COMP SCI 2ME3 and SFWR ENG 2AA4 Final Examination McMaster University

DAY CLASS, **Version 1**DURATION OF EXAMINATION: 2.5 hours (+ 30 minutes buffer time)
MCMASTER UNIVERSITY FINAL EXAMINATION

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NAME: [Enter your name here —SS]

Student ID: [Enter your student number here —SS]

This examination paper includes 21 pages and 8 questions. You are responsible for ensuring that your copy of the examination paper is complete. Bring any discrepancy to the attention of your instructor.

By submitting this work, I certify that the work represents solely my own independent efforts. I confirm that I am expected to exhibit honesty and use ethical behaviour in all aspects of the learning process. I confirm that it is my responsibility to understand what constitutes academic dishonesty under the Academic Integrity Policy.

Special Instructions:

- 1. For taking tests remotely:
 - Turn off all unnecessary programs, especially Netflix, YouTube, games like Xbox or PS4, anything that might be downloading or streaming.
 - If your house is shared, ask others to refrain from doing those activities during the test.
 - If you can, connect to the internet via a wired connection.
 - Move close to the Wi-Fi hub in your house.
 - Restart your computer, 1-2 hours before the exam. A restart can be very helpful for several computer hiccups.
 - Use a VPN (Virtual Private Network) since this improves the connection to the CAS servers.
 - Commit and push your tex file, compiled pdf file, and code files frequently. As a minimum you should do a commit and push after completing each question.
 - Ensure that you push your solution (tex file, pdf file and code files) before time expires on the test. The solution that is in the repo at the deadline is the solution that will be graded.
 - If you have trouble with your git repo, the quickest solution may be to create a fresh clone.
- 2. It is your responsibility to ensure that the answer sheet is properly completed. Your examination result depends upon proper attention to the instructions.

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- 3. All physical external resources are permitted, including textbooks, calculators, computers, compilers, and the internet.
- 4. The work has to be completed individually. Discussion with others is strictly prohibited.
- 5. Read each question carefully.
- 6. Try to allocate your time sensibly and divide it appropriately between the questions. Use the allocated marks as a guide on how to divide your time between questions.
- 7. The quality of written answers will be considered during grading. Please make your answers well-written and succinct.
- 8. The set \mathbb{N} is assumed to include 0.

Question 1 [5 marks] What are the problems with using "average lines of code written per day" as a metric for programmer productivity?

[Provide your reasons in the itemized list below. Add more items as required. —SS]

• ...

Question 2 [5 marks] Critique the following requirements specification for a new cell phone application, called CellApp. Use the following criteria discussed in class for judging the quality of the specification: abstract, unambiguous, and validatable. How could you improve the requirements specification?

"The user shall find CellApp easy to use."

[Fill in the itemized list below with your answers. Leave the word in bold at the beginning of each item. —SS]

- **Abstract** explanation
- Unambiguous explanation
- Validatable explanation
- How to improve explanation

Question 3 [5 marks] The following module is proposed for the maze tracing robot we discussed in class (L20). This module is a leaf module in the decomposition by secrets hierarchy.

Module Name find_path

Module Secret The data structure and algorithm for finding the shortest path in a graph.

[Fill in the answers to the questions below. For each item you should leave the bold question and write your answer directly after it. —SS]

- A. Is this module Hardware Hiding, Software Decision Hiding or Behaviour Hiding? Why?
 - answer here
- B. Is this a good secret? Why?
 - answer here
- C. Does the specification for maze tracing robot require environment variables? If so, which environment variables are needed?
 - answer here

Question 4 [5 marks] Answer the following questions assuming that you are in doing your final year capstone in a group of 5 students. Your project is to write a video game for playing chess, either over the network between two human opponents, or locally between a human and an Artificial Intelligence (AI) opponent.

[Fill in the answers to the questions below. For each item you should leave the bold question and write your answer directly after it. —SS]

- A. You have 8 months to work on the project. Keeping in mind that we usually need to fake a rational design process, what major milestones and what timeline for achieving these milestones do you propose? You can indicate the time a milestone is reached by the number of months from the project's start date.
 - answer here
- B. Everything in your process should be verified, including the verification. How might you verify your verification?
 - answer here
- C. How do you propose verifying the installability of your game?
 - answer here

Question 5 [5 marks] As for the previous question, assume you are doing a final year capstone project in a group of 5 students. As above, your project is to write a video game for playing chess, either over the network between two human opponents, or locally between a human and an Artificial Intelligence (AI) opponent. The questions below focus on verification and testing.

