

```
[1]: import sys
      print(sys.version)
```

3.11.7 | packaged by Anaconda, Inc. | (main, Dec 15 2023, 18:05:47) [MSC v.1916
64 bit (AMD64)]

1 Import and Intallation of Dependencies

```
[ ]: !pip install tensorflow opencv-python mediapipe scikit-learn matplotlib
```

```
[1]: import cv2
      import numpy as np
      import os
      from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
      import time
      import mediapipe as mp
```

2 Marking Keypoints using Mediapipe Holistics

```
[2]: mp_holistic = mp.solutions.holistic # Holistic model
      mp_drawing = mp.solutions.drawing_utils # Drawing utilities
```

```
[3]: def mediapipe_detection(image, model):
      image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB) # COLOR CONVERSION BGR 2 RGB
      image.flags.writeable = False # Image is no longer writeable
      results = model.process(image) # Make prediction
      image.flags.writeable = True # Image is now writeable
      image = cv2.cvtColor(image, cv2.COLOR_RGB2BGR) # COLOR COVERSION RGB 2 BGR
      return image, results
```

```
[4]: def draw_landmarks(image, results):
      # Check and draw face landmarks
      if results.face_landmarks:
          mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(image, results.face_landmarks, mp_holistic.
      ↪ FACEMESH_TESSELATION)

      # Check and draw pose landmarks
      if results.pose_landmarks:
          mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(image, results.pose_landmarks, mp_holistic.
      ↪ POSE_CONNECTIONS)

      # Check and draw left hand landmarks
      if results.left_hand_landmarks:
          mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(image, results.left_hand_landmarks, ↪
      ↪ mp_holistic.HAND_CONNECTIONS)
```

```

    # Check and draw right hand landmarks
    if results.right_hand_landmarks:
        mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(image, results.right_hand_landmarks,
↪mp_holistic.HAND_CONNECTIONS)

```

```

[5]: def draw_styled_landmarks(image, results):
    # Draw styled face landmarks if present
    if results.face_landmarks:
        mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(
            image, results.face_landmarks, mp_holistic.FACEMESH_CONTOURS,
            mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(80, 110, 10), thickness=1,
↪circle_radius=1),
            mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(80, 256, 121), thickness=1,
↪circle_radius=1)
        )

    # Draw styled pose landmarks if present
    if results.pose_landmarks:
        mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(
            image, results.pose_landmarks, mp_holistic.POSE_CONNECTIONS,
            mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(80, 22, 10), thickness=2,
↪circle_radius=4),
            mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(80, 44, 121), thickness=2,
↪circle_radius=2)
        )

    # Draw styled left hand landmarks if present
    if results.left_hand_landmarks:
        mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(
            image, results.left_hand_landmarks, mp_holistic.HAND_CONNECTIONS,
            mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(121, 22, 76), thickness=2,
↪circle_radius=4),
            mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(121, 44, 250), thickness=2,
↪circle_radius=2)
        )

    # Draw styled right hand landmarks if present
    if results.right_hand_landmarks:
        mp_drawing.draw_landmarks(
            image, results.right_hand_landmarks, mp_holistic.HAND_CONNECTIONS,
            mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(245, 117, 66), thickness=2,
↪circle_radius=4),
            mp_drawing.DrawingSpec(color=(245, 66, 230), thickness=2,
↪circle_radius=2)
        )

