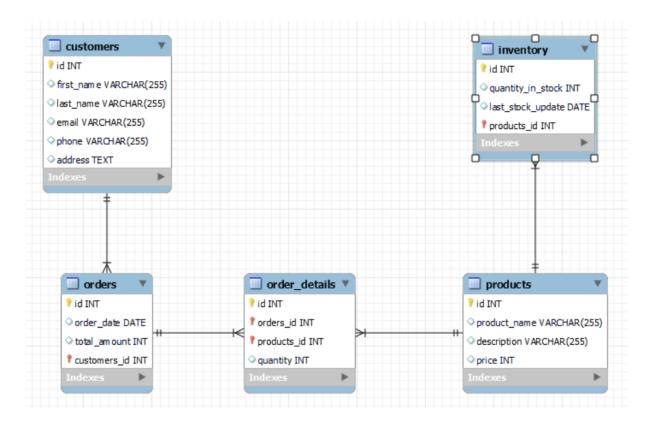
### **ASSIGNMENT NO: 1**

## TechShop, an electronic gadgets shop

## **ER Diagram:**



### Task:1. Database Design:

MySQL workbench Forward Engineering
Schema TechShop
Schema TechShop

CREATE SCHEMA IF NOT EXISTS `TechShop` DEFAULT CHARACTER SET utf8;		
USE `TechShop`;		
Table `TechShop`.`customers`		
<u></u>		
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `TechShop`.`customers` (		
`id` INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,		
`first_name` VARCHAR(255) NULL,		
`last_name` VARCHAR(255) NULL,		
`email` VARCHAR(255) NULL,		
`phone` VARCHAR(255) NULL,		
`address` TEXT NULL,		
PRIMARY KEY (`id`))		
ENGINE = InnoDB;		
Table `TechShop`.`products`		
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `TechShop`.`products` (		
`id` INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,		
`product_name` VARCHAR(255) NULL,		
`description` VARCHAR(255) NULL,		
`price` INT NULL,		
PRIMARY KEY (`id`))		
ENGINE = InnoDB;		
Table `TechShop`.`orders`		

.....

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `TechShop`.`orders` (
 'id' INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
 `order_date` DATE NULL,
 `total_amount` INT NULL,
 `customers_id` INT NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY ('id', 'customers_id'),
INDEX `fk_orders_customers_idx` (`customers_id` ASC) ,
CONSTRAINT `fk_orders_customers`
 FOREIGN KEY (`customers_id`)
 REFERENCES `TechShop`.`customers` (`id`)
 ON DELETE NO ACTION
 ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
ENGINE = InnoDB;
-- Table `TechShop`.`inventory`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `TechShop`.`inventory` (
'id' INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
`quantity_in_stock` INT NULL,
`last_stock_update` DATE NULL,
 `products_id` INT NOT NULL,
PRIMARY KEY (`id`, `products_id`),
INDEX `fk_inventory_products1_idx` (`products_id` ASC) ,
CONSTRAINT `fk_inventory_products1`
 FOREIGN KEY (`products_id`)
 REFERENCES `TechShop`.`products` (`id`)
 ON DELETE NO ACTION
 ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
ENGINE = InnoDB;
```