[Fill in the answers to the questions below. For each item you should leave the bold question and right your answer directly after it. —SS]

- A. Assume you have 4 work weeks (a work week is 5 days) over the course of the project for verification activities. How many collective hours do you estimate that your team has available for verification related activities? Please justify your answer.
 - answer here
- B. Given the estimated hours available for verification, what verification techniques do you recommend for your team? Please list the techniques, along with the number of hours your team will spend on each technique, and the reason for selecting this technique.
 - answer here
- C. Is the oracle problem a concern for implementing your game? Why or why not? If it is a concern, how do you recommend testing your software?
 - answer here

Question 6 [5 marks] Consider the following natural language specification for a function that looks for resonance when the input matches an integer multiple of the wavelengths 5 and 7. Provided an integer input between 1 and 1000, the function returns a string as specified below:

- If the number is a multiple of 5, then the output is "resonance 5"
- If the number is a multiple of 7, then the output is "resonance 7"
- If the number is a multiple of both 5 and 7, then the output is "resonance 5 and 7"
- Otherwise, the output is "no resonance"

You can assume that inputs outside of the range 1 to 1000 do not occur.

A. What are the sets D_i that partition D (the input domain) into a reasonable set of equivalence classes?

[answer here - you can answer in natural language, or using mathematical notation. —SS]

B. Given the sets D_i , and the heuristics discussed in class, how would you go about selecting test cases?

[answer here - you don't need specific test cases; your answer should characterize how all significant test cases are to be chosen. —SS]

Question 7 [5 marks] Below is a partial specification for an MIS for the game of tic-tac-toe (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tic-tac-toe). You should complete the specification.

[The parts that you need to fill in are marked by comments, like this one. You can use the given local functions to complete the missing specifications. You should not have to add any new local functions, but you can if you feel it is necessary for your solution. As you edit the tex source, please leave the wss comments in the file. You can put your answer immediately following the comment. —SS]

Syntax

Exported Constants

SIZE = 3 //size of the board in each direction

Exported Types

 $cellT = \{ X, O, FREE \}$

Exported Access Programs

| Routine name | In | Out | Exceptions |
|---------------|--------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|
| init | | | |
| move | \mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N} | | OutOfBoundsException, InvalidMove- |
| | | | Exception |
| getb | \mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N} | cellT | OutOfBoundsException |
| get_turn | | cellT | |
| is_valid_move | \mathbb{N}, \mathbb{N} | \mathbb{B} | OutOfBoundsException |
| is_winner | cellT | \mathbb{B} | |
| is_game_over | | \mathbb{B} | |

Semantics

State Variables

b: boardT Xturn: \mathbb{B}

State Invariant

[Place your state invariant or invariants here —SS]

Assumptions

The init method is called for the abstract object before any other access routine is called for that object. The init method can be used to return the state of the game to the state of a new game.

Access Routine Semantics

init():

• transition:

$$< FREE, FREE, FREE >$$

$$< FREE, FREE, FREE >$$

$$< FREE, FREE, FREE >$$

$$< FREE, FREE, FREE >$$

• exception: none

move(i, j):

- transition: $Xturn, b[i, j] := \neg Xturn, (Xturn \Rightarrow X | \neg Xturn \Rightarrow O)$
- exception

 $exc := (InvalidPosition(i, j) \Rightarrow OutOfBoundsException | \neg is_valid_move(i, j) \Rightarrow InvalidMoveException)$

getb(i, j):

- output: out := b[i, j]
- exception $exc := (InvalidPosition(i, j) \Rightarrow OutOfBoundsException)$

get_turn():

- output: [Return the cellT that corresponds to the current turn —SS]
- exception: none

is_valid_move(i, j):

- output: out := (b[i][j] = FREE)
- $\bullet \ \operatorname{exception} \ exc := (\operatorname{InvalidPosition}(i,j) \Rightarrow \operatorname{OutOfBoundsException})$

is_winner(c):

- \bullet output: $out := \text{horizontal_win}(c,b) \vee \text{vertical_win}(c,b) \vee \text{diagonal_win}(c,b)$
- exception: none

is_game_over():

- output: [Returns true if X or O wins, or if there are no more moves remaining —SS]
- exception: none

Local Types

boardT = sequence [SIZE, SIZE] of cellT

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Local Functions

InvalidPosition: $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{B}$

InvalidPosition $(i, j) \equiv \neg((0 \le i < \text{SIZE}) \land (0 \le j < \text{SIZE}))$

count: $cellT \to \mathbb{N}$

[For the current board return the number of occurrences of the cellT argument —SS]

 $horizontal_win : cellT \times boardT \rightarrow \mathbb{B}$

horizontal_win $(c, b) \equiv \exists (i : \mathbb{N} | 0 \le i < \text{SIZE} : b[i, 0] = b[i, 1] = b[i, 2] = c)$

 $\mathbf{vertical_win} : \mathbf{cellT} \times \mathbf{boardT} \to \mathbb{B}$

 $\operatorname{vertical_win}(c,b) \equiv \exists (j: \mathbb{N} | 0 \le j < \operatorname{SIZE}: b[0,j] = b[1,j] = b[2,j] = c)$

