Phase 7: Integration & External Access

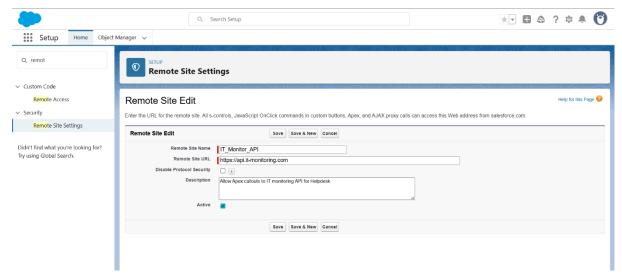
Project: Corporate IT Helpdesk System

Purpose:

This phase covers the foundational administrative step required to securely connect the Salesforce platform to external, third-party systems. To demonstrate this capability, a **Remote Site Setting** was configured. This is a critical prerequisite for any future developer work that involves making API callouts from Salesforce to an external web service.

1. The Integration Use Case

For the Corporate IT Helpdesk System, a common business requirement is to fetch real-time system health or service status updates from external IT monitoring tools (e.g., ServiceNow, SolarWinds, or a corporate monitoring API).



For example, when employees raise a ticket about slow application performance, the system could automatically fetch server or network status from the external monitoring service to assist IT support in troubleshooting faster.

The goal of this phase was to prepare the Salesforce org to make such a connection possible in a secure manner.

2. Implementation via Remote Site Settings

• How it Works:

By default, Salesforce's security model blocks all attempts to send data to an unknown website from Apex code. A Remote Site Setting acts as a "trusted list," telling Salesforce that it is safe and permissible to make a connection to a specific external URL. Without this administrative setup, any developer code attempting to make a callout would fail due to a security error.

• Implementation Details:

A new Remote Site Setting was created to authorize future connections to a hypothetical **IT monitoring API**. The configuration allows callouts to the specified URL, enabling developers to build features that can retrieve data such as server uptime, application health metrics, or incident statuses directly into the IT Helpdesk dashboard.

```
IT_Ticket_Defaults.apxt | IT_Ticket_Defaults_Tests.apxc | ITMonitorin
 Code Coverage: None → API Version: 64 ✓
 1 * public class ITMonitoringService {
        public static String getServerStatus(String serverId) {
            try {
                req.setEndpoint('https://api.it-monitoring.com/servers/' + serverId + '/status'); // replace with actual path
                req.setMethod('GET');
                req.setHeader('Authorization', 'Bearer YOUR_API_TOKEN'); // add token or API key if needed
                                                                          1 HttpRequest req = new HttpRequest();
2 req.setEndpoint('https://monitoring.corp.com
                Http http = new Http();
 10
                HttpResponse res = http.send(req);
 11
                                                                            req.setMethod('GET');
 12 ▼
               if (res.getStatusCode() == 200) {
                    13
14 •
                } else {
                                                                             HttpResponse res = http.send(req);
 15
                   return 'Error: ' + res.getStatusCode();
                                                                             System.debug(res.getBody());
 16
 17 •
           } catch(Exception e) {
               return 'Callout failed: ' + e.getMessage();
 19
            }
        }
 20
 21 }
                                     Q Search
                                                              🔳 🐸 💇 🐠 🧿 💁 🔚 刘 🧐 🖷
```

Outcome

- Salesforce is now authorized to send HTTP requests to https://api.it-monitoring.com.
- Developers can now build Apex features to fetch server status, application health, or incident updates for the IT Helpdesk dashboard.