

Linear regression cost function

$$J(w_0, w_1) = \frac{1}{2m} \sum_{i=1}^m (w_0 + w_1 x^{(i)} - y_i)^2$$

Assumptions: $m=1$, 1-D dataset

$$\Rightarrow J(w_0, w_1) = \frac{1}{2} (w_0 + w_1 x - y)^2$$

$$\nabla J(w_0, w_1)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\partial J}{\partial w_0} = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 (w_0 + w_1 x - y)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 (w_0 + w_1 x - y) (x)$$

$$\nabla^2 J(w_0, w_1)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 J}{\partial w_0^2} = 1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 J}{\partial w_1^2} = x^2$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 J}{\partial w_0 \partial w_1} = x$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\partial^2 J}{\partial w_1 \partial w_0} = x$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x \\ x & x^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

→ Eigen Values of the Hessian Matrix

$$\begin{vmatrix} \lambda - 1 & x \\ x & \lambda - x^2 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$(\lambda - 1)(\lambda - x^2) - x^2 = 0$$

$$\lambda^2 - \lambda x^2 - \lambda + x^2 - x^2 = 0$$

$$\lambda(\lambda - x^2 - 1) = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0, \lambda_2 = \underbrace{1 + x^2}_{\downarrow}$$

always positive

$$\lambda_1 = 0$$

$$\lambda_2 > 0$$

⇒ Positive Semi Definite

→ Convex.

Convexity of $J(\omega_0, \omega_1)$ is Convex (PSD)