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Day 2 – Querying & Modifying Data

1. Create Database command.

```
create database insuranceDB;
```

2. Create table commands for all the tables with constraints, relationships etc.

```
create table Customers (CustomerID int identity primary key, FirstName varchar(30) not null, LastName varchar(30) not null, DateOfBirth date, Phone varchar(20) not null, Email varchar(20) not null unique);
```

```
create table Policies (PolicyID int identity primary key, PolicyName varchar(30) not null, PolicyType varchar(30) not null, PremiumAmount money not null, DurationYears int not null);
```

```
create table Agents (AgentID int identity primary key, AgentName varchar(30) not null, Phone varchar(20) not null, City varchar(20) not null);
```

```
create table PolicyAssignments (AssignmentID int primary key, CustomerID int not null, PolicyID int not null, AgentID int, StartDate date not null, EndDate date not null, CONSTRAINT FK_PA_Customers FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customers (CustomerID), CONSTRAINT FK_PA_Policies FOREIGN KEY (PolicyID) REFERENCES Policies (PolicyID), CONSTRAINT FK_PA_Agents FOREIGN KEY (AgentID) REFERENCES Agents (AgentID));
```

```
create table Claims (ClaimID int identity primary key, AssignmentID int not null, ClaimDate date not null, ClaimAmount decimal(10,2) not null, ClaimStatus varchar(20) not null, constraint FK_Claims foreign key (AssignmentID) references PolicyAssignments (AssignmentID));
```

3. Insert commands for all tables.

```
INSERT INTO Customers (FirstName, LastName, DateOfBirth, Phone, Email) VALUES ('Bharath', 'Gurumetkal', '2003-10-05', '9566225566', 'bharath@gmail.com'), ('abhi', 'ram', '2004-09-05', '6655225566', 'abhi@gmail.com'), ('sai', 'sesh', '2001-05-22', '8899669966', 'sai@gmail.com'), ('harshini', 'gupta', '2005-06-06', '9566225566', 'harsh@gmail.com');
```

```
INSERT INTO Policies (PolicyName, PolicyType, PremiumAmount, DurationYears) VALUES ('Health Secure', 'Health', 10000.00, 1), ('Life Secure', 'Life', 25000.00, 2), ('Child Future', 'Education', 12000.00, 3), ('Retirement Plus', 'Pension', 30000.00, 1), ('Home Safety', 'Property', 20000.00, 2);
```

```
INSERT INTO Agents (AgentName, Phone, City) VALUES ('Rahul', '9876543210', 'Delhi'), ('sai', '9123456780', 'Mumbai'), ('Ram', '8933456780', 'Pune'), ('Shyam', '6655889900', 'Hyderabad');
```

```
INSERT INTO PolicyAssignments VALUES (1, 1, 1, 1, '2023-01-01', '2024-01-01'), (2, 2, 2, 2, '2023-03-15', '2025-03-14'), (3, 3, 3, 1, '2022-06-01', '2025-05-31');
```

```
INSERT INTO Claims (AssignmentID, ClaimDate, ClaimAmount, ClaimStatus) VALUES (1, '2023-06-10', 5000.00, 'Approved');
```

(2, '2024-01-05', 8000.00, 'Pending'),
(3, '2023-11-20', 3000.00, 'Rejected');

4. Select commands

1. View all records Customers table.

`select * from Customers;`

	CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	DateOfBirth	Phone	Email
1	1	Bharath	Gurumetkal	2003-10-05	9566225566	bharath@gmail.com
2	2	abhi	ram	2004-09-05	6655225566	abhi@gmail.com
3	3	sai	sesb	2001-05-22	8899669966	sai@gmail.com
4	4	harshini	gupta	2005-06-06	9566225566	harsh@gmail.com

2. View all records of PolicyAssignment table with CustomerID, PolicyID, StartDate and EndDate columns only.

`select CustomerID,PolicyID,StartDate,EndDate from PolicyAssignments;`

	CustomerID	PolicyID	StartDate	EndDate
1	1	1	2023-01-01	2024-01-01
2	2	2	2023-03-15	2025-03-14
3	3	3	2022-06-01	2025-05-31

