## **Story Generator**

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# A project report submitted to

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### **BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE**

Certified that this project report entitled "Project Name" is a bonafide work of TALATALA RAHUL REDDY – 19BCE1778 and PULIMI BHARGAVA REDDY – 19BCE1342 who carried out the project work under my supervision and guidance for CSE4022 – Natural Language Processing.

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Machines have become so powerful and quick that they can weave short stories into technically rich blogs and huge novels. Machines are capable of producing words with contextual understanding more than ever. This is just conceivable with the assistance of NLP. Simply because of the progression of NLP machines can comprehend the specific situation and twist up stories without help from anyone else. It uses information from computational linguistics and artificial intelligence to create natural language text that can meet specific communication needs.

We would like to build a model with the assistance of NLP tools & libraries which would help us to create rich stories automatically. Text generation is a branch of natural language processing. It has a wide variety of applications in automatic documentation systems like automatic letter writing, automatic report generation, etc.

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# Keywords:

Text generation, recurrent neural networks, GRU, Adversarial training Machine translation, Deep learning, Natural language generation, LSTM networks, Sequence models, language models

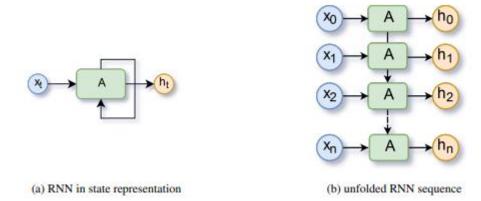
## Introduction:

Natural language processing (NLP) has advanced rapidly in recent years, owing to advances in learning-based algorithms and increases in CPU capacity. As computational resources became more readily available, active research and development in the architecture of deep learning algorithms occurred. Although feed-forward neural networks have produced amazing results in a variety of applications, they are not regarded best for language modelling. This is due to the fact that the feed-forward network strives to maximise the input-output function regardless of the order of the inputs. The sequence of encoding is crucial in Natural language processing because the type of data employed (both speech and text) is akin to time-series data.

The ability to generate text that is near to the quality of human-generated writing has a wide range of applications, including language translation, chatbots, and question answering, among others. Maximum likelihood estimate has proven that RNN extensions such as LSTMs or GRUs that retain long-term memory of tokens function well in practise...

a little introduction to RNN:

A recurrent neural network (RNN) is a type of sequence-based neural network with memory units that can recall past data. Only the output of the previous layers is sent into the following layer in feed-forward networks. The output of each cell (neuron) in RNNs is delivered back to the same cell as input, thus the name "recurrent networks." The positioning information of words in sequences is recorded as delays in the memory unit due to its recurring nature. This assists the recurrent network in maintaining word order. The current state of the RNN cell is determined using the current cell's input and the previous state's output. As a result, in addition to the preceding layer's output, the current layer's output at the prior timestamp is provided as input to the current layer.



The architecture of a vanilla RNN in state representation and the representation of the same RNN when unfolded based on time information are shown in the diagram above. The vanilla network is a term used to describe a generic model that has no specific cases or modifications. The "xt" block denotes the input, the "ht" block denotes the output, and the "A" block denotes the hidden layer with a single activation function.

#### LSTM:

Short-term memory is a problem for recurrent neural networks. They'll have a hard difficulty transporting information from earlier time steps to later ones if the sequence is long enough. If you're trying to predict something from a paragraph of text, RNNs may leave out critical information at the start.

The vanishing gradient problem affects recurrent neural networks during back propagation. Gradients are values that are used to update the weights of a neural network. When a gradient reduces as it back propagates through time, this is known as the vanishing gradient problem. When a gradient value falls below a certain threshold, it no longer contributes much to learning.

Layers that get a modest gradient update in recurrent neural networks stop learning. Those are frequently the first layers to appear. RNNs can forget what they've seen in longer sequences because these layers don't learn, resulting in a short-term memory.

As a solution to short-term memory, LSTMs and GRUs were developed. They have inbuilt devices known as gates that can control the flow of data.

