7/5/2020 Tuples

Tuples

Immutable Sequences

Tuples are immutable sequences: they cannot be modified. Tuples and lists have much in common, but lists are mutable sequences: they can be modified.

Tuples use parentheses instead of square brackets:

```
lst = ['a', 3, -0.2]
tup = ('a', 3, -0.2)
```

Once created, items in lists and tuples are accessed using the same notation:

```
>>> lst[0]
'a'
>>> tup[0]
'a'
```

Slicing can be used with both:

```
>>> lst[:2]
['a', 3]
>>> tup[:2]
('a', 3)
```

Tuples cannot be modified:

```
>>> tup[0] = 'b'
TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
```

Tuples have fewer methods than lists. In fact, the only regular methods are count and index:

The rest of the list methods are not available for tuple because they modify the object, and tuples, being immutable, cannot be modified.

A for can be used to iterate over the values in a tuple:

```
>>> tup = ('a', 3, -0.2)
>>> for item in tup:
    print(item)
a
3
-0.2
```

A tuple can be passed as an argument to the built-in function len:

```
>>> len(tup)
3
```

It is also possible to iterate over the indices of a tuple:

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