 - Acronyms (if not specified)
 - Abbreviations
 - Typos

Supporting Data

The attributes in the following slides will generally be pre-populated and no action is required.

- A basic understanding of these pre-populated attributes is recommended.
- Errors and other inconsistencies in this data should be identified and reported to the appropriate data manager for review.
- Any attribute may be pre-populated due to varying sources of data. This data should always be reviewed for accuracy.

Supporting Data: Attributes

- **Phase**

- CRSP2 project phase
 - E.g., summer 2018 data collection is “2”

- **District**

- MnDOT District/ATP number best corresponding to the county per a one-to-one correlation (note: not district boundaries)
[SEE NEXT SLIDE]

- **County_Name**

- County name with spelling as defined
[SEE NEXT SLIDE]

- **County_Number**

- County number: 1-87 (note: not FIPS)
[SEE NEXT SLIDE]

Supporting Data: County Information

Counties participating in Phase 2:

County Number	County Name	District	Phase
7	Blue Earth	7	2
10	Carver	5	2
14	Clay	4	2
20	Dodge	6	2
31	Itasca	1	2
34	Kandiyohi	8	2
37	Lac qui Parle	8	2
42	Lyon	8	2
60	Polk	2	2
64	Redwood	8	2
66	Rice	6	2
68	Roseau	2	2
70	Scott	5	2
71	Sherburne	3	2
80	Wadena	3	2
82	Washington	5	2

Complete list of all 87 counties in Minnesota:

Refer to Excel Worksheet
(May 2018 Version):



Microsoft Excel
Worksheet

Supporting Data: Attributes

Roadway Feature Identifiers

- **County_ID**
 - *Only applicable if county has requested a correlation between the CRSP2 study network and the county's internal use unique identifier*
- **CRSP1_Unique_ID**
 - If applicable, unique identifier as existing in CRSP1 deliverable database
- **CRSP2_Unique_ID**
 - Primary unique identifier for this project
 - Generated with a specific syntax that identifies key
[SEE NEXT SLIDE]
 - This identifier is used among all files (KMZ, Excel, geodatabase, etc.) throughout this project.

CRSP2 Unique ID Syntax

Identifies **type** of feature:

- “S” for Segment
- “C” for Horizontal Curve
- “I” for Intersection

Identifies **county** by its defined number:

- Always two digits
- See Assumptions for statewide listing of county names and corresponding numbers

Identifies **route system number** of feature:

- “4” for CSAH
(County State Aid Highway)
- “7” for County Road

Identifies the **route number** of the county study roadway:

- Where multiple county roadways intersect:
 - CSAH takes precedent over CR
 - Smaller route numbers take precedent over larger ones
- Number of characters vary
- May include an alpha character, where applicable

Identifies the **sequential count** of the intersection

- Always three digits (i.e., includes leading and lagging zeros where applicable)
- Numbers increase from West-to-East or South-to-North
- Assumption that the number of intersections along any one route will not exceed 999

This example would be an **Intersection** in **Carlton County** along **CSAH 14**. This would be the **2nd intersection in count** from the beginning (southernmost or westernmost point) of the route.

Supporting Data: Attributes

- **Route_System_Number & Route_System**

- Route System [Number] per MnDOT TIS codes
- Most common will be:
 - 04 – County State Aid Highway (CSAH)
 - 07 – County Road (CR)

- **Route_Number**

- Route/highway number
 - E.g., CSAH 17 = '17'
 - Corresponds to Route Number in CRSP2_Unique_ID attribute

- **Cross_Street_Route_System**

- Can be any of the follow but not limited to
 - 01 – Interstate (ISTH)
 - 02 – US Trunk Highway (USTH)
 - 03 – State Trunk Highway (MNTH)
 - 04 – County State Aid Highway (CSAH)
 - 05 – Municipal State Aid System (MSAS)
 - 07 – County Road (CR)
 - 08 or 09 – Township or Unorganized Township Roads (TWNS)
 - 10 – Municipal Streets (MUN)
 - ≥11 – Any other jurisdiction description will be labeled a “OTHER”

