AI1110 Assignment-4

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Abstract—This document contains the solution for Assignment 3 (NCERT Class 10 Probability example 8)

Example 8 : A box contains 3 blue, 2 white and 4 red marbles. If a marble is drawn at random from the box, what is the probability that it will be

- (i) white?
- (ii) blue?
- (iii) red?

Solution:

Denote the outcome of the experiment by a random variable X such that $X \in \{0, 1, 2\}$ where,

Event	Description
X=0	ball drawn is white
X=1	ball drawn is blue
X=2	ball drawn is red

TABLE I **EVENTS**

(i) The probability that the ball drawn is white

Pr
$$(X = 0) = \frac{\text{no of white colored balls}}{\text{Total no of balls}}$$
 (1)
$$= \frac{2}{2+3+4}$$
 (2)
$$= \frac{2}{9}$$
 (3)

(ii) The probability that the ball drawn is blue

he probability that the ball drawn is blue
$$Pr(X = 1) = \frac{\text{no of blue colored balls}}{\text{Total no of balls}} \qquad (4)$$

$$= \frac{3}{2+3+4} \qquad (5)$$

$$= \frac{3}{9} \qquad (6)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \qquad (7)$$

(iii) The probability that the ball drawn is red As we know that these events are mutually exclusive and exhaustive. Therefore sum of their probabilities is equal to 1.

$$\Pr(X = 0) + \Pr(X = 1) + \Pr(X = 2) = 1$$
(8)

so we can find Pr(X = 2) from above equation

$$\Pr(X = 2) = 1 - \Pr(X = 0) - \Pr(X = 1)$$
 (9)

$$=1-\frac{2}{9}-\frac{3}{9}\tag{10}$$

$$=\frac{4}{9}\tag{11}$$