```
-- Table `TechShop`.`order_details`
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS `TechShop`.`order_details` (
 'id' INT NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
 `orders_id` INT NOT NULL,
 `products_id` INT NOT NULL,
 'quantity' INT NULL,
 PRIMARY KEY ('id', 'orders_id', 'products_id'),
 INDEX `fk\_orders\_has\_products\_products1\_idx` (`products\_id` ASC) \ ,
 INDEX `fk_orders_has_products_orders1_idx` (`orders_id` ASC) ,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_orders_has_products_orders1`
  FOREIGN KEY (`orders_id`)
  REFERENCES `TechShop`.`orders` (`id`)
  ON DELETE NO ACTION
  ON UPDATE NO ACTION,
 CONSTRAINT `fk_orders_has_products_products1`
  FOREIGN KEY (`products_id`)
  REFERENCES `TechShop`.`products` (`id`)
  ON DELETE NO ACTION
  ON UPDATE NO ACTION)
ENGINE = InnoDB;
```

#### **INSERTION:**

#### -- customer table

insert into customers (first\_name, last\_name, email, phone, address) values ('Ram', 'Prasad', 'ram@gmail.com', '9024554745', '123 main street'), ('Sandiya', 'Vishwanath', 'sandiya@gmail.com', '9174543526', '543 anna nagar'), ('Jayanthi', 'Selvam', 'selvam@gmail.com', '9082707895', '321 Ranipet'), ('Swetha', 'Seetharaman', 'swetha@gmail.com', '7098645321', '456 White Town'), ('Divya', 'Dharshini', 'divya@gmail.com', '9123765480', '890 Madagadipet'), ('Nisha', 'Vaithiyanathan', 'nisha@gmail.com', '9865432178', '698 Sowkarpet'), ('Darshini', 'Balamurali', 'darshnini@gmail.com', '709834521', '987 nehru nagar'), ('Agalya', 'Shanmugam', 'agalya@gmail.com', '8143256790', '678 Gandhi park'), ('Harini', 'Murugavel', 'harini@gmail.com', '9024554745', '234 Semmandalam'), ('Selva', 'Ramaiah', 'selva@gmail.com', '9156473420', '567 Manjakupam');

mysql> select*from customers;					
	first_name		email	phone	address
1	Ram	Prasad	ram@gmail.com	9024554745	123 main street
2	Sandiya	Vishwanath	sandiya@gmail.com	9174543526	543 anna nagar
3	Jayanthi	Selvam	selvam@gmail.com	9082707895	321 Ranipet
4	Swetha	Seetharaman	swetha@gmail.com	7098645321	456 White Town
5	Divya	Dharshini	divya@gmail.com	9123765480	890 Madagadipet
6	Nisha	Vaithiyanathan	nisha@gmail.com	9865432178	698 Sowkarpet
7	Darshini	Balamurali	darshnini@gmail.com	709834521	987 nehru nagar
8	Agalya	Shanmugam	agalya@gmail.com	8143256790	678 Gandhi park
9	Harini	Murugavel	harini@gmail.com	9024554745	234 Semmandalam
10	Selva	Ramaiah	selva@gmail.com	9156473420	567 Manjakupam

### -- products table

insert into products (product\_name, description, price) values ('Laptop', 'High-performance laptop with Intel Core i7', 67000), ('Smartphone', 'Latest smartphone with 6.5-inch display', 30000), ('Headphones', 'Wireless noise-canceling headphones', 300), ('Smartwatch', 'Fitness tracker and smartwatch combo', 5000), ('Camera', 'Mirrorless camera with 24MP sensor', 20000), ('Printer', 'Color inkjet printer with wireless capability', 50000), ('Tablet', '10-inch tablet with high-resolution display', 70000),

```
('Desktop', 'Powerful desktop computer for gaming', 80000),
('Monitor', 'High-speed wireless router for home network', 75000),
('Mouse', '2TB external hard drive for backup', 8000);
```

mysql>	select * from	products;	
id	product_name	description	price
++   1     2     3     4     5     6     7     8	Laptop Smartphone Headphones Smartwatch Camera Printer Tablet Desktop Monitor	High-performance laptop with Intel Core i7 Latest smartphone with 6.5-inch display Wireless noise-canceling headphones Fitness tracker and smartwatch combo Mirrorless camera with 24MP sensor Color inkjet printer with wireless capability 10-inch tablet with high-resolution display Powerful desktop computer for gaming High-speed wireless router for home network	73700   33000   330   330   5500   22000   55000   77000   88000
10	Mouse	2TB external hard drive for backup	8800

### -- orders table

('2024-09-07',490000',7),

('2024-03-04',67000,7);

```
insert into orders (order_date, total_amount,customers_id) values ('2020-12-01',134000,1), ('2024-01-02',30000,2), ('2023-04-03',1500,3), ('2021-11-04', 30000,4), ('2020-09-05',140000,5), ('2022-04-06',120000,6), ('2021-03-07',100000,7), ('2022-10-08',320000,8), ('2023-11-09', 150000,10), ('2024-02-11', 335000,1), ('2024-05-21',700000,3), ('2022-06-30',1500,2), ('2023-08-14',32000,8),
```

mysql> select*from orders;				
id	order_date	total_amount	customers_id	orders_status
+	2020-12-01	147400	1	pending shipped pending shipped shipped pending shipped pending shipped
1	2024-01-02	33000	2	
2	2023-04-03	1650	3	
3	2021-11-04	33000	4	
4	2022-04-06	132000	6	
6	2021-03-07	110000	7	
7	2022-10-08	352000	8	
8	2023-11-09	165000	10	
10	2024-02-11	368500	1	shipped pending shipped pending shipped pending
11	2024-05-21	770000	3	
12	2022-06-30	1650	2	
13	2023-08-14	35200	8	
14	2024-09-07	539000	7	
15	2024-03-04	73700	7	

## -- order\_details table

insert into order\_details (orders\_id, products\_id,quantity) VALUES

- (1, 1, 2),
- (2, 2, 1),
- (3, 3, 5),
- (4, 4,6),
- (5, 5, 7),
- (6, 5, 6),
- (7, 6, 2),
- (8, 8,4),
- (9, 9, 2),
- (10, 1,5),
- (11, 7,10),
- (12, 3, 5),
- (13, 10,4),
- (14, 7,7),
- (15, 1,1);

mysql> select * from order_details;			
id	orders_id	products_id	quantity
1	1	1	2
2	2	2	1
3	3	3	5
4	4	4	6
6	6	5	6
7	7	6	2
8	8	8	4
9	9	9	2
10	10	1	5
11	11	7	10
12	12	3	5
13	13	10	4
14	14	7	7
15	15	1	1
+	+		++

# -- inventory table

insert into inventory(quantity\_in\_stock, last\_stock\_update,products\_id) values

(20,'2020-12-01',1),

(5,'2024-01-02',2),

(30,'2023-04-13',3),

(25,'2020-09-05',4),

(10,'2024-02-11',5),

(15,'2023-11-27',6),

(8,'2021-04-11',7),

(8,'2022-05-20',8),

(35,'2022-11-09',9),

(20,'2024-07-03',10);

mysql>	select*from invent	ory;	
id	quantity_in_stock	last_stock_update	products_id
++   1     2     3     4     5     6     7     8	20 5 30 25 10 15 8 8	+	1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8
10	20	2024-07-03	10
4+	(0.00 )	+	++