RTSYS (ROUTE SYSTEM)

1=INTERSTATE-ISTH
2=US TRNK HWY-USTH
3=MN ST TRUNK HWY
4=CNTY ST AID HWY
5=MUN STAT AID HWY
7=COUNTY RD-CNTY
8=TOWNSHIP RD-TWNS
9=UNRGNZD TNSHP RD
10=MUNIPAL STRT-MUN
11=NATL PRK RD-NATP
12=NTL FRST RD-NATF
13=INDN SRVC RD-IND
14=ST FOREST RD-SFR
15=ST PRK ROAD-SPRK
16=MILITARY RD-MIL
17=NTL MNNT RD-NATM
18=NTL WLDLF RFG RD
19=FRNTGE ROAD-FRNT
20=ST GAME RESRV RD
21=PRV RD OP TO PUB
23=AIRPORT ROADS
25=NON-TRAFFIC WAYS
30=ALLEYS & SO ON
98=NOT LOCATED

Rules for Which Intersections & What Data to Collect

- Only collect Signalized Intersection attributes for Signals
- Only collect Pedestrian & Bicyclist attributes for intersections whose AREA_TYPE ≠ Rural
- Do not collect data if surface type for both major & minor approaches is gravel.
 - Major Roadway are typically roadways where the thru movement does not stop, has more lanes, and or has higher ADT.
- Major_Surface_Type & Minor_Surface_Type
 - Paved
 - Gravel
 - If two legs are different, use the worse case.

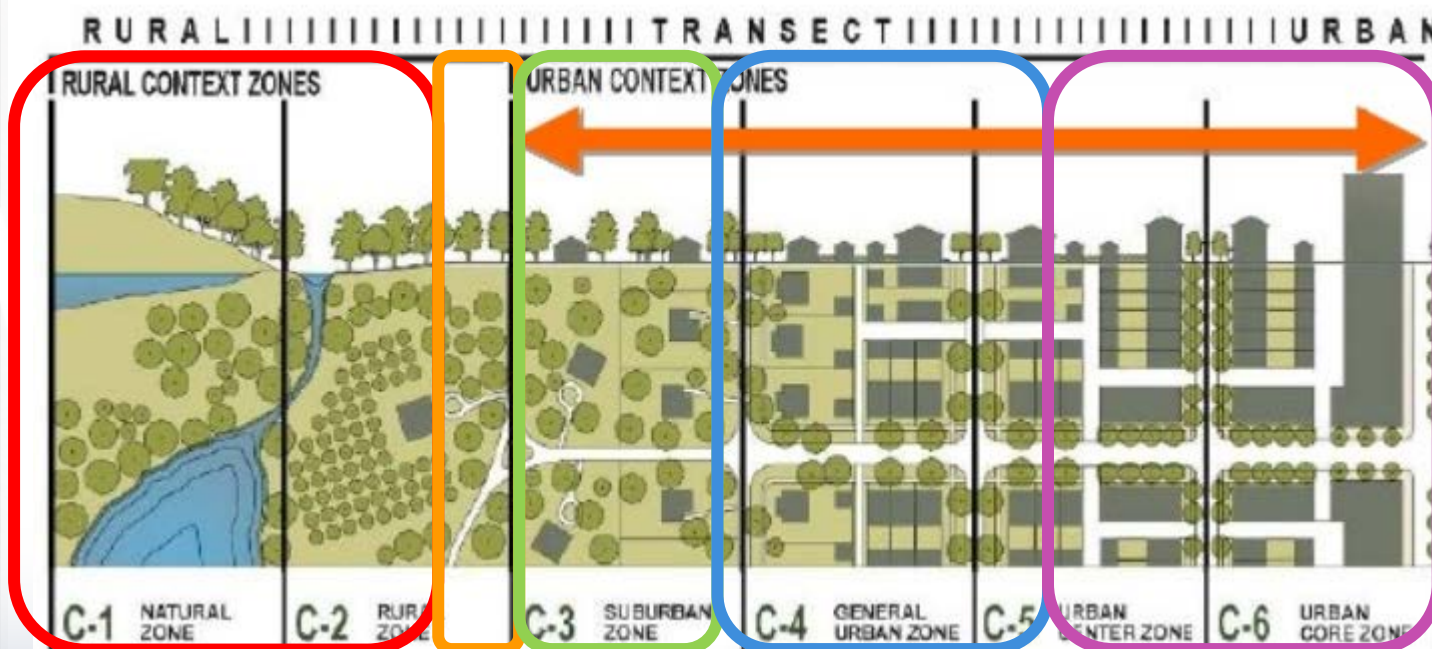
Attributes (Location Type)

