

Decimal Number System $\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$
Base $\rightarrow 10$

$$(345)_{10} \longrightarrow 345$$

$$\cdot \quad 345 \longrightarrow 3 \times 10^2 + 4 \times 10^1 + 5 \times 10^0$$

$$\cdot \quad \begin{array}{cccccc} 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 \end{array} \longrightarrow 1 \times 10^4 + 2 \times 10^3 + 3 \times 10^2 + 4 \times 10^1 + 5 \times 10^0$$

Hexadecimal

Base $\rightarrow 16$
 $\{0, 1, 2, \dots, 9, A, B, C, D, E, F\}$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ (9 & 6 & A & F & E & 0)_{16} \end{array}$$

$$\hookrightarrow 9 \times 16^5 + 6 \times 16^4 + 10 \times 16^3 + 15 \times 16^2 + 14 \times 16^1 + 0 \times 16^0$$

$$\longrightarrow (\text{---})_{10}$$

Binary Number System $\{0, 1\}$ Base $\rightarrow 2$

BIN \rightarrow DEC

$$\begin{array}{c} 2^1 \quad 2^0 \\ (110)_2 \end{array} \rightarrow (6)_{10}$$
$$\rightarrow 1 \times 2^2 + 1 \times 2^1 + 0 \times 2^0$$
$$4 + 2 + 0 = (6)_{10}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} 5 \quad 4 \quad 3 \quad 2 \quad 1 \quad 0 \\ (110001)_2 \end{array} \rightarrow 2^5 + 2^4 + 2^0$$
$$32 + 16 + 1 = (49)_{10}$$

DEC \rightarrow BIN

$$(25)_{10} \rightarrow (\text{---})_2$$

			rem
2	25	1	
2	12	0	
2	6	0	
2	3	1	
2	1	1	
	0		



$$(11001)_2$$

$$16 + 8 + 1$$

$$(25)_{10} = (11001)_2$$

2	45	1
2	22	0
2	11	1
2	5	1
2	2	0
2	1	1
	0	

$$(101101)_2 \leftarrow (75)_{10}$$

ADDITION

	2	1	0
0	1	1	
	3	6	8
+	4	5	6
	8	2	4

$$\begin{aligned} d &\rightarrow 5/10 \\ c &\rightarrow 5/10 \end{aligned}$$

$$14/10 \rightarrow 4$$

$$14/10 \rightarrow 1$$

$$1+3+4=8$$

$$= 12/10 \rightarrow 2$$

$$8/10 \rightarrow 8$$

$$12/10 \rightarrow 1$$

$$8/10 \rightarrow 0$$

BINARY

	1	1	1	1	1
	1	0	1	1	1
+	1	0	1	1	1

1	0	0	0	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---

3	4
---	---

2/2 → 0	2/2 → 0
2/2 → 1	2/2 → 1
3/2 → 1	1/2 → 1
3/2 → 1	1/2 → 0

BITWISE OPERATORS

$\&$ AND $|$ OR \wedge XOR \sim NOT $<<$ Left shift $>>$ Right shift

A	B	$A \& B$	$A B$	$A \wedge B$	$\sim A$
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	1	0	0

