# ASSIGNMENT-6

Y. Bhargav Krishna
AP19110010205
CSE-G

1,

```
#include<stdio.h>
void main()
{
int a[30];
int i,j,a,n;
Printf("Enter Size");
Scanf("%d",&n);
Printf("Enter Elements");
for(i=0;i<n;++i)
Scanf("%d",&a[i]);
for(i=0;i<n;++i)
{for(j=i+1;j<n;++j)
{if(a[i]<a[j])
{a=a[i];
a[i]=a[j];
a[j]=a;
}
}
}
Printf("descending order");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{printf("%d",a[i]);
}
int c, first, last, mid, s, l1, l2; sum=0, p=1;
Printf("Enter Element");
Scanf("%d",&s);
first=0;
last=n-1;
```

```
    mid = (first + last)/2;
  while (first <= last)
  {
    if (a[mid] < search)
      first = middle + 1;
    else if (a[mid] == search)
        printf("%d: found at %d", s, mid+1);
  }
  else
      last = mid - 1;
      mid = (first + last)/2;
  }
  if (first > last)
  { printf ("Not found");
    printf ("Enter two locations");
    scanf ("%d %d", l1, &l2);
    for (i = l1; i <= l2; i++)
    { sum = sum + a[i];
      p = p + a[i];
  }
  printf ("sum = %d", sum);
  printf ("product = %d", p);
}
```

②

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
 int a[20],n, i;
void sort (int,int) ,low, high, mid, b[20],
void merge (int ,int, int);
void product ();
 void main()
{
 clrscn();
 Printf ("Enter size ");
Scanf ("%d",&n);
Printf ("Enter elements");
 for (i=0; i<n; i++)
 scanf ("%d", &a[i]);
low=0; high= n-1;
 Sort ( low, high)
Print f("After sorting ");
 for (i=0; i<n; i++)
   printf ("%4d", a[i]);
  product ();
   getch ();
}
void sort ( int low, int high)
{ Mid = (low+high)/2;
  if ( low<high)
{ sort ( low, mid);
  Sort ( mid+1, high);
  Merge ( low,mid, high);
}
void merge (int low, int mid, int high)
      {
        int l1 ,l2;
       for (l1=0 , l2= mid , i=0 ; l1<mid&&l2<=high; i++)
```

```
{
if (a[l1] < a[l2])
    b[i] = a[l1++];
else
    b[i] = a[l2++];
}
while (l1 <= mid)
    b[i++] = a[l1++];
while (l2 <= high)
    b[i++] = a[l2++];
for (i=0; i<h; i++)
    a[i] = b[i];
}
void product ();
{ int P=1;
  int k;
printf ("Enter k")
Scanf ("%d", &k);
for (i=0; i<=k ; i++)
{
  P = P*i;
}
printf ("%d", P);
}
```

③ Insertion sort. The data is sorted by insertion the da into an existing sorted file. The process followed is elements are known before. while location to Place the is searched. Best case complexity is O(n)

⇒ eg of selection sort :-

17 6 3 13 6

m i

3 16 17 13 6

3 6 17 13 16

⇒ eg of insertion so

7 4 5 2

4 7 5 2

4 5 7 2

2 4 5 7

3 6 13 17 16.

3 6 13 16 17.

Selection Sort: The data is sorted. By selecting and placing the consecutive elements in sorted location.

The best case complexity is $O(n^2)$

4)
```
# include <stdio.h>
  int main
{
 int a[100], n, c, d, swap;
 Printf ("enter size");
 Scanf ("%d", &n);
 printf ("Enter Element");
 for (c=0; c<n; c++)
  {scanf ("%d", &a[c]);
 }
 for (c=0; c<n-1; c++)
 {for (d=0; d<n-c-1; d++)
  {
  if (a[d] > a[d+1])
   {swap= a[d];
    a[d] = a[d+1];
    a[d+1]= swap;
   }
  }
 }
 printf ("bubble sorted");
   for (c=0; c<n; c++)
   {
    printf ("%d", a[c]);
```

(i)
```
printf("alternate elements");
for(c=0; c<=n; c+=2)
{ printf("%d", a[c]);
}
```

(ii)
```
int sum=0; p=1;
for(c=1; c<=n; c+=2)
{
  p= p*a[c];
}
for(c=0; c<=n; c+=2)
{
  s=s+a[c];
}
printf("sum & product =%d, %d", sum, p);
```

(iii)
```
int m;
printf("Enter m");
scanf("%d", &m);
for(c=0; c<=n; c++)
{ if(a[c]%m==0)
  { printf("%d", a[c]);
  }
  else
    printf("not found");
  }
}
```

5)

```
#include<stdio.h>
int BS(int a[], int f, int l, int e)
{
  if (l>=f)
  {
    int m=(f+l)/2;
    if (a[m]==e)
    {
      return m;
    }
    if (a[m]>e)
    {
      return BS(a,f,m-1,e);
    }
    return BS(a,m+1,l,e);
  }
  return -1;
}
int main(void)
{
  int a[]={1,4,3,2,9};
  int n=5;
  int e=9;
  int p=BS(a,0,n-1,e);
  if (p==-1)
  {
    printf("\nNot found");
  }
  else
  {
    printf("found at %d", p);
  }
}
```