```

Note: Ensure the 'results' object is correctly populated with landmarks for
→face, pose, and hands before calling this function.

```
[6]: cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
# Set mediapipe model
with mp_holistic.Holistic(min_detection_confidence=0.5,
    →min_tracking_confidence=0.5) as holistic:
    while cap.isOpened():

        # Read feed
        ret, frame = cap.read()

        # Make detections
        image, results = mediapipe_detection(frame, holistic)
        print(results)

        # Draw landmarks
        draw_styled_landmarks(image, results)

        # Show to screen
        cv2.imshow('OpenCV Feed', image)

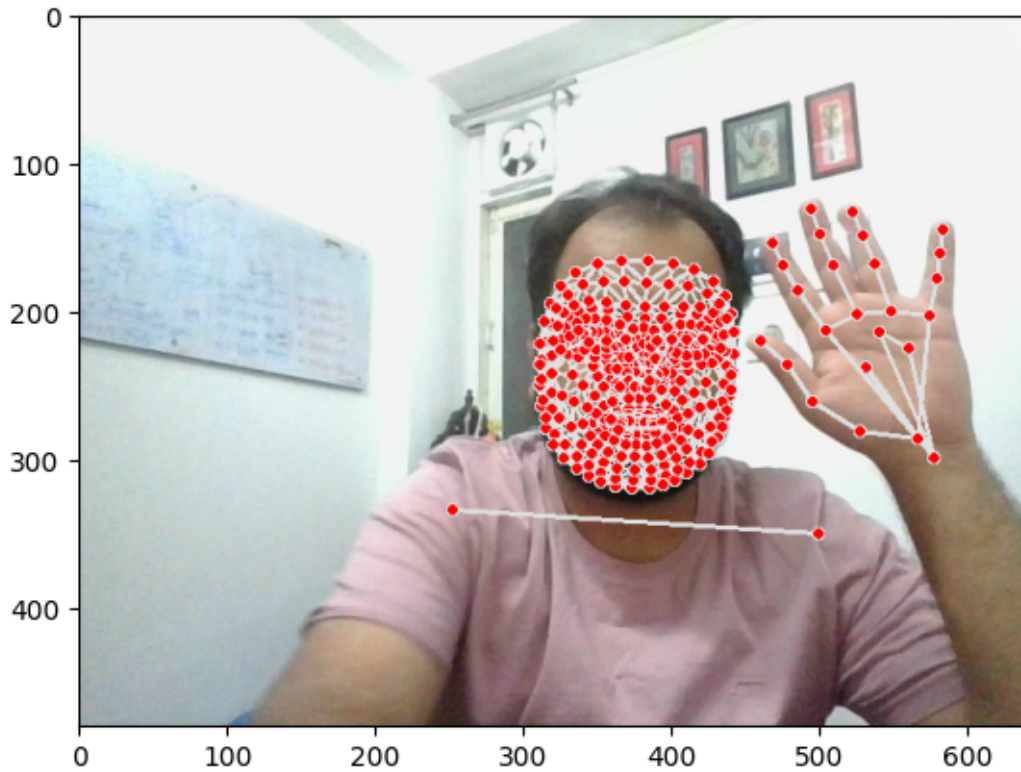
        # Break gracefully
        if cv2.waitKey(10) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
            break
    cap.release()
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

<class 'mediapipe.python.solution_base.SolutionOutputs'>

```
[9]: draw_landmarks(frame, results)
```

```
[10]: plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
```

```
[10]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1f9f6bb9150>
```



3 Extracting Key point Vaues

```
[11]: pose = []
      for res in results.pose_landmarks.landmark:
          test = np.array([res.x, res.y, res.z, res.visibility])
          pose.append(test)
```

```
[12]: pose = np.array([[res.x, res.y, res.z, res.visibility] for res in results.
      ↪pose_landmarks.landmark]).flatten() if results.pose_landmarks else np.
      ↪zeros(132)
      face = np.array([[res.x, res.y, res.z] for res in results.face_landmarks.
      ↪landmark]).flatten() if results.face_landmarks else np.zeros(1404)
      lh = np.array([[res.x, res.y, res.z] for res in results.left_hand_landmarks.
      ↪landmark]).flatten() if results.left_hand_landmarks else np.zeros(21*3)
      rh = np.array([[res.x, res.y, res.z] for res in results.right_hand_landmarks.
      ↪landmark]).flatten() if results.right_hand_landmarks else np.zeros(21*3)
```