3. Display all policies of Health type.

`select * from Policies where PolicyType='Health';`

	PolicyID	PolicyName	PolicyType	PremiumAmount	DurationYears
1	1	Health Secure	Health	10000.00	1

4. Display policies having premium amount more than 10000 and DurationYears is 1.

`select * from Policies where PremiumAmount>10000 and DurationYears=1;`

	PolicyID	PolicyName	PolicyType	PremiumAmount	DurationYears
1	4	Retirement Plus	Pension	30000.00	1

5. Display unique city names from where agents belong to.

`select distinct City from Agents;`

	City
1	Delhi
2	Hyderabad
3	Mumbai
4	Pune

6. List policies of type Life, Health, Motor use OR clause.

`select * from Policies where PolicyType='Life' or PolicyType='Health' or PolicyType='Motor';`

	PolicyID	PolicyName	PolicyType	PremiumAmount	DurationYears
1	1	Health Secure	Health	10000.00	1
2	2	Life Secure	Life	25000.00	2

7. List policies of type Life, Health, Motor use IN operator.

`select * from Policies where PolicyType IN ('Life','Health','Motor');`

	PolicyID	PolicyName	PolicyType	PremiumAmount	DurationYears
1	1	Health Secure	Health	10000.00	1
2	2	Life Secure	Life	25000.00	2

8. Display list of customers born after January 1 st , 2001 and before December 31 st , 2020 using >= and <= operators.

`select * from Customers where DateOfBirth >= '2001-01-01' AND DateOfBirth <= '2020-12-31';`

	CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	DateOfBirth	Phone	Email
1	1	Bharath	Gurumetkal	2003-10-05	9566225566	bharath@gmail.com
2	2	abhi	ram	2004-09-05	6655225566	abhi@gmail.com
3	3	sai	ses	2001-05-22	8899669966	sai@gmail.com
4	4	harshini	gupta	2005-06-06	9566225566	harsh@gmail.com

9. Display list of customers born after January 1 st , 2001 and before December 31 st , 2020 using between operator.

`select * from Customers where DateOfBirth between '2001-01-01' AND '2020-12-31';`

	CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	DateOfBirth	Phone	Email
1	1	Bharath	Gurumetkal	2003-10-05	9566225566	bharath@gmail.com
2	2	abhi	ram	2004-09-05	6655225566	abhi@gmail.com
3	3	sai	ses	2001-05-22	8899669966	sai@gmail.com
4	4	harshini	gupta	2005-06-06	9566225566	harsh@gmail.com

10. Display claims data where claim status is Rejected.

`select * from Claims where ClaimStatus='Rejected';`

	ClaimID	AssignmentID	ClaimDate	ClaimAmount	ClaimStatus
1	4	3	2023-11-20	3000.00	Rejected

11. Display records of Agents who stay in a city whose second letter is 'a'

`select * from Agents where City like '_a%';`

	AgentID	AgentName	Phone	City
1	5	Abhi	9988663355	Bangalore

12. Display highest and lowest claimAmount from Claims table.

`select MAX(ClaimAmount) as highest_claimamount, MIN(ClaimAmount) as lowest_claimamount from Claims;`

	highest_claimamount	lowest_claimamount
1	8000.00	3000.00

13. Display latest claim record.

`select top 1 * from Claims order by ClaimDate desc;`

	ClaimID	AssignmentID	ClaimDate	ClaimAmount	ClaimStatus
1	3	2	2024-01-05	8000.00	Pending

14. Increase premium amount to 10% for all health insurance policies.

`update Policies set PremiumAmount=PremiumAmount*1.10 where PolicyType='Health';`

(1 row affected)

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15. Delete the record of PolicyAssignments whose EndDate is before today's date.

`delete from PolicyAssignments where EndDate < GETDATE();`

16. Display no of claims rejected.

`select count(ClaimStatus) as rejected_count from Claims where ClaimStatus='Rejected';`

	rejected_count
1	1

17. Display PolicyId, PolicyName, PremiumAmount along with computed fields not in table à 6% LocalTaxes, PremiumAmountWithTax and MonthlyPremiumAmount considering PremiumAmount is Annual.

