

## **REAL-TIME** STOCK PRICE ANALYSIS

## **PYSPARK AND KAFKA STREAMING**

PROJECT PRESENTATION

This project builds an end-to-end real-time data pipeline to ingest, process, and analyze live stock prices using Kafka and PySpark.

**Presenter: Team Everest** 

#### **Team Members:**

Bharat, Satish, Bikash, Samir, Arwind





## **Project Overview**



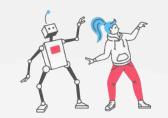
- Introduction to Real-Time Streaming
- Introduction to Apache Kafka
- Data Ingestion & Processing Pipeline
- Set up Kafka for streaming stock data
- Kafka Producer Setup
- Kafka Consumer Setup
- Set up PySpark Streaming in Databricks
- Define schema for stock price data
- Visualization and Streaming Data Sink
- Final Dashboard Visualization
- Libraries and Modules Used



- Conclusion
- Challenges of the Project
- Project Timeline
- References



## Introduction to Real-Time Streaming



Real-Time Stream Engines: They processes continuous streams of data as they arrive, enabling immediate insights and actions.

Examples: Amazon Kinesis (Case: I) & Apache Kafka (Case: II)

### Use Case I: E-Commerce Order Tracking

- Data Ingestion: Kinesis streams data from user activities like clicks and purchases.
- Processing: Real-time analytics for personalized recommendations and inventory updates.
- Outcome: Faster order tracking, instant alerts for delivery issues, and better customer experience.

#### **Use Case II:** Stock Price Monitoring

- Process:
  - Kafka receives live stock prices from exchanges.
  - Processes data to calculate moving averages and price volatility.
  - Generates real-time alerts for price fluctuations.
- Outcome: Immediate visualization and decision-making for traders.



amazon

## Introduction to Apache Kafka

Apache Kafka is a distributed streaming platform used for building real-time data pipelines and streaming applications. It handles large volumes of data in real time, offering fault tolerance, scalability, and high throughput.

## **Kafka Components:**

- Producer: Sends data (messages) to Kafka topics.
- Consumer: Reads data from Kafka topics.
- Broker: A Kafka server that manages topics and partitions.
- Topic: A category for messages, where data is stored.
- Partition: A division of a topic to distribute data across multiple servers.

#### **Example: Real-Time Stock Price Monitoring**

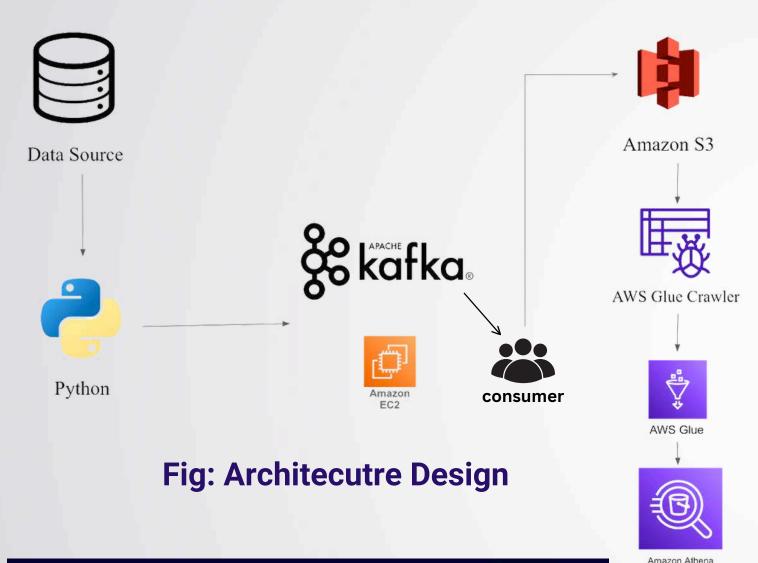
- 1. Scenario: A financial firm tracks real-time stock prices across various markets.
- 2. Kafka Flow:
  - Producer: Sends stock price data to the Kafka topic stock\_prices.
  - Kafka Broker: Stores and manages the stock price data in partitions.
  - Consumer: A real-time application consumes the data to calculate metrics like moving averages or trigger alerts if a price threshold is crossed.
- 3. Outcome: Real-time alerts notify traders of price changes, while dashboards visualize the data for further analysis.

