

Programming Styles

Tijs van der Storm

Why think about styles?

- Acknowledge there's more than way to do it
- Recognize them book isolates the
- Evaluate trade-offs in us. concept of design
- Evaluate fitness for purpo itself!
- Decouple from program

Drivers

- Readability
- Changeability
- Robustness
- Correctness
- Performance
- •

- Idiomatic
- Concision
- Reuse
- Extensibility
- Usability
- •

Today

- Monolith
- Cookbook
- Pipeline
- Things
- Abstract things

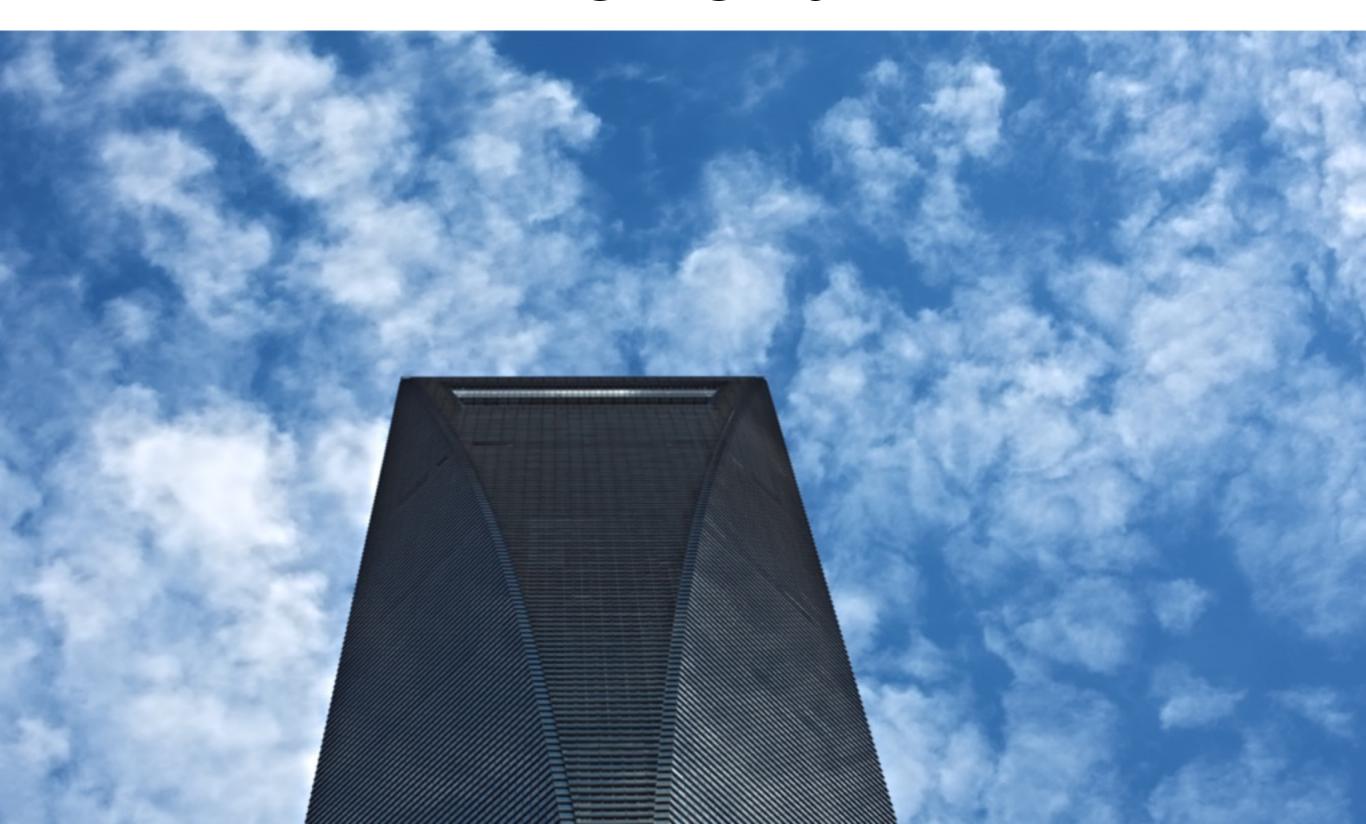
- Hollywood
- Constructivism
- Tantrum
- Passive aggressive
- Trinity

Basic styles

- Monolith
- Cookbook
- Pipeline

```
HELLO, WORLD!
JLIST
         SE
"HELLO, WORLD!"
            CHR$ (7)
```

Monolith



Monolith

- Linear
- No names
- No libraries
- Global variables

Hard to read

"Bad"

"Fast"

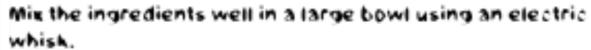
Cookbook

Simple Cake Recipe

225g (8 oz) self-raising flour.