① Bitwise Operations on numbers

$5 \& 6 \rightarrow$

1	0	1
1	1	0
1	0	0

$\rightarrow 4$

$\text{int } x = 5 \& 6;$

1111111

$20 | 45 \rightarrow$

1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	1	0	1

$\rightarrow 61$

$= 63$
 $- 2$
 $\boxed{61}$

$20 \wedge 45 \rightarrow$

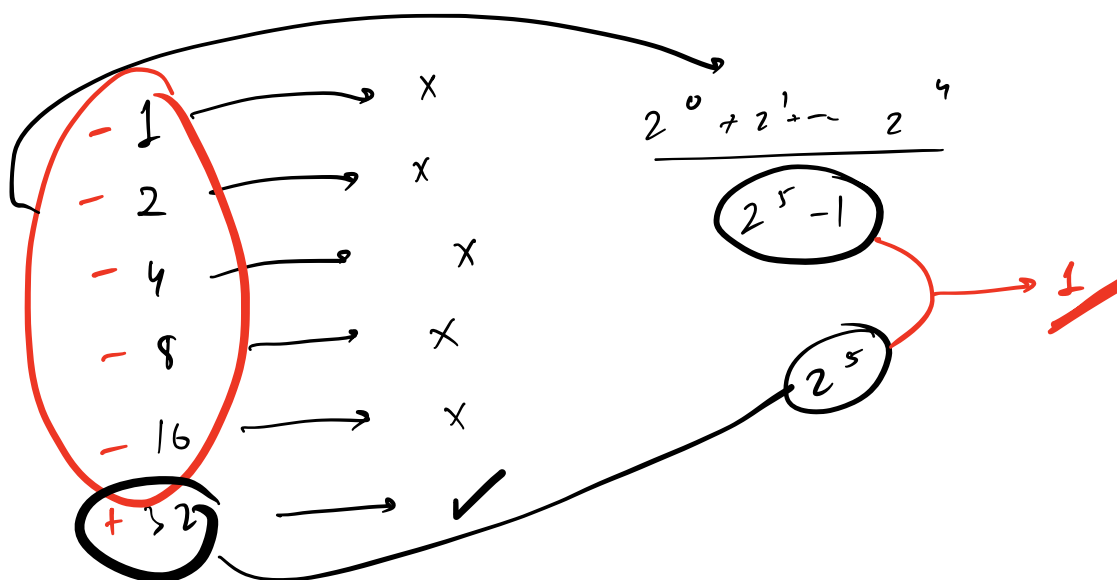
1	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1

$\rightarrow 57$

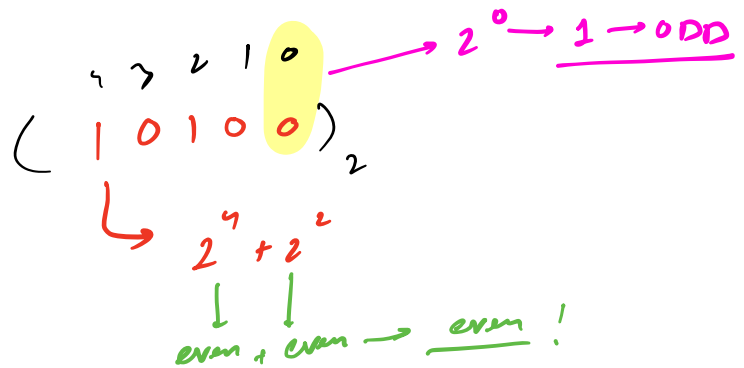
$$\begin{array}{cccc} 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ | & | & | & | \end{array} \rightarrow \frac{2^0 + 2^1 + 2^2 + 2^3}{2^4 - 1} \quad a \left(\frac{x^n - 1}{x - 1} \right)$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ | & | & | & | & | & | \end{array} \rightarrow \frac{2^0 + 2^1 + \dots + 2^5}{2^6 - 1} = 2^6 - 1 < 2^6$$

