

# 1 Inheritance

Consider the following example of simple inheritance in c++. It includes a derived class "Child" that inherits from the base class "Parent." It inherits Parent's x and y members and also has a public member of it's own, "luckyFin."

---

```
1  class Parent
2  {
3      public:
4          void setX(int w)
5          {
6              x = w;
7          }
8          void setY(int h)
9          {
10             y = h;
11         }
12     protected:
13         int x;
14         int y;
15 };
16
17 // Derived class
18 class Child: public Parent
19 {
20     public:
21         int xPlusY()
22         {
23             return (x + y);
24         }
25
26         int luckyFin;
27 };
28
29 int main(void)
30 {
31     Child * nemo = new Child();
32
33     nemo->setX(2);
34     nemo->setY(3);
35
36     int add = nemo->xPlusY();
37
38     return 0;
39 }
```

---

The resulting assembly code is too long to list in full but snippets will be shown as the topics they are relevant to are discussed.

## 1.1 Data Layout

The following x86 snippet shows the initialization of the nemo object.

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```
1  call  _Znwj
2  add   esp, 16
3  mov   DWORD PTR [eax], 0
4  mov   DWORD PTR [eax+4], 0
5  mov   DWORD PTR [eax+8], 0
6  mov   DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
7  mov   eax, DWORD PTR [ebp-12]
```

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