

Association of single ultracold molecules in optical tweezers

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Quick Revision

Forms of Quadratic Function

- $f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$ is called the standard form.
- $f(x) = a(x x_1)(x x_2)$ is called the **factored form**, where x_1 and x_2 are the roots of the quadratic function.
- $f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$ is called the **vertex form**.

Delta Δ

 Δ determines tells us how many solutions quadratic equation have:

The Quadratic Formula

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a}$$

Graph of Quadratic Function

Figure: Graph of $f(x) = ax^2|_{\{0.1,0.3,1.0,3.0\}}$

Factorising a Quadratic

Factorising- Tasks

Factorising a quadratic means putting it1. Factorise x^2-x-12 . 2. Solve $x^2-8=$ into two brackets, and is useful if you're2x by factorising. trying to draw a graph of a quadratic solve a quadratic equation. It's pretty easy if a=1 (in ax^2+bx+c form), but can be a

In order to factorise a quadratic you should follow steps outlined below:

• Rearrange the equation into the standard $ax^2 + bx + c$ form.

real pain otherwise.

- **2** Write down two brackets: (x)(x)
- Find two numbers that multiply to give 'c' and add or subtract to give 'b' (ignoring signs).
- 4 Put the numbers in brackets and choose their signs.

Myth of Delta Δ

It's commonly believed that in order to work out roots of a quadratic function you must count Δ and use other previously established formulas. However this is untrue since factorising in many cases is as good or even better than simply counting Δ .

Vieta's Formulas- Task

1. Prove that

$$x_1x_2 = \frac{c}{a}$$

Glossary

noun	meaning
addition	+
subtraction	
multiplication	•
division	•
solution	getting answer
substitution	$t = x^2$
	addition subtraction multiplication division

Table: Word Formation

Some Necessary and Useful Vocabulary

- (n.) sign \rightarrow + or -
- (n.) equation $\rightarrow something = 0$
- (n.) factor \rightarrow two multiplied factors give result
- (v.) factorise \rightarrow putting into brackets
- (n.) coefficient \rightarrow a constant number i.e. a, b, c in a pattern $ax^2 + bx + c$
- (n.) quadratic function $\rightarrow f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$
- (n.) root $\rightarrow \sqrt{sth}$ or solution of quadratic equation
- (n.) formula = pattern