

```
1 # This function returns all the key value pair of dictionary in the form of list of
  tuples. for example:
2 A = {1 : "One", 2 : "Two", 3 : "Three"}
3 B = {'A' : "Apple", 'B' : "Bat", 'C' : "Cat", 'D' : "Doll"}
4 print(A.items())
5 print(B.items())
6
7 # Output:dict_items([(1, 'One'), (2, 'Two'), (3, 'Three')])
8 # dict_items([('A', 'Apple'), ('B', 'Bat'), ('C', 'Cat'), ('D', 'Doll')])
9
10 '''
11 @ What is the difference between print(A) and print(A.items( )) Where 'A' is
  dictionary given above.
12
13 Ans. There is difference in the output of dictionary as print command print all key-
  value pair in curly
14 braces while items( ) return all key value pairs as a list of tuples. for example
15 '''
16 A = {1 : "One", 2 : "Two", 3 : "Three"}
17 print(A.items())
18 print(A)
19
20 # OUTPUT:dict_items([(1, 'One'), (2, 'Two'), (3, 'Three')])
21 # {1: 'One', 2: 'Two', 3: 'Three'}
22
23 # Created By: Bhaskar Singh with the help of Visual Studio Code.
24 # Visit: starlink.atwebpages.com
```