

# Project 5

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## **Abstract**

This project is to demonstrate the capabilities of implementing constructing and deconstructing HOL Terms using the tools and techniques - L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X, AcuTeX, emacs and ML.

Each chapter documents the given problems with a structure of:

1. Problem Statement
2. Relevant Code
3. Execution Transcripts
4. Explanation of results

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# Executive Summary

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All requirements for this project are statisfied specifically, and by using HOL proved the below theorems:

$$\vdash \forall l_1 \ l_2. \text{LENGTH } (\text{APP } l_1 \ l_2) = \text{LENGTH } l_1 + \text{LENGTH } l_2$$

$$\vdash \text{Map } f \ (\text{APP } l_1 \ l_2) = \text{APP } (\text{Map } f \ l_1) \ (\text{Map } f \ l_2)$$

$$\vdash \forall f. \text{nexpVal } (\text{Add } (\text{Num } 0) \ f) = \text{nexpVal } f$$

$$\vdash \forall f_1 \ f_2. \text{nexpVal } (\text{Add } f_1 \ f_2) = \text{nexpVal } (\text{Add } f_2 \ f_1)$$

$$\vdash \forall f. \\ (\text{nexpVal } (\text{Sub } (\text{Num } 0) \ f) = 0) \wedge \\ (\text{nexpVal } (\text{Sub } f \ (\text{Num } 0)) = \text{nexpVal } f)$$

$$\vdash \forall f_1 \ f_2 \ f_3. \\ \text{nexpVal } (\text{Mult } f_1 \ (\text{Mult } f_2 \ f_3)) = \\ \text{nexpVal } (\text{Mult } (\text{Mult } f_1 \ f_2) \ f_3)$$

## Exercise 11.6.1

---

### 2.1 Problem Statement

In this exercise we need to prove the theorem:  $\vdash \forall l_1 l_2. \text{LENGTH} (\text{APP } l_1 l_2) = \text{LENGTH } l_1 + \text{LENGTH } l_2$

### 2.2 Relevant Code

```
val LENGTHAPP=
TACPROOF(
  ([],
  ‘!(l1: 'a list)(l2: 'a list).
    (LENGTH (APP l1 l2)) =(LENGTH l1 + LENGTH l2) ‘),
  Induct_on ‘l1 ‘ THEN
  ASMREWRITE_TAC[ADD_CLAUSES, APP_def, LENGTH])

val _ = save_thm("LENGTHAPP", LENGTHAPP);
```

### 2.3 Execution Transcripts

1

```
> > # # # Definition has been stored under "APP_def"
val APP_def =
|- (! (l1 : 'a list). APP ([] : 'a list) l1 = l1) /\
  ! (h : 'a) (l1 : 'a list) (l2 : 'a list). APP (h::l1) l2 = h::APP l1 l2:
  thm
> # # # # # # # val LENGTH_APP =
|- ! (l1 : 'a list) (l2 : 'a list).
  LENGTH (APP l1 l2) = LENGTH l1 + LENGTH l2:
  thm
```

#### 2.3.1 Explanation of Results

The above results shows that the requirements are satisfied.

## Exercise 11.6.2

### 3.1 Problem Statement

In this exercise we need to prove the theorem:  $\vdash \text{Map } f (\text{APP } l_1 \ l_2) = \text{APP } (\text{Map } f \ l_1) (\text{Map } f \ l_2)$

### 3.2 Relevant Code

```

val Map_def =
  Define
    ‘(Map f [] = []) /\ (Map f (x::f1) = f x::Map f (f1)) ‘;

val Map_APP =
  TACPROOF(
    ([],
    ‘‘Map f (APP l1 l2) = APP (Map f l1) (Map f l2) ‘‘),
    Induct_on ‘l1 ‘ THEN
    ASMREWRITE_TAC[ADD_CLAUSES, Map_def, APP_def])

val _ = save_thm("Map_APP", Map_APP);

```

### 3.3 Execution Transcripts

```

> > ##### <<HOL message: inventing new type variable names: 'a, 'b>>
val Map_APP =
  |- Map (f : 'b -> 'a) (APP (l1 : 'b list) (l2 : 'b list)) =
    APP (Map f l1) (Map f l2):
  thm

```

1

#### 3.3.1 Explanation of Results

The above results shows that the requirements are satisfied.

