



COEN 6312

Model Driven Software Engineering

Deliverable-4

Project-Team

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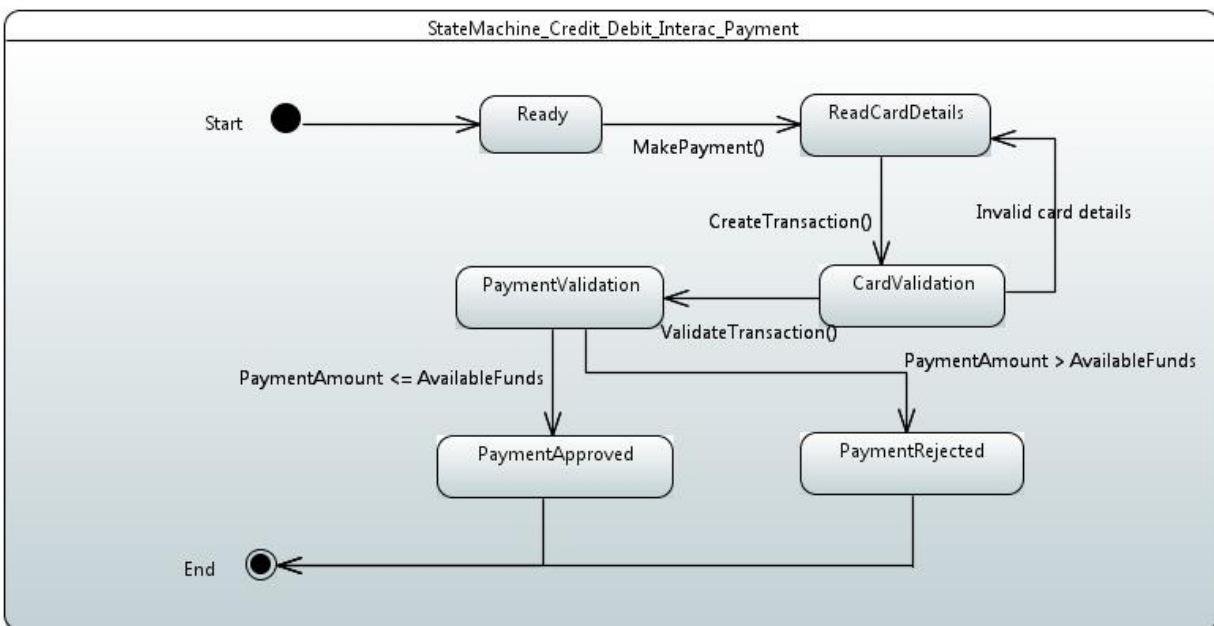
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1 Introduction

This document emphasizes on the various state machines that are presented in the flight management system. The state diagram represents the behavior of an object as states in its lifecycle. The transition of the states of an object occurs with receiving a signal.

