

Project 3A

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Abstract

This project is to demonstrate the capabilities of implementing constructing and deconstructing HOL Terms using the tools and techniques - L^AT_EX, AcuTeX, emacs and ML.

Each chapter documents the given problems with a structure of:

1. Problem Statement
2. Relevant Code
3. Test Cases
4. Execution Transcripts
5. Explanation of results

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Executive Summary

All the requirements for this project are statisfied specifically,

Contents

Our report has the following content:

1. Chapter 1: Executive Summary
2. Chapter 2 Exercise 7.3.1
 - (a) Section 2.1 Problem Statement
 - (b) Section 2.2 Relevant Code
 - (c) Section 2.3 Test Cases
 - (d) Section 2.4 Execution Transcripts
 - (e) Section 2.4.1 Explanation of Results
3. Chapter 3 Exercise 7.3.2
 - (a) Section 3.1 Problem Statement
 - (b) Section 3.2 Relevant Code
 - (c) Section 3.3 Test Cases
 - (d) Section 3.4 Execution Transcripts
 - (e) Section 3.4.1 Explanation of Results
4. Chapter 4 Exercise 7.3.3
 - (a) Section 4.1 Problem Statement
 - (b) Section 4.2 Relevant Code
 - (c) Section 4.3 Test Cases
 - (d) Section 4.4 Execution Transcripts
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Reproducibility in ML and L^AT_EX

Our ML and L^AT_EX source files compile with no errors.

Exercise 7.3.1

2.1 Problem Statement

In this exercise we need to create a function *andImp2Imp* term, which will take:

$$p \wedge q \subset r$$

and results to:

$$p \subset q \subset r;$$

2.2 Relevant Code

```
fun andImp2Imp term =
let
  val (conjTerm, r) = dest_imp(term)
  val (p, q) = dest_conj(conjTerm)
in
  mk_imp(p, (mk_imp(q, r)))
end;
```

2.3 Test Cases

The required test cases are:

```
andImp2Imp '(p/\q) ==> r'
```

2.4 Execution Transcripts

```
-----
HOL-4 [Kananaskis 11 (stdknl, built Sat Aug 19 09:30:06 2017)]

For introductory HOL help, type: help "hol";
To exit type <Control>-D
-----

> > > # # # # # ** types trace now on
> *** Globals.show_assums now true ***
> # # # # # ** Unicode trace now off
>
> # # # # # val andImp2Imp = fn: term -> term
> >
>
> andImp2Imp '(p/\q) ==> r';
val it =
  '(p : bool) ==> (q : bool) ==> (r : bool)':
  term
>
```

1

2.4.1 Explanation of Results

The above test results shows the test case has been passed.

Exercise 7.3.2

3.1 Problem Statement

In this exercise, we have to create *andImp2Imp term*, which takes the term

$$p \subset q \subset r;$$

and results to:

$$p \wedge q \subset r$$

and also should act as a reverse function for 7.3.1

3.2 Relevant Code

```
(**** 7.3.1 ****)
fun andImp2Imp term =
let
  val (conjTerm, r) = dest_imp(term)
  val (p, q) = dest_conj(conjTerm)
in
  mk_imp(p, (mk_imp(q, r)))
end;

(**** 7.3.2 ****)
fun impImpAnd term =
let
  val (term1, imp) = dest_imp(term)
  val (term2, term3) = dest_imp(imp)
  val new_conj = mk_conj(term1, term2)
in
  mk_imp(new_conj, term3)
end;
```

3.3 Test Cases

The required test cases are:

```
andImp2Imp '(p/\q) ==> r'
impImpAnd 'p ==> q ==> r';
impImpAnd (andImp2Imp '(p/\q) ==> r');
andImp2Imp (impImpAnd 'p==>q==>r');
```


