TOPIC 4 HW MS

1. (a) $(Q = mc\Delta T)$

 $= 50 \times 4.18 \times 27.3$

If incorrect (eg mass = 0.22 or 50.22 g) CE = 0/2

1

= **5706 J** (accept 5700 and 5710)

Accept 5.7 kJ with correct unit. Ignore sign.

1

(b) M_r of 2-methylpropan-2-ol = 74(.0)

For incorrect M_r, lose M1 but mark on.

1

Moles = mass / M_r

= 0.22 / 74(.0)

= 0.00297 moles

1

 $\Delta H = -5706 / (0.002970 \times 1000)$

= -1921 (kJ mol⁻¹)

If 0.22 is used in part (a), answer = -8.45 kJ mol⁻¹ scores 3

(Allow -1920, -1919)

If uses the value given (5580 J), answer = $-1879 \text{ kJ mo} F^{-1}$ scores 3

Answer without working scores M3 only.

Do not penalise precision.

Lack of negative sign loses M3

1

(c) $\Delta H = \Sigma \Delta H$ products $-\Sigma \Delta H$ reactants

OR a correct cycle

Correct answer with no working scores 1 mark only.

1

 $\Delta H = -(-360) + (4 \times -393) + (5 \times -286)$

M2 also implies M1 scored.

1

 $\Delta H = -2642$ (kJ mol⁻¹) This answer only.

Allow 1 mark out of 3 for correct value with incorrect sign.

1

(d) $(-2422 - part (b)) \times 100 / -2422$

Ignore negative sign.

Expect answers in region of 20.7

If error carried forward, 0.22 allow 99.7

If 5580 J used earlier, then allow 22.4

(e) Reduce the distance between the flame and the beaker / put a sleeve around the flame to protect from drafts / add a lid / use a copper calorimeter rather than a pyrex beaker / use a food calorimeter

Any reference to insulating material around the beaker must be on top.

Accept calibrate the equipment using an alcohol of known enthalpy of combustion.

(f) Incomplete combustion

[11]

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1

2

2

1

- 2. (a) $2AgNO_3 + Zn \rightarrow Zn(NO_3)_2 + 2Ag$ (1) Accept an ionic equation i.e. $2Ag^+ + Zn \rightarrow 2Ag + Zn^{2+}$
 - (b) Moles = mv / 1000 (1) = $0.20 \times 50/1000 = 1.00 \times 10^{-2}$
 - (c) Heat energy change = $mC\Delta T$ (1) = $50 \times 418 \times 3.2 J$

= 669 J (Ignore signs) (1)

Allow 668, 67.0 0.67kJ Penalise wrong units if given

noo wrong armo n givon

 2×669

(d) 1×10^{-2} = 134 kJ mol⁻¹

Mark one: 2 x (answer to (c))

Mark two: Dividing by answers to (b)

Allow 133 - 134

Penalise incorrect units

Mark conseq to equation in (a) for full marks, also to that in (c)

If No working is shown and answer is incorrect zero

2

(e) Incomplete reaction or Heat loss (1)

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3. (a) (i) M1 (could be scored by a correct mathematical expression)

Correct answer gains full marks.

M1 $\Delta H_r = \Sigma \Delta H_r (products) - \Sigma \Delta H_r (reactants)$

OR a correct cycle of balanced equations / correct numbers of moles

Credit 1 mark for +104 (kJ mol⁻¹).

M2 =
$$2(+20) + 3(-394) - (-705) - 3(-111)$$

$$=40 -1182 + 705 + 333$$

$$= -1142 - (-1038)$$

(This also scores M1)

M3 = -104 (kJ mol⁻¹)

(Award 1 mark ONLY for + 104)

For other incorrect or incomplete answers, proceed as follows:

- Check for an arithmetic error (AE), which is either
 a transposition error or an incorrect multiplication; this
 would score 2 marks.
- If no AE, check for a correct method; this requires either a correct cycle with 3CO, 2Sb and 3CO₂ OR a clear statement of **M1** which could be in words and scores **only M1**.

(ii) It / Sb is not in its standard state

OR

Standard state (for Sb) is solid / (s)

OR

(Sb) liquid is not its standard state

Credit a correct definition of standard state as an alternative to the words 'standard state'.

QoL

(d) Low-grade ore extraction / it

- uses (cheap) <u>scrap / waste iron / steel</u>
- is a single-step process uses / requires <u>less / low(er) energy</u>

Ignore references to temperature / heat or labour or technology.