- **Area_Type**

- Rural
- Small Town
- Suburban
- Urban
- Urban Core

Modified version of the ITE Context Zone definitions:
<http://library.ite.org/pub/e1cfb244-2354-d714-517d-2004292b5f99>

** Be aware of which municipalities are county seats; roadways in these areas may receive additional attention.*



Attributes (Surroundings)

- **Context_Zone** (listed by Hierarchy)

- Commercial
 - Business which is usually for serving customers.
- Campus
 - E.g., Hospital, University
- Mixed Use
 - Zoned specifically to be a combination of commercial and residential
 - E.g., multi-story building with offices or restaurants on the first floor with apartments on higher floors
- Industrial
- Recreational
 - E.g., Regional Park, Zoo, Theme Park, Golf Course
- Residential
- Cabins
- Agriculture
 - E.g., Farmland
- Natural

Attributes (Surroundings - Campus)

Context_Zone

- Campus
 - E.g., Hospital, University



Attributes (Surroundings – Mixed Use)

Context_Zone

- Mixed Use

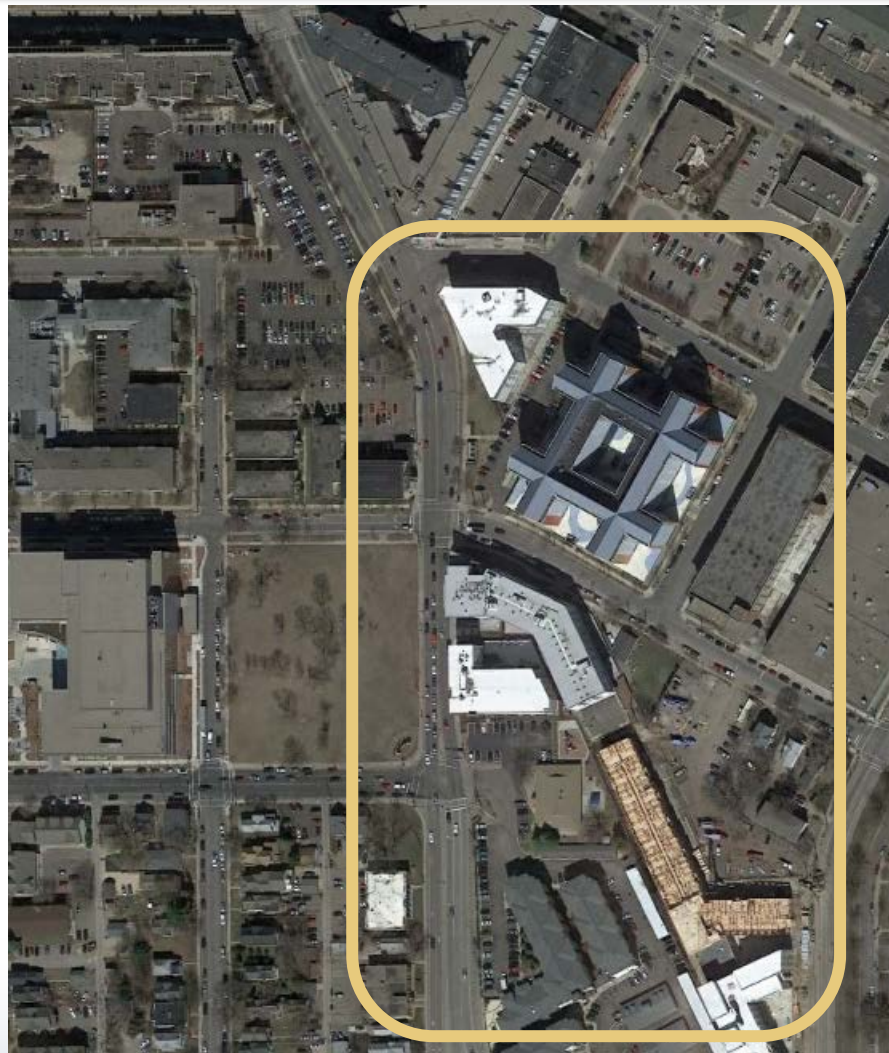
Zoned specifically to be a combination of commercial and residential

