

✓ Upload and load your CSV file


Start coding or [generate](#) with AI.

```
!pip install pandas matplotlib seaborn
```

```
#Import required libraries
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import re
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (3.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (0.13.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.23.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas) (2.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (1.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (4.58.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (1.4.8)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (24.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=8 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (11.2.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib) (3.2.3)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas) (1.17.0)
```

```
#Upload the dataset
from google.colab import files
uploaded = files.upload()
```


 **Social_Sen...nt_Data.csv**
 • **Social_Sentiment_Data.csv**(text/csv) - 160733 bytes, last modified: 5/27/2025 - 100% done
 Saving Social_Sentiment_Data.csv to Social_Sentiment_Data.csv

```
# Load the uploaded CSV
import io
df = pd.read_csv(io.BytesIO(uploaded['Social_Sentiment_Data.csv'])) # Replace with your actual filename
```

```
#Clean the text data
def clean_text(text):
    text = str(text).lower()
    text = re.sub(r"http\S+|www\S+|https\S+", '', text) # Remove URLs
    text = re.sub(r'@\w+|\#', '', text) # Remove mentions and hashtags
    text = re.sub(r'[^\w\s]', '', text) # Remove punctuation and numbers
    text = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', text).strip() # Remove extra whitespace
    return text
df['Clean_Text'] = df['Text'].apply(clean_text)
```

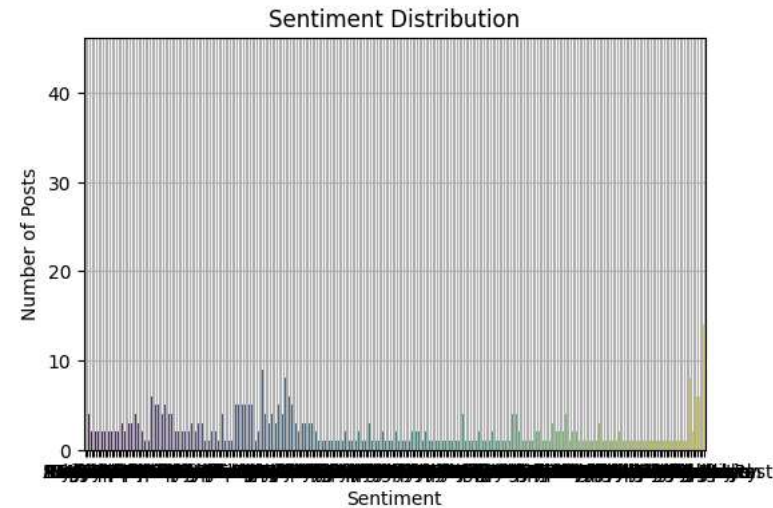
✓ Visualization

```
#Visualize sentiment distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Sentiment', palette='viridis')
plt.title('Sentiment Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Sentiment')
plt.ylabel('Number of Posts')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```


 <ipython-input-8-7d1ed7c7ad48>:3: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend`

```
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Sentiment', palette='viridis')
```



```
#Convert Timestamp to datetime
df['Timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Timestamp'], errors='coerce')
```

 <ipython-input-9-c988f8c5ee63>:2: UserWarning: Parsing dates in %d-%m-%Y %H:%M format when dayfirst=False (the default) was specified. F

```
df['Timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Timestamp'], errors='coerce')
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

