CODING INEQUALITIES

A*B means A is greater than B. A/B means A is less than or equal to B. A # B means A is greater than or equal to B. A @ B means A is equal to B.	**Statements:** X @ Y, Y # Z and Z / A **Conclusions:** I. X / A II. X @ A	a) Only I is true b) Only II is true c) Both are correct d) None of these is true
A+B means A is equal to B A-B means A is not equal to B A=B means A is greater than B A*B means A is greater than or equal to B A/B means A is less than B	**Statements:** M + N, N * O, O - P **Conclusions:** I. M / N II. M + O	a) Only I is true b) Only II is true c) Both are correct d) None of these is true
A+B means A is greater than B A-B means A is equal to B A=B means A is not equal to B A$B means A is greater than equal to B A/B means A is not less than equal to B	**Statements:** C - D, A $ B, D + A **Conclusions:** I. B / D II. C + B	a) Only I is true b) Only II is true c) Both are correct d) None of these is true
A + B means A is equal to B A - B means A is less than B A = B means A is not equal to B A*B means A is greater than B A/B means A is less than equal to B	**Statements:** K - M, K / L, L + N **Conclusions:** I. M – L II. M / N	a) Only I is true b) Only II is true c) Both are correct d) None of these is true
A + B means A is not equal to B A-B means A is greater than B A€B means A is less than B A*B means A is equal to B A/B means A is greater than equal to B	**Statements:** P * Q, Q - R, R € T **Conclusions:** I. P – R II. R = Q	a) Only I is true b) Only II is true c) Both are correct d) None of these is true
P+Q means P is greater than Q. P*Q means P is greater than or equal to Q. P= Q means P is equal to Q. P/Q means P is less than Q. P-Q means P is less than or equal to Q.	**Statements:** X / R, R + Y, Y - X, Z + Y, Z * R **Conclusions:** (I) (Y - X) +R (II) Z (X / R)	a) Only I is true b) Only II is true c) Both are correct d) None of these is true
A+B means A is greater than B A-B means A is equal to B A=B means A is not equal to B A*B means A is greater than equal to B A/B means A is not less than equal to B	**Statements:** C – D, A * B, D + A **Conclusions:** I. B / D II. C + B	a) Only I is true b) Only II is true c) Both are correct d) None of these is true
A+B means A is greater than equal to B A-B means A is equal to B A=B means A is less than B A*B means A is equal to B A/B means A is greater than B	**Statements:** D * G, G - H, H / J **Conclusions:** I.D * H II. G / J	a) Only I is true b) Only II is true c) Both are correct d) None of these is true
" % " denotes "greater than" " > " denotes "equal to" " - " denotes "not less than" " @ " denotes "not equal to" " # " denotes "less than" " * " denotes "not greater than"	**if A % B # C, it follows that**	a) A > C # B b) B – A % C c) A – B * C d) C * B – A

CODING INEQUALITIES

P+Q-R means P and Q are greater than R. P* Q means P and Q are equal. P-Q means P is greater than Q. P/Q+R means R is greater than P and Q. P% Q means Q is greater than P.	**Statements:** (B % (A * F)) + (B - (C / D + E)), C - D **Conclusions:** (I) (B-C) % A (II) B-((E % D) -A)	a) Only I is true b) Only II is true c) Both are correct d) None of these is true
A - B means A plus B. A # B means A multiplied with B. A / B means A is greater than or equal to B. A ? B means A is less than B.	**Statements:** (V # X) / (V - X), X ? Y and Z / Y **Conclusions:** (I) X? Z (II) (V-X)? (V # X)	a) Only I is true b) Only II is true c) Both are correct d) None of these is true
A+B means A is greater than B A-B means A is equal to B A=B means A is not equal to B A*B means A is greater than equal to B A/B means A is not less than equal to B	**Statements:** A/B*C=D **Conclusions:** I. B-D II. B=D	a) Only conclusion I is true b) Either conclusion is true c) Only conclusion II is true d) Neither conclusion is true
A@B means A is not greater than B. A!B means A is greater than B. A*B means A is not less than B. A%B means A is less than B. A#B means A is neither greater nor less than B.	**Statements:** M ! H , K % M, G # H **Conclusions:** (I) H # K (II) M * G	a) Only conclusion I follows b) Both I and II follow c) Only conclusion II follows d) Neither I nor II follows e) Either I or II follows
	Statements: E @ F , D % E , T * F **Conclusions:** (I) D % F (II) T * E	a) Only conclusion I follows b) Both I and II follow c) Only conclusion II follows d) Neither I nor II follows e) Either I or II follows
	Statements: T # Y , Y % L, G * L **Conclusions:** (I) L ! T (II) G * T	a) Only conclusion I follows b) Both I and II follow c) Only conclusion II follows d) Neither I nor II follows e) Either I or II follow