These gates can figure out which data in a sequence should be kept and which should be discarded. It can then transfer important information down the long chain of sequences to make predictions as a result of this. These two networks are responsible for nearly all state-of-the-art recurrent neural network findings. Voice recognition, speech synthesis, and text production all use LSTMs and GRUs.

hidden state computation, To begin, a vector is created by combining the input and prior concealed state. The current and prior inputs are now represented in that vector. The vector is passed through the tanh activation, and the result is the network's new hidden state or memory.

Tanh activation is used to control the values that flow across the network. The tanh function compresses values so that they are always between -1 and 1.

Tanh squishes values in the range of -1 to 1.

When vectors pass through a neural network, they go through a number of changes as a result of various math operations.

The cell state and its many gates are at the heart of LSTMs. The cell state serves as a transportation highway for relative information as it travels down the sequence chain. You might think of it as the network's "memory."

As a result, information from earlier time steps can make its way to later time steps, lessening the short-term memory effects. Information is added or withdrawn from the cell state via gates as the cell state travels. The gates are several neural networks that determine which information about the cell state is permitted. During training, the gates might learn what information is important to keep or forget. In theory, the cell state can carry relevant information throughout the sequence's processing.

Sigmoid activations are found in gates. Tanh activation is comparable to sigmoid activation. Instead of squishing numbers ranging from –1 to 1, it squishes values ranging from 0 to 1. Because every integer multiplied by 0 equals 0, values vanish or are "lost," this is useful for updating or forgetting data. Because any number multiplied by one has the same value, the value remains the same or is "preserved." The network can figure out which data is unimportant and should be deleted, and which data should be kept. Let's forget about input, cell, and output gates...

### Forget gate:

The first is the forget gate. This gate determines whether information should be discarded or saved. The sigmoid function passes information from the previous hidden state as well as information from the current input. The results are between 0 and 1. The closer you go to 0, the more you forget, and the closer you get to 1, the more you keep.

### Input Gate

The input gate is used to update the cell state. First, we use a sigmoid function to combine the previous concealed state and the current input. By changing the values to be between 0 and 1, this determines which values will be updated. A value of 0 indicates that it is not important, whereas a value of 1 indicates that it is important. To help regulate the network, you also send the hidden state and current input into the tanh function to squish values between -1 and 1. The sigmoid result is then multiplied by the tanh output. The sigmoid output will determine which information from the tanh output should be kept.

### Cell State

We should now have enough information to calculate the status of the cell. The cell state is first multiplied by the forget vector in a pointwise manner. If multiplied by values close to 0, this has the potential to drop values in the cell state. Then we conduct a pointwise addition on the output of the input gate, which updates the cell state to new values that

the neural network finds important. As a result, we now have a new cell state.

### **Output Gate**

Last but not least, there's the output gate. The hidden state's next hidden state is determined by the output gate. It's important to remember that the concealed state contains data from earlier inputs. Predictions are also made using the hidden state. First, we use a sigmoid function to combine the previous concealed state and the current input. The newly adjusted cell state is then passed to the tanh function. To determine what information the hidden state should contain, we multiply the tanh output with the sigmoid output. The concealed state is the output. After that, the new cell state and concealed are carried over to the next time step.

The GRUs abandoned the cell state in favour of using the hidden state to transfer data. There are only two gates on it: a reset gate and an update gate.

# **Update Gate**

The update gate functions similarly to an LSTM's forget and input gates. It determines what information should be discarded and what should be included.

### Reset Gate:

The reset gate is another gate that is used to decide how much past information to forget.

And that's a GRU. GRU's has fewer tensor operations; therefore, they are a little speedier to train than LSTM's.

### **Dataset:**

a website brimful of stories. Link is provided below,

stories

# Methodology:

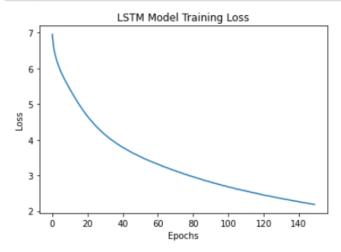
The above dataset will be used for this task. Punctuation is removed during data preprocessing and only sentences of 7 or more words are used for training. The total number of training sets is also limited to 100,000 to allow control of the compute memory space.

