Assignment

Question-1

Given an integer K and an array arr[] containing N integers, the task is to find the sum and product of K smallest and K largest fibonacci numbers in the array.

Note: Assume that there are at least K fibonacci numbers in the array.

Input: $arr[] = \{2, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11\}, K = 2$

Output:

Sum of K-minimum fibonacci numbers is 7

Product of K-minimum fibonacci numbers is 10

Sum of K-maximum fibonacci numbers is 13

Product of K-maximum fibonacci numbers is 40

Explanation:

{2, 5, 8} are the only fibonacci numbers from the array.

{2, 5} are the 2 smallest and {5, 8} are the 2 largest among them.

Input: $arr[] = \{3, 2, 12, 13, 5, 19\}, K = 3$

Output:

Sum of K-minimum fibonacci numbers is 10

Product of K-minimum fibonacci numbers is 30

Sum of K-maximum fibonacci numbers is 21

Product of K-maximum fibonacci numbers is 195

Question-2

Given two arrays A[] and B[] of size N, the task is to count the maximum number of pairs, where each pair contains one from each array, such that A[i] > B[i]. Also the array A can be rearranged any number of times.

Input: A[] = {20, 30, 50}, B[]= {60, 40, 25}

Output: 2

Explanation:

Initially:

A[0] = 20 < B[0] = 60

A[1] = 30 < B[1] = 40

A[2] = 50 > B[2] = 25

Clearly, this arrangement has only 1 value such that A[i] > B[i].

This array A[] when rearranged to {20, 50, 30}:

A[0] = 20 < B[0] = 60

A[1] = 50 > B[1] = 40

A[2] = 30 > B[2] = 25

2 values follow the condition A[i] > B[i] which is the maximum for these set of arrays.