1. Program to check whether given string is palindrome or not

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
bool isPalindrome(char str[]) {
  int I = 0;
  int r = strlen(str) - 1;
  while (I < r) {
     if (str[l] != str[r])
     return false;
     |++;
     r--;
  }
  return true;
}
int main() {
  char str[100];
  printf("Enter a string: ");
  scanf("%s", str);
  if (isPalindrome(str))
  {
     printf("Palindrome\n");
  }
  else
  {
     printf("Not Palindrome\n");
  }
```

```
return 0;
```

2.Program to reverse the string

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
void reverseString(char * str)
  int len = strlen(str);
  int i, j;
  char temp;
  for (i = 0; j = len - 1; i < j; i++; j--)
     temp = str[i];
     str[i] = str[j];
     str[j] = temp;
  }
}
int main()
  char word[100];
  printf("Enter the word to be reversed");
  scanf("%s", word);
  reverseString(word);
  printf("Reversed word: ", word);
  return 0;
}
```

3. A customer support system locks multiple issue reported by the users the first unique word in the lock is often the most critical issue. Given a message find the first non repeating character which represents the first unique issue. If all the character repeats return -1.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

#define MAX 200

int f_NonRep(const char *msg)
{
   int cnt[MAX] = {0};
   for (int i = 0; msg[i]; i++)
```

```
{
     cnt[msg[i]]++;
  }
  for (int i = 0; msg[i]; i++)
     if (cnt[msg[i]] == 1)
       return msg[i];
  }
  return -1;
}
int main()
  char input[MAX];
  printf("Enter the message: ");
  scanf("%255s", input);
  int result = f_NonRep(input);
  if (result != -1) \
     printf("The first non-repeating character is: '%c'\n", result);
  }
  else
  {
     printf("-1\n");
  }
  return 0;
}
4.Sum of the number
Input:1234
Output:10
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
  char ch;
  int sum = 0;
  printf("Enter the string: ");
```

```
while (scanf("%c", &ch) == 1 && ch != '\n')
  {
     if (ch >= '0' && ch <= '9') {
       sum += ch - '0';
     }
  }
  printf("The sum of the digits in the string is: %d\n", sum);
  return 0;
}
5. Using recursion
Input:1234
Output:10
#include <stdio.h>
int sum_ofDig(const char * str)
  if ( * str == '\0')
  {
     return 0;
  }
int sum = 0;
  if ( * str >= '0' && * str <= '9')
  {
     sum = * str - '0';
  return sum + sum_ofDig(str + 1);
}
int main()
  char input[100];
  printf("Enter the string: ");
  scanf("%99s", input);
  int totalSum = sum_ofDig(input);
  printf("The sum of the digits in the string is: %d\n", totalSum);
  return 0;
```

}