[5]

3

1

2

4. (a) (Energy required) to break a given <u>covalent</u> bond **(1)** averaged over a range of compounds **(1)**

Penalise first mark if 'energy' / 'enthalpy' evolved

(b) (i) $4 \times C - H = 4 \times 413 = +1652$ $1 \times C - C = 1 \times 347 = 347$ $1 \times C = O = 1 \times 736 = 736$ $2\frac{1}{2} \times O = O = 2.5 \times 498 = 1245$ (1) = 2735 + 1245 = +3980 (1)

first mark for 4:1:1 or 2735 ignore sign

(ii)
$$4 \times H-O = -4 \times 464 = -1856$$

 $4 \times C-O = -4 \times 736 = -2944$ (1)
 $= -4800$ (1)

First mark for 4:4

(iii) $\Delta H_R = \Sigma Bonds broken - \Sigma Bonds made$ = +3980 - 4800 = -820 **(1)** Conseq Mark for incorrect answers in (i) and (ii) as (i) Answer + (ii) Answer =

[7]

[7]

5. (a) (Enthalpy change) when 1 mol (1) of a compound is formed from its constituent elements (1) in their standard states (1)

Allow energy or heat, Ignore evolved or absorbed Mark each point independently

(b) (The enthalpy change for a reaction is) independent of the route (1)

1

3

5

(c)
$$\Delta H_R = \frac{\sum \Delta}{2} H_r \text{ products } - \frac{\sum \Delta}{2} H_r \text{ reactants (1)}$$

= $[(3 \times -286) + (3 \times -394)] - (-248)$ (1)
= -1792 (1) (kJ mol⁻¹)

3

Deduct one mark for each error to zero

6. (a) Heat energy change (1)

Not energy on its own

measured at constant pressure (1)

Mark separately, ignore constant temperature statements

2

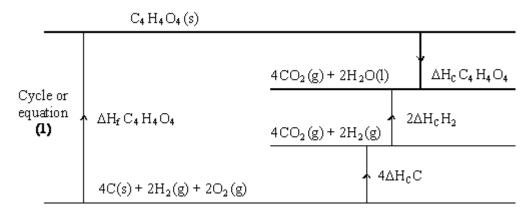
(b)
$$2Na(s) + S(s) + 2O_2(g) \rightarrow Na_2SO_4(s)$$

Balanced (1) State symbols (1), but only if all species are correct

Allow $\frac{1}{8}$ S₈(s)

2

(c)



$$-1356 + (2 \times 285.8) + (4 \times 393.5) + \Delta H_1 C_4 H_4 O_4 = 0$$

 $\Delta H_f = -789.6 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

If answer is incorrect:

Score +789.6 two marks

Score (x 1); (x 2) and (x 4) for species - one mark

If an incorrect negative answer given check for AE for loss of one mark

3

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7. (a) M1 $q = m c \Delta T$ (this mark for correct mathematical formula)

Full marks for M1, M2 and M3 for the <u>correct answer</u>.

In M1, do not penalise incorrect cases in the formula.

M2 = (75 × 4.18 × 5.5) 1724 (J) OR 1.724 (kJ) OR 1.72 (kJ) OR 1.7 (kJ) (also scores M1) Ignore incorrect units in M2.

M3 Using 0.0024 mol

therefore $\Delta H = -718$ (kJ mol⁻¹)

(Accept a range from -708 to -719 but do not penalise more than 3 significant figures)

Penalise **M3** ONLY if correct numerical answer but sign is incorrect. Therefore **+718 gains two marks**. If units are quoted in **M3** they must be correct. If $\Delta T = 278.5$, CE for the calculation and penalise **M2** and **M3**.

M4 and M5 in any order

Any **two** from

- incomplete combustion
- heat loss
- · heat capacity of Cu not included
- some ethanol lost by evaporation
- not all of the $(2.40 \times 10^{-3} \text{ mol})$ ethanol is burned / reaction is incomplete If c = 4.81 (leads to 1984) penalise **M2** ONLY and mark on for **M3** = -827

(b) **M1**

 \sum B(reactants) – \sum B(products) = ΔH

OR

<u>Sum</u> of bonds <u>broken</u> – <u>Sum</u> of bonds <u>formed</u> = ΔH

OR

B(C-C) + B(C-O) + B(O-H) + 5B(C-H) + 3B(O=O)
- 4B(C=O) - 6B(O-H) =
$$\Delta H$$
 = -1279

Correct answer gains full marks.

Credit 1 mark for - 496 (kJ mol-1)

For other incorrect or incomplete answers, proceed as follows

check for an arithmetic error (AE), which is either
 transposition error or an incorrect multiplication;
 would score 2 marks (M1 and M2).

If no AE, check for a correct method; this requires either a correct cycle with 2CO₂ and 3H₂O OR a clear statement of **M1** which could be in words and scores **only M1**.

M2 (also scores **M1**) 348+360+463+5(412)+ 3B(O=O)

(3231) (or 2768 if O–H cancelled)
$$-4(805) - 6(463) = \Delta H = -1279$$
 (5998) (or 5535 if O–H cancelled)

 $3B(O=O) = 1488 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1})$

Credit a maximum of one mark if the <u>only</u> scoring point is bonds formed adds up to **5998 (or 5535) OR** bonds broken includes the calculated value of **3231 (or 2768)**.

