# Quadratic Programming Primal Active Set Method

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## Convex Quadratic Program

#### Convex quadratic program

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} \quad \phi = \frac{1}{2}x'Hx + g'x \tag{1a}$$

$$s.t.$$
  $a_i'x \ge b_i$   $i \in \mathcal{I} = \{1, 2, \dots, m\}$  (1b)

 $H \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  is symmetric and positive-definite.  $g \in \mathbb{R}^n$ .

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} \quad \phi = \frac{1}{2}x'Hx + g'x \tag{2a}$$

$$s.t. A'x \ge b (2b)$$

#### **Optimality Conditions**

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} \quad \phi = \frac{1}{2}x'Hx + g'x \tag{3a}$$

$$s.t. a_i'x \ge b_i i \in \mathcal{I} = \{1, 2, \dots, m\}$$
 (3b)

Lagrangian

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2}x'Hx + g'x - \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}} \lambda_i (a_i'x - b_i)$$
(4)

$$\nabla_x \mathcal{L} = Hx + g - \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}} a_i \lambda_i = 0$$
 (5)

**Optimality Conditions** 

$$Hx + g - \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}} a_i \lambda_i = 0 \tag{6a}$$

$$a_i'x - b_i \ge 0$$
  $i \in \mathcal{I}$  (6b)

$$\lambda_i \ge 0 \qquad \qquad i \in \mathcal{I} \tag{6c}$$

$$\lambda_i = 0$$
  $i \in \mathcal{I} \setminus \mathcal{A}(x)$  (6d)

$$\mathcal{A}(x) = \{ i \in \mathcal{I} : a_i' x = b_i \}$$
 (6e)

#### **Optimality Conditions**

Active set, A(x), and working set, W:

$$\mathcal{A}(x) = \left\{ i \in \mathcal{I} : a_i' x = b_i \right\} \tag{7a}$$

$$\mathcal{W} \subseteq \mathcal{A}(x) \tag{7b}$$

#### **Optimality Conditions**

Theorem (KKT Conditions)

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$$Hx + g - \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}} a_i \lambda_i = 0 \qquad \lambda_i$$

$$a'_i x - b_i \ge 0 \qquad i \in \mathcal{I}$$

$$\lambda_i \ge 0 \qquad i \in \mathcal{I} \qquad a'_i$$

$$\lambda_i = 0 \qquad i \in \mathcal{I} \setminus \mathcal{A}(x) \qquad a'_i$$

$$\mathcal{A}(x) = \{i \in \mathcal{I} : a'_i x = b_i\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_i &= 0 & i \in \mathcal{I} \setminus \mathcal{W} \\ Hx + g - \sum_{i \in \mathcal{W}} a_i \lambda_i &= 0 \\ a_i'x - b_i &= 0 & i \in \mathcal{W} \\ a_i'x - b_i &\geq 0 & i \in \mathcal{I} \setminus \mathcal{W} \\ \lambda_i &\geq 0 & i \in \mathcal{W} \end{aligned}$$

## **Optimality Conditions**

Let

$$\bar{A} = \begin{bmatrix} a_i \end{bmatrix}_{i \in \mathcal{W}} \quad \bar{b} = \begin{bmatrix} b_i \end{bmatrix}_{i \in \mathcal{W}} \quad \bar{\lambda} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_i \end{bmatrix}_{i \in \mathcal{W}}$$

The conditions

$$Hx + g - \sum_{i \in \mathcal{W}} a_i \lambda_i = 0$$
$$a'_i x - b_i = 0 \qquad i \in \mathcal{W}$$

correspond to solution of the equality constrained QP

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} \quad \phi = \frac{1}{2}x'Hx + g'x$$
s.t.  $a'_i x = b_i \quad i \in \mathcal{W}$ 

In matrix form, the conditions become

$$\begin{bmatrix} H & -\bar{A} \\ -\bar{A}' & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \bar{\lambda} \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} g \\ \bar{b} \end{bmatrix}$$

and the corresponding QP is

$$\begin{aligned} & \min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} & \phi = \frac{1}{2} x' H x + g' x \\ s.t. & \bar{A}' x = \bar{b} \end{aligned}$$

## Conceptual Active-Set Solution Procedure

- 1. Guess working set (active set),  ${\cal W}$
- 2. Let  $\bar{A}=\left[a_i\right]_{i\in\mathcal{W}}$ ,  $\bar{b}=\left[b_i\right]_{i\in\mathcal{W}}$ , and  $\bar{\lambda}=\left[\lambda_i\right]_{i\in\mathcal{W}}$
- 3. Set  $\lambda_i = 0$   $i \in \mathcal{I} \setminus \mathcal{W}$
- 4. Solve

$$\begin{bmatrix} H & -\bar{A} \\ -\bar{A}' & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \bar{\lambda} \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} g \\ \bar{b} \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Check

$$a_i'x \ge b_i \qquad i \in \mathcal{I} \setminus \mathcal{W}$$
 (11a)  
 $\lambda_i > 0 \qquad i \in \mathcal{W}$  (11b)

- 6. If (11) is satisfied: Stop, the optimal solution has been found.
- 7. Otherwise continue at 1.