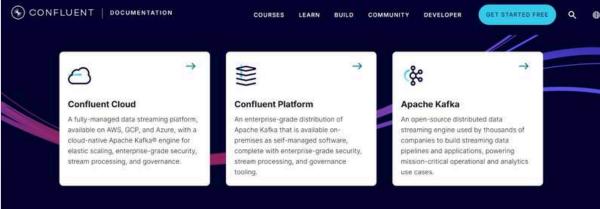




# Data Ingestion & Processing Pipeline

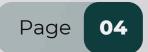






**Fig: Confluent Platform** 

- 1. **Data Source:** The raw data originates from a data source, which could be a database, logs, or other systems.
- 2. **Python:** A Python application processes or formats the raw data before sending it to the streaming platform.
- 3. **Apache Kafka:** Acts as a distributed messaging system for streaming data in real time. Kafka ensures scalability and durability for event-driven data.
- 4. **Amazon EC2:** Hosts services to manage Kafka producers, consumers, or other processing tasks.
- 5. Amazon S3: Data is streamed and stored in Amazon S3, a scalable object storage service.
- 6.**AWS Glue Crawler:** Automatically detects and catalogs the schema of the data in S3.
- 7.**AWS Glue:** Performs ETL (Extract, Transform, Load) processes to prepare data for querying.
- 8. Amazon Athena: Provides serverless SQL query capabilities on the prepared data for insights and analytics.





# Set up Kafka for streaming stock data



- Prerequisites: Ensure Java is installed and the system meets Kafka's requirements.
- Download Kafka: Get the Kafka binary from the official website and extract it.
- Start Zookeeper: Launch Zookeeper, which Kafka uses to manage metadata.
- Start Kafka Broker: Run the Kafka server to handle message distribution.
- Configure Kafka: Adjust the server.properties file for broker ID, log directories, and networking.
- Create Topics: Set up logical channels for message publishing and consumption.
- Test the Setup: Use Kafka's console tools to verify producer and consumer functionality.
- Monitor and Scale: Track performance with tools and add brokers to grow the cluster.



## Kafka Producer Setup



```
def delivery_report(err, msg):
   """Callback for delivery reports."""
       print(f"Delivery failed for record {msg.key()}: {err}")
       print(f"Record {msg.key()} successfully produced to {msg.topic()} [{msg.partition()}]")
def send_stock_data():
           # Randomly select a stock symbol from the list
           stock_symbol = random.choice(stock_symbols)
           # Generate random stock data with the selected stock symbol
           stock_message = {
                'Index': stock_symbol, # Use the stock symbol here
                'Date': datetime.now().strftime("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S"),
                'Open': round(random.uniform(100, 1500), 2),
                'High': round(random.uniform(1500, 2000), 2),
                'Low': round(random.uniform(50, 1499), 2),
                'Close': round(random.uniform(100, 1500), 2),
                'Adj Close': round(random.uniform(100, 1500), 2),
                'Volume': random.randint(10000, 1000000),
                'CloseUSD': round(random.uniform(100, 1500), 2)
```

The producer generates stock price data and sends it to a Kafka topic.

#### **Setup and Configuration:**

- Imports required libraries (Producer from confluent\_kafka, json, random, etc.).
- · Configures the Kafka producer with necessary parameters like bootstrap servers.

#### **Simulated Stock Data:**

- Generates random stock data for symbols like MSFT, AMZN, etc.
- Fields include Index, Date, Open, High, Low, Close, Adj\_Close, Volume, and CloseUSD.

#### **Publishing to Kafka:**

- Each record is serialized into JSON format.
- Published to the Kafka topic stocks\_analysis using the produce method.
- A delivery callback (delivery\_report) is used to handle success or error responses.

**Continuous Streaming:** The producer continuously sends new stock data every 3 seconds (time.sleep(3)). Terminates gracefully on a keyboard interrupt.

• snippest from the code



## Kafka Consumer Setup



#### **Integration with Kafka:**

• Reading Data from Kafka in PySpark: PySpark can act as a Kafka consumer to ingest real-time streaming data, ensuring low latency for smooth processing.

