# Appendix E **Equations**

#### Chapter 2

$$y = mx + b$$

$$m = \frac{rise}{run} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x}$$

$$y = ax^{2} + bx + c$$

$$xy = a$$

#### **Chapter 3**

$$\bar{\boldsymbol{v}} \equiv \frac{\Delta \boldsymbol{d}}{\Delta t} = \frac{\boldsymbol{d}_1 - \boldsymbol{d}_0}{t_1 - t_0}$$

$$\Delta \boldsymbol{d} = \bar{\boldsymbol{v}} \Delta t$$

$$\Delta \boldsymbol{d} = \overline{\boldsymbol{v}} \Delta t$$

$$\overline{\boldsymbol{a}} \equiv \frac{\Delta \boldsymbol{v}}{\Delta t} = \frac{\boldsymbol{v}_1 - \boldsymbol{v}_0}{t_1 - t_0}$$

# Chapter 4

$$R^{2} = A^{2} + B^{2}$$

$$R^{2} = A^{2} + B^{2} - 2AB\cos\theta$$

$$A_{x} = A\cos\theta; \text{ therefore, } \cos\theta = \frac{\text{adjacent side}}{\text{hypotenuse}} = \frac{A_{x}}{A}$$

$$A_{y} = A\sin\theta; \text{ therefore, } \sin\theta = \frac{\text{opposite side}}{\text{hypotenuse}} = \frac{A_{y}}{A}$$

$$\tan\theta = \frac{R_{y}}{R_{x}}$$

#### Chapter 5

$$\overline{v} = \frac{\Delta d}{\Delta t} = \frac{d_1 - d_0}{t_1 - t_0}$$

$$d = d_0 + vt$$

$$\overline{a} = \frac{\Delta v}{\Delta t} = \frac{v_1 - v_0}{t_1 - t_0}$$

$$v = v_0 + at$$

$$d = d_0 + 1/2(v + v_0)t$$

$$d = d_0 + v_0t + 1/2at^2$$

$$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2a(d - d_0)$$

#### Chapter 6

$$a = \frac{F_{\text{net}}}{m}$$

$$F_{\text{f, kinetic}} = \mu_{\text{k}} F_{\text{N}}$$

$$0 \le F_{\text{f, static}} \le \mu_{\text{s}} F_{\text{N}}$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{1}{g}}$$

$$F_{\text{A on B}} = -F_{\text{B on A}}$$

# Chapter 7

$$a_{\rm c} = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$F_{\text{net}} = ma_{\text{c}}$$

#### **Chapter 8**

$$\left(\frac{T_{\rm A}}{T_{\rm B}}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{r_{\rm A}}{r_{\rm B}}\right)^3$$

$$F = G \frac{m_{\rm A} m_{\rm B}}{d^2}$$

$$T^2 = \left(\frac{4\pi^2}{Gm_{\rm s}}\right) r^3$$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{Gm_{\rm E}}{r}}$$

$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{r^3}{Gm_{\rm E}}}$$

$$g = \frac{F}{m}$$

# **Chapter 9**

$$\mathbf{p} = m\mathbf{v}$$
 $\mathbf{F}\Delta t = \mathbf{p}_2 - \mathbf{p}_1$ 
 $\mathbf{p}_{A2} + \mathbf{p}_{B2} = \mathbf{p}_{AI} + \mathbf{p}_{B1}$ 

#### Chapter 10

$$K = 1/2mv^{2}$$

$$W = Fd$$

$$\Delta K = W$$

$$W = Fd \cos \theta$$

$$P = \frac{W}{t}$$

$$MA = \frac{F_{r}}{F_{e}}$$

$$IMA = \frac{d_{e}}{d_{r}}$$
efficiency (%) =  $\frac{W_{o}}{W_{i}} \times 100$ 
efficiency (%) =  $\frac{MA}{IMA} \times 100$ 

# Chapter 11

$$U_g = mgh$$

$$E = K + U_g$$

$$K_{before} + U_{g before} = K_{after} + U_{g after}$$

#### Chapter 12

$$\begin{split} Q &= mC\Delta T = mC(T_{\rm final} - T_{\rm initial}) \\ E_{\rm A} &+ E_{\rm B} = constant \\ Q &= mH_{\rm f} \\ Q &= mH_{\rm v} \end{split}$$

# Chapter 13

$$P = \frac{F}{A}$$

$$F_2 = \frac{F_1 A_2}{A_1}$$

$$P = \frac{F_g}{A} = \rho hg$$

$$F_{\text{buoyant}} = \rho Vg$$

$$\alpha = \Delta L/L_1 \Delta T$$

Chapter 17

 $n_{\rm i} \sin \theta_{\rm i} = n_{\rm r} \sin \theta_{\rm r}$   $n_{\rm substance} = \frac{c}{v_{\rm substance}}$ 

Chapter 18

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{d_{i}} + \frac{1}{d_{o}}$$

$$m = \frac{h_{i}}{h_{o}}$$

$$m = \frac{-d_{i}}{d_{o}}$$

Chapter 19

$$\lambda = \frac{xd}{L}$$
$$\lambda = d \sin \theta$$

Chapter 20

$$F = K \frac{q_{\rm A} q_{\rm B}}{d^2}$$

Chapter 21

$$\mathbf{E} = \frac{\mathbf{F}_{\text{on } d'}}{q'}$$

$$\Delta V = \frac{W_{\text{on } d'}}{q'}$$

$$\Delta V = Ed$$

$$C = \frac{q}{\Delta V}$$

Chapter 22

P = IV
$$R = \frac{V}{I}$$

$$P = I^{2}R$$

Chapter 23

$$R = R_{A} + R_{B} + \dots$$

$$I = \frac{V_{\text{source}}}{R}$$

$$\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{R_{A}} + \frac{1}{R_{B}} + \frac{1}{R_{C}}$$

Chapter 24

$$F = BIL$$
$$F = Bqv$$

Chapter 25

$$EMF = BLv$$

$$I_{\text{eff}} = 0.707 I_{\text{max}}$$

$$V_{\text{eff}} = 0.707 V_{\text{max}}$$

$$\frac{I_{\text{s}}}{I_{\text{p}}} = \frac{V_{\text{p}}}{V_{\text{s}}} = \frac{N_{\text{p}}}{N_{\text{s}}}$$

Chapter 26

$$\frac{q}{m} = \frac{v}{Br}$$
$$\frac{q}{m} = \frac{2V}{B^2 r^2}$$

Chapter 27

E = nhf
$$E = hf = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$$

$$K = hf - hf_0$$

$$p = \frac{hf}{c} = \frac{h}{\lambda}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{p} = \frac{h}{mv}$$

Chapter 28

$$\Delta E = hf$$

$$r_{\rm n} = \frac{h^2 n^2}{4\pi^2 K m q^2}$$

$$E_{\rm n} = -13.6 \text{ eV} \times \frac{1}{n^2}$$

$$n\lambda = 2\pi r$$

Chapter 30

$$E = mc^2$$

Chapter 31

$$E = mc^2$$