

ANALYSIS ON FINAL OUTPUT OF DIRECT COMP PAPER

→ The aim here is to understand the structure of H_Q .

→ The structure of H_Q proposed in paper, should satisfy

i, $H_Q^T B H_Q = Q$

ii, $[M_j(2)]^2 + [M_j(3)]^2 = M_j(4) \cdot [x_j^2 + y_j^2 = m_j^T m_j] \quad [2D]$

after obtaining $M_j = H_Q H_S H_M \hat{M}_j$ ($\therefore M_j = H \hat{M}_j$).

→ This analysis is based on microphone constraints only.

→ We already checked $H_Q^T B H_Q = Q$ condition, & it's working, but we need to check (ii) condition.

$$\rightarrow M_j = H \hat{M}_j = H_q H_s H_m \hat{M}_j \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\rightarrow S_i = (H^{-1})^T \hat{S}_i = (H_q^{-1})^T (H_s^{-1})^T (H_m^{-1})^T \hat{S}_i \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$\rightarrow H_s = \begin{bmatrix} I & h_s \\ 0 & \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \quad \text{first element of } h_s = 0.$$

$$\text{Let } h_s = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ p \\ q \\ r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{h_s^T \hat{S}_i = 1} \quad \text{another condition on } h_s. \quad \rightarrow \text{eqn (a)}$$

$$\Rightarrow H_s = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & p \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & q \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & r \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -p/r & -q/r & 1/r \end{bmatrix}^T$$

$$H_s = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -p/r \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -q/r \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/r \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

$$\rightarrow H_m = \begin{bmatrix} h_m^T \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Let } h_m = \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \\ d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{h_m^T \hat{M}_j = 1} \quad \text{Condition on } h_m \quad \rightarrow \text{eqn (b)}$$

$$\Rightarrow H_m = \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{--- (4)}$$

$$H_Q = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ t & RK & 0 & 0 \\ t^T t - Q_{11} & 2(t^T RK - [Q_{12} \ Q_{13}]) & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Let } \hat{M}_j = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(1) \\ \hat{M}_j(2) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) \\ \hat{M}_j(4) \end{bmatrix}, \text{ where, } \hat{M}_j(4) = \left(\hat{M}_j(2)\right)^2 + \left(\hat{M}_j(3)\right)^2 \quad (6)$$

→ Now consider equation (1)

$$M_j = H_Q H_S H_M \hat{M}_j$$

$$= H_Q \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -p/\gamma \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -q/\gamma \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/\gamma \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \hat{M}_j$$

$$= H_Q \cdot \begin{bmatrix} a & b & c & d \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -p/\gamma \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -q/\gamma \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1/\gamma \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(1) \\ \hat{M}_j(2) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) \\ \hat{M}_j(4) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= H_Q \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \frac{1}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ t & RK & 0 \\ t^T t - Q_{11} & 2(t^T RK - [Q_{12} \ Q_{13}]) & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \frac{1}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_j = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ t + RK \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} \\ t^T t - Q_{11} + 2(t^T RK - [Q_{12} \ Q_{13}]) \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix}$$

From the structure of M_j , we have

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} M_j(2) & M_j(3) \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{LHS}} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} M_j(2) \\ M_j(3) \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{RHS}} = M_j(4).$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{LHS} &= \begin{bmatrix} t + RK \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} t + RK \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} \end{bmatrix} \\ &= t^T t + t^T RK \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} \\ &\quad + \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) & \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} K^T R^T t + \\ &\quad \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) & \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{K^T R K}_{\begin{bmatrix} Q_{22} & Q_{32} \\ Q_{23} & Q_{33} \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$RHS = t^T t - Q_{11} + 2(t^T R K - [Q_{12} \ Q_{13}]) \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} + \frac{1}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4))$$

Now, $RHS - LHS =$

$$\begin{aligned} & -Q_{11} + t^T R K \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} - 2 [Q_{12} \ Q_{13}] \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} \\ & + \frac{1}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) - \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) & \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} K^T R^T t \\ & - \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) & \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Q_{22} & Q_{32} \\ Q_{23} & Q_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

→ consider the eqn $\hat{M}_j^1 Q \hat{M}_j = 0$, — (7)

Where, $\hat{M}_j^1 = H_S H_M \hat{M}_j$; $Q =$

From previous computations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{8} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{8} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \frac{1}{8} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} Q_{11} & Q_{12} & Q_{13} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ Q_{12} & Q_{22} & Q_{23} & 0 \\ Q_{13} & Q_{23} & Q_{33} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Eqn (7) \Rightarrow LHS = $\hat{M}_j^1 T Q \hat{M}_j =$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{8} (\hat{M}_j(4)) & \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{8} (\hat{M}_j(4)) & \frac{1}{8} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Q_{11} & Q_{12} & Q_{13} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ Q_{12} & Q_{22} & Q_{23} & 0 \\ Q_{13} & Q_{23} & Q_{33} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} Q_{11} + \left[\hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{8} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \quad \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{8} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \right] \begin{bmatrix} Q_{12} \\ Q_{13} \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{28} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \cdot \hat{M}_j^1 \\ \begin{bmatrix} Q_{12} \\ Q_{13} \end{bmatrix} + \left[\hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{8} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \quad \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{8} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \right] \begin{bmatrix} Q_{22} & Q_{23} \\ Q_{23} & Q_{33} \end{bmatrix}^T \\ -\frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

\hat{M}_j^1
↓
dot product
= \hat{M}_j^1
 \Rightarrow
 $ATA = A \odot A$
 $A \rightarrow$ Vector

$$\Rightarrow Q_{11} + \left[\hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \quad \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\delta} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \right] \begin{bmatrix} Q_{12} \\ Q_{13} \end{bmatrix} - \frac{1}{2\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4))$$

$$+ [Q_{12} \quad Q_{13}] \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\delta} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \left[\hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \quad \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\delta} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \right] \begin{bmatrix} Q_{22} & Q_{23} \\ Q_{23} & Q_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hat{M}_j(2) - \frac{p}{\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \\ \hat{M}_j(3) - \frac{q}{\delta} (\hat{M}_j(4)) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$- \frac{1}{2\gamma} (\hat{M}_j(4)) = 0$$

→ substitute this in RHS-LHS.

$$\Rightarrow \text{RHS-LHS} = 0.$$

therefore, condition (i) & (ii) both are satisfied