## 02020930\_综合研究研究报告

1

(1) 写一个C程序,打印int、long、double型变量所占的字节数、地址、各个字节的地址和内容。

```
int ia = 6;
2
     long la = 7;
3
     double da = 8;
     main() {
        int i;
5
         printf("int %d
                           ,address %lx,size %d\n", ia, (long)&ia,
6
                sizeof(int));
7
         for (i = 0; i < sizeof(int); ++i) {
8
9
             printf("address %lx ", (long)&ia + i);
             printf("value %d ", *((&ia) + i));
10
11
         printf("\n");
12
13
14
         printf("long %ld
                                ,address %lx,size %d\n", la, (long)&la,
15
                sizeof(long));
         for (i = 0; i < sizeof(long); ++i) {
16
             if (i % 2 == 0)
17
18
                 printf("\n");
19
             printf("address %lx ", (long)&la + i);
20
             printf("value %ld ", *((&la) + i));
21
         printf("\n");
22
23
         printf("double %lf,address %lx,size %d\n", da, (long)&da, sizeof(double));
         for (i = 0; i < sizeof(double); ++i) {
24
            if (i % 2 == 0)
25
26
                 printf("\n");
27
            printf("address %lx ", (long)&da + i);
28
             printf("value %lf ", *((&da) + i));
29
         }
     }int ia = 6;
30
31
     long la = 7;
32
     double da = 8;
     main() {
33
34
        int i:
         printf("int %d
                            ,address %lx,size %d\n", ia, (long)&ia,
35
                sizeof(int));
36
37
         for (i = 0; i < sizeof(int); ++i) {
             printf("address %lx ", (long)&ia + i);
38
39
             printf("value %d ", \star((\&ia) + i));
40
         printf("\n");
41
42
         printf("long %ld
                                  ,address %lx,size %d\n", la, (long)&la,
43
                sizeof(long));
44
```

```
45
          for (i = 0; i < sizeof(long); ++i) {
              if (i % 2 == 0)
46
47
                  printf("\n");
              printf("address %lx ", (long)&la + i);
48
              printf("value %ld ", \star((&la) + i));
49
50
          }
          printf("\n");
51
          printf("double %lf,address %lx,size %d\n", da, (long)&da, sizeof(double));
52
         for (i = 0; i < sizeof(double); ++i) {
53
              if (i % 2 == 0)
54
                  printf("\n");
55
              printf("address %lx ", (long)&da + i);
56
              printf("value %lf ", *((\&da) + i));
57
          }
58
59
     }
```

结果

2

(2) 写一个C程序, 打印stu型变量所占的字节数、地址、各数据项地址、内容和各个字节的内容。

```
typedef struct
1
2
       {
3
       int num;
4
       unsigned char c;
5
       unsigned char osi
6
       unsigned char masm;
7
       char name [20]
8
       }stu;
```

提示:研究 sizeof的用法;可将任何一个变量的存储空间,看做一个数组。

```
typedef struct {
   int num;
   unsigned char c;
   unsigned char os;
   unsigned char masm;
   char name[20];
} stu;
```

```
8
 9
      main() {
          int i = 0;
10
11
          stu s;
 12
          s.num = 9;
13
          s.c = '1';
          s.os = '2';
14
          s.masm = '3';
15
16
          s.name[0] = 'L';
17
          s.name[1] = 'i';
18
          s.name[2] = 'L';
          s.name[3] = ' \ 0';
19
20
21
          printf("size: %d,address: %lx\n", sizeof(s), (long)&s);
22
          printf("num : %d,address: %lx\n", s.num, (long)&(s.num));
23
          for (i = 0; i < sizeof(int); ++i) {
              printf("address %lx ", (long)&(s.num) + i);
24
25
              printf("value %d ", \star(&(s.num) + i));
26
          }
27
          printf("\n");
          printf("c : %c,address: %lx\n", s.c, (long)&(s.c));
28
          for (i = 0; i < sizeof(char); ++i) {
29
              printf("address %lx ", (long)\&(s.c) + i);
30
              printf("value %c ", *(\&(s.c) + i));
31
32
          printf("\n");
33
34
          printf("os :
                         %c,address: lx\n", s.os, (long)\&(s.os);
35
          for (i = 0; i < sizeof(char); ++i) {
              printf("address %lx ", (long)&(s.os) + i);
36
37
              printf("value %c ", *(\&(s.os) + i));
38
 39
          printf("\n");
40
          printf("masm:
                           %c,address: %lx\n", s.masm, (long)&(s.masm));
          for (i = 0; i < sizeof(char); ++i) {
41
              printf("address %lx ", (long)&(s.masm) + i);
42
              printf("value %c ", \star(&(s.masm) + i));
43
 44
45
          printf("\n");
          printf("name: %s,address: %lx\n", s.name, (long)&(s.name));
46
          /* printf("%d", sizeof(char *)); */
47
          for (i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
48
              printf("address %lx ", (long)&(s.name) + i);
49
              printf("value %c ", *((*(&s.name)) + i));
 50
 51
          printf("\n");
52
53
      }
```

```
src\six\b.c:
Turbo Link Version 2.0 Copyright (c) 1987, 1988 Borland International
        Available memory 447576
C:\>\src\SIX\B.EXE
size: 25,address: 2f5ffc4
num :
          9,address: 2f5ffc4
address 2f5ffc4 value 9 address 2f5ffc5 value 12849
          1,address: 2f5ffc6
address 2f5ffc6 value
          2,address: 2f5ffc7
address 2f5ffc7 value 2
         3,address: 2f5ffc8
address 2f5ffc8 value 3
name: LiL,address: 2f5ffc9
address 2f5ffc9 value L address 2f5ffca value i address 2f5ffcb value L ad
                          address 2f5ffcd value ↑ address 2f5ffce value ▶ addr
dress 2f5ffcc value
                        address 2f5ffd0 value address 2f5ffd1 value
ess 2f5ffcf value
s 2f5ffd2 value address 2f5ffd3 value address 2f5ffd4 value address
2f5ffd5 value address 2f5ffd6 value τ address 2f5ffd7 value • address 2
5ffd8 value • address 2f5ffd9 value address 2f5ffda value è address 2f5
ffdb value 🛕 address 2f5ffdc value
2:\>
```

3

(3) 写一个程序,这个程序的运行结果反映如下主题参数的存储空间与局部变量的存储空间,在函数运行后收回。

```
1
     long *f(int a);
2
     long res[2];
 3
     long p;
 4
     long 1;
 5
     main() {
6
         long *a = f(5);
7
         p = a[0];
8
         1 = a[1];
9
10
          printf("parm %d ,address %lx\n", *(long *)a[0], p);
11
          printf("local %d ,address %lx\n", *(long *)a[1], 1);
     }
12
13
14
     long *f(int parm) {
         int local = 1;
15
16
         local += parm;
17
          printf("parm %d address %lx\n", parm, (long)&parm);
          printf("local %d address %lx\n", local, (long)&local);
18
19
          res[0] = (long)&parm;
20
21
         res[1] = (long) \& local;
22
23
                 printf("parm %d ,address %lx\n", *(long *)res[0], res[0]);
24
              printf("parm %d ,address %lx\n", *(long *)res[1], res[1]); */
25
          return res;
26
```

C:\>\SRC\SIX\C.EXE
parm 5 address ZeZffdc
local 6 address ZeZffd6
parm 738 ,address ffdc003a
local 738 ,address ffd6003a