#### **Parsing JSON Data:**

- Convert JSON Strings: Use PySpark's from\_json function to parse JSON strings into structured data, based on a predefined schema.
- Transform into Tabular Format: Convert the raw JSON data into a structured DataFrame for more advanced analysis and real-time processing.

```
# Function to handle consuming messages and processing them
def process_kafka_messages():
       while True:
           message = kafka_consumer.poll(1.0) # Poll for new messages
           if message is not None and not message.error():
                  # Decode key and value safely and log for debugging
                   message_value = message.value().decode("utf-8") if message.value() else "{}"
                   print(f"Decoded Kafka message: {message_value}") # Debugging: Log the decoded message
                   # Parse message value as JSON
                                                                                                                                           data_frame.show()
                      record = json.loads(message value)
                   except json.JSONDecodeError as e:
                      print(f"Error decoding JSQN: {e}")
                   # Extract fields from the record with defaults to ensure robustness
                                                                                                                                            except Exception as e:
                   index = record.get("Index", "UnknownIndex") # Correct field name
                   date = record.get("Date", "UnknownDate")
                   open price = float(record.get("Open", 0.0))
                   high_price = float(record.get("High", 0.0))
                   low price = float(record.get("Low", 0.0))
                   close_price = float(record.get("Close", 0.0))
                   adj close = float(record.get("Adj Close", 0.0))
                   volume = int(record.get("Volume", 0))
                   close_usd = float(record.get("CloseUSD", 0.0))
```

```
# Create a DataFrame for the single record
data_frame = spark_session.createDataFrame(
        [(index, date, open_price, high_price, low_price, close_price, adj_close, volume, close_usd)],
        schema=data_schema
)

# Display the DataFrame in Databricks (optional for debugging/validation)
data_frame.show()

# Write the data to a Delta table in append mode
try:
        data_frame.write.format("delta").mode("append").save(delta_table_location)
        print("Data written to Delta table successfully.")
        except Exception as e:
            print(f"Error writing to Delta table: {e}")

except Exception as e:
            print(f"Error processing Kafka message: {e}")
elif message is not None and message.error():
            print(f"Kafka error: {message.error()}")
```

• snippest from the code



## PySpark Streaming in Databricks



### Why Databricks? databricks

- Unified Platform: Databricks integrates PySpark with collaborative tools for streamlined real-time data streaming and analysis.
- Scalable Performance: It handles large streaming datasets efficiently with automatic resource scaling.
- Ease of Use: Simplifies cluster management and monitoring, making streaming pipelines easier to build and maintain.

#### **Steps Involved** significant databricks

- Import Libraries: Load PySpark and Kafka-related libraries for handling streaming data and schemas.
- Configure Spark Session: Set up a Spark session with the Kafka broker details (bootstrap.servers).
- Subscribe to Topic: Read data from the stock\_prices Kafka topic using PySpark's structured streaming API.
- Define Schema: Create a schema to parse the incoming JSON data for structured processing.
- Process Stream: Transform and display real-time data using PySpark's streaming query capabilities.





# Define schema for stock price data



### Why Define a Schema?

- Simplifies Parsing: Makes data easier to process.
- Ensures Consistency: Guarantees uniform data structure.

#### **Schema Fields:**

- Index: String type, nullable (True).
- Date: String type, nullable (True).
- Open: Float type, nullable (True).
- **High:** Float type, nullable (True).
- Low: Float type, nullable (True).
- Close: Float type, nullable (True).
- Adj\_Close: Float type, nullable (True).
- Volume: Integer type, nullable (True).
- CloseUSD: Float type, nullable (True).

```
data_schema = StructType([
    StructField("Index", StringType(), True),
    StructField("Date", StringType(), True),
    StructField("Open", FloatType(), True),
    StructField("High", FloatType(), True),
    StructField("Low", FloatType(), True),
    StructField("Close", FloatType(), True),
    StructField("Adj_Close", FloatType(), True),
    StructField("Volume", IntegerType(), True),
    StructField("CloseUSD", FloatType(), True)
])
```