E.g., multi-story building with offices or restaurants on the first floor with apartments on higher floors

Mixed_Use IS NOT a combination of a Commercial area adjacent to Residential area. The hierarchy in this example would be Commercial.

Mixed Use Context Zone definitions:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Mixed-use_development



Attributes (Surroundings - Industrial)

Context_Zone

- Industrial
 - Manufacturing of goods, factories or construction that deals with big items.
 - Not intended to include temporary/short-term use such as construction zones



Attributes (Surroundings - Cabins)

Context_Zone

- Cabins
 - Seasonal residences, typically near natural areas
 - May fall under either rural, small town, or suburban area types



Data Collection: Aerial Attributes

Redraw_Flag

- Indicate whether linework may require redrawing and/or realignment to match existing geometry.
 - “Yes”
 - “No”



Note: does not need to be perfect, but should roughly reflect the actual geometry, placement, etc. of the Intersection.

Attributes (Location Context)

- **City**
 - Name of city/municipality that intersection falls within
 - Source data: MnDOT municipality polygon GIS feature class
- **Major and Minor Street_Names**
 - Reference page 26 to identify major and minor streets
 - If applicable, use both county level name and local street name
 - E.g., “CSAH 17/12th Avenue East” or “CR 7/North Minnesota Street”
- **Intersection_Description**
 - Free form description in format “[MAJOR] & [MINOR]”
 - Should be sufficient for location identification independent from other attributes
- **Multi_Point**
 - Identifies the number of points representing the intersection in the study network geodatabase (i.e., ≥ 1)
- **Latitude; Longitude**
 - Format: -9X.XXXXXX, 44.XXXXXXX

Attributes (Intersection Format)

- **Int_Type**

- Intersection
- Ramp Terminal
- Driveway (Residential)
- Driveway (Commercial)
- Pedestrian Crossing
- At-Grade RR Crossing
- Trail Crossing
- Not an Intersection
 - E.g., Overpass, Recently Closed, Misidentified Point

- **Design_Type**

- Traditional
- Roundabout
- SPI [Single Point Interchange: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Single-point_urban_interchange]
- RCI [Reduced Conflict Intersection: <http://www.dot.state.mn.us/roadwork/rci/>]
- RIRO [Right-In/Right-Out: <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Right-in/right-out>]
- 3-4 [Three-Quarter Access: http://modot.gov/central/major_projects/documents/Rte763_7TEST_002.pdf]
- DDI [Diverging Diamond Interchange https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Diverging_diamond_interchange]

- **Traffic_Control**

- Uncontrolled
- Thru-Stop (Include red flashing lights)
- All-Way Stop (Include red flashing lights)
- Yield [Either Thru-Yield or All-Way Yield]
- Signal (Exclude flashing red or yellow lights)

Attributes (Intersection Format)