```
[13]: def extract_keypoints(results):
      pose = np.array([[res.x, res.y, res.z, res.visibility] for res in results.
      ↪pose_landmarks.landmark]).flatten() if results.pose_landmarks else np.
      ↪zeros(33*4)
```

```

        face = np.array([[res.x, res.y, res.z] for res in results.face_landmarks.
↳landmark]).flatten() if results.face_landmarks else np.zeros(468*3)
        lh = np.array([[res.x, res.y, res.z] for res in results.left_hand_landmarks.
↳landmark]).flatten() if results.left_hand_landmarks else np.zeros(21*3)
        rh = np.array([[res.x, res.y, res.z] for res in results.right_hand_landmarks.
↳landmark]).flatten() if results.right_hand_landmarks else np.zeros(21*3)
        return np.concatenate([pose, face, lh, rh])

```

```
[14]: result_test = extract_keypoints(results)
```

```
[15]: result_test
```

```
[15]: array([[ 0.60258186,  0.51626396, -0.67121172, ...,  0.          ,
               0.          ,  0.          ]])
```

4 Setting Up folders for data collection

```
[16]: # Path for exported data, numpy arrays
DATA_PATH = os.path.join('MP_Data')

# Actions that we try to detect
actions = np.
↳array(['Deaf', 'Father', 'Friend', 'Goodluck', 'Hello', 'Love', 'Mother', 'No', 'Peace', 'Please', 'Tha

# Thirty videos worth of data
no_sequences = 30

# Videos are going to be 30 frames in length
sequence_length = 30

```

```
[17]: # hello
      ## 0
      ## 1
      ## 2
      ## ...
      ## 29
      # thanks

      # I love you

```

```
[18]: for action in actions:
      for sequence in range(no_sequences):
          try:
              os.makedirs(os.path.join(DATA_PATH, action, str(sequence)))
          except:
              pass

```

5 Collecting Keypoint values for training and testing

```
[165]: cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
# Set mediapipe model
with mp_holistic.Holistic(min_detection_confidence=0.5,
    ↳min_tracking_confidence=0.5) as holistic:

    # NEW LOOP
    # Loop through actions
    for action in actions:
        # Loop through sequences aka videos
        for sequence in range(no_sequences):
            # Loop through video length aka sequence length
            for frame_num in range(sequence_length):

                # Read feed
                ret, frame = cap.read()

                # Make detections
                image, results = mediapipe_detection(frame, holistic)
                #print(results)

                # Draw landmarks
                draw_styled_landmarks(image, results)

                # NEW Apply wait logic
                if frame_num == 0:
                    cv2.putText(image, 'STARTING COLLECTION', (120,200),
                                cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1, (0,255, 0), 4, cv2.
    ↳LINE_AA)

                    cv2.putText(image, 'Collecting frames for {} Video Number_
    ↳{}'.format(action, sequence), (15,12),
                                cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.5, (0, 0, 255), 1,
    ↳cv2.LINE_AA)

                    # Show to screen
                    cv2.imshow('OpenCV Feed', image)
                    cv2.waitKey(2000)
                else:
                    cv2.putText(image, 'Collecting frames for {} Video Number_
    ↳{}'.format(action, sequence), (15,12),
                                cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 0.5, (0, 0, 255), 1,
    ↳cv2.LINE_AA)

                    # Show to screen
                    cv2.imshow('OpenCV Feed', image)

                # NEW Export keypoints
                keypoints = extract_keypoints(results)
```

```

        npy_path = os.path.join(DATA_PATH, action, str(sequence),
↪str(frame_num))
        np.save(npy_path, keypoints)

        # Break gracefully
        if cv2.waitKey(10) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
            break

    cap.release()
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()

```

```

[19]: cap.release()
      cv2.destroyAllWindows()

```

6 Pre-processing Data

```

[20]: import numpy as np
      from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
      from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
      from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
      from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical

```