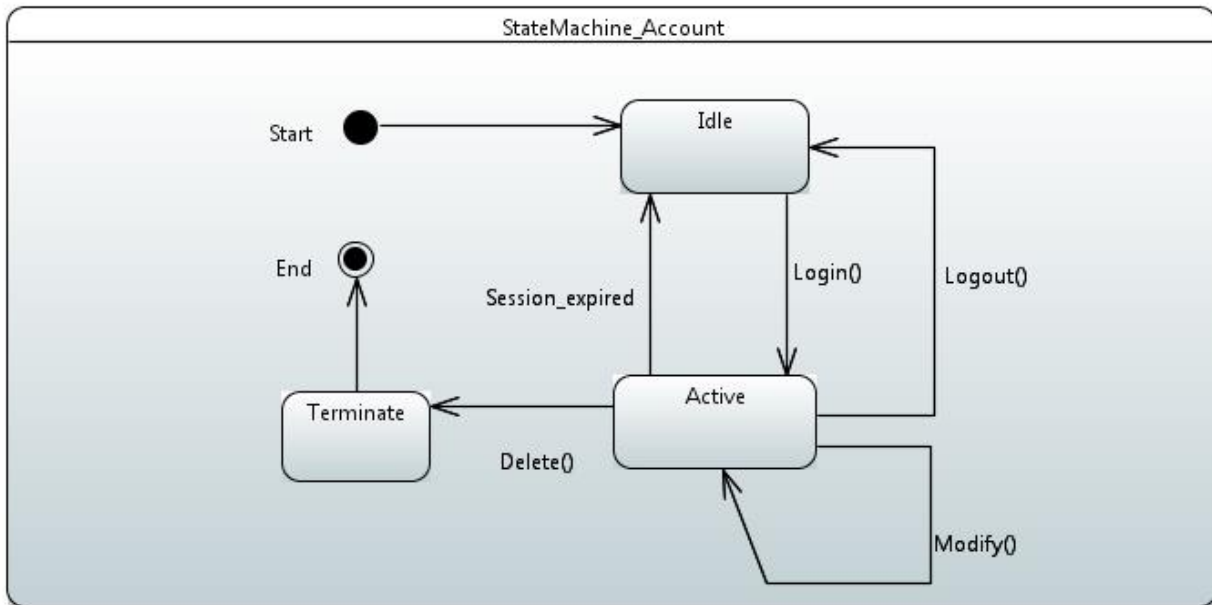
2 State Diagrams

2.1 State Machine for Credit /Debit/ Interac Class



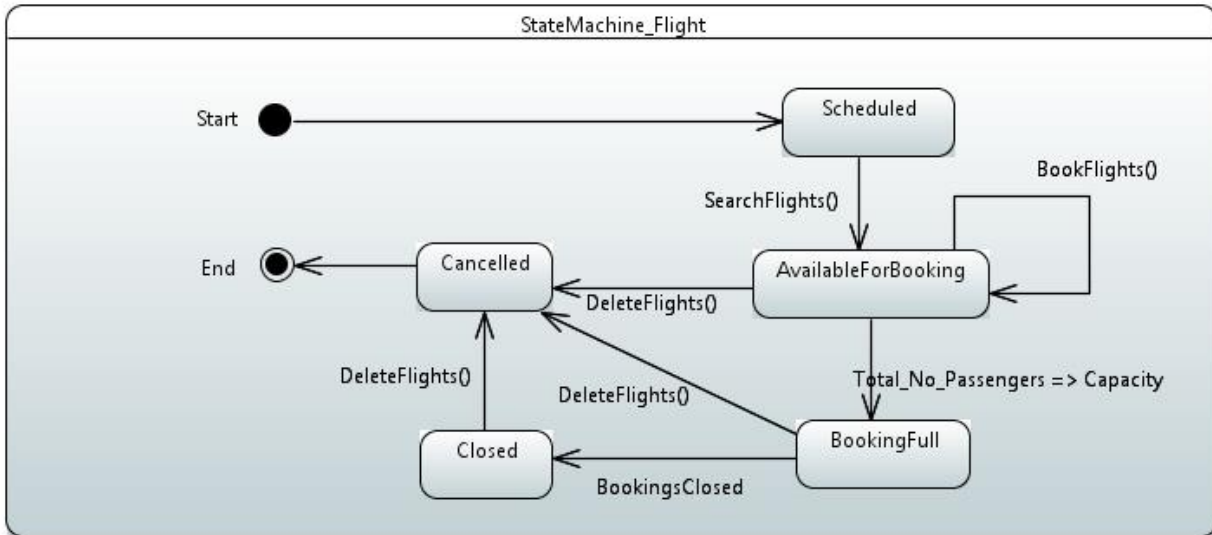
1. The User entered Card details will be read by system and make available for validation.
2. If the Card details are valid, then the payment amount will be validated based on the available funds in the Card.
3. If the Card details are Invalid, then the system will prompt the user to re-enter the Card details.
4. In the Payment Validation, the Payment will be approved if the available funds in the Card are sufficient for Payment amount. If not, then the Payment will be rejected.

2.2 State Machine for Account Class



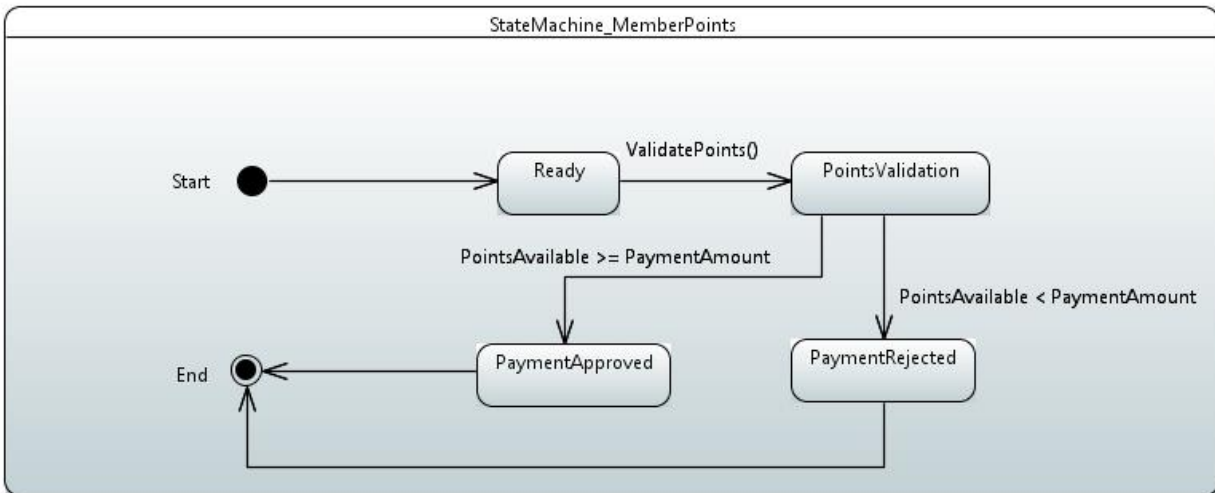
1. The Account will be created as the Traveler signup for the account in the system and remain in Idle state. The Traveler will now on acts as Member in the FlyinTravel.
2. The account will be in Active state when the Member Login into the system.
3. The account remains Active if any Modifications are undergoing for the account.
4. The account will be Idle if the Session has expired or Logout from the Active state by the Member.
5. The account will be in Terminate state when it is Deleted from the Active state by the Member.

