

Recommendation Systems for Tourists

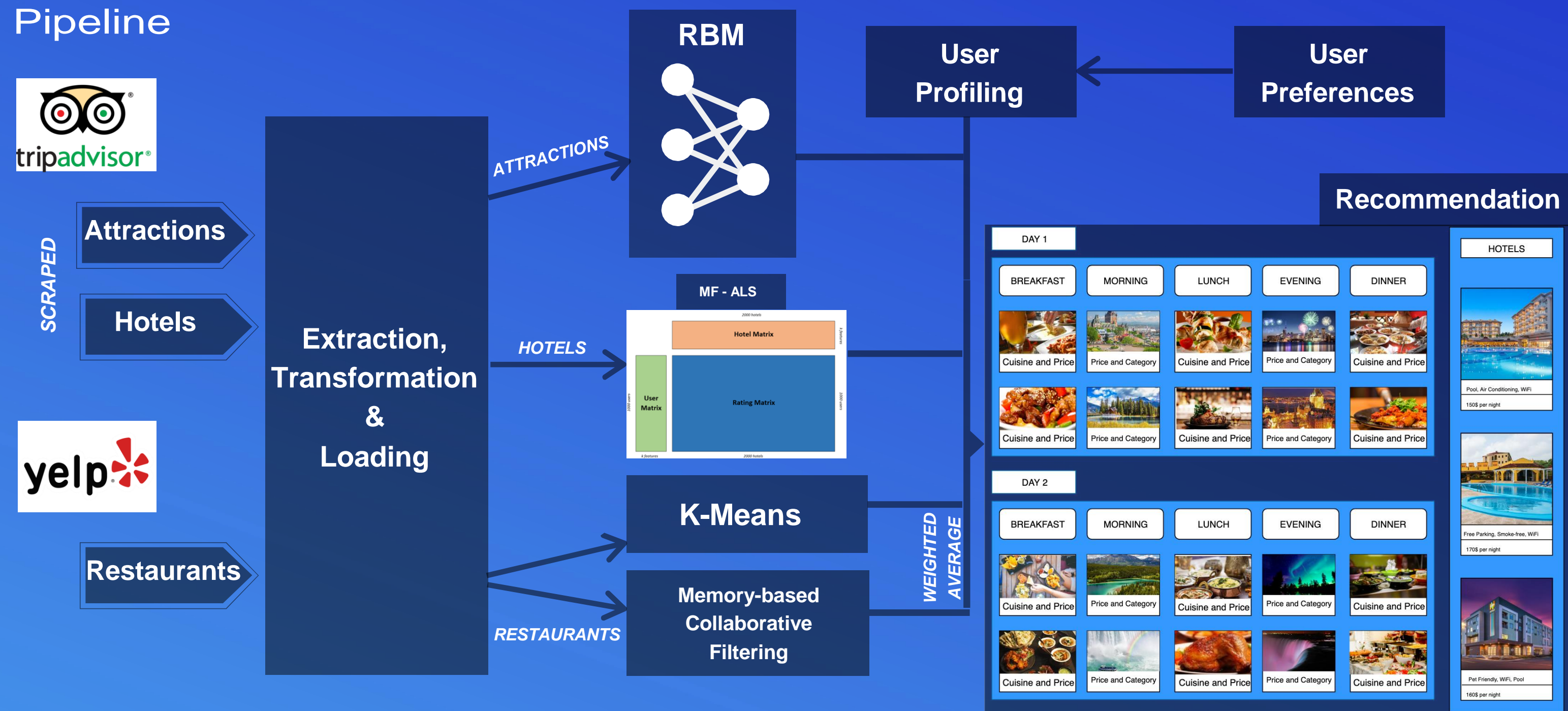
Introduction and Motivation

- Our Project provides **Tailor-made** travel plans for users based on their start and end date of journey, user's preferences and their travel budget.
- 3 different recommendation algorithms were used to provide user recommendations -
- 2 **Collaborative Filtering** techniques and 1 **Hybrid** technique.
- Collaborative Filtering - Restrictive Boltzmann Machine, Matrix Factorization using Alternating Least Squares; Hybrid - K-means and Memory-based Collaborative Filtering.
- User preferences for hotel amenities, attraction categories and restaurant cuisines are obtained from the users and recommendations are provided accordingly.
- Custom Itinerary for each day of trip recommending users where to go and where to eat at which part of the day is provided as end result.