## Exercise 11.6.3

### 4.1 Problem Statement

In this exercise we need to prove the following:

- $\vdash \forall f. \text{nexpVal } (\text{Add } (\text{Num } 0) f) = \text{nexpVal } f$
- $\vdash \forall f_1 f_2. \text{nexpVal } (\text{Add } f_1 f_2) = \text{nexpVal } (\text{Add } f_2 f_1)$
- $\vdash \forall f. (\text{nexpVal } (\text{Sub } (\text{Num } 0) f) = 0) \wedge (\text{nexpVal } (\text{Sub } f (\text{Num } 0)) = \text{nexpVal } f)$
- $\vdash \forall f_1 f_2 f_3. \text{nexpVal } (\text{Mult } f_1 (\text{Mult } f_2 f_3)) = \text{nexpVal } (\text{Mult } (\text{Mult } f_1 f_2) f_3)$

### 4.2 Relevant Code

```

val _ = Datatype
'nextp = Num num | Add nextp nextp | Sub nextp nextp | Mult nextp nextp';

val Add_0 =
TACPROOF(([] , '!( f : nextp ). nextVal (Add (Num 0) f) = nextVal (f) ' '),
Induct_on 'f' THEN
ASMREWRITE_TAC[nexpVal_def] THEN
ASMREWRITE_TAC[ADD_CLAUSES]);

val _ = save_thm("Add_0", Add_0)

val Add_SYM =
TACPROOF(([] , '!f1 f2. nextVal (Add f1 f2) = nextVal (Add f2 f1) ' '),
Induct_on 'f1' THEN
PROVE_TAC [nexpVal_def, ADD_SYM]);

val _ = save_thm("Add_SYM", Add_SYM)

val Sub_0 =
TACPROOF(([] ,
'!f. (nextVal (Sub (Num 0) f) = 0)
(nextVal (Sub f (Num 0)) = nextVal f) ' '),
STRIP_TAC THEN
ASMREWRITE_TAC[nexpVal_def] THEN
PROVE_TAC[nexpVal_def, SUB_0]);

```



```

val _ = save_thm("Sub_0", Sub_0)

val Mult_ASSOC =
TACPROOF([[]], ' '! f1 f2 f3.
  nexpVal (Mult f1 (Mult f2 f3)) =
  nexpVal (Mult (Mult f1 f2) f3) '!',
REPEAT STRIP_TAC THEN
PROVE_TAC[nexpVal_def, MULT_ASSOC]);

val _ = save_thm("Mult_ASSOC", Mult_ASSOC)