 $\mathbf{diagonal_win} : \mathbf{cellT} \times \mathbf{boardT} \to \mathbb{B}$

[Returns true if one of the diagonals for the board has all of the entries equal to cellT—SS]

Question 8 [5 marks] For this question you will implement in Java an ADT for a 1D sequence of real numbers. We want to take the mean of the numbers in the sequence, but as the following webpage shows, there are several different algorithms for doing this: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Generalized mean

Given that there are different options, we will use the strategy design pattern, as illustrated in the following UML diagram:



Figure 1: UML Class Diagram for Seq1D with Mean Function, using Strategy Pattern

You will need to fill in the following blank files: MeanCalculator.java, HarmonicMean.java, QuadraticMean.java, and Seq1D.java. Two testing files are also provided: Expt.java and TestSeq1D.java. The file Expt.java is pre-populated with some simple experiments to help you see the interface in use, and do some initial testing. You are free to add to this file to experiment with your work, but the file itself isn't graded. The TestSeq1D.java is also not graded. However, you may want to create test cases to improve your confidence in your solution. The stubs of the necessary files are already available in your src folder. The code will automatically be imported into this document when the tex file is compiled. You should use the provided Makefile to test your code. You will NOT need to modify the Makefile. The given Makefile will work for make test, without errors, from the initial state of your repo. The make expt rule will also work, because all lines of code have been commented out. Uncomment lines as you complete work on each part of the modules relevant to those lines in Expt.java file. As usual, the final test is whether the code runs on mills. You do not need to worry about doxygen comments.

Any exceptions in the specification have names identical to the expected Java exceptions; your code should use exactly the exception names as given in the spec.

Remember, your code needs to implement the given specification so that the interface behaves as specified. This does NOT mean that the local functions need to all be implemented, or that the types used internally to the spec need to be implemented exactly as given. If you do implement any local functions, please make them private. The real type in the MIS should be implemented by Double (capital D) in Java.

[Complete Java code to match the following specification. —SS]

Mean Calculator Interface Module

Interface Module

MeanCalculator

Uses

None

Syntax

Exported Constants

None

Exported Types

None

Exported Access Programs

| Routine name | In | Out | Exceptions |
|--------------|---------------------|--------------|------------|
| meanCalc | seq of \mathbb{R} | \mathbb{R} | |

Considerations

meanCalc calculates the mean (a real value) from a given sequence of reals. The order of the entries in the sequence does not matter.

Harmonic Mean Calculation

Template Module inherits MeanCalculator

HarmonicMean

Uses

MeanCalculator

Syntax

Exported Constants

None

Exported Types

None

Exported Access Programs

| Routine name | In | Out | Exceptions |
|--------------|---------------------|--------------|------------|
| meanCalc | seq of \mathbb{R} | \mathbb{R} | |

Semantics

State Variables

None

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

None

Access Routine Semantics

 $\operatorname{meanCalc}(v)$

• output: $out := \frac{|x|}{+(x:\mathbb{R}|x \in v:1/x)}$

• exception: none

Quadratic Mean Calculation

Template Module inherits MeanCalculator

QuadraticMean

Uses

MeanCalculator

Syntax

Exported Constants

None

Exported Types

None

Exported Access Programs

| Routine name | In | Out | Exceptions |
|--------------|---------------------|--------------|------------|
| meanCalc | seq of \mathbb{R} | \mathbb{R} | |

Semantics

State Variables

None

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

None

Access Routine Semantics

 $\mathrm{meanCalc}(v)$

- output: $out := \sqrt{\frac{+(x:\mathbb{R}|x \in v:x^2)}{|x|}}$
- exception: none

Seq1D Module

Template Module

Seq1D

Uses

MeanCalculator

Syntax

Exported Types

Seq1D = ?

Exported Constants

None

Exported Access Programs

| Routine name | In | Out | Exceptions |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| new Seq1D | seq of \mathbb{R} , MeanCalculator | Seq1D | IllegalArgumentException |
| setMaxCalculator | MaxCalculator | | |
| mean | | \mathbb{R} | |

Semantics

State Variables

s: seq of \mathbb{R}

meanCalculator: MeanCalculator

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

• The Seq1D constructor is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object. The constructor can only be called once. All real numbers provided to the constructor will be zero or positive.

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Access Routine Semantics

```
new Seq1D(x, m):
```

- transition: s, meanCalculator := x, m
- \bullet output: out := self
- exception: $exc := (|x| = 0 \Rightarrow \text{IllegalArgumentException})$

setMeanCalculator(m):

- transition: meanCalculator := m
- exception: none

mean():

- output: out := meanCalculator.meanCalc()
- exception: none

${\bf Code\ for\ Mean Calculator. java}$

Code for HarmonicMean.java

${\bf Code\ for\ Quadratic Mean. java}$

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Code for Seq1D.java