

## MA 361 HOMEWORK 10

17.10.2024

**Instruction:** The homework is due on 11:30 am, 24.10.2024. You can either submit a hard copy in the beginning of the class or send a soft copy to [sudeshnab@iisc.ac.in](mailto:sudeshnab@iisc.ac.in). Only submit the blue coloured problems for grading. No submission after the deadline will be accepted.

**Problem 1.** Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots$  be i.i.d from  $\mu$ . For each  $n$ , define the random probability measure  $\mu_n = \frac{1}{n}(\delta_{X_1} + \dots + \delta_{X_n})$ . If  $F_n, F$  are the cumulative distribution functions of  $\mu_n$  and  $\mu$ , show that for any  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ , we have  $F_n(x) \xrightarrow{a.s.} F(x)$ .

**Problem 2.** Let  $X_n$  be a sequence of random variables with zero means, unit variances. Assume that  $|\text{Cov}(X_n, X_m)| \leq \delta(|n - m|)$  where  $\delta(k) \rightarrow 0$  as  $k \rightarrow \infty$ . Show that  $\frac{1}{n}S_n \xrightarrow{P} 0$ .

**Problem 3.** Show that the the following are equivalent conditions for uniform integrability of a sequence  $\{X_n\}$ .

- (1)  $c_n X_n \xrightarrow{L^1} 0$  whenever  $c_n \rightarrow 0$ .
- (2) There exists  $M$  such that  $\mathbf{E}|X_n| \leq M$  for all  $n$  and the following holds. For any  $\varepsilon > 0$ , there exists  $\delta > 0$  such that any measurable set  $A$  with  $\mathbf{P}(A) < \delta$  satisfies  $\int_A X_n dP < \varepsilon$  for all  $n$ .

**Problem 4.** Let  $\{X_i\}_{i \in I}$  be a family of r.v on  $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbf{P})$ . If  $\{X_i\}_{i \in I}$  is uniformly integrable, then show that  $\sup_i \mathbf{E}|X_i| < \infty$ . Give a counterexample to the converse statement.

**Problem 5.** Let  $X_i \sim \mu$  be i.i.d. If  $S_n$  converge a.s., show that  $\mu = \delta_0$ .

**Problem 6.** Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots$  be i.i.d. random variables with finite expectation  $m$ . Show that

$$\mathbf{E} \left[ \left| \frac{S_n}{n} - m \right| \right] \rightarrow 0.$$

**Problem 7.** Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots$  be i.i.d. non negative random variables. Let  $G_n$  be the geometric mean of  $X_1, \dots, X_n$ . In each of the following cases, show that  $G_n$  converges almost surely to a constant and find the constant. (a)  $X_1 \sim \text{Unif}[0, 1]$ , (b)  $X_1 \sim \text{Exp}(1)$ .

**Problem 8.** Suppose  $0 \leq X_1 \leq X_2 \leq \dots$ . Assume that  $\frac{\mathbf{E}[X_n]}{n^\alpha} \rightarrow A$  and  $\text{Var}(X_n) \leq Bn^{2\beta}$  for some  $0 < A, B < \infty$  and  $0 < \beta < \alpha < \infty$ . Show that  $\frac{X_n}{n^\alpha} \xrightarrow{a.s.} A$ .

**Problem 9.** Let  $X_k$  be independent random variables with  $\mathbf{P}\{X_k = k^a\} = \mathbf{P}\{X_k = -k^a\} = \frac{1}{2}$  for some  $a \geq 0$ . Show that  $\frac{S_n}{n} \xrightarrow{P} 0$  if and only if  $a < \frac{1}{2}$ .