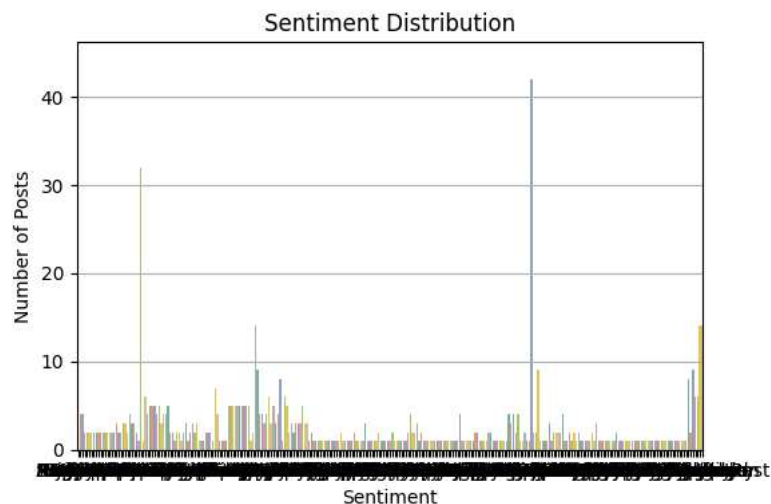
```
# Ensure Timestamp column is datetime
# Changed df_sentiment to df
df['Timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Timestamp'], errors='coerce')
# Changed df_sentiment to df
df['Date'] = df['Timestamp'].dt.date

# Plot 1: Sentiment Distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
# Changed df_sentiment to df and TextBlob_Sentiment to Sentiment (assuming the original 'Sentiment' column is what's intended)
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Sentiment', palette='Set2')
plt.title("Sentiment Distribution")
plt.xlabel("Sentiment")
plt.ylabel("Number of Posts")
plt.grid(axis='y')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

 `<ipython-input-14-de4bd0839f09>:13: FutureWarning:`

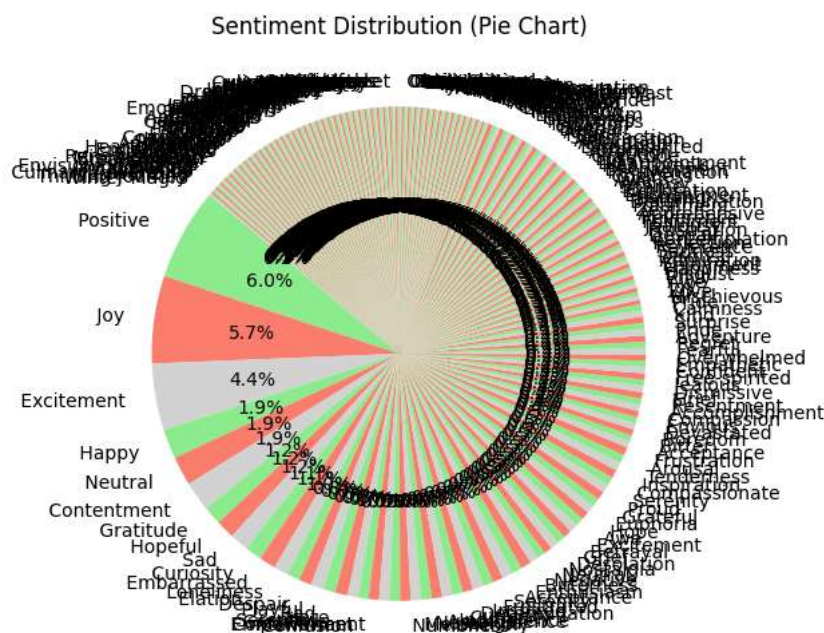
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend`

```
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Sentiment', palette='Set2')
```



Sentiment Distribution Pie Chart

```
# Pie chart of sentiment distribution
# Changed df_sentiment['TextBlob_Sentiment'] to df['Sentiment']
df['Sentiment'].value_counts().plot.pie(
    autopct='%1.1f%%', figsize=(6, 6), startangle=140, colors=['lightgreen', 'salmon', 'lightgrey'],
    title='Sentiment Distribution (Pie Chart)')
plt.ylabel('')
plt.show()
```



** Likes and Retweets by Sentiment**

```
# Likes and Retweets stats per sentiment
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
```

```
# Likes
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
# Corrected df_sentiment to df and TextBlob_Sentiment to Sentiment
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Sentiment', y='Likes', palette='Set3')
plt.title("Likes Distribution by Sentiment")
```

```
plt.yscale('log') # Handle skewed data
plt.xlabel("Sentiment")
plt.ylabel("Likes")

# Retweets
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
# Corrected df_sentiment to df and TextBlob_Sentiment to Sentiment
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Sentiment', y='Retweets', palette='Set2')
plt.title("Retweets Distribution by Sentiment")
plt.yscale('log')
plt.xlabel("Sentiment")
plt.ylabel("Retweets")