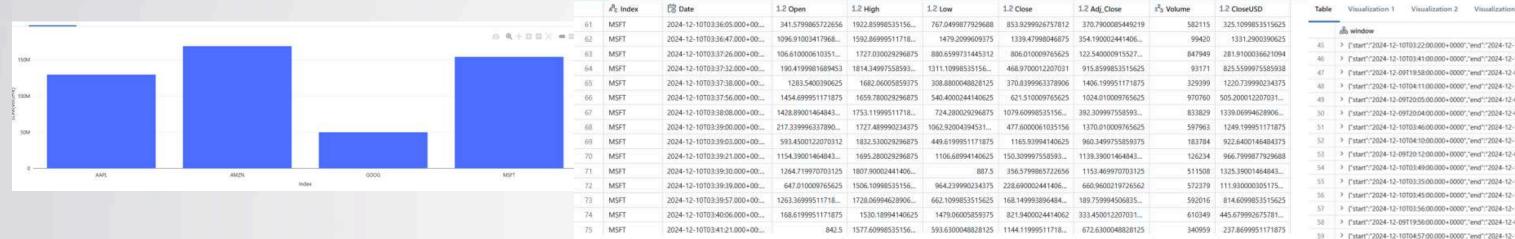
Defining schema



## Visualization and Streaming Data Sink







	de window	A <sup>0</sup> ∈ Index	1.2 moving_avg	1.2 volatility
45	> ("start":"2024-12-10703:22:00.000+0000","end":"2024-12-10703:23:00.000+0	GOOG	404.7799987792969	(mill)
46	> ("start":"2024-12-10T03:41:00:000+0000","end":"2024-12-10T03:42:00:000+0	MSFT	1004.5050048828125	534.1562969237816
47	<sup>2</sup> ("start":"2024-12-09T19:58:00:000+0000";"end":"2024-12-09T19:59:00:000+0	AMZN	864.9549961090088	422.0293049094091
40	> ("start":"2024-12-10T04:11:00.000+0000","end":"2024-12-10T04:12:00.000+0	AAPL	1105.9619873046875	258.5229126300882
49	> ("start":"2024-12-09T20:05:00.000+0000","end":"2024-12-09T20:06:00.000+0	GOOG	721.5120086669922	456.4307774548516
50	> ("start":"2024-12-09T20:04:00:000+0000","end":"2024-12-09T20:05:00:000+0	AMZN	1223.5799926757813	343.6054053184432
51	("start":"2024-12-10T03:46:00.000+0000","enid":"2024-12-10T03:47:00.000+0	AAPL	868.8749847412109	667.8723232630764
52	> ["start":"2024-12-10T04:10:00:000+0000","end":"2024-12-10T04:11:00:000+0	AAPL.	924.6625061035156	523.1102993489557
53	> ["start":"2024-12-09T20:12:00:000+0000","end":"2024-12-09T20:13:00:000+0	GOOG	874.6737442016602	389.948008694111
54	) ("start":"2024-12-10T03:49:00.000+0000","end":"2024-12-10T03:50:00.000+0	AMZN	640.0757228306362	308.3537850287885
55	) ("start":"2024-12-10T03:35:00:000+0000";"end":"2024-12-10T03:36:00:000+0	AAPL	745.4625015258789	523.9950691039431
56	) ("start":"2024-12-10703:45:00:000+0000","end":"2024-12-10703:46:00:000+0	MSFT	498.0559967041016	288.356778689590
57	> ["start":"2024-12-10T03:56:00:000+0000","end":"2024-12-10T03:57:00:000+0	AAPL	885.0299835205078	381.5440109612627
58	> ("start":"2024-12-09T19:56:00:000+0000","end":"2024-12-09T19:57:00:000+0	GOOG	1277.4300537109375	219,019247499381
59	("start":"2024-12-10T04:57:00.000+0000","end":"2024-12-10T04:58:00.000+0	MSFT	844.2250061035156	47.5953557153316