$$2^0 + 2^1 + 2^2 + \dots + 2^k < 2^{k+1}$$

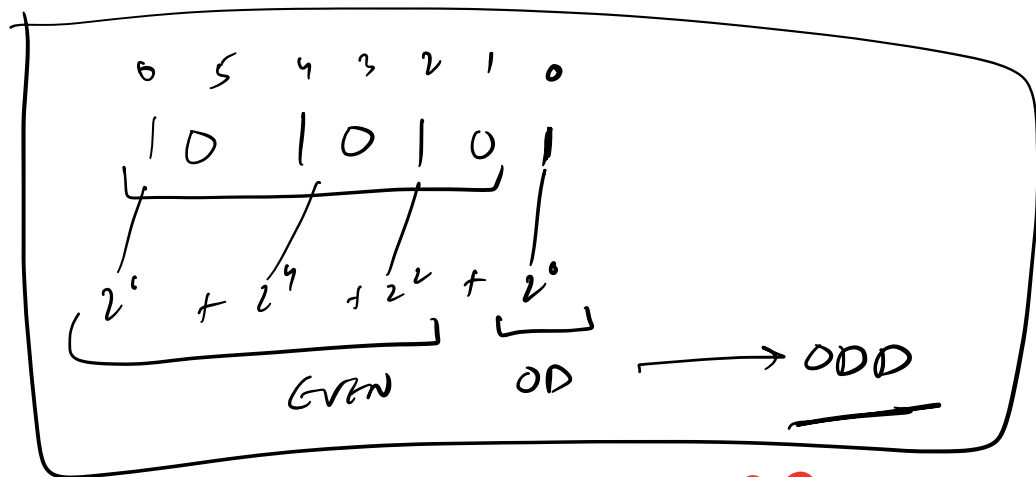


Properties

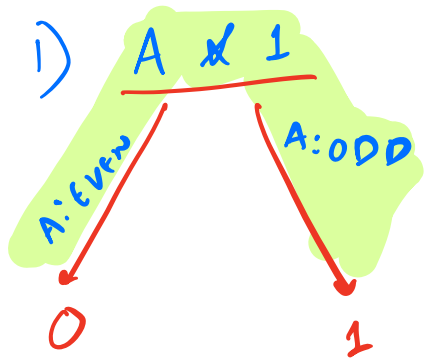


\rightarrow If a num is ODD \rightarrow its 0th bit is 1 [SET]

is EVEN \rightarrow 0 [UNSET]



EVEN		ODD	
$x = 20$	\rightarrow	10100	1 \rightarrow 1
16	\rightarrow	10000	3 \rightarrow 11
24	\rightarrow	11000	5 \rightarrow 101
14	\rightarrow	11100	7 \rightarrow 111
2	\rightarrow	10	9 \rightarrow 1001
			11 \rightarrow 1011



if $(A \% 2 == 0)$
 \rightarrow EVEN

else
 \rightarrow ODD

if $((A \& 1) == 0)$
 \rightarrow EVEN

else
 \rightarrow ODD

2) $A \& 0 \rightarrow 0$

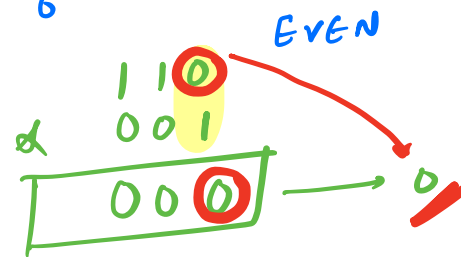
3) $A \& A \rightarrow A$

4) $A / 0 \rightarrow A$

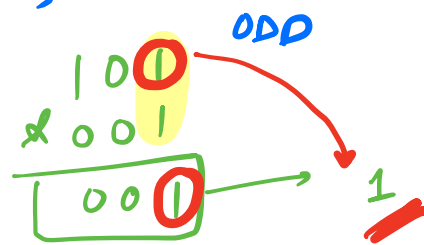
5) $A \wedge 0 \rightarrow A$

6) $A \wedge A \rightarrow 0$

$A = 6$



$A \rightarrow 5$



**NOTE: PRE of BITWISE
 OP. is LESS**

$A: 101$

$A: 101$

$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 $000 \rightarrow 0$

$0 \wedge 0 \rightarrow 0$

$1 \wedge 1 \rightarrow 0$

③ Commutative property →

$$\begin{aligned} a \times b &= b \times a \\ a \div b &= b \div a \\ a \cap b &= b \cap a \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a \times b \times c}{x} = \frac{c \times a \times b}{n}$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} a \times b \times c &\rightarrow a \times c \times b \\ b \times a \times c \\ b \times c \times a \\ c \times a \times b \\ c \times b \times a \end{aligned}}$$

