

Programming Basics and Data Analytics with Python

Project 1

App Rating Prediction

Import Libraries

```
In [1]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
warnings.simplefilter("ignore")
```

1. Load Dataset

```
In [2]:
```

```
data=pd.read_csv("googleplaystore.csv")
```

In [3]:

data.head()

Out[3]:

	Арр	Category	Rating	Reviews	Size	Installs	Туре	Price	Content Rating
0	Photo Editor & Candy Camera & Grid & ScrapBook	ART_AND_DESIGN	4.1	159	19M	10,000+	Free	0	Everyone
1	Coloring book moana	ART_AND_DESIGN	3.9	967	14M	500,000+	Free	0	Everyone
2	U Launcher Lite – FREE Live Cool Themes, Hide	ART_AND_DESIGN	4.7	87510	8.7M	5,000,000+	Free	0	Everyone
3	Sketch - Draw & Paint	ART_AND_DESIGN	4.5	215644	25M	50,000,000+	Free	0	Teen
4	Pixel Draw - Number Art Coloring Book	ART_AND_DESIGN	4.3	967	2.8M	100,000+	Free	0	Everyone

2. Check for null values in the data. Get the number of null values for each column.

```
In [4]:
```

```
data.isna().sum()
Out[4]:
                      0
App
Category
                      0
Rating
                   1474
Reviews
                      0
Size
                      0
Installs
                      0
Type
                      1
                      0
Price
Content Rating
                      1
Genres
                      0
Last Updated
                      0
Current Ver
                      8
Android Ver
                      3
dtype: int64
```

3. Drop records with nulls in any of the columns.

```
In [5]:
new_data = data.dropna()
In [6]:
new_data.isna().sum()
Out[6]:
App
                  0
Category
                  0
Rating
                  0
Reviews
                  0
Size
                  0
Installs
                  0
Type
                  0
Price
                  0
Content Rating
                  0
                  0
Genres
Last Updated
                  0
Current Ver
                  0
Android Ver
dtype: int64
In [7]:
new_data.columns
Out[7]:
Index(['App', 'Category', 'Rating', 'Reviews', 'Size', 'Installs', 'Type',
       'Price', 'Content Rating', 'Genres', 'Last Updated', 'Current Ver',
       'Android Ver'],
```

dtype='object')

4. Variables seem to have incorrect type and inconsistent formatting. You need to fix them:

4.1 Size column has sizes in Kb as well as Mb. To analyze, you'll need to convert these to numeric.

```
In [8]:
new_data["Size"].dtype
Out[8]:
dtype('0')
In [9]:
new_data=new_data[-new_data['Size'].str.contains('Var')]
In [10]:
new_data.loc[:,"SizeNum"] = new_data.Size.str.rstrip("Mk+")
new_data.SizeNum=pd.to_numeric(new_data['SizeNum'])
new_data.SizeNum.dtype
Out[10]:
dtype('float64')
In [11]:
new data['SizeNum']=np.where(new_data.Size.str.contains('M'),new_data.SizeNum*1000, new
data.SizeNum)
In [12]:
new_data.Size=new_data.SizeNum
new data.drop('SizeNum',axis=1,inplace=True)
In [13]:
new data.Reviews = pd.to numeric(new data.Reviews)
In [14]:
new_data['Installs']=new_data.Installs.str.replace("+","")
In [15]:
new_data.Installs=new_data.Installs.str.replace(",","")
new data.Installs=pd.to numeric(new data.Installs)
new data. Installs.dtype
Out[15]:
dtype('int64')
```

```
In [16]:
```

```
new_data.Price=new_data.Price.str.replace("$","")
new_data.Price=pd.to_numeric(new_data.Price)
new_data.Price.dtype

Out[16]:
dtype('float64')
```

5. Sanity checks:

```
In [17]:
```

```
new_data=new_data[(new_data.Rating>=1) & (new_data.Rating<=5) ]</pre>
```

In [18]:

```
new_data.drop(new_data.index[new_data.Reviews>new_data.Installs],axis=0,inplace=True)
len(new_data.index)
```