- **Leg_Configuration**

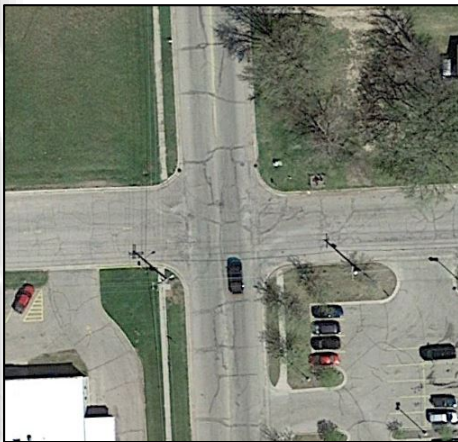
- T
- Y
- X
- TT
- 5-Leg



“T” Type Intersection



“Y” Type Intersection



“X” Type Intersection



“TT” Type Intersection



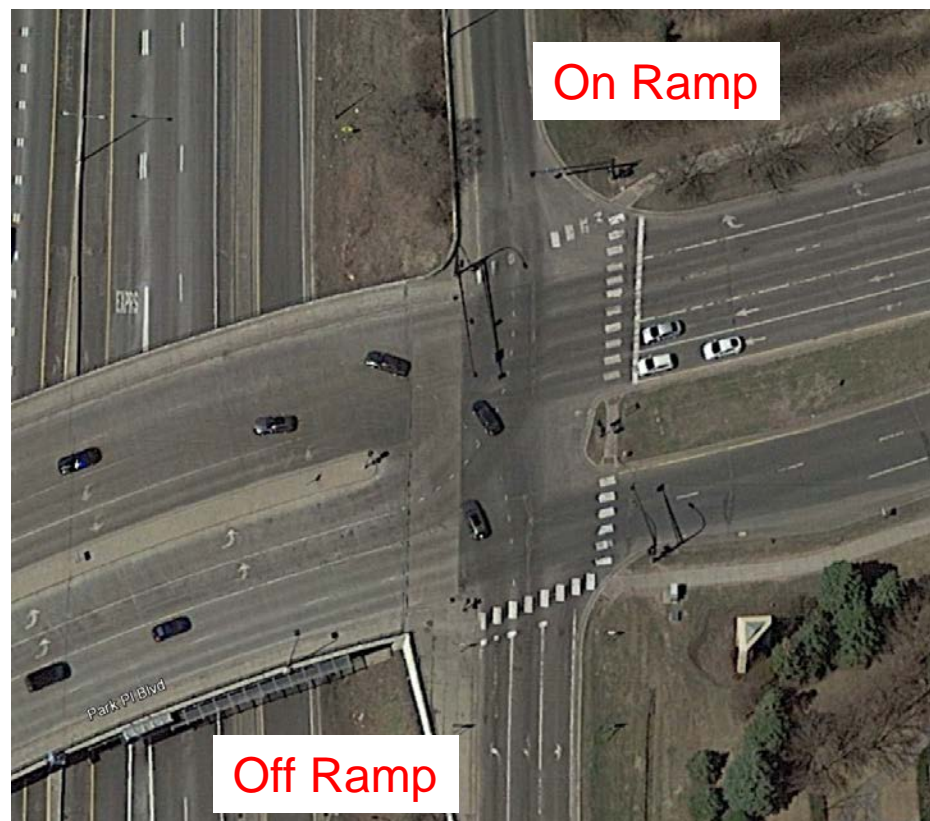
5-leg Type Intersection

Attributes (Intersection Format)

- **Leg_Configuration Notes**

- Ramp Terminals:

- Ramp terminals will be labeled the same as any leg configuration. If it is a 3 leg ramp terminal it will be designated a “T”, if it is a 4 leg ramp terminal it will be designated an “X”.



Attributes (Intersection Format)

- **Major_Division_Configuration & Minor_Division_Configuration**

- Undivided
- Barrier
- Curb
- Depressed
- Painted
- Mixed
 - A mix of different division types at intersection.



