10/14/2019 code

Homework01: Naïve Bayes' Classifier

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Importing Libraries

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In [502]:
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```
# Import packages
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

Importing Data

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In [503]:
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# Load the data
X = pd.read csv("hw01 images.csv")
y = pd.read_csv("hw01_labels.csv")
# Substract 1 from each element in y for binary classification
y = y.apply(lambda x : x - 1)
# Split the data for training and testing
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.5, shuffle
=False, stratify=None)
# Transform pandas dataframes to numpy arrays for easy iteration
X train = X train.to numpy()
X test = X test.to numpy()
y_train = y_train.to_numpy()
y test = y test.to numpy()
# Get the number of samples and training data
N = y.shape[0]
num_train_data = y_train.shape[0]
```

Splitting Data

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In [504]:

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# Split the training data with respect to gender (0:female, 1:male).
# Purpose of these division is to execute corresonding R code: sample means <- s
apply(X = 1:K, FUN = function(c) \{mean(x[y == c])\})
qender dict = {} # [0]: holds all female data, [1] holds male
pred 0 = 0
pred 1 = 0
for label in range(num train data):
    if y train[label] == 1:
        if pred 1 == 0:
            gender dict[1]=X train[label,:].reshape(X train[label,:].shape[0],1)
        else:
            gender_dict[1]= np.append(gender_dict[1], X_train[label,:].reshape(X_
train[label,:].shape[0],1),axis=1)
    else:
        if pred 0 == 0:
            gender dict[0]=X train[label,:].reshape(X train[label,:].shape[0],1)
        else:
            gender dict[0]= np.append(gender dict[0], X train[label,:].reshape(X
train[label,:].shape[0],1),axis=1)
```

Parameter Estimation

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In [512]:
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# Calculate means
mean 0 = gender dict[0].mean(axis=1)
mean 1 = gender dict[1].mean(axis=1)
print("Mean 0: ", mean 0)
print("Mean 1: ", mean 1)
# Calculate standart deviations
std 0 = gender dict[0].std(axis=1)
std 1 = gender dict[1].std(axis=1)
print("Std_0: ", std_0)
print("Std_1: ", std 0)
# Calculate prior probabilities.(1000 is for normalization.)
prior 0 = \text{np.sum}(\text{gender dict}[0]) / (1000 * N)
prior_1 = np.sum(gender_dict[1]) / (1000 * N)
print("Prior_0: ", prior_0)
print("Prior 1: ", prior 1)
Mean 0: [0.37960784 0.39823529 0.41196078 ... 0.24529412 0.25039216
0.256666671
Mean 1: [0.39075474 0.39480776 0.40129258 ... 0.27429072 0.28079746
0.279132441
Std 0: [0.14428282 0.14884652 0.16024047 ... 0.18140583 0.18077655
0.179629571
Std 1: [0.14428282 0.14884652 0.16024047 ... 0.18140583 0.18077655
0.179629571
```

Parametric Classification

Prior_0: 0.10907705538355693 Prior 1: 0.9371953314659195 10/14/2019 code

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In [514]:
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# Calculate the likelihood of the features
likelihood_0 = np.log((1 / (np.sqrt(2 * np.pi * np.square(std_0)))) * np.exp(-np
.square(X test - mean 0) / (2 * np.square(std 0))))
likelihood 1 = np.log((1 / (np.sqrt(2 * np.pi * np.square(std 1)))) * np.exp(-np.
.square(X_test - mean_1) / (2 * np.square(std 1))))
# Calculate the posterior probabilities
joint prob 0 = np.prod(likelihood 0,axis=1) * (gender dict[0].shape[0]/X train.s
hape[0])
joint_prob_1 = np.prod(likelihood_1,axis=1) * (gender_dict[1].shape[0]/X_train.s
hape[0])
y_pred=1*(joint_prob_0>joint_prob_1)
```

Confusion Matrix

In [515]:

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#Calculating the confusion matrix for test
confusion_matrix_test=np.array([[len([i for i in range(0,y_test.shape[0]) if y_t
est[i]==0 and y pred[i]==0]),len([i for i in range(0,y test.shape[0]) if y test[
i]==0 and y pred[i]==1])]
                                ,[len([i for i in range(0,y_test.shape[0]) if y_
test[i]==1 and y_pred[i]==1]),len([i for i in range(0,y_test.shape[0]) if y_test
[i]==1 and y pred[i]==0])]])
#Calculating the confusion matrix for train
confusion matrix train=np.array([[len([i for i in range(0,y train.shape[0]) if y
_train[i]==0 and y_pred[i]==0]),len([i for i in range(0,y_train.shape[0]) if y_t
rain[i]==0 and y_pred[i]==1])]
                                ,[len([i for i in range(0,y_train.shape[0]) if y
train[i]==1 and y pred[i]==1]),len([i for i in range(0,y train.shape[0]) if y t
rain[i]==1 and y pred[i]==0])]])
```

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In [516]:
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```
print(confusion_matrix_test)
[[ 20
 [ 15 165]]
In [517]:
print(confusion_matrix_train)
```

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[[ 20
        01
 [ 15 164]]
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