xok ✓
or ✓

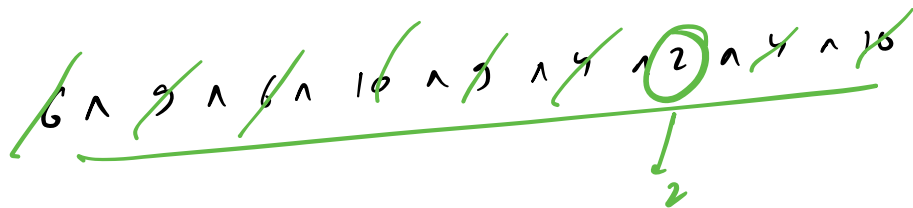
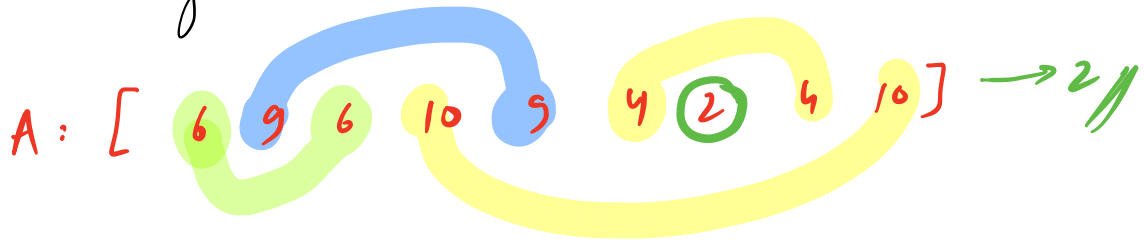
④ Associative Property →

$$\begin{aligned} (a \times b) \times c &= a \times (b \times c) \\ (a \div b) \div c &= a \div (b \div c) \\ (a \cap b) \cap c &= a \cap (b \cap c) \end{aligned}$$

Q

$$\begin{aligned} &\cancel{a} \cap \cancel{b} \cap \cancel{a} \cap \textcircled{d} \cap \cancel{b} \\ \rightarrow &(\cancel{a} \cap \cancel{a}) \cap (\cancel{b} \cap \cancel{b}) \cap d \\ &\downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ &(0) \cap (0) \cap d \\ &\downarrow \quad \quad \downarrow \\ &0 \cap d \\ &\downarrow \\ &d \end{aligned}$$

Q Given an array,
→ every element repeats twice
except one element
→ find that element!



```
x = 0;  
{ (i=0; i<N; i++) [  
    x = x ^ A[i];  
}  
return x;
```

TC: $O(N)$
SC: $O(1)$

⑧ Left Shift (\ll)

1 byte \rightarrow 8 bits

byte $x = 6$

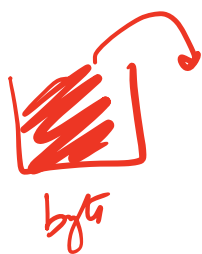
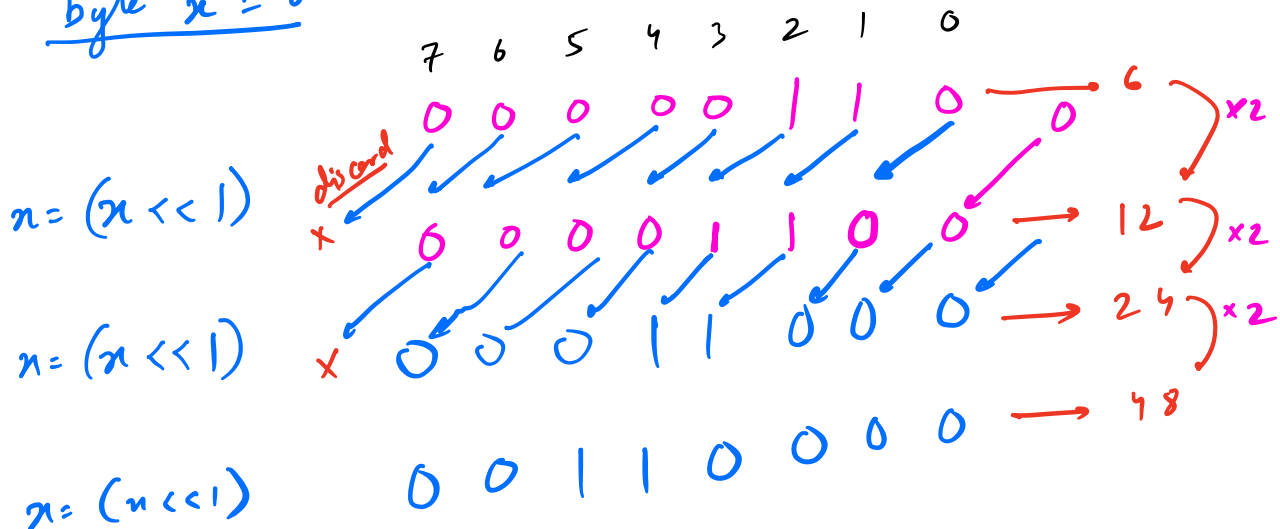