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

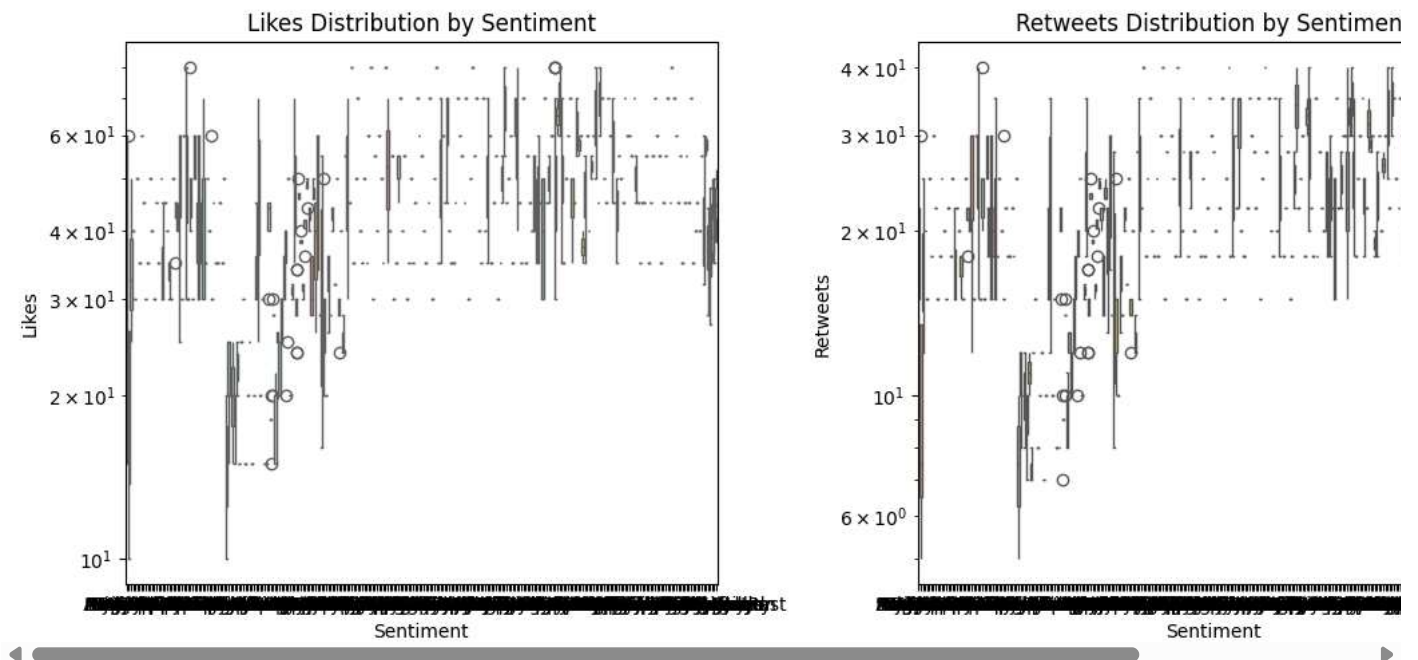
 <ipython-input-24-2c6b404d2fef>:7: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend`

```
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Sentiment', y='Likes', palette='Set3')
<ipython-input-24-2c6b404d2fef>:16: FutureWarning:
```

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend`

```
sns.boxplot(data=df, x='Sentiment', y='Retweets', palette='Set2')
```



Word Cloud of Most Common Words

```
!pip install wordcloud
from wordcloud import WordCloud

# Combine all cleaned text
# Changed df_sentiment to df as df_sentiment is not defined
all_words = ' '.join(df['Clean_Text'])

# Generate word cloud
wordcloud = WordCloud(width=800, height=400, background_color='white').generate(all_words)

# Plot word cloud
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.title("Most Frequent Words in Posts")
plt.show()
```