```

[21]: label_map = {label:num for num, label in enumerate(actions)}

```

```

[22]: label_map

```

```

[22]: {'Deaf': 0,
      'Father': 1,
      'Friend': 2,
      'Goodluck': 3,
      'Hello': 4,
      'Love': 5,
      'Mother': 6,
      'No': 7,
      'Peace': 8,
      'Please': 9,
      'Thanks': 10,
      'Washroom': 11,
      'Yes': 12}

```

```

[23]: sequences, labels = [], []
      for action in actions:
          for sequence in range(no_sequences):
              window = []
              for frame_num in range(sequence_length):

```

```

        res = np.load(os.path.join(DATA_PATH, action, str(sequence), "{}.
↪npy".format(frame_num)))
        window.append(res)
        sequences.append(window)
        labels.append(label_map[action])

```

```
[24]: np.array(sequences).shape
```

```
[24]: (390, 30, 1662)
```

```
[25]: np.array(labels).shape
```

```
[25]: (390,)
```

```
[26]: X = np.array(sequences)
```

```
[27]: X.shape
```

```
[27]: (390, 30, 1662)
```

```
[28]: y = to_categorical(labels).astype(int)
```

```
[29]: y
```

```
[29]: array([[1, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0],
          [1, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0],
          [1, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0],
          ...,
          [0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 1],
          [0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 1],
          [0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 1]])
```

```
[30]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.05)
```

```
[31]: y_train.shape
```

```
[31]: (370, 13)
```

7 Training of LSTM (Long short-term memory) Neural Network Model

```
[32]: from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
      from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM, Dense
      from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import TensorBoard

```

```
[33]: log_dir = os.path.join('Logs')
      tb_callback = TensorBoard(log_dir=log_dir)

```



```
[34]: model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(64, return_sequences=True, activation='relu',
↳input_shape=(30,1662)))
model.add(LSTM(128, return_sequences=True, activation='relu'))
model.add(LSTM(64, return_sequences=False, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(actions.shape[0], activation='softmax'))
```

I:\Users\bhavishya\Desktop_ _ \venvone\Lib\site-packages\keras\src\layers\rnn\rnn.py:204: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in the model instead.
super().__init__(**kwargs)

```
[35]: from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM, Dense, Input
model = Sequential()
model.add(Input(shape=(30, 1662))) # Define the input shape explicitly with an
↳Input layer
model.add(LSTM(64, return_sequences=True, activation='relu'))
model.add(LSTM(128, return_sequences=True, activation='relu'))
model.add(LSTM(64, return_sequences=False, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(64, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(32, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dense(len(actions), activation='softmax'))
```

```
[36]: res = [.7, 1, 0.1]
```

```
[37]: actions[np.argmax(res)]
```

```
[37]: 'Father'
```

```
[38]: model.compile(optimizer='Adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy',
↳metrics=['categorical_accuracy'])
```

```
[224]: model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=950, callbacks=[tb_callback])
```

```
Epoch 1/950
12/12 7s 47ms/step -
categorical_accuracy: 0.0819 - loss: 5.9618
.
categorical_accuracy: 0.9356 - loss: 0.2072
Epoch 199/950
12/12 1s 52ms/step -
categorical_accuracy: 0.7173 - loss: 0.6465
Epoch 200/950
12/12 1s 49ms/step -
```

```
categorical_accuracy: 0.8794 - loss: 0.3431
Epoch 201/950
7/12 0s 50ms/step -
categorical_accuracy: 0.9222 - loss: 0.2733
```



Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
lstm_3 (LSTM)	(None, 30, 64)	442,112
lstm_4 (LSTM)	(None, 30, 128)	98,816
lstm_5 (LSTM)	(None, 64)	49,408
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 64)	4,160
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 32)	2,080
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 13)	429

Total params: 597,005 (2.28 MB)

Trainable params: 597,005 (2.28 MB)

Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 B)

8 Making Predictions

```
[40]: res = model.predict(X_test)
```

1/1 0s 433ms/step

```
[41]: actions[np.argmax(res[0])]
```

```
[41]: 'Thanks'
```

```
[42]: actions[np.argmax(y_test[0])]
```

```
[42]: 'Love'
```

9 Saving Weights!

