

CS-585 Natural Language Processing

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Today

- 1. About the course
- 2. About me
- 3. About you
- 4. About language and linguistics
- 5. Math

THIS COURSE



Goals

- Breadth of coverage: Familiarity with a wide range of task types and methods in natural language processing
- Depth in key areas: Mastery of critical concepts and algorithms for NLP
- Preparedness for further study: introduction to deep learning frameworks as applied to NLP, such that current research papers will be accessible

Prerequisites

- Math
 - Linear algebra
 - Probability
- Programming
 - Python 3
 - Basic algorithms and data structures
 - Access to a Unix system

Methods

Exams

- Open-book, multiple choice (mostly)
- No electronics allowed
- Midterm will cover material through October 5
- Final will cover material from the entire course

Class Project

- We will create a new dataset for text categorization
- Three parts
 - 1. Data labeling
 - 2. Annotation analysis
 - 3. NLP Modeling



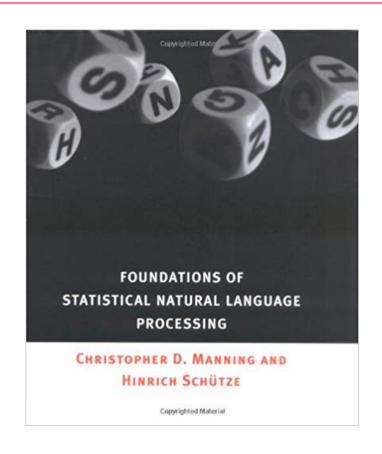
Grading: Available Points

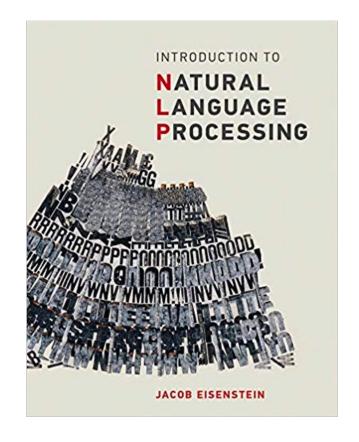
Assignment	Points
Project part 1: Annotation	175
Project part 2: Analysis	150
Project part 3: Modeling	175
Midterm	200
Final	300
Total:	1000

Grading: Letter Grades

Points	Grade
900-1000	A
750-899	В
550-749	С
0-550	E

Readings





Lecture plan

- 1. Foundational concepts
- 2. Consideration of progressively higher levels of linguistic structure
- 3. Connection to neural networks at end of each unit

Academic Honesty

- If you violate the academic honesty policy (such as unauthorized/undocumented collaboration, cheating, etc.), I will report it to the university
- Depending on the severity of the violation, it can result in
 - zero points on the respective assignment,
 - E in the course,
 - suspension from the university,
 - expulsion from the university
- Full guidelines: https://web.iit.edu/student-affairs/handbook/fine-print/code-academic-honesty

Americans With Disabilities Act

Reasonable accommodations will be made for students with documented disabilities. In order to receive accommodations, students must obtain a letter of accommodation from the Center for Disability Resources.

The Center for Disability Resources (CDR) is located in 3424 S. State St., room 1C3-2 (on the first floor), telephone: 312.567.5744 or disabilities@iit.edu