`select
PolicyID,
PolicyName,
PremiumAmount,
PremiumAmount * 0.06 as LocalTaxes,
PremiumAmount + (PremiumAmount * 0.06) as PremiumAmountWithTax,
PremiumAmount / 12.0 as MonthlyPremiumAmount`

`from Policies;`

	PolicyID	PolicyName	PremiumAmount	LocalTaxes	PremiumAmountWithTax	MonthlyPremiumAmount
1	1	Health Secure	11000.00	660.0000	11660.0000	916.666666
2	2	Life Secure	25000.00	1500.0000	26500.0000	2083.333333
3	3	Child Future	12000.00	720.0000	12720.0000	1000.000000
4	4	Retirement Plus	30000.00	1800.0000	31800.0000	2500.000000
5	5	Home Safety	20000.00	1200.0000	21200.0000	1666.666666

18. Write a command to add Address and City Columns in the Customers table.

`ALTER table Customers ADD Address varchar(50), City varchar(30);`

19. Write a command to add a new column named DevOfId (DevelopmentOfficerId) in an existing Agents table.

`alter table Agents Add DevOfId int;`

20. Write command to make the above DevOfId as a recursive foreign key to AgentId as Parent.

`alter table Agents
Add constraint fk_Agents_DevofId
foreign key (DevOfId)
references Agents(AgentID);`

5. Queries using Joins, Group By, Having etc.

1. List all Policies for a CustomerId 5.

`select p.PolicyID, p.PolicyName, p.PolicyType, p.PremiumAmount, pa.StartDate, pa.EndDate from
PolicyAssignments pa JOIN Policies p on pa.PolicyID = p.PolicyID`

where pa.CustomerID = 5;

	PolicyID	PolicyName	PolicyType	PremiumAmount	StartDate	EndDate
1	4	Retirement Plus	Pension	30000.00	2024-01-01	2025-01-01
2	5	Home Safety	Property	20000.00	2023-09-01	2024-09-01

2. View all customers with their policies.

Select

c.FirstName,c.LastName,p.PolicyID,p.PolicyName,p.PolicyType,p.PremiumAmount,pa.StartDate,pa.EndDate

from Customers c

JOIN PolicyAssignments pa on c.CustomerID = pa.CustomerID

JOIN Policies p on pa.PolicyID = p.PolicyID;

	FirstName	LastName	PolicyID	PolicyName	PolicyType	PremiumAmount	StartDate	EndDate
1	Bharath	Gurumetkal	1	Health Secure	Health	11000.00	2023-01-01	2024-01-01
2	abhi	ram	2	Life Secure	Life	25000.00	2023-03-15	2025-03-14
3	sai	sesb	3	Child Future	Education	12000.00	2022-06-01	2025-05-31
4	ramesh	rao	4	Retirement Plus	Pension	30000.00	2024-01-01	2025-01-01
5	ramesh	rao	5	Home Safety	Property	20000.00	2023-09-01	2024-09-01

3. View claims with customer name.

select

c.FirstName,c.LastName,cl.ClaimID,cl.ClaimDate,cl.ClaimAmount,cl.ClaimStatus from Claims cl JOIN

PolicyAssignments pa on cl.AssignmentID = pa.AssignmentID JOIN Customers c

on pa.CustomerID = c.CustomerID;

	FirstName	LastName	ClaimID	ClaimDate	ClaimAmount	ClaimStatus
1	Bharath	Gurumetkal	2	2023-06-10	5000.00	Approved
2	abhi	ram	3	2024-01-05	8000.00	Pending
3	sai	sesb	4	2023-11-20	3000.00	Rejected

4. Display FirstName, PolicyName, AgentName, StartDate and EndDate from their respective tables.

select c.FirstName,p.PolicyName,a.AgentName,pa.StartDate,pa.EndDate

from PolicyAssignments pa

JOIN Customers c

on pa.CustomerID = c.CustomerID

JOIN Policies p

on pa.PolicyID = p.PolicyID

JOIN Agents a

on pa.AgentID = a.AgentID;