Most Frequent Words in Posts



```
# Example: Filter posts related to "AI"
topic_keyword = "AI"
# Corrected df_sentiment to df
df_topic = df[df['Clean_Text'].str.contains(topic_keyword.lower(), na=False)]

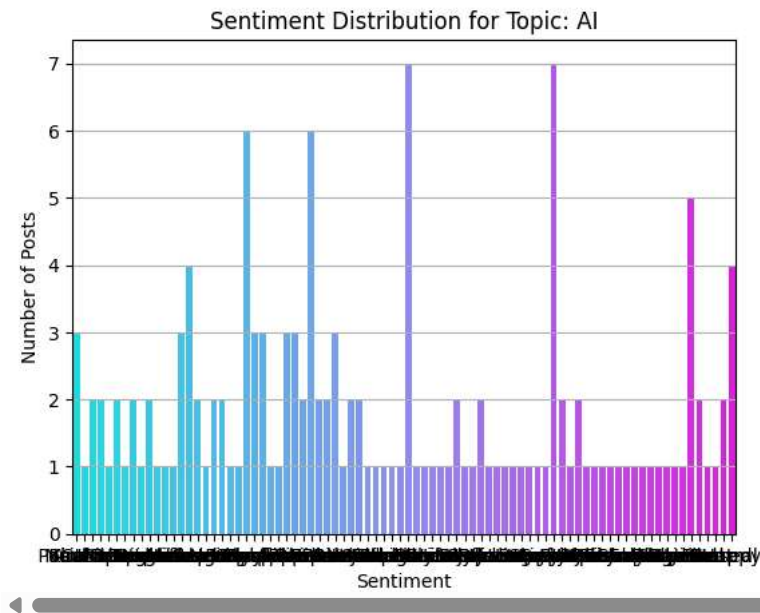
print(f"Total posts related to '{topic_keyword}':", df_topic.shape[0])

# Plot sentiment for filtered topic
# Corrected df_sentiment to df and TextBlob_Sentiment to Sentiment (assuming 'Sentiment' is the intended column)
sns.countplot(data=df_topic, x='Sentiment', palette='cool')
plt.title(f"Sentiment Distribution for Topic: {topic_keyword}")
plt.xlabel("Sentiment")
plt.ylabel("Number of Posts")
plt.grid(axis='y')
plt.show()
```

➡ Total posts related to 'AI': 147
<ipython-input-32-4ef81bb08349>:10: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend`

```
sns.countplot(data=df_topic, x='Sentiment', palette='cool')
```



Time Series Smoothing (Moving Average Sentiment)

```
# Install textblob if you haven't already
!pip install textblob

# Import TextBlob
from textblob import TextBlob

# Ensure Timestamp column is datetime
df['Timestamp'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Timestamp'], errors='coerce')

# Calculate polarity using TextBlob on the cleaned text
# The polarity attribute of a TextBlob object returns a float between -1.0 and 1.0
df['Polarity'] = df['Clean_Text'].apply(lambda text: TextBlob(text).sentiment.polarity)

# Sort by timestamp and compute daily average polarity
# Changed df_sentiment to df
daily_avg = df.groupby(df['Timestamp'].dt.date)['Polarity'].mean().rolling(window=3).mean()

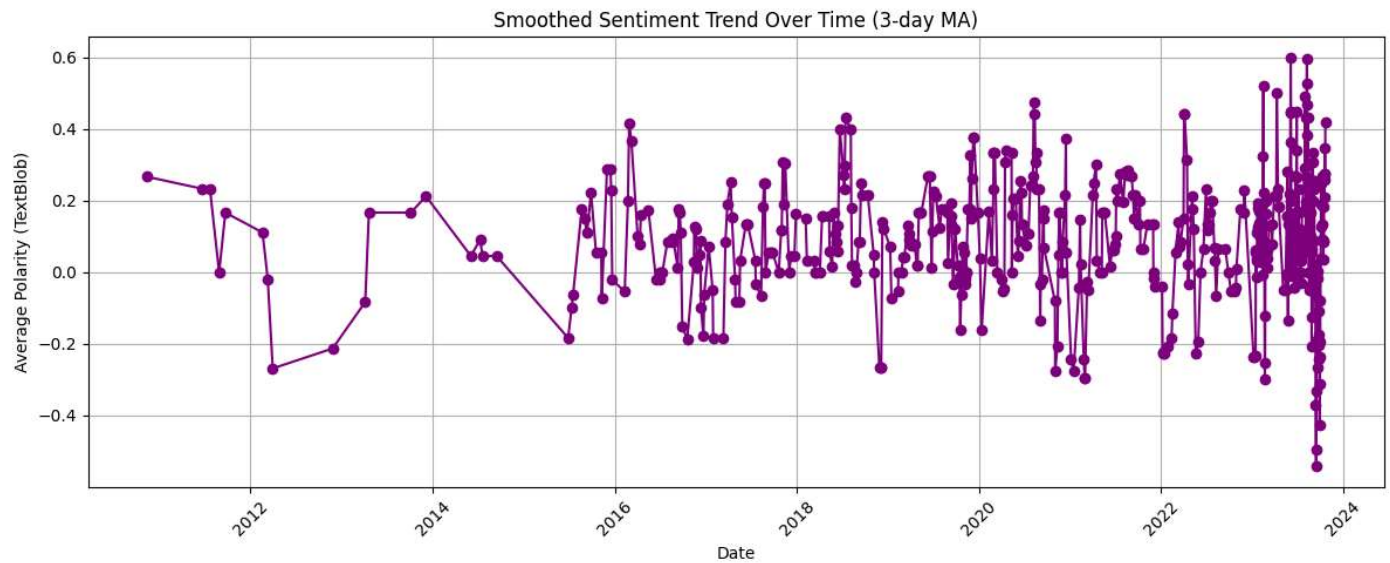
# Plot smoothed sentiment over time
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 5))
plt.plot(daily_avg.index, daily_avg.values, marker='o', linestyle='-', color='purple')
plt.title("Smoothed Sentiment Trend Over Time (3-day MA)")
plt.xlabel("Date")
plt.ylabel("Average Polarity (TextBlob)")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```

Requirement already satisfied: textblob in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (0.19.0)
Requirement already satisfied: nltk>=3.9 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from textblob) (3.9.1)
Requirement already satisfied: click in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from nltk>=3.9->textblob) (8.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from nltk>=3.9->textblob) (1.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: regex>=2021.8.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from nltk>=3.9->textblob) (2024.11.6)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from nltk>=3.9->textblob) (4.67.1)

