

[Dashboard](#) / [My courses](#) / [PSP/PUP](#) / [Experiments based on Tuples, Sets and its operations](#) / [Week7 Coding](#)

Started on	Wednesday, 5 June 2024, 2:13 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Friday, 7 June 2024, 2:13 PM
Time taken	2 days
Marks	0.00/5.00
Grade	0.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

The **DNA sequence** is composed of a series of nucleotides abbreviated as 'A', 'C', 'G', and 'T'.

- For example, "ACGAATTCCG" is a **DNA sequence**.

When studying **DNA**, it is useful to identify repeated sequences within the DNA.

Given a string `s` that represents a **DNA sequence**, return all the **10-letter-long** sequences (substrings) that occur more than once in a DNA molecule. You may return the answer in **any order**.

Example 1:

Input: `s = "AAAAACCCCCAAAAACCCCCAAAAGGTTT"`

Output: `["AAAAACCCCC", "CCCCAAAAA"]`

Example 2:

Input: `s = "AAAAAAAAAAAA"`

Output: `["AAAAAAAAA"]`

For example:

Input	Result
AAAAACCCCCAAAAACCCCCAAAAGGTTT	AAAAACCCCC CCCCAAAAA

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

1 ||

Question **2**

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

There is a malfunctioning keyboard where some letter keys do not work. All other keys on the keyboard work properly.

Given a string text of words separated by a single space (no leading or trailing spaces) and a string brokenLetters of all distinct letter keys that are broken, return the number of words in text you can fully type using this keyboard.

Example 1:

Input: text = "hello world", brokenLetters = "ad"

Output:

1

Explanation: We cannot type "world" because the 'd' key is broken.

For example:

Input	Result
hello world ad	1
Faculty Upskilling in Python Programming ak	2

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

1 ||

Question **3**

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Coders here is a simple task for you, Given string str. Your task is to check whether it is a binary string or not by using python [set](#).

Examples:

Input: str = "01010101010"

Output: Yes

Input: str = "REC101"

Output: No

For example:

Input	Result
01010101010	Yes
010101 10101	No

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

1 ||

Question 4

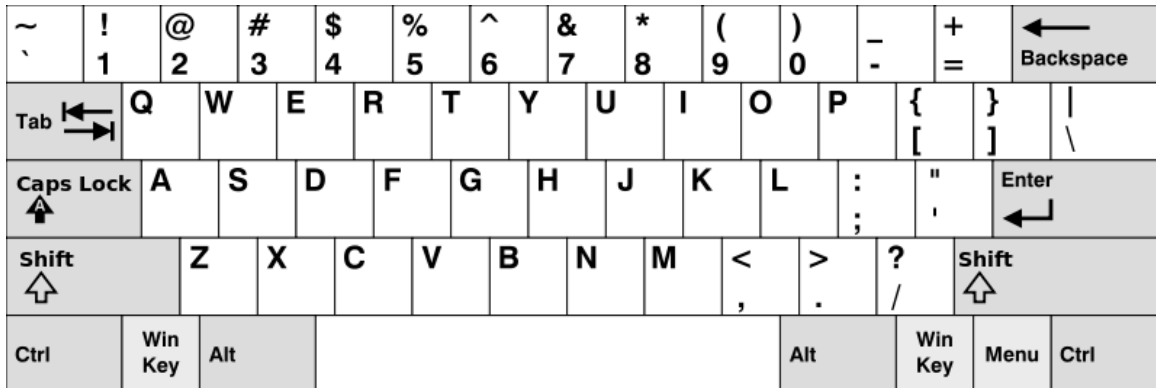
Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Given an array of [strings](#) words, return the words that can be typed using letters of the alphabet on only one row of American keyboard like the image below.

In the **American keyboard**:

- the first row consists of the characters "qwertyuiop",
- the second row consists of the characters "asdfghjkl", and
- the third row consists of the characters "zxcvbnm".



Example 1:

Input: words = ["Hello", "Alaska", "Dad", "Peace"]

Output: ["Alaska", "Dad"]

Example 2:

Input: words = ["omk"]

Output: []

Example 3:

Input: words = ["adsdf", "sfd"]

Output: ["adsdf", "sfd"]

For example:

Input	Result
4 Hello Alaska Dad Peace	Alaska Dad
2 adsfd afd	adsfd afd

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

1 ||

Question **5**

Not answered

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Given a tuple and a positive integer k, the task is to find the count of distinct pairs in the tuple whose sum is equal to **K**.

Examples:

Input: t = (5, 6, 5, 7, 7, 8), K = 13

Output: 2

Explanation:
Pairs with sum K(= 13) are {(5, 8), (6, 7), (6, 7)}.
Therefore, distinct pairs with sum K(= 13) are { (5, 8), (6, 7) }.
Therefore, the required output is 2.

For example:

Input	Result
1,2,1,2,5 3	1
1,2 0	0

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

1 ||

[◀ Week7_MCQ](#)

Jump to...

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