3.4 Execution Transcripts

<pre> ----- HOL-4 [Kananaskis 11 (stdknl, built Sat Aug 19 09:30:06 2017)] For introductory HOL help, type: help "hol"; To exit type <Control>-D ----- > > > > ##### ** types trace now on > *** Globals.show_assums now true *** > ##### ** Unicode trace now off > > ##### val andImp2Imp = fn: term -> term > ##### val impImpAnd = fn: term -> term > > val it = '(p :bool) ==> (q :bool) ==> (r :bool)': term > val it = '(p :bool) /\ (q :bool) ==> (r :bool)': term > val it = '(p :bool) /\ (q :bool) ==> (r :bool)': term > val it = '(p :bool) ==> (q :bool) ==> (r :bool)': term > </pre>	1
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3.4.1 Explanation of Results

The above transcript shows the given test cases has been passed.

Exercise 7.3.3

4.1 Problem Statement

In this exercise we have to create a function *notExists term* which takes the term $\neg\exists x.P(x)$ and returns $\forall x.\neg P(x)$.

4.2 Relevant Code

```
fun notExists term =
let
  val (t1, t2) = dest_exists(dest_neg(term))
in
  mk_forall(t1,t2)
end;
```

4.3 Test Cases

The required test cases are:

```
notExists ‘‘~?z.Q z‘‘;
```

4.4 Execution Transcripts

```
-----
HOL-4 [Kananaskis 11 (stdknl, built Sat Aug 19 09:30:06 2017)]

For introductory HOL help, type: help "hol";
To exit type <Control>-D
-----

> > >
>
> ##### ** types trace now on
> *** Globals.show_assums now true ***
> ##### ** Unicode trace now off
>
> ##### val notExists = fn: term -> term
>
> <<HOL message: inventing new type variable names: 'a>>
val it =
  ‘‘!(z : 'a). (Q : 'a -> bool) z‘‘:
    term
>
```

1

4.4.1 Explanation of Results

The above transcript shows the given tests has been passed.

Appendix A: Exercise 7.3.1

The following code is from the file ex-7-3-1.sml.

```
(***** *)
(* Exercise 7.3.1 *)
(* Author: Bharath Karumudi *)
(* Date: Jul 25, 2019 *)
(***** *)

fun andImp2Imp term =
let
  val (conjTerm, r) = dest_imp(term)
  val (p, q) = dest_conj(conjTerm)

in
  mk_imp(p, (mk_imp(q, r)))
end;

(**** Test Case ****)
andImp2Imp '(p/\q) ==> r'
```

Appendix B: Exercise 7.3.2

The following code is from the file ex-7-3-2.sml.

```
(*****
(* Exercise 7.3.2
(* Author: Bharath Karumudi
(* Date: Jul 25, 2019
(* *****)

(**** Function andImp2Imp ~ same as from 7.3.1 ****)

fun andImp2Imp term =
let
  val (conjTerm, r) = dest_imp(term)
  val (p, q) = dest_conj(conjTerm)

in
  mk_imp(p, (mk_imp(q, r)))
end;

(**** Function impImpAnd ****)

fun impImpAnd term =
let

  val (term1, imp) = dest_imp(term)
  val (term2, term3) = dest_imp(imp)
  val new_conj = mk_conj(term1, term2)
in
  mk_imp(new_conj, term3)
end;

(***** Test Cases *****)

andImp2Imp '(p/\q) ==> r';
impImpAnd 'p ==> q ==> r';

impImpAnd (andImp2Imp '(p/\q) ==> r');
andImp2Imp (impImpAnd 'p==>q==>r');
```

Appendix C: Exercise 7.3.3

The following code is from the file ex-7-3-3.sml.

```
(***** *)
(* Exercise 7.3.3 *)
(* Author: Bharath Karumudi *)
(* Date: Jul 25, 2019 *)
(***** *)

fun notExists term =
  let
    val (t1, t2) = dest_exists(dest_neg(term))
  in
    mk_forall(t1, t2)
  end;

(***** Test Cases *****)
notExists ‘‘~?z.Q z‘‘;
```