INTRODUCTION

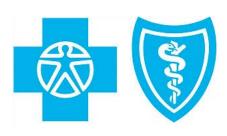


Me

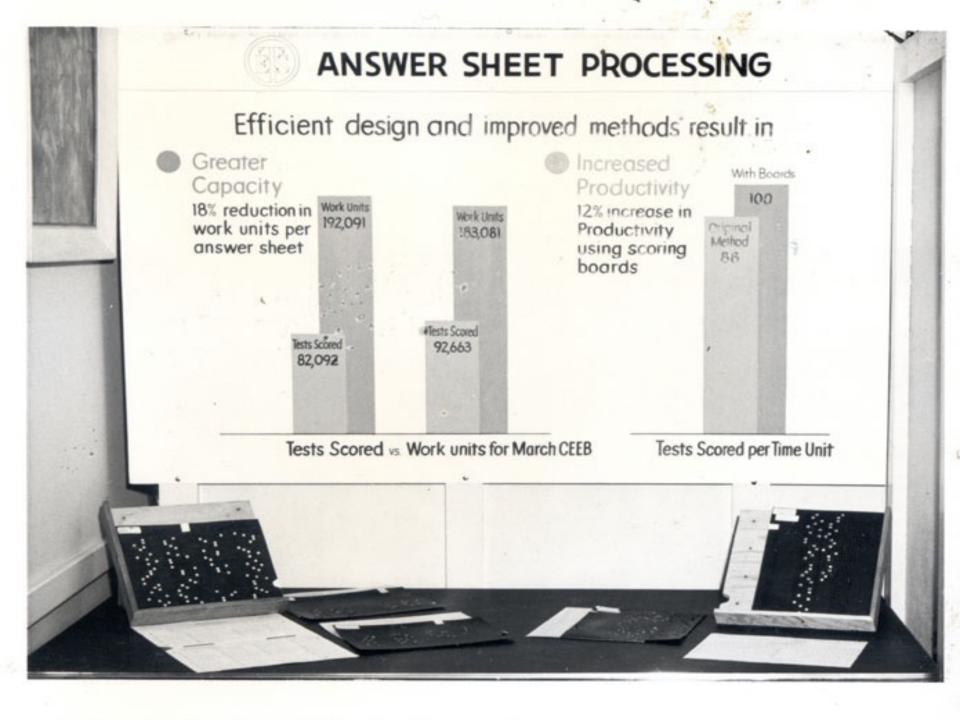






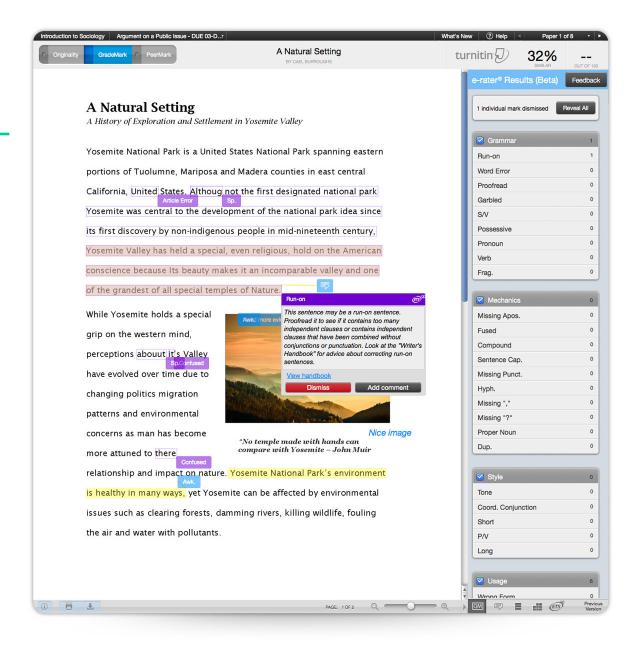






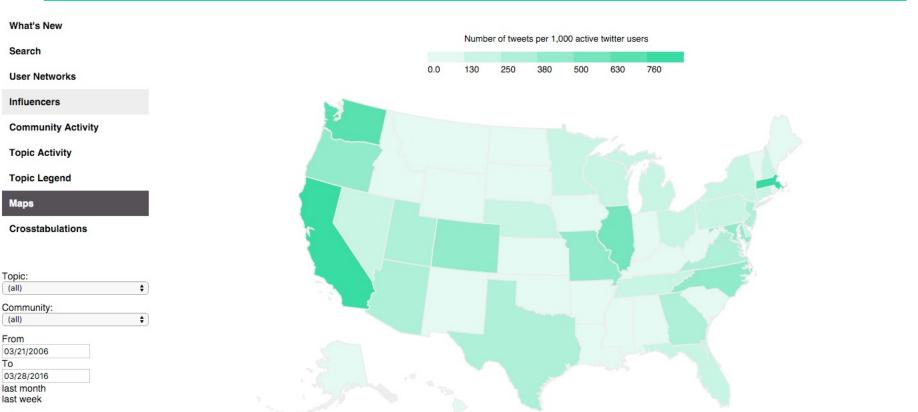
Open-ended Written Responses

 Cf. Shermis, Mark, Jill Burstein, Derrick Higgins & Klaus Zechner. (2009). Automated essay scoring: Writing assessment and instruction. International Encyclopedia of Education, Third Edition. United Kingdom, Elsevier.



?

Data Science for Data Science



Last updated: Mar 21, 2016 **02** /04



Claims / Underwriting

American Family utilizes Arturo data throughout multiple parts of their business to improve underwriting performance, identify risk within their book by identifying changes, and predicting the right resources necessary to respond to claim events.