	A <sup>S</sup> c Index	A Date	1.2 Open	1.2 High	1.2 Low	1.2 Close	1.2 Adj Close	r <sup>2</sup> 3 Volume	1.2 CloseUSD	1.2 Moving Avg Close	1.2 Price A		A's Index	A <sup>B</sup> c Date	1.2 Open	1.2 High	1.2 Low	1.2 Close	1.2 Adj_Close	123 Volume	1.2 CloseUSD	1.2 Moving Avg Close	1.2 Price 4
11	MSFT	2024-12-09 19:16	206.399993296484_	1921.42004394531	467.4200134277344	465.2200012207031	155.1800048828125	498726	1075.5	612,3766581217448		66	GOOG	2024-12-09 19:14:	600.010009765625	1658.91003417968	495.3399963378906	207.529998779296	0	861956	1477.5400390625	565.4650115966797	r.
14	MSFT	2024-12-09 19:16	990.530029296875	1670.59997558593	417,7799987792969	520.1699829101562	705.9000244140625	543594	1384.550048828125	722.6233215332031		70	6006	2024-12-09 19:14	316.5	1513.59997558593_	289.6300048828125	947.27001953125	0	114921	940.239990234375	692.7333475748698	
6	MSFT	2024-12-09 19:16	282.4100036621094	1766.90002441406	1413.35998535156	432.820007324218	1412.2099609375	165678	204.279998773296	472.7366638183594		21	600G	2024-12-09 19:14	434.510009765625	1705.91003417968_	241.3800048828125	1191,41003417968	0	986659	1334.489990234375	782.0700174967448	
96	MISET	2024-12-09 19:16	662.4400024414062	1774.2900390625	216.740005493164	187,770004272460	373.299987792968	613558	266,570007324218	380.2533315022786		72	GOOG	2024-12-09-19:14:	775.4600219726562	1503.18005371093	175.389999389648	1262.15002441406	.0	445588	300.8500061035156	1133.6100260416667	Á.
9.7	MSFT	2024-12-09 19:16	875.1699829101562	1647.31994628906	186.229995727539_	255.2100067138672	901.8300170898438	578960	125.449996948242	291,93333943684894		73.	GOOG	2024-12-09 19:14:	1441.39001464843	1908.89001464843	1407.699951171875	600.5399780273438		629107	1039.89001464843	1018.0333455403646	E.
16	MSFT	2024-12-09-19:17	1132.83996582031	1781.67004394531	702.739990234375	867,4500122070312	1349-239990234375	402174	348.6099853515625	436.8100077311198		74	GOOG	2024-12-09 19:14:	261.309997558593	1617.68994140625	460.950012207031	1421.9599609375	0	653079	1165 969975703125	1095.5499877929688	1
79	MSFT	2024-12-09 19:17:	169.839996337890	1668.89001464843	919,1900024414062	131.410003662109	298.6600036621094	419803	1208-27001953125	418.0233408610026		75	600G	2024-12-09 19:15:	1124.47998046875	1601.16003417968	360.049987792968	1277.08996582031		451087	997.4600219726562	1100.5299682617188	į.
90	MSFT	2024-12-09 19:17	1280.34997558592	1942.31994628906	73.62999725341797	803.0499877929688	466.5400085449219	89316	523.1699829101562	600.6366678873698		76	6006	2024-12-09 19:15:	844.010009765625	1618.39001464843	953,4600219726562	1028.2099609375		575934	423.070007324218	1243.0866292317708	1
01	MSFT	2024-12-09-19:17:	872.219970703125	1877.93994140625	1126.949951171875	262.4599914550781	1405.949951171875	316676	599.5399780273438	398.97332763671875		77	6006	2024-12-09 19:15:	1305.52996583031	1832.0400390625	225	796.0800170898438	0	329954	1340.2900390625	1033.7933146158855	
02	MSFT	2034-12-09 19:17	1330.39001464843	1525.06005859375	640.8400268554688	202.25	373.8599853515625	642523	B33.4400024414062	422.58665974934894		28	GOOG	2024-12-09 19:15	1487,35998533156	1712.989990234375	466.3900146484375	628.4000244140625	0	E18816	876.0499877929688	817.5633341471354	e ·
103	MSFT	2024-12-09 19:17	815.02001953125	1995.85998535156	279.7300109863281	1414.82995605468	645.3499755859375	195022	375.260009765625	626.5133158365885		79	6006	2024-12-09 19:15:	163.229995727539	1874.90002441406	1379.33996582031	618.77001953125	431.809997558593	298584	1018.84002685546	681.0833536783854	6.
04	MSFT	2024-12-09 19:18:	1425.06005859375	1918.75	455,8900146484375	1238.86999511718	1361,72998046875	200024	244.160003662109,	951.9833170572916		80	6006	2024-12-09 19:16:	207.0500030517578	1783.09997558593_	175.6199951171875	626.6400146484375	435-450012207031	296821	589.4000244140625	624.6033528645834	
125	MSFT	2024-12-09 19:19	1263,67004394531	1954.199951171875	852,4199829101562	1219.93005371093	890.8200073242188	323755	410.7099914550781	1291.2100016276042		83	600G	2024-12-09 19:16:	644.0999755859375	1536.61999511718_	280.4800109863281	1485.47998046875	1169.010009765625	959732	966.010009765625	910.2966715494791	a a
06	MSFT	2024-12-09 19:19	290,6199951171875	1696.82995605468	1491,92004394531	305,6700134277344	823.2100219726562	397971	1343.14001464843	921.4900207519531	v		GOOG	2024-12-09 19:16	113.0199966430664	1733.050048828125	1432.41003417968	1492.9599609375	235,2899932861328		1010.20001220703	1201.6933186848958	
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1.2 Price	1.2 Moving Avg_Close	1.2 CloseUSD	z <sup>2</sup> 3 Volume	1.2 Adj_Close	1.2 Close	12 Low	1.2 High	1.2 Open	6°c Date	A'E Index	
	813.8699951171875	281.239990234375	833752	0	£13.8699951171875	915.5	1929.31994628906	1190.699951171875	2024-12-09 19:13:	AAPL	1
	629.4550018310547	749.6599731445312	75644	0	445.0400085449219	721.530029296875	1989.41003417968	479.1099853515625	2024-12-09 19:14	AAPL	2
	715.1699930826823	142.2100067138672	63463	0	886.5999755859375	425.3900146484375	1597.1199951171E	1402.43994140625	2024-12-09 19:14	AAPL	2
	497.72999572753906	198.779998779296	248933		161.5500030517578	845.780029296875	1500,18994140625	1446.67004394531_	2024-12-09 19:14	AAPL	4
	433.816655476888	877:9099731445312	812992	0	259.299987792968	495.3399963378906	1719.469970703125	544.6799926757812	2024-12-09 19:14	AAPL	5
	444.7856668701172	993.4099731445312	657230	0	913.510009765625	942.6900024414062	1749.030029296675	1392.530029296875	2024-12-09 19:15:	AAPL	6
	447.5833333333333	206.1199951171875	917635	.0	169.940002441406	600.3499755859375	1859.33996582031	1327,11999511718	2024-12-09 19:15:	AAPL	7
	633.0799967447916	698.0800170898438	139227	0	815.7899780273438	501.1700134277344	1915.38000488291	202.410003662109	2024-12-09 19:15:	AAPL	1
	#10.5999755859375	345.3599853515625	527850	- 0	1446.06994628906	113.739997863769	1807.22998046875	677.5	2024-12-09 19:15:	AAPL	9.
	1049.9432983398438	1311.93994140625	672279	191.309997558593	887.969970703125	1138.72998046875	1925.989990234375	103.510002136230	2024-12-09 19:16:	AAPL	10
	1218.3399658203125	313 5899963378906	25017	529.5700073242188	1320.97998046875	773.7999877929688	1809:81994628906	826.52001953125	2024-12-09 19:16:	AAPL	11
	1060.7633260091145	915.780029296875	373400	101.449996948242	973.3400268554688	783.0900268554688	1687.81005859375	971.0499877929688	2024-12-09 19:16:	AARL	12 :
	1019.4299926757812	553.75	731029	478.6099853515625	763.969970703125	996.0400268554688	1833.510009765625	400,8999938964844	2024-12-09 19:16:	AAPL	18
	723.0333353678385	1485.75	13136	533.1400146484375	431.7900085449219	1201.02001953125	1802.300048828125	1249.35998535156	2024-12-09 19:16:	AAFL	14

