



Experiment 2.2

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1. Aim: Financial Forecast Matching with Fallback Strategy

2. Objective:

- You are a Data Engineer at FinSight Corp, a company that models Net Present Value (NPV) projections for investment decisions. Your system maintains two key datasets:
- Year_tbl: Actual recorded NPV's of various financial instruments over different years:
 - ID: Unique Financial instrument identifier.
 - YEAR: Year of record
 - NPV: Net Present Value in that year
- Queries_tbl: A list of instrument-year pairs for which stakeholders are requesting NPV values:
 - ID: Financial instrument identifier
 - YEAR: Year of interest.
- Find the NPV of each query from the Queries table. Return the output order by ID and Year in the sorted form.

3. Code:

```
CREATE TABLE YEAR_TABLE(  
ID INT,  
YEAR INT,  
NPV INT  
);  
  
INSERT INTO YEAR_TABLE(ID,YEAR,NPV)  
VALUES  
(1,2018,100),  
(7,2020,30),  
(13,2019,40),  
(1,2019,13),
```



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```
(2,2008,121),  
(3,2009,12),  
(11,2020,99),  
(7,2019,0);
```

```
CREATE TABLE QUERIES_TABLE(  
ID INT,  
YEAR INT  
);  
INSERT INTO QUERIES_TABLE( ID,YEAR)  
VALUES  
(1,2019),  
(2,2008),  
(3,2009),  
(7,2018),  
(7,2019),  
(7,2020),  
(13,2019);
```

```
SELECT Q.ID,Q.YEAR,ISNULL(Y.NPV,0) AS[NPV]  
FROM QUERIES_TABLE AS Q  
LEFT OUTER JOIN  
YEAR_TABLE AS Y  
ON  
Q.ID = Y.ID  
AND  
Y.YEAR = Q.YEAR;
```

Output:

| | ID | YEAR | NPV |
|---|----|------|-----|
| 1 | 1 | 2019 | 13 |
| 2 | 2 | 2008 | 121 |
| 3 | 3 | 2009 | 12 |
| 4 | 7 | 2018 | 0 |
| 5 | 7 | 2019 | 0 |
| 6 | 7 | 2020 | 30 |
| 7 | 13 | 2019 | 40 |