2.3 State Machine for Flight Class



1. The flights are in Scheduled State and made Available for booking State based on the Search flights signal.
2. The object remains in Available for booking state upon the Book Flights signal.
3. The Booking full state is entered if the flight capacity is equal or exceeded by the Total no of passengers booked on booking the flight
4. The Cancelled state is entered only if the Delete Flights signal is given. i.e. the flight made deleted or cancelled by the service provider.
5. The Closed state is entered when the Booking Closed signal is given from the Booking Full state.

2.4 State Machine for Member Points Class



1. The User selected the points mode of payment and made available for Points Validation by the Validate Points Signal.
2. The Payment will be validated based on the points available and the payment amount.
3. The Payment will be approved if the Points available are sufficient for the payment amount. If Payment amount is more than the available points, then the payment will be rejected.

3 Action Specification

3.1 Action Specification for Operation Login()

This Method performs below actions

- Gets Username and Password as input.
- Verifies the input with the User account database(members), upon successful authentication provides the access into account.

```
public static void login ()
{
    System.out.println(" ----- ");
    System.out.println(" ----- LOGIN TO FlyinTravel ----- ");
    System.out.println(" ----- ");
    System.out.print("\n ===== Please Enter the Username: ");
    String user = read.GetString();
    System.out.print("\n ===== Please Enter the Password: ");
    String pass = read.GetString();
    Static Vector Useraccounts = new vector (); // Vector contains User account
    details. Populated by other methods we are just using it.

    // creating temporary Member class object to search in User accounts vector

    Member Temp = new Member ();
    for (int i=0; i<Useraccounts.size();i++)
    {
        Temp = (Member) Useraccounts.elementAt(i);
        if(Temp.Username.equals(user) && Temp.Password.equals(pass))
        {
            System.out.println(" Login successful ");
            System.out.println(" welcome to FlyinTravel ");
            view (); // view account details
        }
        else {
            System.out.println(" Login unsuccessful ---- Try again");
        }
    }
}
```

3.2 Action Specification for Operation CreateTransaction()

This Method performs below actions

- Reads the Card number, CVV, Expiry date and Name on card as input.
- Sets the read input to the attributes.
- Bundles Card details and Payment amount in string buffer to pass on to validation.

```
public String [] createtransactions ()
{
    String Transaction [];

    System.out.print("\n ===== Please Enter your Name on card: ");
    String name = read.GetString();

    System.out.print("\n ===== Please Enter the CardNumber: ");
    int cardnum = read.GetInt();

    System.out.print("\n ===== Please Enter the CVV 3 digits in the
back of the card: ");
    int cvv = read.GetInt();

    System.out.print("\n ===== Please Enter the Expiry Date MMDD
format: ");
    int exdate = read.GetInt();

    System.out.print("\n ===== Printing the payment amount: " +
Amount); // from parent class Payment

    this.CardNumber = cardnum; // Setting the card number
    this.Nameoncard = name; // Setting the card Name
    this.CVV = cvv; // Setting the cvv number
    this.ExpiryDate = exdate; // Setting the expiry date

    return Transaction = new String [] {String.value(CardNumber), Nameoncard,
String. value(CVV), String.value(ExpiryDate), String.value(Amount)}

    // above command puts all the read input as one single buffer and returns to caller
}
```


3.3 Action Specification for Operation ViewBooking ()

This Method performs below actions

- Reads the Booking id.
- Searches the Booking id in the booked database.
- If Booking id found, retrieves the booking details like flight number, source, destination, and no of passengers and prints on screen.

```
public void viewbooking()
{
    BookingDetails temp; //creating a temporary object of Booking details
    System.out.print("\n ===== Please Enter the Booking ID: ");
    BookingID = read.GetInt();

    Static Vector fDetails = new vector (); // Flight booking database vector populated
    in other methods we are just using it here

    System.out.println("---Flight No.---Flight Date---Flight Time---NO.Passengers---
    Source---Dest---"); // displaying flight schedule

    System.out.println("");
    for (int i = 0; i<fDetails.size();i++) // start of for loop
    {
        temp =(BookingDetails)fDetails.elementAt(i); // temporary variable
        if(temp.Destination.equals(BookingID)) //start of if statement
        {
            System.out.println(temp.Flight_Num+"----"+temp.FlightDate+"----
            "+temp.Time+"----"+temp.Num_Of_Passengers+"----"+temp.Source+"----
            "+temp.Destination);
        } // end of if statement
    } // end of for loop
}
```

References

1. Dr. Abdelwahab Hamou-Lhadj Notes on Modelling with State Diagrams.