Out[18]:

7717

In [19]:

```
index_free_and_price_gt_0 = new_data.index[((new_data.Type=='Free')&(new_data.Price>0
))]
```

In [20]:

```
if len(index_free_and_price_gt_0)>0:
    print("Dropping following indices:",index_free_and_price_gt_0)
    new_data.drop(index_free_and_price_gt_0,axis=0,inplace=True)
else:
    print("There is no Free Apps with price >0")
```

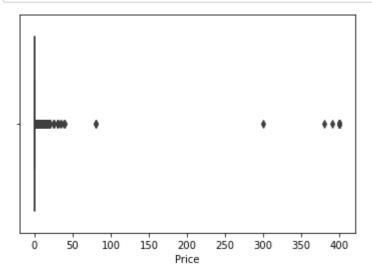
There is no Free Apps with price >0

Performing univariate analysis:

5.1. Boxplot for Price

```
In [21]:
```

```
ax = sns.boxplot(x='Price', data=new_data)
```



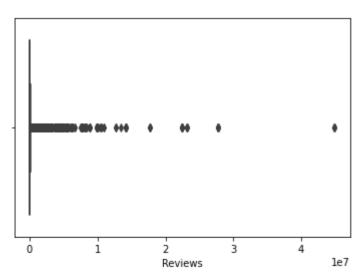
5.2. Boxplot for Reviews

In [22]:

```
sns.boxplot(x='Reviews',data=new_data)
```

Out[22]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2065e6fa5e0>



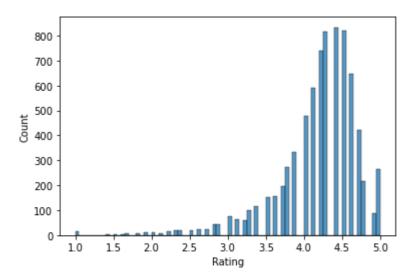
5.3. Histogram for Rating

In [23]:

```
sns.histplot(x='Rating',data=new_data)
```

Out[23]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2065e733850>



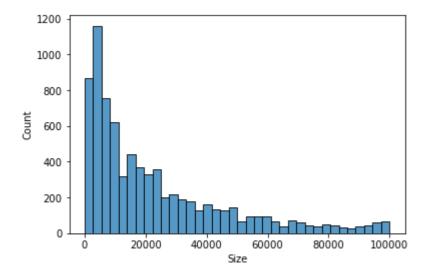
5.4. Histogram for Size

In [24]:

```
sns.histplot(x='Size',data=new_data)
```

Out[24]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2065efb4c10>



6. Outlier treatment:

In [25]:

new_data[new_data.Price>=200]

Out[25]:

	Арр	Category	Rating	Reviews	Size	Installs	Туре	Price	Content Rating
4197	most expensive app (H)	FAMILY	4.3	6	1500.0	100	Paid	399.99	Everyone
4362		LIFESTYLE	3.8	718	26000.0	10000	Paid	399.99	Everyone
4367	I'm Rich - Trump Edition	LIFESTYLE	3.6	275	7300.0	10000	Paid	400.00	Everyone
5351	I am rich	LIFESTYLE	3.8	3547	1800.0	100000	Paid	399.99	Everyone
5354	I am Rich Plus	FAMILY	4.0	856	8700.0	10000	Paid	399.99	Everyone
5355	I am rich VIP	LIFESTYLE	3.8	411	2600.0	10000	Paid	299.99	Everyone
5356	I Am Rich Premium	FINANCE	4.1	1867	4700.0	50000	Paid	399.99	Everyone
5357	I am extremely Rich	LIFESTYLE	2.9	41	2900.0	1000	Paid	379.99	Everyone
5358	I am Rich!	FINANCE	3.8	93	22000.0	1000	Paid	399.99	Everyone
5359	I am rich(premium)	FINANCE	3.5	472	965.0	5000	Paid	399.99	Everyone
5362	I Am Rich Pro	FAMILY	4.4	201	2700.0	5000	Paid	399.99	Everyone
5364	I am rich (Most expensive app)	FINANCE	4.1	129	2700.0	1000	Paid	399.99	Teen
5366	I Am Rich	FAMILY	3.6	217	4900.0	10000	Paid	389.99	Everyone
5369	I am Rich	FINANCE	4.3	180	3800.0	5000	Paid	399.99	Everyone
5373	I AM RICH PRO PLUS	FINANCE	4.0	36	41000.0	1000	Paid	399.99	Everyone
4									•

