

### Bansilal RamnathAgarwal Charitable Trust's

## VISHWAKARMA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY – PUNE Department of Multidisciplinary Engineering

MD2201: Data Science

Name of the student: Bhavin Patil Roll No. 78

Div: D Batch: B-3

Date of performance:

#### **Experiment No.5**

Title: Regression.

Aim: i. To construct a simple linear regression model

ii. To construct a multiple linear regression model.

**Software used:** Programming language R.

**Data Set: Toy Sales Dataset** 

#### **Code Statement:**

#### 1. Simple Linear Regression

- i. Consider the Toy sales data set.
- ii. Apply simple linear model considering response as Unit sales and explanatory variable as Price.
- iii. Plot the scatter plot and draw the regression.
- iv. What are values of R-square and residual standard error? (Write in conclusion)
- v. Display all predicted values from the designed model and the corresponding values of error.

#### 2. Multiple Linear regression:

- i. Consider Toy sales data set.
- ii. Consider all variables to fit the regression model.
- iii. Compare the R-square of SLR with MLR. (Write in conclusion)
- iv. Which of the variable is more significant? Why? (Write in conclusion)
- v. Can you reject Null hypothesis for promotion expenditure variable? (Write in conclusion)
- vi. Which scenario from the following you will select to be applied to get maximum number of Unit sales? (Write in conclusion)
  - a. Price=9.1\$, Adexp=52,000\$, Promexp=61,000\$
  - b. Price=8.1\$, Adexp=50,000\$, Promexp=60,000\$

#### Code:

#Simple Linear Regression cat("Simple Linear Regression\n") dataset <- read.csv("Toy\_sales\_csv.csv") 11 <- lm(Unitsales~Price, dataset) print(summary(11))

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```
#Scatter Plot
```

```
library(ggplot2)
     p <- ggplot(dataset, aes(Price, Unitsales))+geom_point()+geom_smooth(method = "lm", formula = y~x,
         col="red", se=F)
     print(p)
     #Predicted Values
     cat("\n\nPredicted Values\n")
     pred1 <- predict(11)</pre>
     print((pred1))
     #Error Values
     cat("\n\nError Values\n")
     er <- dataset$Unitsales - pred1
     print(er)
     #Multiple Linear Regression
     cat("\n-----
     cat("\n\n\nMultiple Linear Regression\n")
     12 <- lm(Unitsales ~ Price + Adexp + Promexp, dataset)
     print(summary(12))
     #Predicted Values
     cat("\n\nPredicted Values\n")
     pred2 <- predict(12)</pre>
     print(pred2)
     s \leftarrow data.frame(Price = c(9.1,8.1), Adexp = c(52,50), Promexp = c(61,60))
     pred2 <- predict(12, s)
print(pred2)
Results:
 Simple Linear Regression
 Call:
 lm(formula = Unitsales ~ Price, data = dataset)
 Residuals:
   Min
            1Q Median
                             3Q
                                   Max
 -3967.4 -1488.3 673.4 1529.6 2739.0
```



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Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)

(Intercept) 114215.1 6695.9 17.057 3.60e-14 \*\*\*

Price -4913.7 821.9 -5.978 5.13e-06 \*\*\*

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Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' '1

Residual standard error: 1997 on 22 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.619, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6017

F-statistic: 35.74 on 1 and 22 DF, p-value: 5.125e-06

#### Predicted Values

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

 $71219.97\ 70040.68\ 77362.13\ 78590.56\ 77853.50\ 72448.40\ 72939.77\ 75396.64\ 78590.56\ 71465.66\ 72939.77\ 74413.89\ 72939.77$ 

14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

77853.50 74905.27 73431.15 74413.89 73922.52 70040.68 74954.40 72448.40 75396.64 74954.40 73676.83

#### Error Values

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

2739.0295 1503.3239 1224.8708 1773.4391 917.4981 -462.4022 1945.2251 -2051.6384 - 1931.5609 414.3431

11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20

658.2251 479.1070 -3936.7749 688.4981 -2362.2657 815.8524 1839.1070 -1340.5203 - 1018.6761 1245.5970

21 22 23 24

-2747.4022 1608.3616 -3967.4030 1966.1660

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#### Multiple Linear Regression

#### Call:

lm(formula = Unitsales ~ Price + Adexp + Promexp, data = dataset)

#### Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -2808.2 -263.8 256.3 667.6 2434.5

#### Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)

(Intercept) -25096.8 24859.6 -1.010 0.324773

Price -5055.3 526.4 -9.603 6.22e-09 \*\*\*

Adexp 648.6 209.0 3.103 0.005602 \*\*

Promexp 1802.6 392.8 4.589 0.000178 \*\*\*

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Signif. codes: 0 "\*\*\* 0.001 "\*\* 0.01 "\* 0.05 ". 0.1 " 1

Residual standard error: 1275 on 20 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.8588, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8377

F-statistic: 40.56 on 3 and 20 DF, p-value: 1.085e-08

#### Predicted Values

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13

73319.71 70866.02 76152.52 79699.84 78369.44 72725.92 73842.82 75795.30 77517.91 71055.98 73439.68 75094.58 71811.17

14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24

 $78309.53\ 74875.93\ 73289.60\ 76512.83\ 71965.73\ 69297.73\ 76252.82\ 69420.80\ 77246.94\ 70650.41\ 74685.76$ 

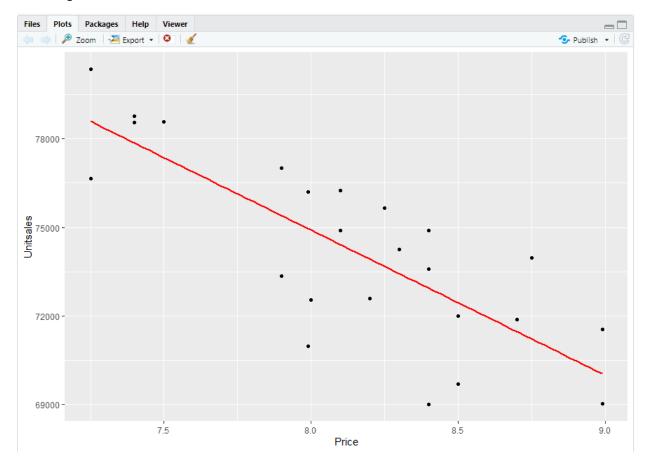
1 2

72587.31 74542.75



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### scatter plot



**Conclusion:** In this assignment we have successfully created a simple linear regression model and multiple linear regression model with predicted values and error values and a scatter plot showing the regression line for Unitsales for Toys.