DAY-5 LAB EXPERIMENTS

R PROGRAMMING

EXPERIMENT 1:

Consider the data set and perform the Apriori Algorithm and FP algorithm support:3 and confidence=50%

Customer ID	Transaction ID	Items Bought
1	0001	$\{a,d,e\}$
1	0024	$\{a,b,c,e\}$
2	0012	$\{a,b,d,e\}$
2	0031	$\{a, c, d, e\}$
3	0015	$\{b, c, e\}$
3	0022	$\{b,d,e\}$
4	0029	$\{c,d\}$
4	0040	$\{a,b,c\}$
5	0033	$\{a,d,e\}$
5	0038	$\{a,b,e\}$

AIM:

To create dataset in the notepad and open the file in weka tool.

MATERIALS REQUIRED:

WEKA TOOL

DATASET:

@relation items

@attribute a{true,false}

@attribute b{true,false}

@attribute c{true,false} @attribute d{true,false} @attribute e{true,false} @data true false false true true true true true false true true true false true true true false true true true false true true false true false true false true true false false true true false true true true false false true false false true true true true false false true

→ Save this file as x.arff in the file explorer path.

```
Scheme: weka.associations.FPGrowth -P 2 -I -1 -N 10 -T 0 -C 0.9 -D 0.05 -U 1.0 -M 0.1

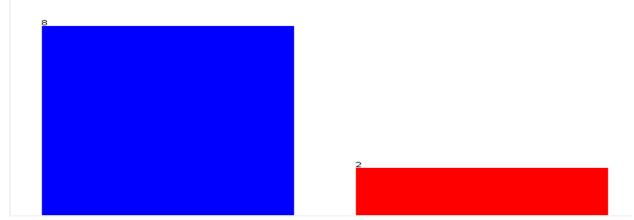
Relation: items
Instances: 10

Attributes: 5

a
b
c
d
e
=== Associator model (full training set) ===

FPGrowth found 3 rules (displaying top 3)

1. [b=false, a=false]: 1 ==> [e=false]: 1 <conf:(1)> lift:(5) lev:(0.08) conv:(0.8)
2. [b=false, e=false]: 1 ==> [a=false]: 1 <conf:(1)> lift:(3.33) lev:(0.07) conv:(0.7)
3. [a=false, e=false]: 1 ==> [b=false]: 1 <conf:(1)> lift:(2.5) lev:(0.06) conv:(0.6)
```



EXPERIMENT 2:

Consider the data set and perform the Apriori Algorithm and FP algorithm support:3 and confidence=50%

Consider the market basket transactions shown in the above table.

(a) What is the maximum number of association rules that can be extracted from this data (including rules that have zero support)?

(b) What is the maximum size of frequent itemsets that can be extracted (assuming minsup > 0)?

Transaction ID	Items Bought
1	{Milk, Beer, Diapers}
2	{Bread, Butter, Milk}
3	{Milk, Diapers, Cookies}
4	{Bread, Butter, Cookies}
5	{Beer, Cookies, Diapers}
6	{Milk, Diapers, Bread, Butter}
7	{Bread, Butter, Diapers}
8	{Beer, Diapers}
9	{Milk, Diapers, Bread, Butter}
10	{Beer, Cookies}

AIM:

To create a dataset in the notepad

MATERIALS REQUIRED:

WEKA TOOL

DATASET:

@relation transaction_data

@attribute Milk {true, false}

@attribute Bread {true, false}

@attribute Butter {true, false}

@attribute Cookies {true, false}

@attribute Beer {true, false}

@attribute Diapers {true, false}

@data

true, true, true, true, true, true true, true, true, false

true, false, true, false, true, true true, true, false, true, false, true false, false, true, true, true true, false, false, true, true, true false, true, true, true, false, true false, true, true, false, true true, true, true, false, true, true false, true, true, true, true, true