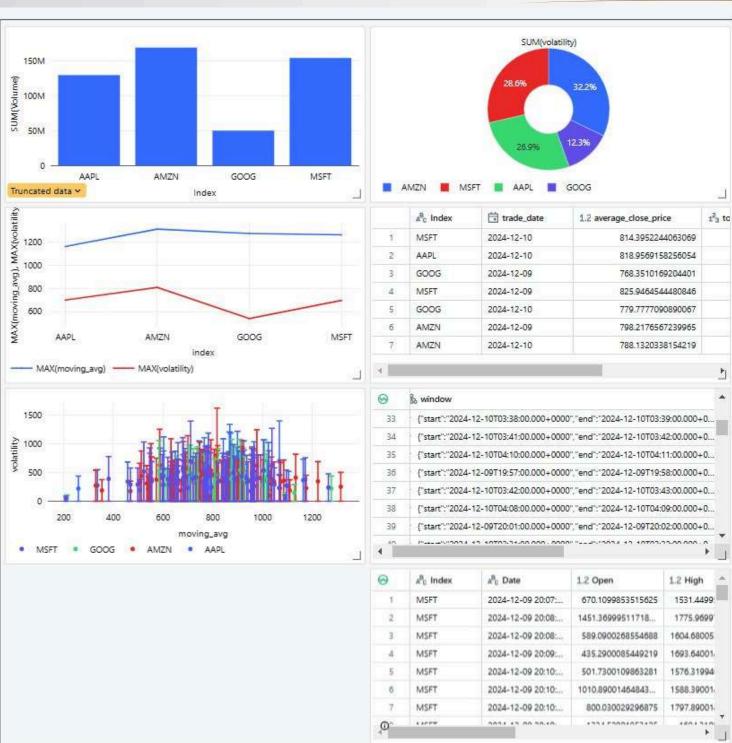
- Streaming Data Sink (Top Left)
- Stock Symbol Filtering (Top Middle)
- Real-Time Aggregation (Moving Averages & Volatility) (Top Right)
- Daily Summary Calculation (Bottom Left)
- Price Change and Volatility Calculation (Bottom Middle)
- Stock Price Alerts (Bottom Right)