```

## 4.3 Execution Transcripts

```

> # <<HOL message: Defined type: "nexp">>
> # val nexp_one_one =
  |- (! (a : num) (a' : num). (Num a = Num a') <=> (a = a')) /\
  (! (a0 : nexp) (a1 : nexp) (a0' : nexp) (a1' : nexp).
    (Add a0 a1 = Add a0' a1') <=> (a0 = a0') /\ (a1 = a1')) /\
  (! (a0 : nexp) (a1 : nexp) (a0' : nexp) (a1' : nexp).
    (Sub a0 a1 = Sub a0' a1') <=> (a0 = a0') /\ (a1 = a1')) /\
  ! (a0 : nexp) (a1 : nexp) (a0' : nexp) (a1' : nexp).
    (Mult a0 a1 = Mult a0' a1') <=> (a0 = a0') /\ (a1 = a1')):
  thm
> # val nexp_distinct_clauses =
  |- (! (a1 : nexp) (a0 : nexp) (a : num). Num a <> Add a0 a1) /\
  (! (a1 : nexp) (a0 : nexp) (a : num). Num a <> Sub a0 a1) /\
  (! (a1 : nexp) (a0 : nexp) (a : num). Num a <> Mult a0 a1) /\
  (! (a1' : nexp) (a1 : nexp) (a0' : nexp) (a0 : nexp).
    Add a0 a1 <> Sub a0' a1') /\
  (! (a1' : nexp) (a1 : nexp) (a0' : nexp) (a0 : nexp).
    Add a0 a1 <> Mult a0' a1') /\
  ! (a1' : nexp) (a1 : nexp) (a0' : nexp) (a0 : nexp).
    Sub a0 a1 <> Mult a0' a1'):
  thm
> # # # # # Definition has been stored under "nexpVal_def"
val nexpVal_def =
  |- (! (f : num). nexpVal (Num f) = f) /\
  (! (f1 : nexp) (f2 : nexp).
    nexpVal (Add f1 f2) = nexpVal f1 + nexpVal f2) /\
  (! (f1 : nexp) (f2 : nexp).
    nexpVal (Sub f1 f2) = nexpVal f1 - nexpVal f2) /\
  ! (f1 : nexp) (f2 : nexp).
    nexpVal (Mult f1 f2) = nexpVal f1 * nexpVal f2:
  thm
> # # # # val Add_0 =
  |- ! (f : nexp). nexpVal (Add (Num (0 : num)) f) = nexpVal f:
  thm
> > # # # # Meson search level: .....
Meson search level: .....
Meson search level: .....
Meson search level: .....
val Add_SYM =
  |- ! (f1 : nexp) (f2 : nexp). nexpVal (Add f1 f2) = nexpVal (Add f2 f1):
  thm
> > # # # # # Meson search level: ....
val Sub_0 =
  |- ! (f : nexp).
    (nexpVal (Sub (Num (0 : num)) f) = (0 : num)) /\
    (nexpVal (Sub f (Num (0 : num))) = nexpVal f):
  thm
> > # # # # # Meson search level: .....
val Mult_ASSOC =
  |- ! (f1 : nexp) (f2 : nexp) (f3 : nexp).
    nexpVal (Mult f1 (Mult f2 f3)) = nexpVal (Mult (Mult f1 f2) f3):
  thm
> > >

```

### **4.3.1 Explanation of Results**

The above results shows that the requirements are satisfied.

# Appendix A: Exercise 11.6.1 and 11.6.2

The following code is from the file exTypeScript.sml

```
(***** *)
(* Exercise: Chapter 11 *)
(* Author: Bharath Karumudi *)
(* Date: Aug 10, 2019 *)
(***** *)

structure exTypeScript = struct
open HolKernel Parse boolLib bossLib;
open listTheory TypeBase arithmeticTheory

(* === interactive mode ===
map load ["boolTheory","TypeBase","bexpTheory"];
open boolTheory TypeBase bexpTheory
=== end interactive mode === *)

val _ = new_theory "exType";

val APP_def =
Define
‘(APP [] (l1: 'a list) = l) /\
  (APP (h :: (l1 : 'a list)) (l2: 'a list) = h :: (APP l1 l2))’

(***** *)
(* Exercise: 11.6.1 *)
(* l1 l2 . LENGTH (APP l1 l2) = LENGTH l1 + LENGTH l2 *)
(***** *)

val LENGTHAPP=
TACPROOF(
([],
‘!(l1: 'a list)(l2: 'a list).
  (LENGTH (APP l1 l2)) = (LENGTH l1 + LENGTH l2)’,
Induct_on ‘l1’ THEN
ASMREWRITE_TAC[ADD_CLAUSES, APP_def, LENGTH])

val _ = save_thm("LENGTHAPP", LENGTHAPP);

(***** *)
```

---

```

(* Exercise: 11.6.2
*)
(* ‘ Map f (APP l 1 l 2 ) = APP (Map f l 1 ) (Map f l 2 )
   (******)
*)

val Map_def =
Define
‘(Map f [] = []) /\ (Map f (x::f1) = f x::Map f (f1))‘;

val Map_APP =
TACPROOF(
([],
‘‘Map f (APP l1 l2) = APP (Map f l1) (Map f l2) ‘‘),
Induct_on ‘l1‘ THEN
ASMREWRITE_TAC[ADD_CLAUSES, Map_def, APP_def])

val _ = save_thm("Map_APP", Map_APP);

(* *****)
(* Exporting Theory
   (*****)

val _ = export_theory();
val _ = print_theory "-";

end (* Structure *)