→ Save this file as x.arff in the file explorer path.

```
Apriori
Minimum support: 0.45 (4 instances)
Minimum metric <confidence>: 0.9
Number of cycles performed: 11
Generated sets of large itemsets:
Size of set of large itemsets L(1): 8
Size of set of large itemsets L(2): 18
Size of set of large itemsets L(3): 9
Best rules found:
1. Cookies=true 6 ==> Diapers=true 6 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.12) [1] conv:(1.2)
2. Bread=true Beer=true 5 ==> Butter=true 5 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.1) [0] conv:(1)
7. Milk=true Butter=true 4 ==> Beer=true 4 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) [0] conv:(0.8)
8. Milk=false Diapers=true 4 ==> Butter=true 4 <= <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) [0] conv:(0.8)
9. Milk=false Butter=true 4 ==> Diapers=true 4 <conf:(1) > lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) [0] conv:(0.8)
10. Milk=false 4 ==> Butter=true Diapers=true 4 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.67) lev:(0.16) [1] conv:(1.6)
```

```
Scheme: weka.associations.FPGrowth -P 2 -I -1 -N 10 -T 0 -C 0.9 -D 0.05 -U 1.0 -M 0.1

Relation: transaction_data

Instances: 10

Attributes: 6

Milk

Bread

Butter

Cookies

Beer

Diapers

=== Associator model (full training set) ===

FPGrowth found 1 rules (displaying top 1)

1. [Diapers=false]: 2 ==> [Cookies=false]: 2 <conf:(1)> lift:(2.5) lev:(0.12) conv:(1.2)
```

EXPERIMENT 3:

Bayes classification and descion tree (using training and test data)

RID	age	income	student	credit_rating	Class: buys_computer
1	<=30	high	no	fair	no
2	<=30	high	no	excellent	no
3	31 40	high	no	fair	yes
4	>40	medium	no	fair	yes _.
5	>40	low	yes	fair	yes
6	>40	low	yes	excellent	no
7	31 40	low	yes	excellent	yes
8	<=30	medium	no	fair	no
9	<=30	low	yes	fair	yes
10	>40	medium	yes	fair	yes
11	<=30	medium	yes	excellent	yes
12	31 40	medium	no	excellent	yes
13	31 40	high	yes	fair	yes
14	>40	medium	no	excellent	no

AIM:

To create a dataset or open the dataset in the inbuilt data

MATERIALS REQUIRED:

WEKA TOOL

- CREATE A DATASET IN THE EXCEL.
- AND OPEN THE DATASET IN THE WEKA

OUTPUT:

```
Time taken to build model: 0.01 seconds
=== Evaluation on test split ===
Time taken to test model on test split: 0.01 seconds
=== Summary ===
Correctly Classified Instances 177
Incorrectly Classified Instances 53
Kappa statistic 0.4581
                                                                      23.0435 %
                                                 0.4581
0.2677
Kappa statistic
Mean absolute error

Root mean squared error

Relative absolute error

Root relative squared error

S2.7801 %

230
Mean absolute error
=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===
                     TP Rate FP Rate Precision Recall F-Measure MCC
                                                                                           ROC Area PRC Area Class
0.842 0.389 0.826 0.842 0.834 0.458 0.845 0.912 tested_n
0.611 0.158 0.638 0.611 0.624 0.458 0.845 0.752 tested_r
Weighted Avg. 0.770 0.317 0.767 0.770 0.768 0.458 0.845 0.862
=== Confusion Matrix ===
   a b <-- classified as
 133 25 | a = tested negative
  28 44 | b = tested_positive
```

EXPERIMENT 4:

Implement using WEKA for the given Suppose a database has five_transactions. Let min sup= 50%(2) and min con f = 80%.

Transactions Items

T1 (M, O, N, K, E, Y)

T2 (D, O, N, K, E, Y)

T3 (M, A, K, E)

T4 (M, U, C, K, Y)

T5 (C,O, O, K, I,E)

- Find all frequent item sets using Apriori algorithm
- Also draw FP-Growth Tree

Prediction of Categorical Data using Decision Tree Algorithm through WEKA using any datasets. a) Tree b) Preprocess c) Logistic

AIM:

To create a dataset in the notepad

MATERIALS REQUIRED:

WEKA TOOL

DATASET:

@relation transaction_data

@attribute M {true, false}

@attribute O {true, false}

@attribute N {true, false}

```
@attribute K {true, false}
@attribute E {true, false}
@attribute Y {true, false}
@attribute D {true, false}
@attribute A {true, false}
@attribute U {true, false}
@attribute U {true, false}
@attribute C {true, false}
@attribute I {true, false}
```

@data

true, true, true, true, true, true, false, false, false, false, false, true, true, true, true, true, false, false, false, false, true, true, false, false, true, true, false, true, true, false, true, true, false, false, true, true, true, false, false, false, true, true

→ Save this file as x.arff in the file explorer path.

```
weka.associations.FPGrowth -P 2 -I -1 -N 10 -T 0 -C 0.9 -D 0.05 -U 1.0 -M 0.1
Scheme:
Relation: transaction data
Instances: 5
Attributes: 11
             Y
=== Associator model (full training set) ===
FPGrowth found 61 rules (displaying top 10)
1. [C=false]: 3 ==> [U=false]: 3 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.12) conv:(0.6)
2. [M=false]: 2 ==> [U=false]: 2 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) conv:(0.4)
3. [C=false]: 3 ==> [I=false]: 3 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.12) conv:(0.6)
4. [Y=false]: 2 ==> [I=false]: 2 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) conv:(0.4)
5. [O=false]: 2 ==> [I=false]: 2 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) conv:(0.4)
 6. [Y=false]: 2 ==> [D=false]: 2 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) conv:(0.4)
7. [O=false]: 2 ==> [D=false]: 2 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) conv:(0.4)
8. [N=false]: 2 ==> [D=false]: 2 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) conv:(0.4)
9. [N=false]: 2 ==> [A=false]: 2 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) conv:(0.4)
10. [M=false]: 2 ==> [A=false]: 2 <conf:(1)> lift:(1.25) lev:(0.08) conv:(0.4)
```

EXPERIMENT 5:

Prediction of Categorical Data using Decision Tree Algorithm through WEKA using any datasets. a) Tree b) Preprocess c) Logistic

Transaction ID	Items	
T1	Hot Dogs, Buns, Ketchup	
T2	Hot Dogs, Buns	
Т3	Hot Dogs, Coke, Chips	
T4	Chips, Coke	
T5	Chips, Ketchup	
Т6	Hot Dogs, Coke, Chips	

Create the dataset using ARFF file format:

a. Find the **frequent itemsets** and generate **association rules** on this. Assume that minimum support threshold (s = 33.33%) and minimum confident threshold (c = 60%).

b.List the various rule generated by apriori and FP tree algorthim ,mention wheather accepted or rejeted.

Prediction of Categorical Data using Rule base classification and decision tree classification through WEKA using any datasets. Compare the accuracy using two algorithm and plot the graph

AIM:

To create a data set in the notepad

MATERIALS REQUIRED:

WEKA TOOL

DATASET:

@relation transaction_data

@attribute Hot Dogs {true, false}

@attribute Buns {true, false}

@attribute Ketchup {true, false}

@attribute Coke {true, false}

@attribute Chips {true, false}

@data

true, true, true, false, false true, true, false, false, false true, false, true, true false, false, false, true, true false, false, true, false, true true, false, false, true, true

→ Save this file as x.arff in the file explorer path.

```
Time taken to build model: 0 seconds
=== Evaluation on test split ===
Time taken to test model on test split: 0 seconds
=== Summary ===
Correctly Classified Instances 2 100 % Incorrectly Classified Instances 0 0 %
Kappa statistic
Mean absolute error
Mean absolute error
Root mean squared error
Relative absolute error
Root relative squared error
                                                 0.2381
                                                 0.2564
                                              47.619 %
51.2873 %
Total Number of Instances
=== Detailed Accuracy By Class ===
TP Rate FP Rate Precision Recall F-Measure MCC ROC Area PRC Area Class 1.000 ? 1.000 1.000 ? ? ? 1.000 true ? 0.000 ? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? false Weighted Avg. 1.000 ? 1.000 1.000 ? ? ? 1.000
=== Confusion Matrix ===
 a b <-- classified as
 2 0 | a = true
 0 0 | b = false
```