I / O training instances are generated from the dataset. All words are vectorized using one-hot coding so that each word is represented by a vector of dimension V. Where V is the size of the vocabulary. The length of the input sequence, excluding the context vector, is set to 8. The training pattern context vector is also a V-dimensional vector. The process of coding the context vector depends on the extraction method. As mentioned, this is an all-to-one configuration, where the input contains a context vector to which the input word is added, and the output contains the next word in the sequence. The sequential model of the LSTM network applies in a configuration of bidirectional LSTMs, 256 hidden units, an inner layer "relu" activation, and an outer layer "softmax" activation. The Keras library is used to train the model. Since the language model is a predictive problem, that is, the model needs to predict one-hot coded target words, "softmax" is suitable for determining the maximum probability of a word. Implementation is done in Python using libraries such as Scikit-learn, NumPy, and Gensim. When the model is trained with the context vector, the prediction phase requires two sets of input from the user. The first input is a sequence of seed words. The seed word is the start word given to the network to start the text creation process. Since we trained the network with an input sequence of length 8, the network expects eight start words. The second set of inputs is the context word. You can provide

any number of context words as needed. The network produces a C sentence for a C context word. In the prediction phase, the network uses the first context word along with the first starting word to assemble the input and predict subsequent words. When a word is predicted, the first word is removed from the starting word, the predicted word is added, and the sequence length is maintained at 8. The next word is predicted using the same context word as the new input sequence. This process continues until the penalty is over. Completion of the sentence is indicated by dots. Once a sentence is completed, the next context word is used for generating the second sentence following the same procedure but instead of seed words, the words generated from the previous sentence are considered.

## **Output:**

LSTM:



```
In []: 1 seed_text = "The country was in chaos but"
2 generate_story(lstm, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 50) #generate next 50 words

Out[39]: 'something and corrupt one of the gallery she was clerk but that could spare that the baroness von koëldwethout of grogzwig he had bought the spirit of the eastern stars was a monotonous heartis to perspective vehemence and tables were for the change the park kicking the anchors hit the'

In []: 1 seed_text = "I walked out of the store dissatisfied and it"
2 generate_story(lstm, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 50) #generate next 50 words

Out[40]: 'did he said splendid morning money fortifying course the health of the winning ticket that they ought me to play laying the ba ron s housekeeping and realized that he was gazing at the smooth greyness of the ride in all sorts of devotion was the guests of a radish curtains'

In []: 1 seed_text = "The lady was known as a soothsayer - a psychic of sorts. The rubbing of her crystal ball was finalized as she c 2 generate_story(lstm, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 50) #generate next 50 words

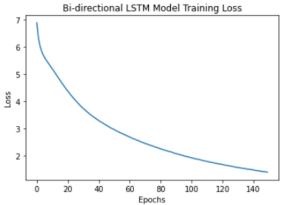
Out[41]: 'to her hair in the tepid hospitality she do that it s a degree that i ve got in the march of manifest willing down tomorrow he looked at the viewless seem to you and be a little commonsense that is beyond the elms and i fairly a day got'

In []: 1 seed_text = "Little Chandler's thoughts ever since lunch-time had been of his meeting with Gallaher, of Gallaher's invitatio 2 generate_story(lstm, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 100) #generate next 100 words

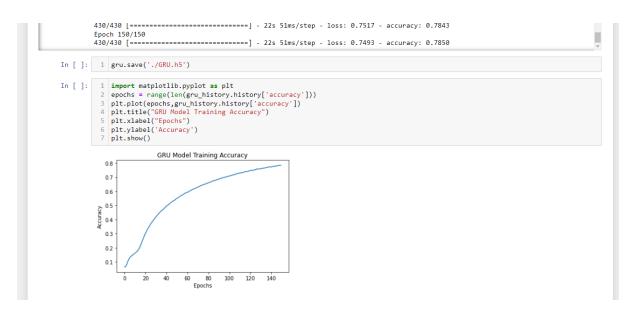
Out[42]: 'he was ashamed of the awful however answered him to say to me all that he was bald and mabel as addressed me and close to me a not tightening his knee he had not followed it and moment he said aloud he bowd and the guests commander are ill see you a con sulgemeral i was not going to hammer her cough i am sorry for irritation to r w d be any condition for you begged to re the aut hor of the bible to the bath and morning again began to remain into the magazinesi ne
```