## **Final Dashboard** Visualization







- Bar Chart (Top Left): Shows the total trading volume for stocks (AAPL, AMZN, GOOG, MSFT), identifying the most actively traded stock.
- Pie Chart (Top Right): Displays the percentage contribution of each stock to overall volatility.
- Line Chart (Middle Left): Compares maximum moving averages (price trends) and maximum volatilities for stocks.
- Bar chart (Bottom Left): Correlates volatility with moving averages to analyze stock price stability and trends.
- Summary Table (Middle Right): Provides key metrics like average closing price for each stock by date.
- Window Data Table (Bottom Right): Shows real-time streaming batches with processing windows and metrics.
- Raw Data Table (Bottom Right Corner): Displays unprocessed stock data like Open, High, and Volume for analysis.



# LIBRARIES AND MODULES USED

















- Confluent Kafka Integration: Real-time stock price streaming through Kafka's message queuing.
- PySpark Data Processing: Utilizes PySpark for efficient and scalable data processing and analytics.
- Interactive Dashboard: Provides visualizations (bar charts, pie charts, line graphs) for tracking stock performance and trends.
- Stock Symbol Coverage: Currently limited, but can be expanded for broader market analysis.
- Scalability Challenges: Potential issues with scaling, addressed in future enhancements.
- Future Enhancements: Expanding stock symbols, adding advanced analytics, and improving scalability for better performance.

## **Future Work**



**Enhanced Data Analytics** 

Integrate machine learning for price predictions, sentiment analysis from news or social media, and anomaly detection to provide smarter insights for traders.



Real-Time Alerts

Implement an alert system that notifies users of significant market changes, such as price shifts or volatility spikes, enabling quick decision-making.



Deploy the system on cloud platforms to handle larger datasets, improve scalability, and provide easier access for a broader user base.

# Challenges of the Project



## Data Quality and Consistency

Validating and cleaning realtime data for accuracy.



Scalability

Configuring Kafka and PySpark to handle large data volumes.



Latency

Minimizing delays to ensure realtime processing.