GETTING TO KNOW YOU



Questions for you

How many of you

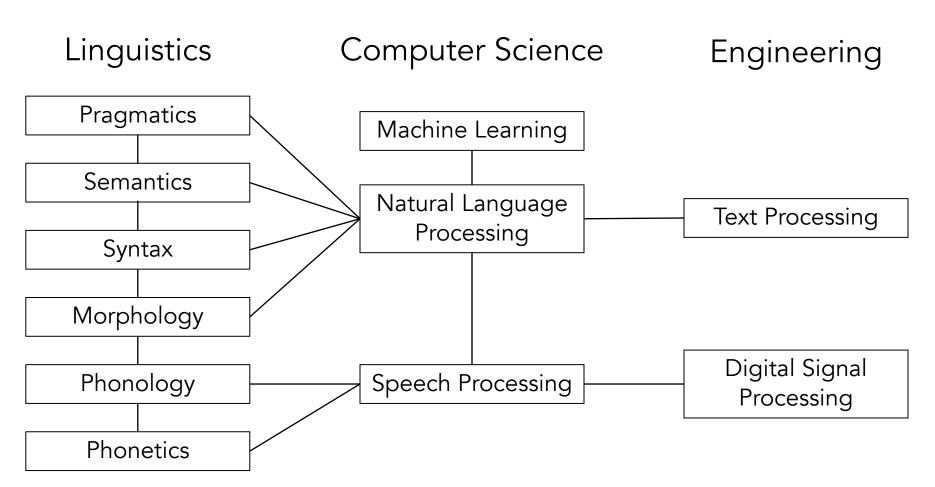
- ...know python?
- ...have worked with Unix shell?
- ...have taken a machine learning course?

LANGUAGE, LINGUISTICS AND NLP

Some terminology

- **Text processing**: Engineering practices for transforming, normalizing, compressing or accessing textual data
- Natural language processing: The study of methods for exploiting or generating language represented as text, for practical tasks
- Computational linguistics: The use of computational tools to understand or learn the structure of human languages
- Speech processing: The study of methods for exploiting or generating language represented as audible waveforms, for practical tasks

Adjacent fields

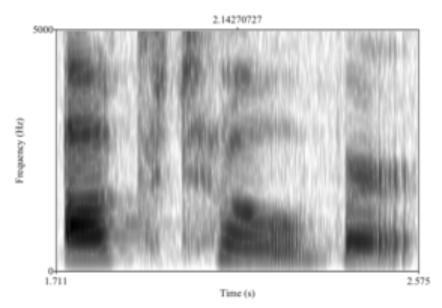


Phonetics

The study of speech sounds

- Articulatory phonetics deals with the physiological speech process
- Acoustic phonetics deals with the sound waves produced

- Speech recognition
- Speech synthesis
- Clinical speech pathology



https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=14508443

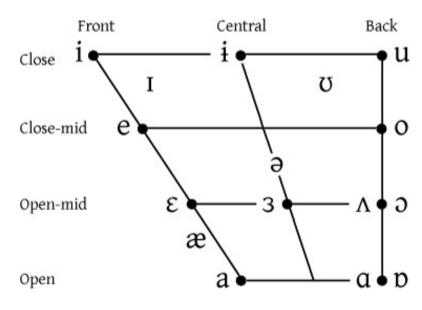


Phonology

The structure and patterning of sounds within a language

- Segmental phonology deals with phonemes (minimal contrastive units)
- Suprasegmental phonology deals with tones, prosody and stress accent
- Subsegmental phonology deals with features of phonemes

- Speech recognition
- Speech synthesis



https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=18555461

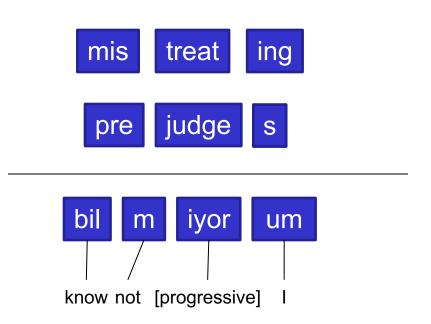


Morphology

The internal structure of words

 Morphemes include stems, prefixes, suffixes and infixes

- Stemming / lemmatization
- Compound breaking
- Inflection generation (NLG)

