OS: debian-10 (Dockerized, Host: macOS Big Sur), Compiler: g++ (Debian 8.3.0-6) 8.3.0

ASSIGNMENT-02

Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms

1. INSERT

```
1. insert(value)
2. rbtree.insert(value)
```

- 1.1. Average Time Complexity
 RBTree insert has O(log n) average time complexity.
- 1.2. Worst Case Time Complexity
 As RBTree's are balanced, worst case time complexity for insert is also O(log n).

2. DELETE

```
1. delete(value)
2. rbtree.deleteByValue(value)
```

- 2.1. Average Time Complexity
 RBTree delete has O(log n) average time complexity.
- 2.2. Worst Case Time Complexity
 As RBTree's are balanced, worst case time complexity for delete is also O(log n).

3. QUERY

```
1. RBtree::inorderList(node, array, index)
2. if(node == null)
3.
          return index
     index = inorderList(node->left, array, index)
     array[index++] = node
      index = inorderList(node->right, array, index)
7.
      return index
9. RBtree::getSortedList()
10. array = new array[tree.count]
     index = 0
11.
     inorderList(tree.root, array, index)
12.
13.
     return array
14.
15. query(a, b)
16.
     targets = new(rbtree)
     sortedList = rbtree.getSortedList()
17.
18.
     count = rbtree.count()
19.
     if (abs (b-a) <count)
20.
         for(i = a to b)
21.
             xIndex = 0, yIndex = count-1
22.
             while(xIndex < yIndex)</pre>
23.
                 sum = sortedList[xIndex] + sortedList[yIndex]
24.
                 if(sum ==i)
25.
                    targets.insertUnique(i)
26.
                    break;
```

```
27.
                   else if(sum < i)</pre>
28.
                     xIndex++
29.
                   else
30.
                     yIndex-
31.
      else
          for(xIndex = 0 to count-1)
32.
              for (yIndex = 0 to count-1)
33.
34.
                   sum = sortedList[xIndex] + sortedList[yIndex]
35.
                   if(sum>=a and sum<=b)</pre>
36.
                      targets.insertUnique(i)
37.
      return targets.count()
```

3.1. Time Complexity for different functions

Function	Average Time Complexity	Worst Time Complexity
getSortedList	O(n)	O(n)
insertUnique	O(log n)	O(log n)
count	O(1)	O(1)

T(getSortedList) = T(inorderTraversal) = O(n)

3.2. Average Time Complexity

```
Condition: b-a < n

T(query) = T(getSortedList) + T(count) + (b-a) * n * T(insertUnique) + T(count)

= O(n) + O(1) + (b-a)*n*O(log(b-a)) + O(1)

= O(n) + (b-a)*n*log(b-a)

= O((b-a)*n*(log(b-a)))
```

3.3. Worst Case Time Complexity

```
Condition: b-a>n

T(query) = T(getSortedList) + T(count) + n * n + T(count)

= O(n) + O(1) + O(n * n) + O(1)

= O(n^2)
```

PLAGIARISM STATEMENT

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