```



Sentiment by Platform

Heatmap: Sentiment by Hour & Platform

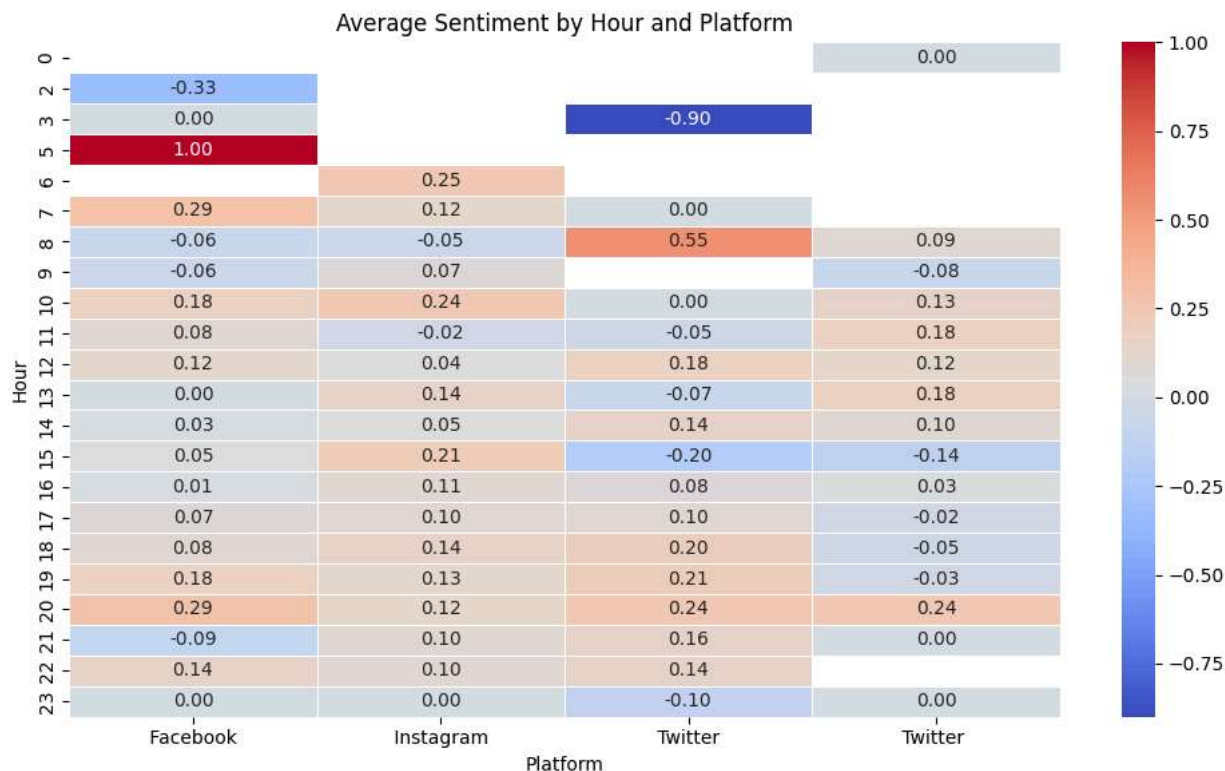
```

# Create the 'Hour' column if it doesn't exist
if 'Hour' not in df.columns:
    df['Hour'] = df['Timestamp'].dt.hour

# Create pivot table using the correct DataFrame 'df'
pivot = pd.pivot_table(df, index='Hour', columns='Platform',
                        values='Polarity', aggfunc='mean')

# Plot heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.heatmap(pivot, cmap='coolwarm', annot=True, fmt=".2f", linewidths=0.5)
plt.title("Average Sentiment by Hour and Platform")
plt.xlabel("Platform")
plt.ylabel("Hour")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