```

## Appendix B: Exercise 11.6.3

The following code is from the file `nexpScript.sml`

```
(***** *)
(* Exercise: Chapter 11.6.3 *)
(* Author: Bharath Karumudi *)
(* Derived from: bexpScript.sml *)
(* Date: Aug 10, 2019 *)
(***** *)

structure nexpScript = struct
open HolKernel Parse boolLib bossLib;
open TypeBase boolTheory arithmeticTheory

(* === interactive mode ===
map load ["boolTheory","TypeBase","nexpTheory"];
open boolTheory TypeBase nexpTheory
=== end interactive mode === *)

val _ = new_theory "nexp";

(***** *)
(* Introduce the syntax of natural number expression nexp *)
(***** *)
val _ = Datatype
  'nexp = Num num | Add nexp nexp | Sub nexp nexp | Mult nexp nexp';

(***** *)
(* Prove that identical nexp's have identical components *)
(***** *)
val nexp_one_one = one_one_of '':nexp'
val _ = save_thm("nexp_one_one", nexp_one_one)

(***** *)
(* Prove that the different forms of bexp expressions are distinct *)
(***** *)
val nexp_distinct_clauses = distinct_of '':nexp'
val _ = save_thm("nexp_distinct_clauses", nexp_distinct_clauses)

(***** *)
(* Define the semantics of nexp expressions *)
(***** *)
val nexpVal_def =
  Define
  '(nexpVal (Num f) = f )/\
```

---

```

(nexpVal (Add f1 f2) = (nexpVal f1) + (nexpVal f2)) /\
(nexpVal (Sub f1 f2) = (nexpVal f1) - (nexpVal f2)) /\
(nexpVal (Mult f1 f2) = (nexpVal f1) * (nexpVal f2))‘

```

```

(*****
(* Prove nexpVal (Add (Num 0) f) = nexpVal f *)
(*****)

```

```

val Add_0 =
TACPROOF([[]], ‘!(f:nexp).nexpVal(Add (Num 0) f) = nexpVal (f)‘),
Induct_on ‘f‘ THEN
ASMREWRITE_TAC[nexpVal_def] THEN
ASMREWRITE_TAC[ADD_CLAUSES]);

```

```

val _ = save_thm("Add_0",Add_0)

```

```

(*****
(* Prove nexpVal (Add f1 f2) = nexpVal (Add f2 f1) *)
(*****)

```

```

val Add_SYM =
TACPROOF([[]], ‘!f1 f2.nexpVal (Add f1 f2) = nexpVal (Add f2 f1)‘),
Induct_on ‘f1‘ THEN
PROVE_TAC [nexpVal_def, ADD_SYM]);

```

```

val _ = save_thm("Add_SYM",Add_SYM)

```

```

(*****
(* Prove (nexpVal (Sub (Num 0) f) = 0)
*)
(* (nexpVal (Sub f (Num 0)) = nexpVal f) *)
(*****)

```

```

val Sub_0 =
TACPROOF([[]],
‘!f.(nexpVal (Sub (Num 0) f) = 0)
(nexpVal (Sub f (Num 0)) = nexpVal f)‘),
STRIP_TAC THEN
ASMREWRITE_TAC[nexpVal_def] THEN
PROVE_TAC[nexpVal_def, SUB_0]);

```

```

val _ = save_thm("Sub_0",Sub_0)

```

```

(*****
(* Prove f1 f2 f3.
*)
(* nexpVal (Mult f1 (Mult f2 f3)) = *)
(* nexpVal (Mult (Mult f1 f2) f3) *)
(*****)

```

---

```

val Mult_ASSOC =
TACPROOF(([] , ‘ ‘! f1 f2 f3 .
    nexpVal (Mult f1 (Mult f2 f3)) =
    nexpVal (Mult (Mult f1 f2) f3) ‘ ‘),
REPEAT STRIP_TAC THEN
PROVE_TAC[nexpVal_def , MULT_ASSOC]);

```

```

val _ = save_thm("Mult_ASSOC",Mult_ASSOC)

```

```

(*****
(* Exporting Theory *)
*****)

```

```

val _ = export_theory();
val _ = print_theory "-";

```

```

end (* Structure *)

```