	FirstName	PolicyName	AgentName	StartDate	EndDate
1	Bharath	Health Secure	Rahul	2023-01-01	2024-01-01
2	abhi	Life Secure	sai	2023-03-15	2025-03-14
3	sai	Child Future	Rahul	2022-06-01	2025-05-31
4	ramesh	Retirement Plus	sai	2024-01-01	2025-01-01
5	ramesh	Home Safety	Rahul	2023-09-01	2024-09-01

5. Display claims report with FirstName, PolicyName, ClaimAmount, ClaimStatus, and ClaimDate from their respective tables.

select c.FirstName,p.PolicyName,cl.ClaimAmount,cl.ClaimStatus,cl.ClaimDate

from Claims cl join PolicyAssignments pa on cl.AssignmentID = pa.AssignmentID

join Customers c on pa.CustomerID = c.CustomerID

join Policies p on pa.PolicyID = p.PolicyID;

	FirstName	PolicyName	ClaimAmount	ClaimStatus	ClaimDate
1	Bharath	Health Secure	5000.00	Approved	2023-06-10
2	abhi	Life Secure	8000.00	Pending	2024-01-05
3	sai	Child Future	3000.00	Rejected	2023-11-20

6. Display records of Customers with or without Policies.

```
select c.CustomerID,c.FirstName,c.LastName,p.PolicyName,p.PolicyType
from Customers c
left join PolicyAssignments pa
on c.CustomerID = pa.CustomerID
left join Policies p
on pa.PolicyID = p.PolicyID;
```

	CustomerID	FirstName	LastName	PolicyName	PolicyType
1	1	Bharath	Gurumetkal	Health Secure	Health
2	2	abhi	ram	Life Secure	Life
3	3	sai	sesh	Child Future	Education
4	4	harshini	gupta	NULL	NULL
5	5	ramesh	rao	Retirement Plus	Pension
6	5	ramesh	rao	Home Safety	Property

7. Display all Customers with NO Claims.

```
select c.CustomerID,c.FirstName,c.LastName
from Customers c left join PolicyAssignments pa
on c.CustomerID = pa.CustomerID
left join Claims cl on pa.AssignmentID = cl.AssignmentID
where cl.ClaimID IS NULL;
```

	CustomerID	FirstName	LastName
1	4	harshini	gupta
2	5	ramesh	rao
3	5	ramesh	rao

8. Show CustomerName with Total Claim Amount per Customer.

```
select c.FirstName+' '+ c.LastName as Customer_name,sum(cl.ClaimAmount) as Total_claim_amount
from Customers c join PolicyAssignments pa on c.CustomerID = pa.CustomerID
join Claims cl on pa.AssignmentID = cl.AssignmentID
group by c.FirstName, c.LastName;
```

	Customer_name	Total_claim_amount
1	Bharath Gurumetkal	5000.00
2	abhi ram	8000.00
3	sai sesh	3000.00

9. Show names and total claim amount of Customers With Claim Amount > 50000 (UseHAVING Clause).

```
select concat(c.FirstName, ' ', c.LastName) as CustomerName,sum(cl.ClaimAmount) as total_claim_amount
from Customers c join PolicyAssignments pa on c.CustomerID = pa.CustomerID join Claims cl on
pa.AssignmentID = cl.AssignmentID
group by c.FirstName, c.LastName having sum(cl.ClaimAmount) > 50000;
```

	CustomerName	total_claim_amount
1	abhi ram	60000.00

10. Display list with Agent Wise Policy Count.

```
select a.AgentName, count(pa.PolicyID) as policy_count from Agents a  
left join PolicyAssignments pa on a.AgentID = pa.AgentID group by a.AgentID, a.AgentName;
```

	AgentName	policy_count
1	Rahul	3
2	sai	2
3	Ram	0
4	Shyam	0
5	Abhi	0