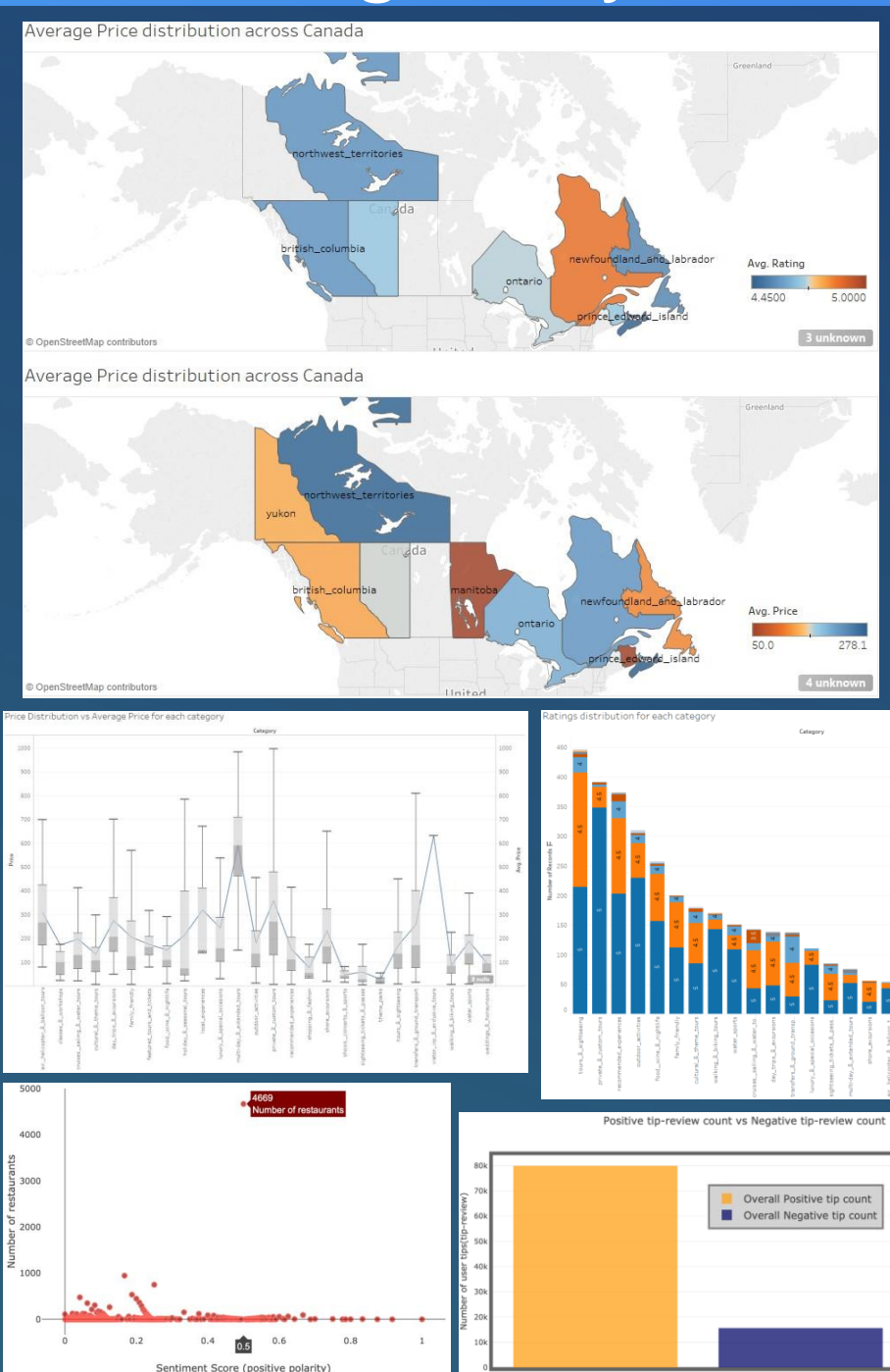
Models Used

- **RBM** - CF technique that uses Boltzmann machines with no connections within visible and hidden layers.
- **ALS** - Matrix Factorization in Parallel Fashion. Apache Spark ML implementation for large scale CF problems.
- **HYBRID** - Weighted recommendation from K-means clustering & Memory based Collaborative filtering technique.

Pipeline



Interesting Analysis



Challenges

The user interface shows a user profile for Bruce Wayne with a start date of 04/26/2019 and an end date of 04/29/2019. The user has a budget of 5-500. The interface displays a grid of 12 categories of attractions, each with a Rate slider. The categories are: private_custom_tours, cultural_theme_tours, luxury_special_occasions, tours_sightseeing, walking_biking_tours, sightseeing_tickets_passes, recommended_experiences, day_trips_excursions, multi-day_extended_tours, outdoor_activities, water_sports, shore_excursions, food_wine_nightlife, cruises_sailing_water_tours, air_helicopter_balloon_tours, family_friendly, transfers_ground_transport, and holiday_seasonal_tours. The Rate sliders are set to various values, ranging from 1 to 5.

- Recommendation for each category had to be handled in a unique manner.
- User's amenity requirements were used to simulate hotel ratings and hotels with most user-favorite amenities were recommended
- User was asked to rate at least 5 categories of attraction and was matched with user having similar preferences to provide recommendation
- User profiling for restaurants was done based on the result from content-based recommendation .
- Hybrid model relies a lot on feature engineering. After careful **EDA**, optimal feature selection (**PCA**) was done for the hybrid recommender.

Technologies Used



Learnings G Future Work

- Gained experience in concepts and implementation of 3 different recommendation algorithms.
- Exploratory Data Analysis was performed on all data sets to understand the data better.
- Explored Jupyter notebook widgets to create an interactive notebook.
- Creating a web application and collecting interactions of users to improve user experience and provide implicit recommendations.
- Using Deep Belief Network instead of RBM to improve recommendations.