#### Bi directional LSTM:

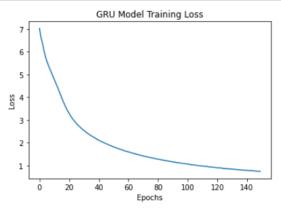




#### GRU:



```
In []: 1 plt.plot(epochs,gru_history.history['loss'])
2 plt.title("GRU Model Training Loss")
3 plt.xlabel("Epochs")
4 plt.ylabel('Loss')
5 plt.show()
```



```
Generating Stories from GRU Model

In []:

1 seed_text = "The country was in chaos but"
2 generate_story(gru, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 50) #generate next 50 words

Out[32]: 'downcast he got down to her eyes and think that do they get to eating in rubbing fish while mother that bound when they bring him round the doorstep with coatcollar turned out and then then it went out on the bed and went out rather arms and saw the'

In []:

1 seed_text = "I walked out of the store dissatisfied and it'
2 generate_story(gru, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 50) #generate next 50 words

Out[33]: 'had suffered away in any mood s little times violent son and drove out a quarter of a deep black holes off the swamp beyond the edeep fields of gate the phalanx of women in their front only fire in which they had passed the difficulty of interest and drinking'

In []:

1 seed_text = "The lady was known as a soothsayer - a psychic of sorts. The rubbing of her crystal ball was finalized as she c 2 generate_story(gru, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 50) #generate next 50 words

Out[34]: 'the panther looked into one of silence when the doctor said she had heard his folly and liked his mind without discomfort was a few weeks there and the doctor later crying and switching up his every morning and sat out her dick had sat between his aston ished and stumpy'

In []:

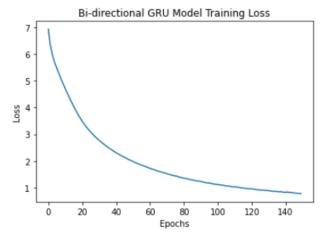
1 seed_text = "little Chandler's thoughts ever since lunch-time had been of his meeting with Gallaher, of Gallaher's invitatio 2 generate_story(gru, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 100) #generate next 100 words

Out[35]: #hat was unnecessary to have at all their own people of the graceful enchanting man buildings and as she had made the cancass at the stranger asked as he observed them that it would be effort to accept the own to force to pleces a wife with hot to dear seen to tell what his dear fellow of a sledgehammer that she had told me now because it is rather to queen at this years he had only used to give his a kitten mamma is at any service of your oun da
```

#### Bi directional GRU:

```
Epoch 150/150
           In [ ]: 1 bi_di_gru.save('./Bi_di_GRU.h5')
            import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
ppochs = range(len(bidi_gru_history.history['accuracy']))
plt.plot(epochs,bidi_gru_history.history['accuracy'])
plt.title("Bi-directional GRU Model Training Accuracy")
In [ ]:
             plt.xlabel("Epochs")
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.show()
                         Bi-directional GRU Model Training Accuracy
              0.8
              0.7
              0.6
            Accuracy
8.0
              0.4
              0.3
              0.2
              0.1
                                         60 80
Epochs
                                                                    140
                                                       100
                                                             120
```





```
Generating Stories from Bi-directional GRU Model
 In [ ]: 1 seed_text = "The country was in chaos but"
              2 generate_story(bi_di_gru, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 50) #generate next 50 words
Out[32]: 'they had helped they were back for a mask when he remembered was the child to it had a small patch of congealed blood and the
            dead s company was letting him midnight the piano on a federal photographer and were out of sorts and social kingdoms your book
 In [ ]: 1 seed_text = "I walked out of the store dissatisfied and it"
              generate_story(bi_di_gru, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 50) #generate next 50 words
Out[33]: 'had been devoured grave he cried that he had lost within the character which was three years he could hear johnny called up an
            d with tears and then he dozed offone day when it was like a midshipman and walked in the island of the fort and a piece of
 In []: 1 seed_text = "The lady was known as a soothsayer - a psychic of sorts. The rubbing of her crystal ball was finalized as she c generate_story(bi_di_gru, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 50) #generate next 50 words
Out[34]: 'on every year and that afternoon or until no doubt leapt from my own determination for off de american boy held his champagne
            he must cook it hundreds of times but i did not know anything he announced gleefully then remembering the family insisted that
            he and admiral remain behindit'
 In [ ]: 1 seed_text = "Little Chandler's thoughts ever since lunch-time had been of his meeting with Gallaher, of Gallaher's invitatio generate_story(bi_di_gru, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 100) #generate next 100 words
Out[35]: 'of course we were s means in melancholy in deep and it turned the cliff and his hair was still more as though it were the elde r by a matter of minutes and then they were conscious of a small family but no nightlight to make a blessed breach no i ll get up he said somewhat all right we re feeling whom he wondered if he had ever been remembered of course i spoke in a muffled whis
            per and no doubt flemming these stories oh henry daw was free to see he said he thought malignantly i thought about
 In [ ]: 1 seed_text = "On the morning of the fifth of September, in uniform, his revolver on the table, the colonel addressed his soli
              2 generate_story(bi_di_gru, tokenizer, seq_length, seed_text, 100) #generate next 100 words
Out[36]: 'stand quite still more than a baron she proffered no explanation his silence was irritating and made her own plans and myself are haunting me for now that all the first time about whose ferocity was rendered gentle which it was late to be he did not go
            home in the drama that one could derive true enjoyment and become cultivated and humane but do you suppose the public understands that she used to say what they want to know what i was asked he remarked somewhat later ef i was asked expectations i though
            t he d throw over some'
```