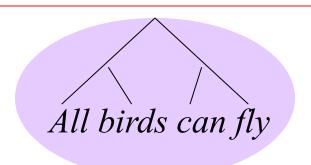


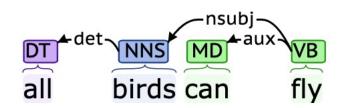


Syntax

The structure of words and phrases within a sentence

 Different formalisms, coming from the American (phrase structure) and European (dependency grammar) structuralist traditions





- Part-of-speech tagging
- Entity extraction
- Syntactic parsing (CFG)
- Syntactic parsing (dependencies)



Semantics

The representation of meaning in language

- At different levels: lexical, sentential, textual
- Logical formalisms: reference and truth conditions

$\forall x (bird(x) \rightarrow fly(x))$

$$kill(x, y) :=$$
 Cause(x, Become(¬Alive(y)))

- Word embedding/encoding
- Lexical resources
- Semantic role labeling



Pragmatics

How language is used to achieve specific intentions

- Conversational implicatures: how I interpret what you say because of what I assume you're trying to do
- Speech acts

Applications:

- Speech act labeling
- Discourse structure parsing
- Dialogue systems

"I ate most of your cookies"

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I did not eat <u>all</u> of your cookies

"Where does your brother live?"

F

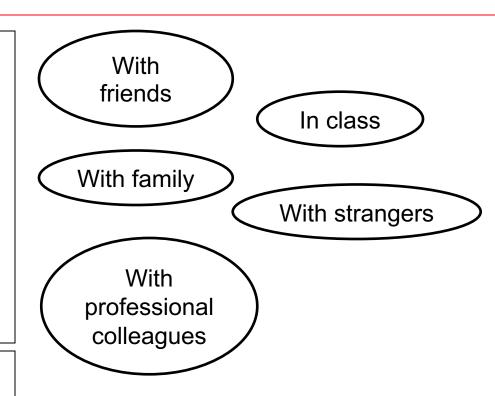
I do not know where your brother lives



Sociolinguistics

Language use patterns associated with particular groups, or language used to communicate status relative to a group

- Stylometrics / authorship attribution
- Forensic linguistics
- Natural language generation





Historical Linguistics

Language change over time

- Lexical innovation
- Phonological change
- Language contact

beet e: boot beat ε: boat bate a: bout

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Great Vowel Shift2c.svg

- Linguistic typology
- Digital humanities



Psycholinguistics

Language as a cognitive function

- Role of brain areas in language production and processing
- Language learning

- Language pathology
- Assistive technology



http://arikaokrent.com/bio.html



And of course...

Not all NLP tasks relate to a single linguistic domain.

E.g., machine translation involves morphology, syntax, semantics and pragmatics (at least)

Why is NLP hard?

• The "hidden structure" of language is ambiguous at all levels!

Consider the simple proverb:

Time flies like an arrow



Word sense ambiguity

- Time: "abstract time", "a specific point in time", "to measure time"
- flies: "moves through the air", "little pesky insects"
- like: "similar to", "have affection for"
- arrow: "pointy stick shot from a bow", "to move straight towards a target"

Time flies like an arrow



Part of speech ambiguity

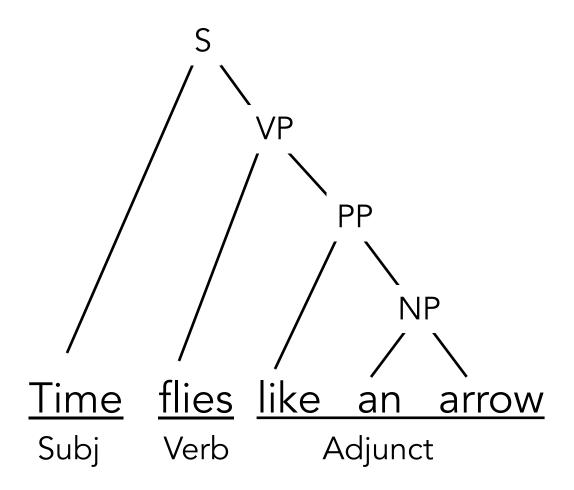
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VB