Diagram illustrating the left shift operation for a byte $x = 6$ (binary 00001100).

Initial state (bits 3 to 0):

Bit	3	2	1	0
Value	0	0	1	1

Shifts:

- $x = 0011 \rightarrow 2^2 + 2^0$
- $x \ll 1 = 1010 \rightarrow 2^3 + 2^1 \rightarrow 2(2^2 + 2^0)$

$$x \ll 1 \rightarrow x \times 2$$

$$x \ll 2 \rightarrow x \times 2^2$$

$$x \ll 3 \rightarrow x \times 2^3$$

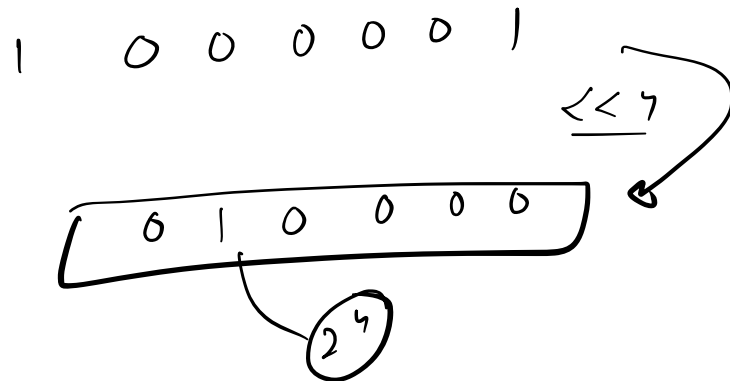
$$x \ll k \rightarrow x \times 2^k$$

$$1 \ll k \rightarrow 2^k$$

$$x = (1 \ll 20);$$

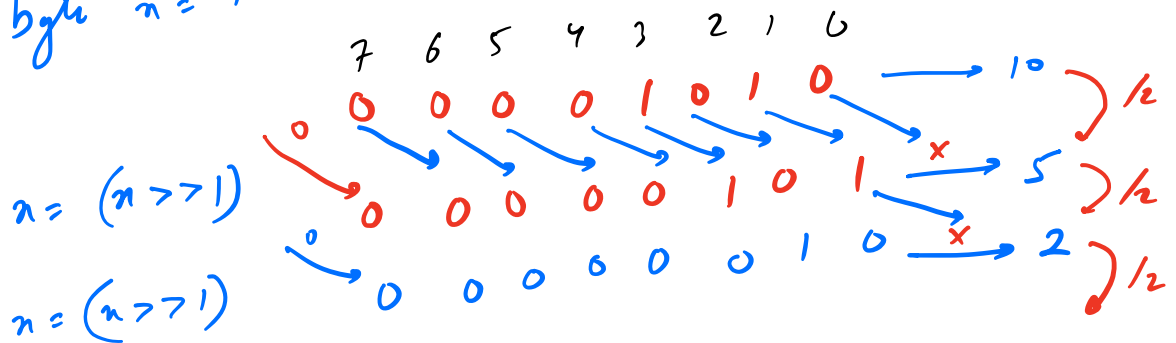
2^{20}

`int n = (1 << 4);` $\rightarrow 2^4$



Right Shift (`>>`)

byte `n = 10`



$$(n >> 1) \rightarrow \lfloor n/2 \rfloor$$

$$(n >> 2) \rightarrow \lfloor n/2^2 \rfloor$$

$$(n >> 3) \rightarrow \lfloor n/2^3 \rfloor$$

$$n >> k \rightarrow \lfloor n/2^k \rfloor$$