# **Results:**

Deep learning is a branch of machine learning that uses a algorithm that works like a neural network in the brain, and is a with a model called an artificial neural network. These networks are based on a collection of connected units called artificial neurons or neurons. Each connection between neurons can carry a signal from one neuron to another. The receiving neuron processes the signal and sends it to the downstream neurons connected to it. Neurons are organized in layers. Different layers can perform different types of conversions on inputs. The signal passes through the first layer, called the input layer, and reaches the last layer, called the output layer. All layers between these two layers are called hidden layers. Each connection between neurons is assigned an arbitrary weight from 0 to 1. For each layer, the weighted sum of connections pointing to the same neuron in the next layer is calculated. This sum is then passed to the activation function , which converts the output to a number from 0 to 1. The activation function resembles the activity of the human brain,

where different neurons are activated by different stimuli. The conversion result obtained from the activation function is passed to the next neuron in the next layer. This process repeats until the output layer is reached. During training, any weights assigned to each connection between neurons are continuously updated. Create a unique word dictionary from the input file Map words by index Set the length of the sequence Create another tensor (dataY) containing the following words in the sequence in the input file Splits the input file into Tensor (dataX) based on the length of the sequence Hot coding is used to transform the category features into a format that works better with machine learning algorithms. Use the softmax function (activation), where is the activation function, to assign probabilities to the content of dataY. Sets the window size equal to the length of the sequence. Select the next word based on the probability of dataY Repeat this process until you have the required number of words in the output history. Moving the window one word will try to reach the optimized value for the next word, based on the probability of. The optimization of the value depends on the optimizer used. One of the

widely used optimizers is called Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD). The goal of SGD is to minimize the loss function. The loss function is the difference between the actual output and the output

generated by the model. A single path of all datathat passes through the model is called a single epoch. Model learns through multiple epochs and attempts to minimize the loss function. The model is trained by passing the data in batches. Batches are also commonly referred to as mini-batch. batch size refers to the number of data samples that runs simultaneously over the network. deep learning can take the form of supervised learning when using tagged and unsupervised learning, and supervised learning when using unlabeled data. The Story Scrambler system uses unsupervised learning with a recurrent neural network. Training set of about 30 stories. Each story consists of approximately 5000 words and is processed by the i5 processor system with 4GB of RAM. A tuple of training sets consists of stories divided into strings , the number of words equal to the length of the specified

sequence. Draw loss is calculated by varying different parameters such as RNN size, number of layers, batch size, sequence length.

## **Conclusion:**

Describes the implementation of the Story generator system using RNN's such as GRU's and LSTM's. We tried to minimize drag loss by increasing the values of various parameters such as the number of neurons, the number of layers, the stack size, and the length of the sequence. The formed story is also evaluated by humans, achieving 79% accuracy. The accuracy of system can be further improved by taking into account the meaning of in the context of the word. In addition, synonyms can be used to further improve the accuracy of the system . This system can be further extended for the automatic generation of news or news articles or jokes or posts