VB NNS NN VB

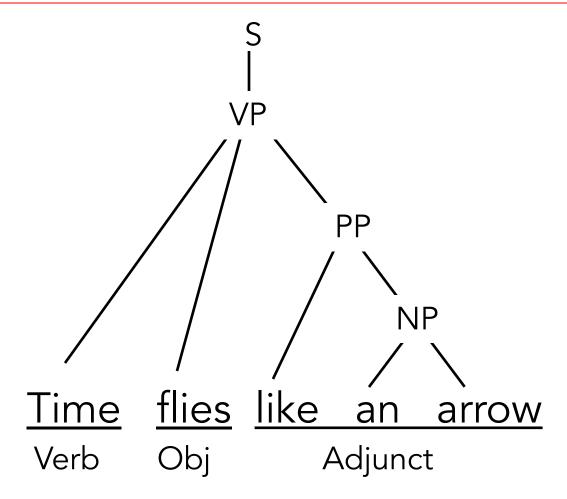
NN VBZ IN DT NN

Time flies like an arrow
```

Syntactic ambiguity



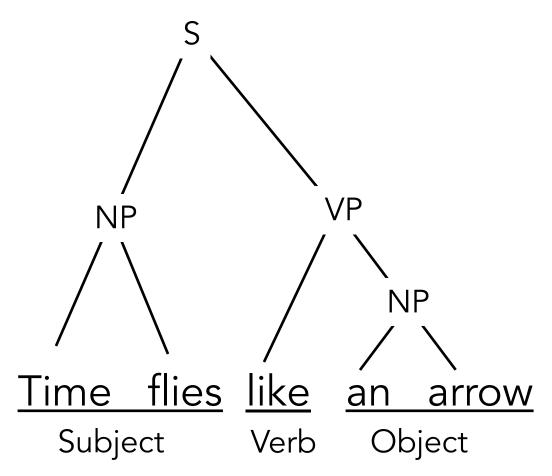
Syntactic ambiguity



...instead of timing them like a snail! ILLINOIS INSTITUTE

OF TECHNOLOGY

Syntactic ambiguity



...but fruit flies like a banana!



Newspaper Headlines

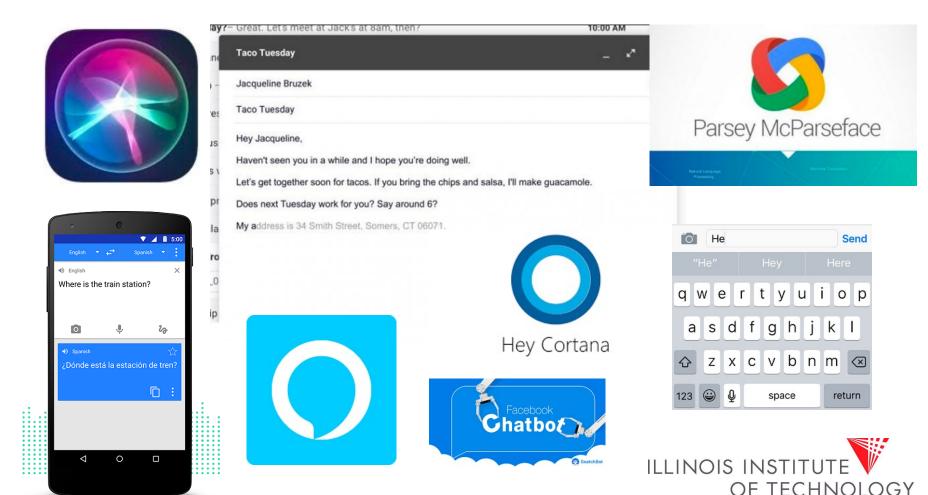
- Ban on Nude Dancing on Governor's Desk from a discussion of current legislation
- Juvenile Court to Try Shooting Defendant
- Stolen Painting Found by Tree
- British Left Waffles on Falkland Islands
- Red Tape Holds Up New Bridges
- Kids Make Nutritious Snacks
- Hospitals Sued by Seven Foot Doctors

A Changing Target

- Neologisms (= new words/phrases):
 - cosmocrat, technocrat, davos man
 - megacryometeor
 - flash mob, carjack
 - googling, spam, blogger, wi-fi
 - kleptocracy, identity theft
 - just-in-time learning, egoboo
- Also sentence structure, though it's subtler...

Such a great time to get into NLP!

There is so much we can do now!



Such a great time to get into NLP!

- There is so much we <u>still can't</u> do!
 - Handle real-world knowledge and logical inferences
 - Deal with limited-data contexts and low resource languages
 - Transfer learning across tasks and domains (although we're getting better)
 - Integrate information across modalities: text, imagery, action sequences
 - Infer linguistic structure without manual labeling based on human judgements

ILLINOIS INSTIT

DEMO: SLACK

Slack Channel Usage

- #general channel
 - Ask clarification questions publicly so that everyone can benefit from the answers
 - Email OK for personal concerns