Fault Tolerance and Reliability

Ensuring system recovery with Kafka replication and PySpark checkpoints.



## Complex Event Processing (CEP)

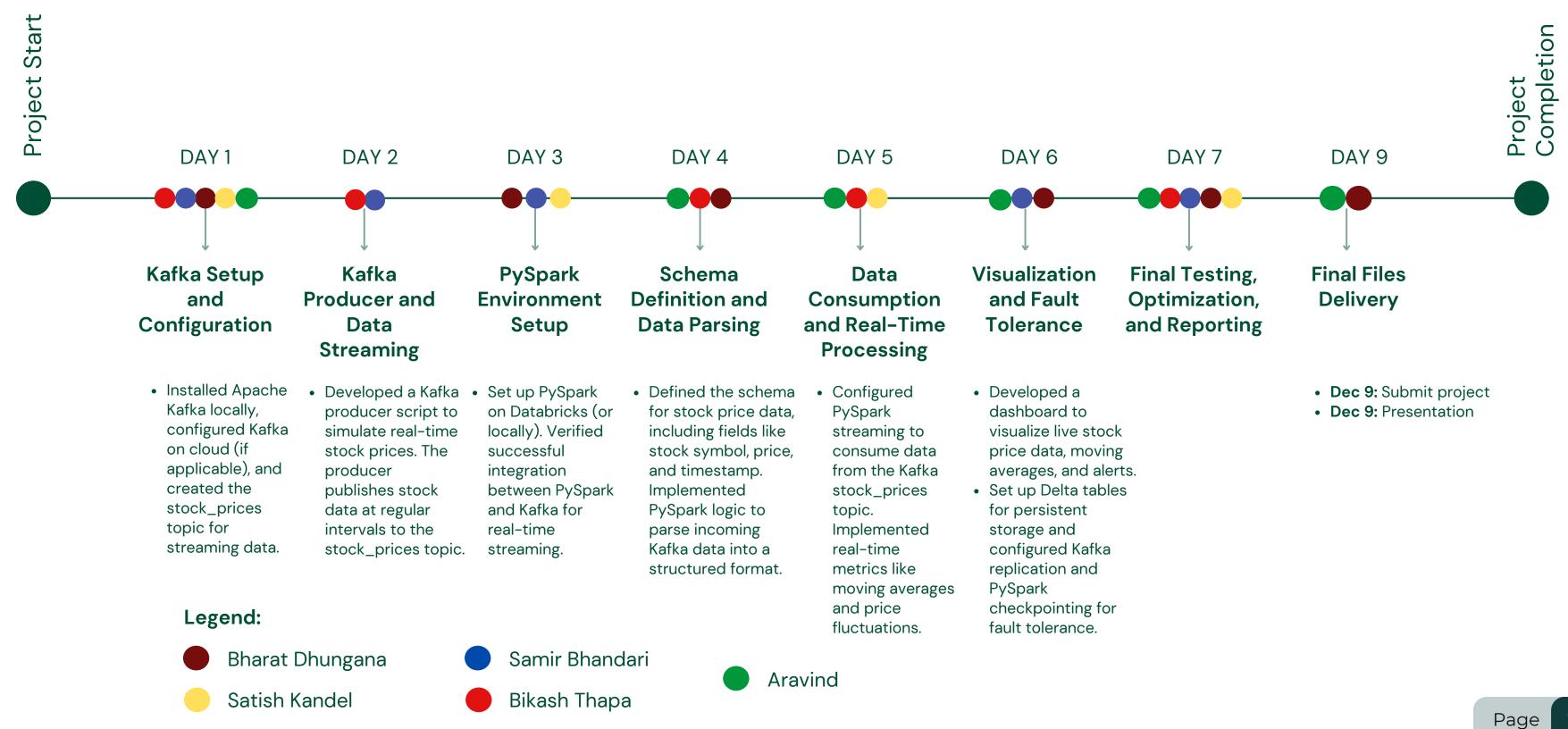
Detecting real-time patterns and anomalies efficiently.



## Real-Time Visualization

Displaying live data and insights through dashboards.

## Project Timeline



## References

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## Thank You

**For Your Attention** 

Any Queries?

We are open for discussion.





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