М3

$$B(O=O) = 496 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1})$$

Award 1 mark for -496

Students may use a cycle and gain full marks

1

8. Temperature on *y*-axis (a) If axes unlabelled use data to decide that temperature is on y-axis. 1 Uses sensible scales Lose this mark if the **plotted points** do not cover half of the paper. Lose this mark if the temperature axis starts at 0 °C. 1 Plots **all** of the points correctly ± one square Lose this mark if the graph plot goes off the squared paper. 1 Draws two best-fit lines Candidate must draw two correct lines. Lose this mark if the candidate's line is doubled or kinked. 1 Both extrapolations are correct to the 4th minute Award this mark if the candidate's extrapolations are within one square of your extrapolations of the candidate's best-fit lines at the 4th minute. 1 (b) 19.5 (°C) Accept this answer only. 1 (c) 26.5 ± 0.2 (°C) Do not penalise precision. 1 (d) (c) - (b)Only award this mark if temperature rise is recorded to 1 d.p. 1 (e) Uses $mc\Delta T$ equation Allow use of this equation with symbols or values for M1 even if the mass is wrong. 1 Correct value using $25 \times 4.18 \times (d)$ 7.0 gives 732 J. Correct answer with no working scores one mark only. Do not penalise precision. Allow answer in J or kJ. Ignore sign of enthalpy change.

1

1

1

1

1

(f) $9.0(1) \times 10^{-3}$

Do not allow 0.01

Allow 9×10^{-3} or 0.009 in this case.

(g) If answer to (e) in J, then (e) / $(1000 \times (f))$

or

If answer to (e) in kJ, then (e) / (f)

7.0 and 9.01 × 10⁻³ gives 81.2 kJ mol⁻¹

If answer to (e) is in J must convert to kJ mol⁻¹ correctly to score mark.

Enthalpy change has negative sign

Award this mark independently, whatever the calculated value of the enthalpy change.

- (h) The idea that this ensures that all of the solution is at the same temperature

 Do not allow 'to get an accurate reading' without

 qualification.
- (i) (i) Chlorine is <u>toxic / poisonous / corrosive</u>

 Do not allow 'harmful'.
 - (ii) Explosion risk / apparatus will fly apart / stopper will come out Ignore 'gas can't escape' or 'gas can't enter the tube'.

[16]

9. (a) $\Delta H_{\text{exp}} + \Delta H_2 - \Delta H_1 = 0$

Any correct mathematical statement that uses all three terms

OR

$$\Delta H_{\text{exp}} + \Delta H_2 = \Delta H_1 \ \mathbf{OR} \ \Delta H_1 = \Delta H_{\text{exp}} + \Delta H_2$$

OR

$$\Delta H_{\text{exp}} = \Delta H_1 - \Delta H_2 \ \mathbf{OR} \ \Delta H_{\text{exp}} = \Delta H_1 + (-\Delta H_2)$$

(b) $\Delta H_{\text{exp}} = \Delta H_1 - \Delta H_2$

$$\Delta H_{\text{exp}} = -156 - 12 = -168 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}$$
Ignore units

Award the mark for the correct answer without any working

1

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Award full marks for correct answer
                  M2 = 1463J OR 1.46 kJ (This also scores M1)
                        In M1, do not penalise incorrect cases in the formula
                  M3 must have both the correct value within the range specified and the
                  minus sign
                        Penalise M3 ONLY if correct numerical value but sign is
                        incorrect; e.g. +69.5 to +69.7 gains 2 marks (ignore +70
                        after correct answer)
                  For 0.0210 mol, therefore
                        \Delta H_1 = -69.67 \text{ to } -69.52 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}\text{)}
                        OR \Delta H_1 = -69.7 to -69.5 (kJ mol<sup>-1</sup>)
                        Penalise M2 for arithmetic error but mark on
                  Accept answers to 3sf or 4sf in the range - 69.7 to - 69.5
                        \Delta T = 287, score q = m c \Delta T only
                  Ignore -70 after correct answer
                        If c = 4.81 (leads to 1684J) penalise M2 ONLY and mark on
                        for M3 = -80.17 (range - 80.0 to - 80.2)
                        Ignore incorrect units
                                                                                                    3
            (ii)
                  The idea of heat loss
                        NOT impurity
                  OR
                  Incomplete reaction (of the copper sulfate)
                        NOT incompetence
                  OR
                  Not all the copper sulfate has dissolved
                        NOT incomplete combustion
                                                                                                    1
      (e)
            Impossible to add / react the exact / precise amount of water
                        Not just "the reaction is incomplete"
            OR
            Very difficult to measure the temperature rise of a solid
            OR
            Difficult to prevent solid dissolving
            OR
            (Copper sulfate) solution will form
                                                                                                    1
                                                                                                        [7]
10.
     C
                                                                                                        [1]
11.
     Α
                                                                                                        [1]
12.
     C
                                                                                                        [1]
13. D
                                                                                                        [1]
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M1 q = m c Δ T OR calculation (25.0 x 4.18 x 14.0)

(c) (i)