225g (8 oz) soft butter (i.e. room temperature). 225g (8 oz) caster sugar. 4 eggs.

1 teaspoon baking powder.



Halve the mixture and pour into 2 non-stick 18cm (7 inch) cake tins.

Cook till golden brown (15-25 minutes) in a preheated oven at 180 degrees C (gas mark 4).

Cool on a wire rack before serving, add jam between the two halves and optionally top with butter cream.

Cookbook

- Procedures/subroutines
- Shared, global state
- Structured programming

Names as sign-posts

Side-effects

Non-idempotent:
"Asking twice can change the result"

Pipeline



Pipeline

- (Pure) Functions!
- No side-effects
- Immutable data
- Function composition

Idempotence!

Unit testing is easy.

Concurrency is easier.

Equational reasoning (Substitute equals for equals).

Objects & object interaction

- Things
- Abstract Things
- Hollywood



Things



Things

- Domain objects
- Data + behavior
- Encapsulation

Information hiding.

Encapsulate representation.

Local state.

"Modeling the real world."

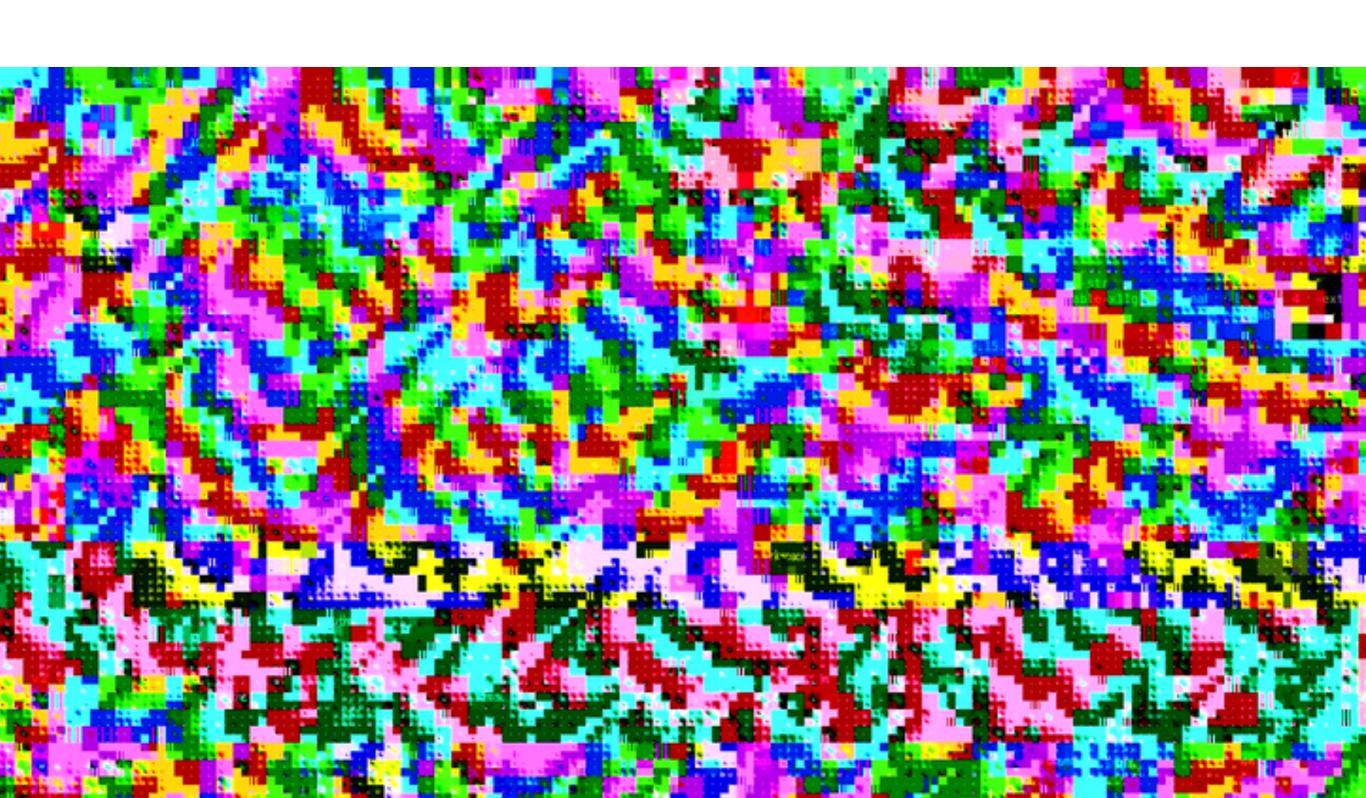
Oscar Nierstrasz



Inheritance:

- -Domain analysis Conceptual hierarchies
- -Design: polymorphism
- -Implementation: reuse

Abstract things



Abstract things

- Interfaces
- Binding to implementation
- Mediates communication
- Types/contracts

Polymorphism: multiple impls can serve same interface

Again: information hiding.



