Module02_Day07_Problem_Solving

December 16, 2022

Problem_Solving

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[]: def first_recurring_char(a):
         n=len(a)
         for i in range(n-1):
             count = 1
             for j in range(i+1,n):
                 if a[i] == a[j]:
                     count += 1
                 if count > 1:
                     return count,a[i]
         return -1
[]: first_recurring_char("nterviewbit")
[]: (2, 't')
[]: def recurring_char(a):
         n=len(a)
         for i in range(n):
             if a[i] in a[:i]:
                 return a[i]
         return -1
[]: recurring_char("nterviewbit")
[]: 'e'
    $* Sets are always constant while searching \# O(1)
[ ]: def opt_recucring_char(a):
         n=len(a)
         recurring = set()
         for i in range(n):
             if a[i] not in recurring: # This is O(1) because sets search in_
      ⇔constant time, even dictionaries
                 recurring.add(a[i])
             else:
                 return a[i]
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return -1
[]: opt_recucring_char("scaler"), opt_recucring_char("nterviewbit")
[]: (-1, 'e')
[]: def floor(arr,num):
         end = len(arr) -1
         start = 0
         while(start<=end):</pre>
             if num > arr[-1]: return arr[-1]
             if num < arr[0]: return "None"</pre>
             mid = (start+end)//2
             if arr[mid] < num < arr[mid+1] or num==arr[mid]:</pre>
                  return arr[mid]
             elif arr[mid] < num:</pre>
                  start = start + 1
             else:
                  end = end-1
         return -1
[]: floor([-5,2,3,6,9,10,11,14,18],-7)
[]: 'None'
[]: def opt_floor(arr,num):
         end = len(arr) -1
         start = 0
         ans = None
         while(start<=end):</pre>
             mid = (start+end)//2
             if num==arr[mid]:
                  return arr[mid]
             elif arr[mid] < num:</pre>
                  ans = arr[mid]
                  start = start + 1
             else:
                  end = end-1
         return ans
[]: opt_floor([-5,2,3,6,9,10,11,14,18],7)
[]:6
[]: def isPowerOf2(n):
         isTwoMultiple = 1
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while n > 1:
             if n % 2 == 0:
                 \mathbf{n} = \mathbf{n}//2
             else:
                 return 0
         return isTwoMultiple
[]: import math
     def super_opt_isPowerof2(n):
         ans = math.log2(n)
         if ans == int(ans) :
             return 1
         else:
             return 0
[ ]: def isPowerOf2_opt(n):
         return n & (n-1) == 0
     isPowerOf2_opt(1)
[]: True
[]: def euc_distance(A,B):
         x1 = A[0]
         x2 = B[0]
         y1 = A[1]
         y2 = B[1]
         distance = ((x2-x1)**2 + (y2-y1)**2)**0.5
         return round(distance,2)
     def nearestNeighbour(lst,loc):
         distance = list()
         for cord in lst:
             distance.append(euc_distance(loc,cord))
         return distance, min(distance)
[]: nearestNeighbour([(1,2),(3,6),(-1,5),(-1,-2),(-3,4),(2,2)], (2,3))
[]: ([1.41, 3.16, 3.61, 5.83, 5.1, 1.0], 1.0)
[ ]: # NLP:
     # n-gram -> You are givrn with a paragraph
     \# "be the change you want to see in the world" , n=2
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# "(be, the), (the, change), (change, you), (you, want)..... (the, world)"
     def ngram(arr,step):
         arr = arr.split()
         n = len(arr)
         tokens = list()
         for i in range(n - step + 1):
             tokens.append(arr[i:i+step])
         return tokens
[]: ngram("be the change you want to see in the world",2)
[]: [['be', 'the'],
      ['the', 'change'],
      ['change', 'you'],
      ['you', 'want'],
      ['want', 'to'],
      ['to', 'see'],
      ['see', 'in'],
      ['in', 'the'],
      ['the', 'world']]
[]: def foo(n):
         return math.log2(n), 10 ,n**0.5 , 100/n, n
[]: foo(10000)
[]: (13.287712379549449, 10, 100.0, 0.01, 10000)
[]: s1 = "silent"
     s1 = set(s1)
     s2 = set("listen")
     s2 == s1
[]: True
[]: s = {"scaler": [5, 7, 5, 4, 5], "is": [6, 7, 4, 3, 3], "best": [9, 9, 6, 5, 5]}
     for key in s:
        print(s[key])
    [5, 7, 5, 4, 5]
    [6, 7, 4, 3, 3]
    [9, 9, 6, 5, 5]
[]:
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