(Center two-way left turn) Undivided



(Depressed Median Type) Divided



(Painted Median Type) Divided

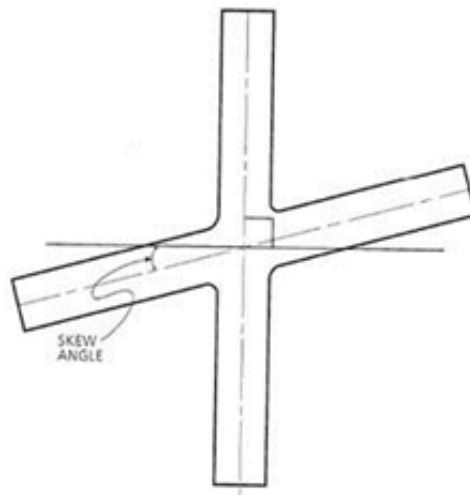


(Curb Median Type) Divided

Attributes (Intersection Format)

- **Alignment_Skew**

- [Numeric Value: Intersection skew to the nearest 5°]
 - A non-skewed intersection has a value of 0°
 - If multiple legs are skewed, use the largest absolute skew value



Attributes (Nearby Features)

- **Railroad_Crossing**

- At-grade rail crossing on any approach within ~300 ft of intersection
 - Present
 - None

- **Adjacent_Curve**

- Within ~100 ft of intersection
 - Horizontal
 - Vertical
 - Both
 - None

- **Adjacent_Development**

- Commercial development within ~200 ft of intersection(E.g. shopping mall)
 - Present
 - None

- **Street_Parking**

- On-street parking on any approach within ~100 ft of intersection
 - Present
 - None

- **Lighting_Present**

- At least one post- or pole-mounted street light at the intersection
 - Present
 - None

Attributes (Surrounding Regulations)

- **Previous_Stop**

- Specific to the approaches that have a STOP or YIELD condition, did any of these approaches have a STOP requirement within the past 5 miles? How far away was the nearest STOP condition for any of these STOP-controlled approaches?
 - >5 Miles
 - <5 Miles

- **Major_Speed_Limit & Minor_Speed_Limit**

- Speed limit in MPH of major and minor roadways; If speed limit changes at intersection, larger speed limit retained
- For reference: Statutory Speed Limits <https://www.house.leg.state.mn.us/hrd/pubs/ss/ssspdlit.pdf>
 - 10 – Alleys, mobile home parks and campgrounds
 - 30 – Urban Streets
 - 55 – Rural 2-Lane undivided
 - 65 – Divided Highways with controlled access

- **SpeedLimit_Source**

- Because the speed limit may not be easily determined, the source of speed limit should be documented:
 - Statutory
 - Imagery (YEAR)
 - County

- **Flashers**

- Specific to Thru-Stop, All-Way Stop, and Thru-Yield Intersections:
 - Overhead
 - Sign-Mounted
 - LED
 - None



LED Stop-Sign Flasher

Attributes (Approaches)

- **Maj1_Lane_Config & Maj2_Lane_Config**
 - **Hierarchy of Major/Minor Approach Identification**
- If the intersection control is Thru-Stop/Yield, the Thru/Free movement is the MAJOR Approach
- If the intersection control is All-Way Stop or Signal, the MAJOR Approach will be
 - Approach with HIGHEST number of THRU lanes, if same then:
 - Approach with HIGHEST Jurisdiction, if same then:
 - *Interstate Highway (ISTH)*
 - *U.S. Highway (USTH)*
 - *State Highway (MNTH)*
 - *County State Aid Highway (CSAH)*
 - *County Road (CR)*
 - *Municipal State Aid Street (MSAS)*
 - *Township Roads (TWNS)*
 - Approach with HIGHER traffic volume
 - <http://dotapp9.dot.state.mn.us/tfa/> ← MnDOT Online Traffic Map
- If both/all approaches are indistinguishable from one another, then it does not make a difference which approaches are the major/minor.

Attributes (Approaches)

- **Min1_Lane_Config & Min2_Lane_Config & Min3_Lane_Config**
 - Presents the number and arrangement of Left Turn(L), Thru (T), Right Turn (R) and Bypass (B) lanes for the **APPROACH lanes**
 - ***Always record from left to right of the traffic direction (RTTL is not allowed)***
 - **Examples:**
 - **T**= just one approach lane (with no turn lanes)
 - **LTTR**= one left turn lane, two thru lanes, and a right turn lane
 - **TB** = one thru and one bypass lane
 - **Bypass lane:**
https://ops.fhwa.dot.gov/access_mgmt/presentations/am_principles_intro/images/s30.jpg
 - Ramp terminal on/off ramps would be considered the minor approaches.
 - The off ramp will have specific lane configuration shown on Google Earth.
 - The on ramp will only be through movement. “T” for a single lane on ramp, “TT” for 2 lane on ramps, and etc..
- **Maj1_ADT & Maj2_ADT & Min1_ADT & Min2_ADT & Min3_ADT**
 - 2-way official or estimated AADT/ADT for each leg of the intersection