"Don't call us, we'll call you"

Call-backs

Inversion of control

Frameworks (e.g. GUI).

One-to-many calls.

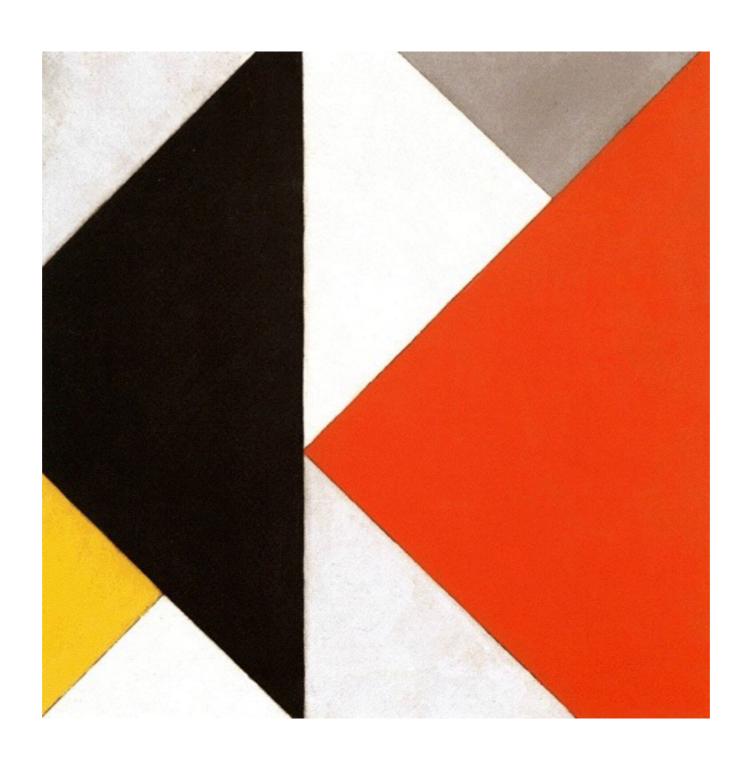
Can be hard to understand!

Dealing with adversity

- Constructivism
- Tantrum
- Passive aggressive



Constructivism



Constructivism

- Check for errors
- Try to continue, always

Can be good for user experience.

Can also lead to weird behavior (Misinformation).

Tantrum



Tantrum

- Check for errors
- "Handle" and propagate

Can be verbose: Try-catch everywhere

Checking of return values in C.

Cf. ASML: 30% error

Passive aggressive

- Check for errors
- IFF you can handle them
- Otherwise: propagate

Allows you to centralize error handling

Extreme: assert

Conclusion

- 9 different styles for the same program
- Basic styles, Object styles, Dealing with adversity
- Not tied to programming language
- Design is about decisions by you!!!!
- Different trade-offs, benefits, drawbacks

Change is the only constant

- Stopwords not from file but URL?
- Different sorting of frequencies?
- Show different top-N number?
- Don't count stop-words?

W.r.t. the lab assignment

- AST hierarchy
- Type checking
- Expression evaluation
- Rendering
- Event handling

Ask yourself: which style would fit this component best?

What are the trade-offs?

How to structure the interaction between components?

How do I deal with errors?