MY PSEUDOCODE - Lab 8 METAVERSE

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- 1. to calculate the number of neighbors of a given location safely (i.e., without accessing locations of the Metaverse that are either
 - too large or
 - too small);

Function count_neighbors(..) Return Type: int.

Initialize count to 0, this will store the number of neighbours.

Initialize a direction vector which will have maximum number of directions the function should check for the presence of neighbours.

For each direction in neighbouring directions. Calculate new_row and new_column

If new_row and new_column are within valid bounds of the board, check if the cell at (new_row, new_column) is occupied:

Increment count

Return count

2. to determine the occupancy of a location during a transition between generations; and

Function occupied_in_next_tick(...) -> Return type bool:

If currently_occupied and neighbor_count is 2 or 3:

Return true

Else if not currently_occupied and neighbor_count is 3:

Return true

Else:

Return false

3. to read in the initial occupancy of your Metaverse from a configuration file (see below). Function read_metaverse_configuration_line_from_file(...) -> Return Type bool: Initialise the appropriate variables (int size, generations; char comma) Using the ifstream method (inputfile>>var) Read size, comma, and generations from metaverse_file. If successful: Return true Else: Return false 4. Helper Functions to ensure smooth operation of the function. Function citizenship_row_to_metaverse_row(..) -> Return Type bool: For each character (loop) in input_row: If character is '1': Set corresponding cell in board to 1 Else if character is '0': Set corresponding cell in board to 0 Else: Return false Return true Function resize_metaverse(rows: int, board: metaverse_t) -> bool: Resize the board to have 'rows' number of rows and columns Return true

Function *tick(..)* -> Return Type metaverse_t:

Create a new metaverse for next tick with the same size as the current board - resize_metaverse(..)

For each cell in the board:

Count occupied neighbors for the cell - count_neighbors(..)

Determine if cell will be occupied in the next tick - occupied_in_next_tick(...)

Update corresponding cell in new metaverse

Return new metaverse

Function model_metaverse(...):

Set current_metaverse to starting_metaverse

For each generation from 0 to generations-1:

Display current_metaverse

Update current_metaverse by applying tick