In [26]:

new_data.drop(new_data.index[(new_data.Price>=200)], inplace=True)
len(new_data.index)

Out[26]:

7702

In [27]:

```
new_data.drop(new_data.index[(new_data.Reviews>=2000000)], inplace=True)
len(new_data.index)
```

Out[27]:

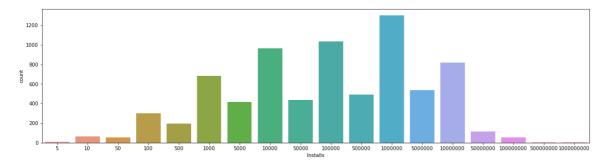
7483

In [28]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
sns.countplot(x='Installs',data=new_data)
```

Out[28]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2065f07d370>



In [29]:

```
new_data["Installs"]
```

Out[29]:

0		10000
1		500000
2		5000000
3		50000000
4		100000
		• • •
10833		1000
10834		500
10836		5000
10837		100
10840		10000000
	_	

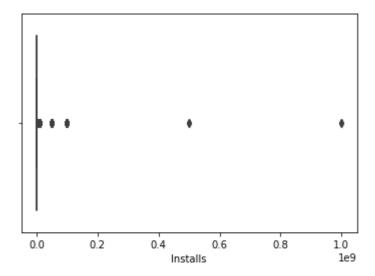
Name: Installs, Length: 7483, dtype: int64

In [30]:

```
sns.boxplot(x='Installs',data=new_data)
```

Out[30]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2065f322940>



In [31]:

```
install_10_perc=np.percentile(new_data.Installs, 10)
install_10_perc
```

Out[31]:

1000.0

In [32]:

```
install_25_perc=np.percentile(new_data.Installs, 25)
install_25_perc
```

Out[32]:

10000.0

In [33]:

```
install_50_perc=np.percentile(new_data.Installs, 50)
install_50_perc
```

Out[33]:

100000.0

```
In [34]:
install_70_perc=np.percentile(new_data.Installs, 70)
install_70_perc
Out[34]:
1000000.0
In [35]:
install_90_perc=np.percentile(new_data.Installs, 90)
install_90_perc
Out[35]:
10000000.0
In [36]:
install_95_perc=np.percentile(new_data.Installs, 95)
install_95_perc
Out[36]:
10000000.0
In [37]:
install_99_perc=np.percentile(new_data.Installs, 99)
install_99_perc
Out[37]:
50000000.0
In [38]:
print("As result, ",len(new_data[new_data.Installs >= install_99_perc])," will be dropp
ed")
As result, 176 will be dropped
In [39]:
new_data.drop(new_data.index[new_data.Installs >= install_99_perc],inplace=True)
len(new data.index)
Out[39]:
7307
In [40]:
new_data["Reviews"].dtype
Out[40]:
dtype('int64')
```

7. Bivariate analysis

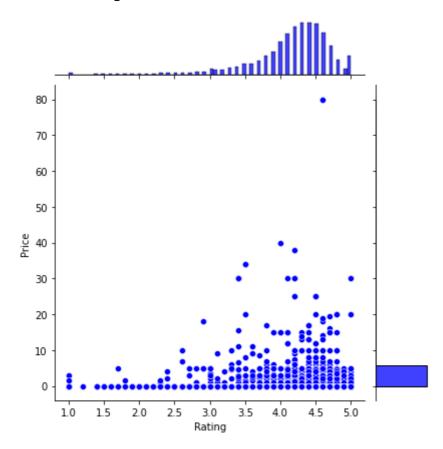
7.1 Rating Vs Price