```



Topic-Specific Filtering and Sentiment Visualization

```
# 🚩 Choose your topic keyword
topic_keyword = "AI" # Change this to any topic like "covid", "election", "budget", etc.

# 🔍 Filter posts containing the keyword in cleaned text
df_topic = df_sentiment[df_sentiment['Clean_Text'].str.contains(topic_keyword.lower(), na=False)]

# 📊 Print number of related posts
print(f"Total posts related to '{topic_keyword}':", df_topic.shape[0])

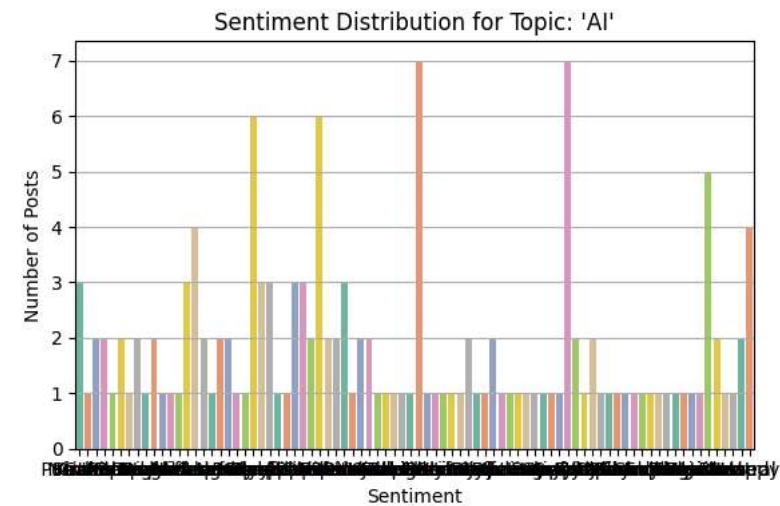
# 📈 Plot sentiment distribution for filtered topic
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
sns.countplot(data=df_topic, x='TextBlob_Sentiment', palette='Set2')
plt.title(f"Sentiment Distribution for Topic: '{topic_keyword}'")
plt.xlabel("Sentiment")
plt.ylabel("Number of Posts")
plt.grid(axis='y')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```


↻ Total posts related to 'AI': 147
 <ipython-input-39-c2038eec90d0>:17: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend`

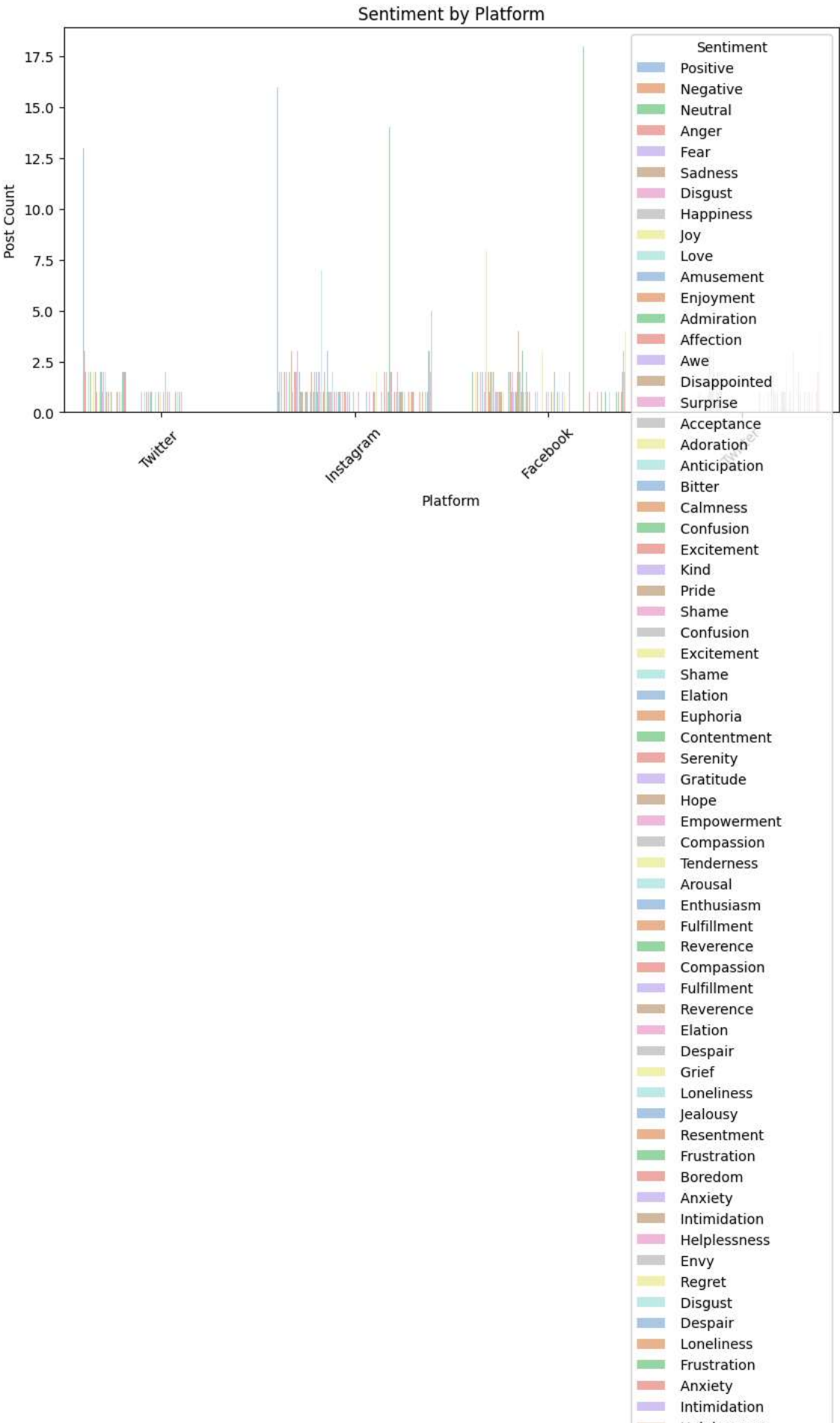
```
sns.countplot(data=df_topic, x='Sentiment', palette='Set2')
```



sentiment by platform