```
-- 1. Write an SQL query to retrieve the names and emails of all customers.
select concat (first_name,' ',last_name)as names, email
from customers;
/* 2. Write an SQL query to list all orders with their order dates and corresponding
customer names. */
select o.id,o.order_date,concat( c.first_name,' ', c.last_name) as names
from orders o, customers c
where o.customers_id = c.id;
/* 3. Write an SQL query to insert a new customer record into the "Customers" table.
Include customer information such as name, email, and address. */
insert into customers(first_name,last_name,email,address)
values('Dhana', 'lakshmi', 'dhana@gmail.com', 'IG');
/* 4. Write an SQL query to update the prices of all electronic gadgets in the
"Products" table by increasing them by 10% */
update products
set price = price +(0.1*price);
/* 5. Write an SQL query to delete a specific order and its associated order details from
the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input the order ID as a
parameter.*/
delete o,s
from order_details o,orders s
where s.id=o.orders id and s.id=5;
/* 6. Write an SQL query to insert a new order into the "Orders" table. Include the
customer ID, order date, and any other necessary information. */
insert into orders(order date,total amount,customer id)values
('2020-09-05','140000', 5);
```

-- Tasks 2: Select, Where, Between, AND, LIKE:

```
/* 7. Write an SQL query to update the contact information (e.g., email and address) of
a specific customer in the "Customers" table. Allow users to input the customer ID and
new contact information. */
update customers
set email='dhanalakshmi@gmail.com',address='567 IG'
where id=14:
/* 8. Write an SQL query to recalculate and update the total cost of each order in the
"Orders" table based on the prices and quantities in the "OrderDetails" table. */
update orders o
set total_amount=(select (p.price*od.quantity)
from products p join order_details od on p.id=od.products_id
where o.id=od.orders_id);
/* 9. Write an SQL query to delete all orders and their associated order details for a
specific customer from the "Orders" and "OrderDetails" tables. Allow users to input
the customer ID as a parameter. */
delete o.s
from order details o, orders s
where s.id=o.orders_id and s.id=5;
/* 10. Write an SQL query to insert a new electronic gadget product into the
"Products" table, including product name, category, price, and any other relevant
details. */
insert into products(product_name, description, price) VALUES
('Apple iphone', 'High-performance and Security', 150000);
/* 11. Write an SQL query to update the status of a specific order in the "Orders" table
(e.g., from "Pending" to "Shipped"). Allow users to input the order ID and the new
status. */
alter table orders
add orders status varchar(255);
update orders
set orders_status = case when id % 2 = 1 then 'shipped' else 'pending' end;
```

```
update orders
set orders_status='shipped' where id=1;
/* 12. Write an SQL query to calculate and update the number of orders placed by
each customer in the "Customers" table based on the data in the "Orders" table. */
alter table customers
add num_of_orders int;
update customers c
set num_orders=(select count(*)
           from orders o
           where c.id=o.customers_id);
-- Task 3. Aggregate functions, Having, Order By, GroupBy and Joins:
/* 1. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of all orders along with customer information
(e.g., customer name) for each order. */
select concat(c.first_name, '',c.last_name) as names,c.phone,
c.email,c.num_of_orders,o.order_date,o.total_amount,o.orders_status
from customers c join orders o on c.id=o.customers_id;
/* 2. Write an SQL query to find the total revenue generated by each electronic gadget
product. Include the product name and the total revenue. */
select p.product_name,sum(o.total_amount) as revenue
from products p join order_details od on p.id=od.products_id
                       join orders o on o.id=od.orders_id
group by p.id;
/* 3. Write an SQL query to list all customers who have made at least one purchase.
Include their names and contact information. */
```

select concat(c.first\_name, ' ',c.last\_name) as names,c.phone,c.address