Attributes (Only for Signalized Intersections)

- **Overhead_Signal**
 - Pedestal
 - Span Wire (may applicable to flashing red lights)
 - Overhead – All Present [All lanes have a signal head aligned specifically to them]
 - Overhead – Some [Only some lanes have a signal head aligned to them]
 - NA (if not signalized intersection, exclude flashing red lights)
- **Left_Turn_Phasing_Maj & Left_Turn_Phasing_Min**
 - Permitted
 - Permitted/Protected [Both direction use the permitted and protected phasing method]
 - Protected
 - Both [Opposite directions of travel use different phasing methods]
 - Unknown (if no street view or video log)
 - NA (if not signalized intersection), Unknown (if no street view or video log)
- **Flashing_Yellow_Arrow**
 - Present [<http://www.dot.state.mn.us/trafficeng/signals/flashingyellowarrow.html>]
 - None Typically indicated with a Flashing Yellow Arrow sign.
 - NA (if not signalized intersection), Unknown (if no street view or video log)
- **Right_Turn_On_Red** [No Turn On Red sign must be present to indicate non-allowance]
 - Fully Allowed
 - Allowed on all legs
 - Partially Allowed
 - Allowed on some but not all legs
 - Not Allowed
 - Not allowed on any legs
 - NA (if not signalized intersection), Unknown (if no street view or video log)
- **Ped_Indicator**
 - None
 - Standard
 - Countdown
 - NA (if not signalized intersection), Unknown (if no street view or video log)

Attributes (Pedestrian & Bicyclist Amenities)

- **No need to collect pedestrian/bike information in rural environment**
- **Max_Lanes_Cross**
 - The maximum number of lanes (among all legs of the intersection), including turn lanes, that a pedestrian must cross without a refuge or surrogate refuge
- **Sidewalk**
 - Presence of sidewalk along the approaches to the intersection:
 - None
 - Some
 - All
 - E.g., for a standard 4-legged intersection, there should be 8 'pieces' of sidewalk to constitute "All"
- **Refuge_Island**
 - Presence of a pedestrian refuge island [designed to be such]:
 - Major [at least 1 of the 2 major approaches]
 - Minor [at least 1 of the 2 minor approaches]
 - All [at least 1 of the major and at least 1 of the minor approaches]
 - None
- **Ped_Crossing**
 - Presence and type of pedestrian crossing device:
 - None
 - Markings
 - Signs & Markings
 - RRFB [http://pedbikesafe.org/PEDSAFE/countermeasures_detail.cfm?CM_NUM=54]
 - HAWK [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/HAWK_beacon]

Attributes (Pedestrian & Bicyclist Amenities)

- **Bike_Facility**

- **Presence and type of bicyclist facilities**

- None
 - Bike Lane [Dedicated on-street bike lane]
 - Sharrow [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shared_lane_marking]
 - Bike Boulevard [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Bicycle_boulevard]
 - Off-Street Trail

- **Transit_Adjacent**

- Bus stop, train, or other transit station within ~300 ft
 - Present; None

- **School_Crosswalk**

- Explicitly a school zone crosswalk within ~200 ft
 - Present; None

- **PedBike_Apparatus1 & PedBike_Apparatus2**

- Freeform description of other pedestrian or bicyclist amenities not covered in the prior attributes
 - E.g., Bike Boxes, Curb Extensions, Yield-to-Pedestrian Channelizing Devices

Attributes (Intersection)

- **Comments**

- Free form field allowing for any miscellaneous information
- Note: This is the one attribute that is allowed to remain blank