```
[43]: model.save('action.h5')
```

WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. This file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my_model.keras')` or `keras.saving.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.

```
[44]: model.load_weights('action.h5')
```

10 Evaluation using Confusion matrix and accuracy

```
[45]: from sklearn.metrics import multilabel_confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
```

```
[46]: yhat = model.predict(X_test)
```

1/1 0s 37ms/step

```
[47]: ytrue = np.argmax(y_test, axis=1).tolist()
      yhat = np.argmax(yhat, axis=1).tolist()
```

```
[48]: multilabel_confusion_matrix(ytrue, yhat)
```

```
[48]: array([[17.,  0.],
            [ 3.,  0.]],

            [[18.,  0.],
            [ 2.,  0.]],

            [[ 7., 13.],
            [ 0.,  0.]],

            [[16.,  0.],
            [ 4.,  0.]],

            [[19.,  0.],
            [ 1.,  0.]],

            [[16.,  0.],
            [ 4.,  0.]],

            [[18.,  0.],
            [ 2.,  0.]],

            [[19.,  0.],
            [ 1.,  0.]])
```

```

[[12., 7.],
 [ 1., 0.]],

[[19., 0.],
 [ 1., 0.]],

[[19., 0.],
 [ 1., 0.]])

```

```
[49]: accuracy_score(ytrue, yhat)
```

```
[49]: 0.0
```

11 Testing in Real-Time

```

[50]: # 1. New detection variables
sequence = []
sentence = []
predictions = []
threshold = 0.5

cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
# Set mediapipe model
with mp_holistic.Holistic(min_detection_confidence=0.5,
    ↪min_tracking_confidence=0.5) as holistic:
    while cap.isOpened():
        # Read feed
        ret, frame = cap.read()

        # Make detections
        image, results = mediapipe_detection(frame, holistic)
        print(results)

        # Draw landmarks
        draw_styled_landmarks(image, results)

        # 2. Prediction logic
        keypoints = extract_keypoints(results)
        # sequence.insert(0, keypoints)
        sequence.append(keypoints)
        sequence = sequence[-30:]

    if len(sequence) == 30:
        res = model.predict(np.expand_dims(sequence, axis=0))[0]
        print(actions[np.argmax(res)])

```

```

        predictions.append(np.argmax(res))

    #3. Viz logic
    if np.unique(predictions[-10:])[0]==np.argmax(res):
        if res[np.argmax(res)] > threshold:
            if len(sentence) > 0:
                if actions[np.argmax(res)] != sentence[-1]:
                    sentence.append(actions[np.argmax(res)])
            else:
                sentence.append(actions[np.argmax(res)])

    if len(sentence) > 5:
        sentence = sentence[-5:]

    # # Viz probabilities
    #image = prob_viz(res, actions, image, colors)

    cv2.rectangle(image, (0,0), (640, 40), (245, 117, 16), -1)
    cv2.putText(image, ' '.join(sentence), (3,30),
                cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_SIMPLEX, 1, (255, 255, 255), 2, cv2.
↪LINE_AA)

    # Show to screen
    cv2.imshow('OpenCV Feed', image)

    # Break gracefully
    if cv2.waitKey(10) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
        break
cap.release()
cv2.destroyAllWindows()

```

```
<class 'mediapipe.python.solution_base.SolutionOutputs'>
```

```
1/1 0s 431ms/step
```

```
Friend
```

```
<class 'mediapipe.python.solution_base.SolutionOutputs'>
```

```
1/1 0s 20ms/step
```

```
Thanks
```

```
<class 'mediapipe.python.solution_base.SolutionOutputs'>
```

```
1/1 0s 17ms/step
```