```
In [41]:
```

```
sns.jointplot("Rating" , "Price" ,data=new_data,color="B")
```

Out[41]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x2065f1390a0>



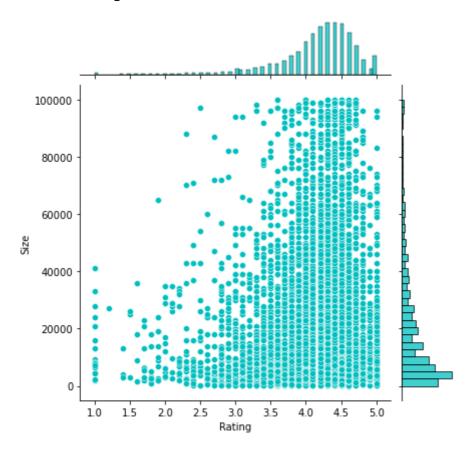
7.2 Rating Vs Size

In [42]:

```
sns.jointplot("Rating" , "Size" ,data=new_data,color="c")
```

Out[42]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x2065f310a00>



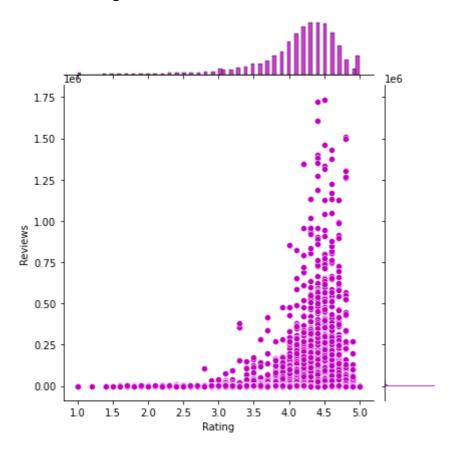
7.3 Rating Vs Reviews

In [43]:

```
sns.jointplot("Rating" , "Reviews" ,data=new_data,color="M")
```

Out[43]:

<seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x2065f31d460>



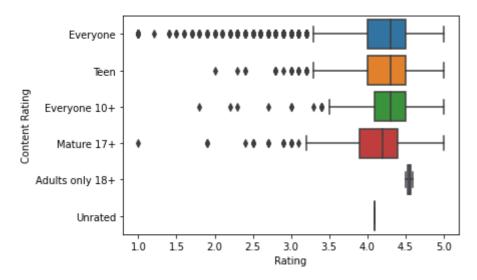
7.4 Rating Vs Content Rating

In [44]:

sns.boxplot(x="Rating",y="Content Rating",data=new_data)

Out[44]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x20660e90640>



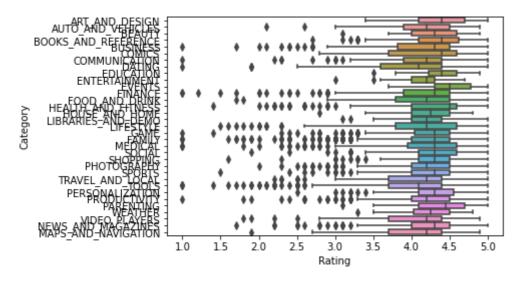
7.5 Rating Vs Category

In [45]:

```
sns.boxplot(x="Rating",y="Category",data=new_data)
```

Out[45]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x2065f7d1e50>



8. Data preprocessing

In [46]:

```
inp1=new_data.copy()
inp1.Reviews=inp1.Reviews.apply(np.log1p)
```

In [47]:

```
inp1.Installs=inp1.Installs.apply(np.log1p)
inp1.drop(columns=['App','Last Updated','Current Ver','Android Ver'],inplace=True,axis=
1)
```

In [48]:

```
inp1.columns
```

Out[48]:

In [49]:

```
inp1.head()
```

Out[49]:

	Content Rating	Price	Туре	Installs	Size	Reviews	Rating	Category	
Art 8	Everyone	0.0	Free	9.210440	19000.0	5.075174	4.1	ART_AND_DESIGN	0
Design;	Everyone	0.0	Free	13.122365	14000.0	6.875232	3.9	ART_AND_DESIGN	1
Art 8	Everyone	0.0	Free	15.424949	8700.0	11.379520	4.7	ART_AND_DESIGN	2
Design;C	Everyone	0.0	Free	11.512935	2800.0	6.875232	4.3	ART_AND_DESIGN	4
Art 8	Everyone	0.0	Free	10.819798	5600.0	5.123964	4.4	ART_AND_DESIGN	5
>									4

In [50]:

```
inp2= pd.get_dummies(inp1)
```

In [51]:

```
inp2.head()
```

Out[51]:

	Rating	Reviews	Size	Installs	Price	Category_ART_AND_DESIGN	Category_AUTO			
0	4.1	5.075174	19000.0	9.210440	0.0	1				
1	3.9	6.875232	14000.0	13.122365	0.0	1				
2	4.7	11.379520	8700.0	15.424949	0.0	1				
4	4.3	6.875232	2800.0	11.512935	0.0	1				
5	4.4	5.123964	5600.0	10.819798	0.0	1				
5 rows × 158 columns										

In [52]:

set(inp2.columns)

Out[52]:

```
{'Category ART AND DESIGN',
 'Category AUTO AND VEHICLES',
 'Category_BEAUTY',
 'Category_BOOKS_AND_REFERENCE',
 'Category_BUSINESS',
 'Category_COMICS',
 'Category_COMMUNICATION',
 'Category DATING',
 'Category_EDUCATION',
 'Category ENTERTAINMENT',
 'Category_EVENTS',
 'Category_FAMILY',
 'Category_FINANCE',
 'Category_FOOD_AND_DRINK',
 'Category_GAME',
 'Category_HEALTH_AND_FITNESS',
 'Category_HOUSE_AND_HOME',
 'Category_LIBRARIES_AND_DEMO',
 'Category LIFESTYLE',
 'Category_MAPS_AND_NAVIGATION',
 'Category MEDICAL',
 'Category_NEWS_AND_MAGAZINES',
 'Category_PARENTING',
 'Category_PERSONALIZATION',
 'Category PHOTOGRAPHY',
 'Category PRODUCTIVITY',
 'Category_SHOPPING',
 'Category_SOCIAL',
 'Category_SPORTS',
 'Category_TOOLS',
 'Category_TRAVEL_AND_LOCAL',
 'Category VIDEO PLAYERS',
 'Category_WEATHER',
 'Content Rating_Adults only 18+',
 'Content Rating_Everyone',
 'Content Rating_Everyone 10+',
 'Content Rating_Mature 17+',
 'Content Rating_Teen',
 'Content Rating Unrated',
 'Genres_Action',
 'Genres Action; Action & Adventure',
 'Genres_Adventure',
 'Genres Adventure; Action & Adventure',
 'Genres Adventure; Brain Games',
 'Genres Adventure; Education',
 'Genres Arcade',
 'Genres Arcade; Action & Adventure',
 'Genres Arcade; Pretend Play',
 'Genres Art & Design',
 'Genres Art & Design; Creativity',
 'Genres_Art & Design; Pretend Play',
 'Genres Auto & Vehicles',
 'Genres_Beauty',
 'Genres Board',
 'Genres Board; Action & Adventure',
 'Genres Board; Brain Games',
 'Genres_Board; Pretend Play',
 'Genres Books & Reference',
 'Genres_Books & Reference; Education',
```