```
# Plot sentiment distribution across social platforms
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
# Changed df_sentiment to df and TextBlob_Sentiment to Sentiment
sns.countplot(data=df, x='Platform', hue='Sentiment', palette='pastel')
plt.title("Sentiment by Platform")
plt.xlabel("Platform")
plt.ylabel("Post Count")
plt.legend(title="Sentiment")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

<ipython-input-22-dacb49008041>:10: UserWarning: Tight layout not applied. The bottom and top margins cannot be made large enough to
plt.tight_layout()



- Helplessness
- Jealousy
- Curiosity
- Indifference
- Confusion
- Numbness
- Melancholy
- Nostalgia
- Ambivalence
- Acceptance
- Determination
- Serenity
- Numbness
- Zest
- Contentment
- Hopeful
- Proud
- Grateful
- Empathetic
- Compassionate
- Playful
- Free-spirited
- Inspired
- Confident
- Serenity
- Curiosity
- Ambivalence
- Despair
- Bitterness
- Yearning
- Fearful
- Apprehensive
- Overwhelmed
- Jealous
- Devastated
- Frustrated
- Envious
- Dismissive
- Awe
- Determination
- Nostalgia
- Thrill
- Calmness
- Overwhelmed
- Gratitude
- Bittersweet
- Curiosity
- Admiration
- Overjoyed
- Inspiration
- Motivation
- Amusement
- Contemplation
- Joyful Reunion
- Excitement
- Satisfaction
- Blessed
- Anticipation
- Reflection
- Nostalgia
- Appreciation
- Confidence
- Surprise
- Accomplishment
- Wonderment
- Optimism
- Pride
- Happiness
- Curiosity
- Enchantment
- Intrigue