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Problem Statement
     Easy Level-Find the Duplicate Number.
1.
     Code:
     #include <iostream>
     #include <bits/stdc++.h>
     using namespace std;
     int dupl(vector<int>&num)
       int n=num.size();
       unordered_map<int,int>m;
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
          m[num[i]]++;
          if(m[num[i]]>1)
          return num[i];
     return 0;
     int main()
       vector<int>num={1,3,4,2,2};
       cout<<dupl(num)<<endl;</pre>
       return 0;
     1. Easy level- Sort an array of 0s, 1s and 2s
122.
     Code:
     #include <bits/stdc++.h>
     using namespace std;
     void sort(int a[], int n)
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int lo = 0;
  int hi = n - 1;
  int mid = 0;
  while (mid <= hi) {
     switch (a[mid]) {
     case 0:
       swap(a[lo++], a[mid++]);
       break;
     case 1:
       mid++;
       break;
     case 2:
       swap(a[mid], a[hi--]);
       break;
void printArray(int arr[], int n)
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     cout << arr[i] << " ";
}
int main()
  int arr[] = { 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 2, 1, 2, 0, 0, 0, 1 };
  int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
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sort(arr, n);
        printArray(arr, n);
        return 0;
     Easy level-3 Remove Duplicates from Sorted Array.
3.
     Code:
     #include <iostream>
     #include <bits/stdc++.h>
     using namespace std;
     int removeDuplicates(vector<int>& nums)
        set<int>s:
        for(int i=0;i<nums.size();i++)</pre>
          s.insert(nums[i]);
        int k=0;
        int p=s.size();
        for(auto it:s)
          nums[k]=it;
          k++;
        return p;
     int main()
        vector<int>nums={0,0,1,1,1,2,2,3,3,4};
        cout<<removeDuplicates(nums)<<endl;</pre>
        return 0;
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4.
     Easy level-4 Set Matrix Zeroes
      Code:
     #include <iostream>
     #include <bits/stdc++.h>
     using namespace std;
      void setZeroes(vector<vector<int>>& matrix) {
          int m=matrix.size(), n=matrix[0].size();
          bool col=true, row=true;
          for(int i=0; i<m; i++)
             for(int j=0; j<n; j++)
               if(matrix[i][j]==0){
                  if(i==0)
                     row = false;
                  if(j==0)
                     col = false;
                  matrix[0][j]=0;
                  matrix[i][0]=0;
          for(int i=1; i<m; i++)
             for(int j=1; j< n; j++)
               if(matrix[0][j]==0 \parallel matrix[i][0]==0)
                  matrix[i][j]=0;
          if(col==false)
             for(int i=0; i<m; i++)
                matrix[i][0]=0;
           if(row==false)
             for(int j=0; j< n; j++)
               matrix[0][j]=0;
     int main()
        vector<vector<int>>matrix={{1,1,1},{1,0,1},{1,1,1}};
        setZeroes(matrix);
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for (int i = 0; i < matrix.size(); i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < matrix[0].size(); j++) {
         cout << matrix[i][j] << " ";
        cout<<"\n";
        return 0;
      Easy level-5 Move Zeroes
5.
      Code:
      #include <iostream>
      #include <bits/stdc++.h>
      using namespace std;
      void reorder(int A[], int n)
        int k = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
           if (A[i] != 0) {
             A[k++] = A[i];
        for (int i = k; i < n; i++) {
           A[i] = 0;
      int main(void)
        int A[] = \{6, 0, 8, 2, 3, 0, 4, 0, 1\};
        int n = sizeof(A) / sizeof(A[0]);
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reorder(A, n);
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           printf("%d", A[i]);
        return 0;
     Best Time to Buy and Sell Stock
6.
      Code:
     #include <bits/stdc++.h>
      #include <iostream>
     using namespace std;
     int maxprofit(int a[],int n)
        int pro=0;
        for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)
           for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
             int profit=a[j]-a[i];
             if(profit>pro)
             pro=profit;
        return pro;
     int main()
        int a[]=\{7,1,5,3,6,4\};
        int n=sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);
        cout<<maxprofit(a,n);</pre>
        return 0;
```

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Chocolate Distribution Problem
7.
      Code:
     #include <bits/stdc++.h>
     #include <iostream>
     using namespace std;
     int minimum distribution (int a[], int n, int m)
        if(m==0 || n==0)
        return 0;
        sort(a,a+n);
        if(n < m)
        return -1;
        int mini=INT_MAX;
        for(int i=0;i+m-1<n;i++)
          int diff=a[i+m-1]-a[i];
          if(diff<mini)</pre>
          mini=diff;
        return mini;
     int main()
        int a[]=\{7, 3, 2, 4, 9, 12, 56\};
        int n=sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);
        int m=3;
        cout<<minimumdistribution(a,n,m);</pre>
        return 0;
```

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Two Sum
8.
     Code:
     #include <bits/stdc++.h>
     #include <iostream>
     using namespace std;
     int sumoftwo(int a[],int n,int target)
     {
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
        {
          for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
            if(a[i]+a[j]==target)
            cout<<"a[i]= "<<i<<" "<<"a[j]= "<<j<<endl;
       return 0;
     int main()
       int a[]={2,7,11,15};
        int n=sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]);
```

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int target=9;
        cout<<sumoftwo(a,n,target);</pre>
        return 0;
     Best Time to Buy and Sell Stock II
9.
      Code:
     #include <bits/stdc++.h>
     #include <iostream>
     using namespace std;
      int maxProfit(int prices[],int n) {
          int diff=0;
          for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
             if(prices[i]>prices[i-1])
                diff=diff+prices[i]-prices[i-1];
```

DSA Sheet By Arsh

Solution of Array Easy level Problem

shivani patel

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return diff;
}
int main()
{
    int prices[]={7,1,5,3,6,4};
    int n=sizeof(prices)/sizeof(prices[0]);

    cout<<maxProfit(prices,n);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```