```
'Genres_Business',
'Genres_Card',
'Genres_Card; Action & Adventure',
'Genres Card; Brain Games',
'Genres_Casino',
'Genres_Casual'
'Genres_Casual;Action & Adventure',
'Genres_Casual; Brain Games',
'Genres Casual; Creativity',
'Genres_Casual; Education',
'Genres_Casual;Music & Video',
'Genres_Casual; Pretend Play',
'Genres_Comics',
'Genres_Comics;Creativity',
'Genres_Communication',
'Genres Dating',
'Genres_Education',
'Genres Education; Action & Adventure',
'Genres_Education; Brain Games',
'Genres_Education;Creativity',
'Genres Education; Education',
'Genres Education; Music & Video',
'Genres_Education; Pretend Play',
'Genres_Educational',
'Genres_Educational; Action & Adventure',
'Genres_Educational; Brain Games',
'Genres Educational; Creativity',
'Genres_Educational; Education'
'Genres Educational; Pretend Play',
'Genres_Entertainment',
'Genres_Entertainment; Action & Adventure',
'Genres_Entertainment; Brain Games',
'Genres_Entertainment;Creativity',
'Genres Entertainment; Education',
'Genres_Entertainment; Music & Video',
'Genres_Entertainment; Pretend Play',
'Genres_Events',
'Genres_Finance',
'Genres_Food & Drink',
'Genres_Health & Fitness',
'Genres Health & Fitness; Action & Adventure',
'Genres_Health & Fitness; Education',
'Genres_House & Home',
'Genres_Libraries & Demo',
'Genres Lifestyle',
'Genres Lifestyle; Pretend Play',
'Genres Maps & Navigation',
'Genres_Medical',
'Genres Music',
'Genres_Music & Audio; Music & Video',
'Genres Music;Music & Video',
'Genres News & Magazines',
'Genres Parenting',
'Genres_Parenting;Brain Games',
'Genres_Parenting;Education',
'Genres_Parenting; Music & Video',
'Genres Personalization',
'Genres Photography',
'Genres_Productivity',
'Genres Puzzle',
'Genres_Puzzle; Action & Adventure',
```

```
'Genres_Puzzle; Brain Games',
 'Genres_Puzzle;Creativity',
 'Genres Puzzle; Education',
 'Genres_Racing',
 'Genres Racing; Action & Adventure',
 'Genres_Racing; Pretend Play',
 'Genres_Role Playing',
 'Genres_Role Playing; Action & Adventure',
 'Genres Role Playing; Brain Games',
 'Genres_Role Playing; Pretend Play',
 'Genres_Shopping',
 'Genres_Simulation',
 'Genres_Simulation; Action & Adventure',
 'Genres_Simulation; Education',
 'Genres Simulation; Pretend Play',
 'Genres Social',
 'Genres_Sports',
 'Genres_Sports;Action & Adventure',
 'Genres_Strategy',
 'Genres_Strategy; Action & Adventure',
 'Genres_Strategy;Creativity',
 'Genres_Strategy; Education',
 'Genres_Tools',
 'Genres_Travel & Local',
 'Genres_Travel & Local; Action & Adventure',
 'Genres_Trivia',
 'Genres Video Players & Editors',
 'Genres_Video Players & Editors; Creativity',
 'Genres Video Players & Editors; Music & Video',
 'Genres_Weather',
 'Genres_Word',
 'Installs',
 'Price',
 'Rating',
 'Reviews',
 'Size',
 'Type_Free',
 'Type_Paid'}
In [53]:
data = inp2.drop(columns='Rating')
data.shape
target = pd.DataFrame(inp2.Rating)
target.shape
```

Out[53]:

(7307, 1)

9. Train test split and apply 70-30 split. Name the new dataframes df_train and df_test.

```
In [54]:
```

```
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(data, target, test_size=0.3, random
_state=3)
print("x_train shape is ", x_train.shape)
print("y_train shape is ", y_train.shape)
print("x_test shape is ", x_test.shape)
print("y_test shape is ", y_test.shape)
x train shape is (5114, 157)
y_train shape is (5114, 1)
x_test shape is (2193, 157)
y_test shape is (2193, 1)
```

11. Model building

```
In [55]:
```

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
model=LinearRegression()
model.fit(x_train, y_train)
Out[55]:
```

LinearRegression()

In [56]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
train_pred=model.predict(x_train)
print("R2 value of the model(by train) is ", r2_score(y_train, train_pred))
```

R2 value of the model(by train) is 0.15264772134593874

12. Make predictions on test set and report R2.

```
In [57]:
```

```
test pred=model.predict(x test)
print("R2 value of the model(by test) is ", r2_score(y_test, test_pred))
```

R2 value of the model(by test) is 0.14262263030973144

---- The Project End -----

Thank you.