```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        # 1] FULL OUTER JOIN
        dic1 = {'id':['1','2','3','4','5'], 'Value1':['A','C','E','G','I'], 'Value2':['B','D','F','H','J']}
        dic2 = {'id':['2','3','6','7','8'], 'Value1':['K','M','0','Q','S'], 'Value2':['L','N','P','R','T']}
        df1 = pd.DataFrame(dic1)
        df2 = pd.DataFrame(dic2)
        # The "full outer join" combines the results of
        # both the left and the right outer joins.
        # The joined data frame will contain all records
        # from both the data frames and fill in NaNs for
        # missing matches on either side. You can perform
        # a full outer join by specifying the how argument
        # as outer in merge() function.
        # df3 = pd.merge(df1,df2,on='id',how='outer')
        df3 = pd.DataFrame(df1,df2,left_on='id',right_on='id',how='outer',suffixes = ('_left','_right'))
        print(df3)
         id Value1_x Value2_x Value1_y Value2_y
       0 1
                   Α
                                   NaN
                                            NaN
       1 2
                   C
                            D
                                             L
       2 3
                                             N
       3 4
                   G
                            Н
                                   NaN
                                            NaN
       4 5
                   Ι
                            J
                                   NaN
                                            NaN
       5 6
                 NaN
                          NaN
       6 7
                 NaN
                          NaN
                                     Q
                                              R
       7 8
                 NaN
                          NaN
                                     S
                                              Т
In [2]: df3 = pd.DataFrame(df1,df2,left_on='id',right_on='id',how='outer',suffixes = ('_left','_right'))
        # We can specify the columns names to use for merging using "on" parameter.
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# We can use 'left on' & 'right on' parameter to specift the columns from the
        # Left and right dataframes to be used for merging.
        print(df3)
       TypeError
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
       Cell In[2], line 1
       ----> 1 df3 = pd.DataFrame(df1,df2,left on='id',right on='id',how='outer',suffixes = (' left',' right'))
             3 # We can specify the columns names to use for merging using "on" parameter.
             4 # We can use 'left on' & 'right on' parameter to specift the columns from the
             5 # left and right dataframes to be used for merging.
             7 print(df3)
      TypeError: DataFrame.__init__() got an unexpected keyword argument 'left_on'
In [4]: dic1 = {'id':['1','2','3','4','5'], 'Value1':['A','C','E','G','I'], 'Value2':['B','D','F','H','J']}
        dic2 = {'id':['2','3','6','7','8'], 'Value1':['K','M','0','Q','S'], 'Value2':['L','N','P','R','T']}
        df1 = pd.DataFrame(dic1)
        df2 = pd.DataFrame(dic2)
        # The "inner join" produce only those records that
        # match in both the data frame. You have to pass
        # inner in how argument inside merge() function.
        df3 = pd.merge(df1,df2,on='id',how='inner')
        print(df3)
        id Value1 x Value2 x Value1 y Value2 y
       0 2
                  C
                            D
       1 3
                   Ε
In [2]: import pandas as pd
        dic1 = {'id':['1','2','3','4','5'], 'Value1':['A','C','E','G','I'], 'Value2':['B','D','F','H','J']}
```

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dic2 = {'id':['2','3','6','7','8'], 'Value1':['K','M','0','Q','S'], 'Value2':['L','N','P','R','T']}
        df1 = pd.DataFrame(dic1)
        df2 = pd.DataFrame(dic2)
        df4 = pd.merge(df1,df2,on='id',how='right')
        # The right join produce a complete set of records from data
        # frame B(Right side Data Frame) with the matching records
        # (where available) in data frame A( Left side data frame).
        # If there is no match right side will contain null. You
        # have to pass right in how argument inside merge() function.
        print(df4)
        id Value1 x Value2 x Value1 y Value2 y
       0 2
                  C
                            D
       1 3
                  Ε
                                              Ν
                            F
                                              Ρ
       2 6
                 NaN
                          NaN
       3 7
                NaN
                          NaN
                                              R
                                              Т
       4 8
                NaN
                          NaN
In [3]: import pandas as pd
        dic1 = {'id':['1','2','3','4','5'], 'Value1':['A','C','E','G','I'], 'Value2':['B','D','F','H','J']}
        dic2 = {'id':['2','3','6','7','8'], 'Value1':['K','M','0','Q','S'], 'Value2':['L','N','P','R','T']}
        df1 = pd.DataFrame(dic1)
        df2 = pd.DataFrame(dic2)
        df5 = pd.merge(df1,df2,on='id',how='left')
        # The Left join produce a complete set of records from data frame
        # A(Left side Data Frame) with the matching records (where available)
        # in data frame B( Right side data frame). If there is no match Left
        # side will contain null. You have to pass left in how argument inside
        # merge() function.
        print(df5)
```

joins

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id Value1_x Value2_x Value1_y Value2_y
       0 1
                  Α
                                   NaN
                                           NaN
       1 2
                   C
                            D
                                    Κ
                                             L
       2 3
                                             N
       3 4
                  G
                            Н
                                   NaN
                                           NaN
       4 5
                  Ι
                                   NaN
                                           NaN
In [4]: import pandas as pd
        dic1 = {'id':['1','2','3','4','5'], 'Value1':['A','C','E','G','I'], 'Value2':['B','D','F','H','J']}
        dic2 = {'id':['2','3','6','7','8'], 'Value1':['K','M','0','Q','S'], 'Value2':['L','N','P','R','T']}
        df1 = pd.DataFrame(dic1)
        df2 = pd.DataFrame(dic2)
        df6 = pd.merge(df1,df2,right_index=True,left_index=True)
        #Sometimes you have to perform the join on the indexes or the row labels.
        #For that you have to specify right index( for the indexes of the right data frame )
        #and left_index (for the indexes of left data frame) as True.
        print(df6)
         id_x Value1_x Value2_x id_y Value1_y Value2_y
           1
       0
                     Α
                              В
                                   2
                                           Κ
            2
                     C
                                  3
                                           Μ
                                                    Ν
       2
                     Ε
                                           0
                     G
                                  7
                                                    R
                     Ι
                                                    Т
In [ ]:
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