```
from customers c
group by c.id
having count(c.num_orders)>=1;
/* 4. Write an SQL query to find the most popular electronic gadget, which is the one
with the highest total quantity ordered. Include the product name and the total quantity
ordered. */
select p.product_name,sum(od.quantity) as popular_gadget
from products p join order details od on p.id=od.products id
group by p.id
order by popular_gadget limit 0,1;
/* 5. Write an SQL query to retrieve a list of electronic gadgets along with their
corresponding categories. */
alter table products
add category varchar(255);
update products
set category=case
       when id=1 then 'computing device'
  when id=2 then 'communication device'
  when id=3 then 'audio device'
  when id=4 then 'wearable'
  when id=5 then 'imaging device'
  when id=6 then 'printing device'
  when id=7 then 'computing device'
  when id=8 then 'computing device'
  when id=9 then 'i/o device'
  when id=10 then 'input device'
  else 'gadget' end;
```

```
select category,product_name
from products
group by category;
/* 6. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value for each customer.
Include the customer's name and their average order value. */
select c.first_name,c.last_name,avg(o.total_amount) as avg_order_value
from customers c join orders o on c.id=o.customers_id
group by c.id;
/* 7. Write an SQL query to find the order with the highest total revenue. Include the
order ID, customer information, and the total revenue.*/
select c.*,o.id,o.total_amount
from customers c join orders o on c.id=o.customers_id
having max(o.total_amount);
/* 8. Write an SQL query to list electronic gadgets and the number of times each
product has been ordered.*/
select p.product_name,count(p.id)as times_orders
from products p join order_details od on p.id=od.products_id
group by p.id;
/* 9. Write an SQL query to find customers who have purchased a specific electronic
gadget product. Allow users to input the product name as a parameter. */
select p.product_name,c.first_name,c.last_name
from customers c join orders o on c.id=o.customers_id
         join order details od on o.id=od.orders id
         join products p on p.id=od.products_id
group by p.id;
```

```
/* 10. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by all orders placed
within a specific time period. Allow users to input the start and end dates as
parameters. */
select id,sum(total_amount) as revenue
from orders
where order_date between '2023-11-09' and '2024-05-21'
group by id;
-- Task 4 : Subquery and its type:
-- 1. Write an SQL query to find out which customers have not placed any orders.
select concat(first_name,' ',last_name) as names
from customers
where id not in(select customers_id from orders);
-- 2. Write an SQL query to find the total number of products available for sale.
select i.products_id,(i.quantity_in_stock- (select sum(od.quantity))
from order_details od
where od.products_id=i.products_id)) as total_products
from inventory i;
-- 3. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by TechShop.
select sum(total_amount) as revenue_by_techshop
from (
select total_amount from orders) as revenue;
/* 4. Write an SQL query to calculate the average quantity ordered for products in a
specific category. Allow users to input the category name as a parameter. */
select p.category,(
           select avg(od.quantity)
```

from order\_details od

```
where od.id in(
                    select id
                    from products
                    where category=p.category))as avg_quantity
from products p
group by p.category;
/* 5. Write an SQL query to calculate the total revenue generated by a specific
customer. Allow users to input the customer ID as a parameter. */
select concat(c.first_name," ",c.last_name) as name ,
(select sum(o.total_amount)
from orders o
where o.customers_id=c.id
group by o.customers_id)as total_revenue
from customers c;
/* 6. Write an SQL query to find the customers who have placed the most orders. List
their names and the number of orders they've placed. */
select c.first_name,count(o.id)as num_orders
from customers c join orders o on c.id = o.customers_id
group by c.id,c.first_name
order by num_orders desc
limit 1;
/* 7. Write an SQL query to find the most popular product category, which is the one
with the highest total quantity ordered across all orders. */
select p.product_name,p.category,(
             select sum(od.quantity)
             from order details od
             where p.id=od.products_id
             group by od.products_id)as total_quantity
```

```
from products p
order by product desc
limit 1;
/* 8. Write an SQL query to find the customer who has spent the most money (highest
total revenue) on electronic gadgets. List their name and total spending. */
select concat(c.first_name," ",c.last_name) as name,(
        select sum(total_amount) from orders o
        where c.id=o.customers_id
        group by o.customers_id) as money_spent
from customers c
order by money_spent desc limit 1;
/* 9. Write an SQL query to calculate the average order value (total revenue divided by
the number of orders) for all customers. */
select concat(c.first_name," ",c.last_name) as name,(
       select avg(o.total_amount)
       from orders o
       where c.id=o.customers_id)as total_value
from customers c
order by total_value;
/* 10. Write an SQL query to find the total number of orders placed by each customer
and list their names along with the order count. */
select concat(c.first_name," ",c.last_name) as name,(
        select count(o.id) from orders o
        where c.id=o.customers_id
        group by o.customers_id) as number_of_orders
from customers c:
```